"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Probably rain today: Thursday fair; fresh northeast winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,809. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1917.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

BURLESON TELLS NEWSPAPERS WHAT THEY MAY NOT SAY

Forbids Impugning the Government's Motives or Improper Attacks on Our Allies.

BARS ANTI-DRAFT CAMPAIGN

Will Suppress Papers Asserting Wall Street or Munition Makers Control Government.

REGULATIONS ARE READY

Executive Order Prepared by President Under the Trading with the Enemy Act.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Restrictions on commerce and communication authorized by the Trading with the Enemy act will be put into effect within a few days under an executive order which President Wilson had virtually completed tonight after conferring with Cabinet members, Vance McCormick, Chairman of the Exports Administrative Board, and Acting Secretary Crosby of the Treasury.

Postmaster General Burleson announced after the Cabinet meeting that the provision authorizing the Post Office Department to license foreign language newspapers already was in operation, and that within ten days the department would begin to issue licenses. A number of papers already have filed applications and scores are expected within the next few days.

The Postmaster General said that publications need not fear suppression under the Trading with the Enemy act's censorship provision, unless they transgressed the bounds of legitimate criticism of the President, the Administration, the Army, the Navy, or the conduct of the war.

What Newspapers May Not Do.

"We shall take great care not to let criticism which is personally or politically offensive to the Administration affect our action," he said. "But if newspapers go so far as to impugn the motives of the Government and thus encourage insubordination, they will be dealt with severely.

"For instance, papers may not say that the Government is controlled by Wall Street or munition manufacturers, or any other special interests. Publications of any news calculated to urge the people to violate law would be considered grounds for drastic action. We will not tolerate campaigns against conscription, enlistments, sale of securities, or revenue collections. We will not permit the publication or circulation of anything hampering the war's prosecution or attacking improperly our allies."

Mr. Burleson explained that the policy of the foreign language newspapers would be judged by their past utterances, and not by newly announced intentions.

"We have files of these papers, and whether we license them or not depends on our inspection of the files," he said. German language newspapers not licensed will be required to publish English translations.

Mr. Burleson said no Socialist paper would be barred from the mails unless it contained treasonable or seditious matter.

"The trouble," he added, "is that most Socialist papers do contain this matter."

Division of the Work.

Under the tentative draft of the executive order, the censorship of mails, cables, and radio and telegraph communication would be intrusted to a board including representatives of the Post Office, War and Navy Departments, and the Exports Administration. The Navy, which now censors cables, and the War Department, which exercises control over telegraph communication to Mexico, probably would retain those functions, while the new problem of censoring mail, directed particularly to Spain and the northern European neutral countries, would receive special attention from the Army and Exports Administration representatives on the Board of Censors.

Mr. Burleson is anxious that his department refrain as much as possible from the work of actually opening and censoring mail. Consequently the postal authorities probably will limit themselves to merely co-operating with the active censors.

Control over imports and exports, vested in the President by the Trading with the Enemy act, will be delegated to the exports administration, which will enlarge its work to include the many intricate problems presented. Instead of merely licensing exports, it would then have a more positive authority to forbid, under heavy penalty, exportations suspected of being destined to Germany or her allies.

The license control over enemy insurance companies, vested in the President, probably will be turned over to the War Risk Insurance Bureau of the Treasury, although this point is understood to be still under debate, as Commerce Department officials are said to be anxious to administer the insurance company licenses. Regulation of foreign exchange and export of coin and bullion would be given to the Federal Reserve Board, which already licenses gold movements under the Exports act.

It is understood the Commerce Department will have custody of enemy property in the United States. The act provides that the President shall appoint an official for this work, but the President is represented as anxious not to create offices distinct from existing departments.

REGISTER TODAY.

This is registration week. Today, Thursday, and Friday the polls will be open from 5:30 P. M. until 10:30 P. M. On Saturday the polls will be open from 7 A. M. until 10:30 P. M. If you do not register you cannot vote.

The Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, West Va. Ideal time for the cure. Only one night from New York.—Advt.

Exports Board Helps Allies to Get Supplies of Cotton

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Stoppage of cotton shipments to northern European neutrals has resulted in such a surplus of the staple in this country that the Exports Administrative Board determined today to permit for an indefinite period the exportation of raw cotton to the Allies without licenses. When the licensing of exports became effective Sept. 7 last, the board permitted the exportation of cotton to the Allies without permits until Oct. 31 next.

It was explained that there is ample cotton in the United States to supply the nation's needs, including the increased quantity needed in the army and navy, and still have a great deal for shipment to the United Kingdom, France, Italy, Japan, and Russia.

TO SUE COLUMBIA, CATTELL'S THREAT

Quotes Dr. Seligman as Calling Trustees "Fools and Idiots" and Gets Prompt Denial.

UNIVERSITY COUNCIL TO ACT

Law Professor Draws the Line Between Seditious Propaganda and Free Speech.

A charge by Professor J. McKeen Cattell, expelled last week from the Chair of Psychology at Columbia University for disseminating disloyal doctrines in the war, that Professor Edwin R. A. Seligman, head of the Department of Economics at the university, had praised his views on the war and had called the Trustees "fools" and "idiots," added an unexpected complication last night to the incidents developed by the resignation of Charles A. Beard as Professor of Political Science at the university. Professor Cattell intimated that, following a suggestion from Professor Seligman, he would take his dismissal to the courts, adding that a "lawsuit will bring out facts concerning the President, (Nicholas Murray Butler,) the Trustees, and the university which will not be of service to them."

Professor Seligman, replying to the charge, asserted last night that not only had he never made the statements attributed to him, but that Professor Cattell's "memory is as treacherous as his conduct is ungenerous."

What the effect of this new controversy will be on a report that was to have been formulated today by the Committee of Nine of the University Council, of which Professor Seligman is Chairman, was a subject of serious consideration last night among members of the Faculty. The committee met yesterday to discuss conditions at the university, as well as the resignation of Professor Beard, and had intended to submit a report to the University Council recommending changes that would result in "closer co-operation" between the various Faculties and the Trustees, and that the objection would thereby be removed that the Trustees were repressing free discussion at the university.

The passage between Professor Seligman and Professor Cattell, and the meeting of the Committee of Nine, which is composed of prominent teachers and deans, were, however, not all the developments of yesterday, following Professor Beard's resignation.

Rumor of Student Strike.

While the Committee of Nine was meeting in Professor Seligman's office, Talcott Williams, head of the School of Journalism, was busy investigating a rumor that the students of the school would quit their classrooms in a body while President Butler was making an address on conditions in America as a protest against the repressive methods of the Trustees. An anonymous notice that such a demonstration would take place had been posted on the bulletin board of the school, but the protest failed to materialize, although President Butler made his address as arranged.

During the day, also, about 100 alumnae and undergraduates of Barnard College met in Brinckerhoff Theatre, Milbank Hall, and arranged for a mass meeting at the same place today to protest against the resignation of Professor Beard. They also adopted the following resolution:

"We, the undersigned undergraduates and alumni at Barnard, having abruptly lost the extraordinary privilege of studying American politics under Dr. Charles Austin Beard, when on Oct. 8 Professor Beard resigned from Columbia University, express our keen distress at the deprivation we thereby sustained."

No names, however, were signed to the resolution, it being announced that if the names of the protestants became known their plans for the meeting today might be frustrated.

Meantime it was rumored last night that still another demonstration would be held today, and that handbills would be distributed on the campus at 9 o'clock this morning, asking all students to quit their classes at 11 o'clock and assemble on the steps of the library.

Finally, it was reported last night that several of the professors at the university, anticipating any action that might be taken by the Committee of Nine, had sent a letter to President Butler, demanding that the Trustees of the university grant a "Magna Charta of Academic Freedom" by divesting themselves of control over educational matters and restricting themselves solely to matters of finance and material affairs.

Several professors issued brief statements for the newspapers, expressing their sympathy with Professor Beard, and only two, so far as could be learned, asserted that they thought his action unwise. One of these was Professor Ellery C. Stowell, who said that "freedom of discussion" such as contended

Continued on Page 2.

Your family will be safe at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C., finest resort hotel in the world. Not a cure, sick guests not admitted.—Advt.

CONTROL OF FOOD BY GOVERNMENT TO BEGIN ON NOV. 1

President to Order Makers and Distributers to Operate Under Licenses.

TWENTY STAPLES ON LIST

Unreasonable Profits, Speculation, and Hoarding Among Evils Aimed At.

DEALERS' BOOKS TO BE OPEN

All Concerns with $100,000 Business a Year Affected—200 Conferences Held.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—The Food Administration is on the trail of the food profiteer, and by an extensive licensing system which will reach even the retailer doing a gross annual business of $100,000 will endeavor to put an end to hoarding, speculation, and extortionate profits between producer and consumer. Co-operation is sought and expected in carrying through the program, but the big stick will be wielded, if necessary, to put virtually all the staple foods under Government control.

Announcement was made tonight that President Wilson, within a day or two, would issue a proclamation under the provisions of the food control law which will place the machinery in operation by Nov. 1. After that time licenses must be obtained and regular reports submitted by the individuals or firms included in the edict, which will cover dealings in all of the foods "forming the prime basis of life."

Eggs, poultry, milk, meats, vegetables, sugar, flour, bread, wheat and other cereals, fish, and canned goods are among the commodities which, it is understood, will be in the list. Practically the only foods to be omitted will be those classified as luxuries, over which no drastic legislation will be attempted at this time.

Dealers' Books To Be Open.

Middlemen and others will be forced at all times to open their books to the agents of the Food Administration, under the penalty of having their business taken over. In any case where it is found that false reports have been submitted the offender will be prosecuted. Regulations under which the persons affected may conduct their business will be promulgated. Violation of them will mean prosecution and the surrender of licenses.

The general program to be observed, as set forth by the Food Administration tonight, includes a free outlet and a ready market for the consumer, no manipulation nor speculation, no hoarding, elimination of unfair or unreasonable profits, and stopping of discriminatory and deceptive and wasteful practices which in any way restrict supply or distribution.

Such practices, it was pointed out, had been illegal since the food control law was signed by the President, and it was admitted that numerous violations had come to the attention of the Food Administration and had been corrected. The licensing system will give the Government a complete check on the operations of all who would seek to profit at the expense of the consumer. It is made known that when discovered such illicit operators will feel swiftly the firm hand of the Federal agents.

Meat packers, cold storage warehouses, and grain elevator owners who seek to hoard foodstuffs for longer periods or in greater quantities than the Food Administration permits will find themselves facing a determined foe, and the middleman will meet the conditions as to methods and profits which are prescribed or surrender his right to continue business. That is the program so far as these branches of the industry are concerned which it is proposed to carry out.

To Stabilize Retail Market.

It is expected that the licensing system for retailers, which will include only those doing an annual business of $100,000, will reach the larger concerns such as chain stores, some of the department stores in the big cities which have grocery departments, and the big baking industries. It is believed that prices to consumers quoted by large concerns under the new system will largely control and tend to stabilize the entire retail market.

If this situation is not developed through the laws of supply and demand, patriotic co-operation, and the powers exercised under the present Food Control bill, Congress probably will be asked for further legislation which will give complete control of the retail field to the Food Administration.

The Food Administration, which has the full support of President Wilson in the campaign, is convinced that by ending manipulation and restricting the profits of the middleman the cost of essential foods to the retailers and, therefore, to the consumer should be appreciably reduced and the danger of a sharp rise in prices averted.

Here is a formal announcement of its plans, approved by Herbert C. Hoover, which was issued tonight by the Food Administration:

"The President will shortly issue a proclamation requiring all persons engaged in the import, manufacture, storage, and distribution of certain foodstuffs to secure a license from the Food Administrator.

"These will embrace meat packers, cold storage warehousemen, millers, canners, elevators, grain dealers, wholesale distributors, retailers doing a business of more than $100,000 per year, who handle the commodities to be set out in the President's proclamation.

"The issuance of the proclamation has been somewhat delayed by the Food Administration, owing to its desire to complete the numerous conferences which it has been holding with the representatives of the various trades and of producers and consumers. Some 200 such conferences have been held with

Continued on Page 22.

Fall Fashion Review in tonight's N. Y. Evening Post. A real help to the woman who wants to plan for her fall apparel with authentic taste and judgment.—Advt.

Germans Buy Argentine Hides in Anticipation of War's End

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 9.—Coincident with the American demand for Argentine dry hides to meet military orders, and renewed British buying as a result of the lifting of the leather embargo, the Germans here are buying heavily, and their competition in the market is helping to increase prices.

German brokers say they are buying on German Government orders. They express confidence that the war will end in January or February. Prices of hides have risen 12 per cent. in the last ten days.

REGISTRATION AGAIN FALLS OFF

Total for Second Day Is 82,068, Against 122,833 Last Year.

FAR LESS THAN IN 1913

Two Days' Total Is 179,272—Last Year It Was 248,254—Mayor Disappointed.

The falling off in this year's registration continued yesterday. In every borough in the city except Queens the registration for the second day was lower than the registration on Monday. In Queens 2,187 more people registered yesterday evening than on Monday. In Manhattan, Brooklyn, Bronx, and Richmond, not only was there a large falling off in yesterday's figures as compared with the day before, but the result for the two days was far below the totals for previous years, including 1913, the last year a Mayoralty election was held, and last year, which was a Presidential year.

For the first two days in 1913 the total registration in New York City was 342,556. For the first two days this year it was 179,272, a falling off from four years ago of 163,284. Brooklyn fared as badly as Manhattan and the other boroughs, except Queens, showed no better results.

In Manhattan yesterday's registration was far below that of the total for the second day in other years. It fell 6,742 below Monday's figures. Yesterday's total for the borough was only 31,420 as compared to 38,162 on Monday. For the second day in 1913 the registration was 99,933 and on the second day last year it was 48,300. For the first two days four years ago the Manhattan total was 134,968 and for the first two days last year it was 99,566. For the first two days this year just 60,582 persons registered.

Following are the registration figures by boroughs for the second day of 1913, 1916, and this year:

Borough.	1913.	1916.	1917.
Manhattan	99,233	48,300	31,420
Bronx	20,340	16,391	11,565
Brooklyn	54,648	45,226	29,168
Queens	16,005	10,552	6,490
Richmond	3,807	2,364	1,825
Total	154,093	122,833	82,068

The following table shows the total registration figures by boroughs for the first two days of 1913, 1916, and this year:

Borough.	1913.	1916.	1917.
Manhattan	134,968	99,566	69,582
Bronx	43,235	32,218	25,013
Brooklyn	122,078	91,086	66,343
Queens	33,769	20,192	15,157
Richmond	7,966	4,595	3,177
Total for two days.	342,556	248,254	179,272

The following table shows yesterday's registration by Assembly districts in all the boroughs as well as the total for the two days this year:

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	Second Day.	Two Days.	A. D.	Second Day.	Two Days.
1	1,548	3,158	13	1,236	2,814
2	1,278	2,468	14	1,450	3,134
3	1,295	3,241	15	1,495	3,454
4	1,282	2,276	16	1,095	3,787
5	1,428	3,287	17	1,534	3,053
6	1,215	2,329	18	1,228	2,540
7	1,273	3,172	19	1,182	2,797
8	1,296	2,534	20	921	1,964
9	1,570	3,687	21	1,008	2,039
10	1,572	3,089	22	1,417	3,256
11	1,423	3,308	23	1,698	3,893
12	1,486	3,593	Total	31,420	69,582

BRONX.

A. D.	Second Day.	Two Days.	A. D.	Second Day.	Two Days.
1	1,451	3,562	5	1,546	3,268
2	1,751	3,864	6	993	2,217
3	1,390	3,009	7	1,389	3,034
4	1,424	2,910	8	1,411	3,138
Total				11,565	25,013

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	Second Day.	Two Days.	A. D.	Second Day.	Two Days.
1	1,136	2,601	13	923	1,905
2	1,264	2,900	14	1,001	1,983
3	720	1,653	15	1,106	2,246
4	1,270	2,718	16	1,167	2,500
5	1,593	3,661	17	1,215	3,984
6	1,374	3,051	18	1,441	3,223
7	1,098	2,454	19	1,054	2,127
8	820	1,946	20	1,941	4,548
9	1,080	2,062	21	1,590	3,948
10	1,264	3,247	22	1,941	4,197
11	1,481	3,819	23	1,148	2,278
12	1,548	3,823	Total	29,168	66,343

QUEENS.

A. D.	Second Day.	Two Days.	A. D.	Second Day.	Two Days.
1	1,075	2,383	4	903	2,173
2	1,117	2,521	5	1,047	2,539
3	981	2,266	6	1,367	3,053
Total				6,490	15,157

RICHMOND.

A. D.	Second Day.	Two Days.	A. D.	Second Day.	Two Days.
1	757	1,814	2	568	1,363
Total				1,325	3,177

Richmond gave a total registration yesterday of 1,325, as compared to 1,852 on Monday. Four years ago the registration in Richmond on the second day was 3,809, and 2,364 on the second day last year. For the first two days this year Richmond returned a total of 3,177, as compared to 7,966 for the first two days in 1913 and 4,595 last year. Political leaders gave as an explanation of the very light registration so far this year the fact that both evenings the unfavorable weather kept voters from going to the polls.

Bronx County also showed a heavy falling off from Monday's figures as well as from the figures of previous years. This was true in all the districts of the borough. Last night's reg-

Continued on Page 3.

"Drink Sun-Ray Water Purest Water in the World."—Advt.

"A $10 BILL never went so far in all your life—" See top of Page 7.—Advt.

NAVY BUILDING 787 SHIPS; COST IS $1,150,400,000

Contracts Just Let to Five Companies for New Destroyers Calling for $350,000,000.

NUMBER A MILITARY SECRET

Will Be Largest, Fastest, and Most Formidable Afloat, Secretary Daniels Announces.

NEW PLANTS TO BE BUILT

Will Be Auxiliary to Private Shipyards and Be Owned by the Government.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Secretary Daniels today awarded contracts to five shipbuilding companies for the construction of $350,000,000 worth of destroyers. This is the biggest contract for vessels of this type ever awarded by any Government. When these destroyers have been completed it is expected that the United States will have the largest fleet of destroyers in the world.

With the award of these contracts the war construction program of the American Navy was brought to a totel of 787 vessels, including all types, from superdreadnoughts to submarine chasers. Some vessels have been finished in the last few weeks and are now in service. The rest of the program is being pushed to completion as rapidly as possible. The total cost of the program is estimated at $1,150,400,000.

Commening on the contracts awarded today, Secretary Daniels said:

Statement by Secretary Daniels.

"These destroyers will be built by five companies which have had experience in building this type—the Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation, Boston; the New York Shipbuilding Corporation, Camden, N. J.; Cramps Shipyards, Philadelphia; the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company, Newport News, Va., and the Union Iron Works, San Francisco.

"This is the biggest project we have ever undertaken. Three months ago it looked as if it could not be done. Orders had already been given for all the destroyers the yards could build, and almost as many as the new program calls for are now under construction or contract. To build rapidly the additional destroyers requires a great extension of shipbuilding facilities and the erection of new plants for building engines. The companies were unwilling to invest millions in these additions, so the Government must build and will own the new plants and extensions which will be used by the builders.

"We are putting every energy and facility behind this project. Some of the new destroyers are promised for delivery in nine months, all within eighteen months. These vessels will be of the latest and largest improved type, which has just been tried in our service and found to be unsurpassed by any destroyers in the world. The plans are all ready, and the adoption of a uniform type will enable us to reduce the number of types of engines and parts and to turn them out in much less time. The principal trouble is in getting forgings and auxiliaries, but the manufacture of these has been arranged for, and we will make every effort to prevent delay in delivery of materials or machinery.

"Thousands of men will be required to man these destroyers and we are now busy training them. By the time the vessels are completed the crews will be ready. The spirit of the men in the navy—officers and enlisted men—is such that the destroyer service appeals to them, and many more than enough to make up the complements apply for service in this type of ship, which is the best weapon afloat against the submarine menace."

Number to Be Built a Secret.

The total number of destroyers to be built is held to be a military secret. The work has been apportioned according to the capacities of the existing plants and the auxiliary plants the Navy Department will erect. All of the concerns have built destroyers for the Government before. The awards of contracts were limited to companies prepared to rush the work. The apportionment was made under mutual agreement, with an understanding concerning the plants to be put up by the Navy Department, but to be operated by the companies.

The basis of the price for the construction, Mr. Daniels said, was cost plus, with guarantees that the cost should not be above a certain figure, and, if below that figure, the companies to receive a bonus. A great quantity of material has been assembled for the work, but there are still serious, but not insurmountable, difficulties in the way. To solve these, which relate principally to the supply of materials, the matter has been taken up by the Navy Department with the War Industries Board, so that there will be no conflict, and also to provide for the "right of way" of materials for the destroyers.

The ships will be as large as any destroyers in the world, Mr. Daniels said. On this point there had been an extended discussion, the General Board of the Navy finally agreeing that the saving of two months' time in the construction of smaller boats would not equal in value the advantage of having the larger uniform ships. Some of the builders, too, favored the larger type, declaring that, as they were to be standardized and the plans having already been prepared and approved, it would be possible to construct the larger vessels as quickly as smaller.

"The new destroyers will not be sur-

Continued on Page 3.

CHU CHIN CHOW Is Coming to America.—Advt.

BRITISH AND FRENCH SMASH THROUGH WIDE GERMAN FRONT NORTH OF YPRES; PLOT IN THE GERMAN NAVY FOR PEACE

Move for New Peace Offer Reported in Berlin; Only Another Feeler, Washington Believes

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 9.—Germany and Austria-Hungary have agreed to make another peace offer to the Allies, the Deutsche Tageszeitung of Berlin says it learns on good authority.

The offer will have as its basis no territorial aggrandizement, the surrender of Belgium and French territory, the renunciation of positive territorial acquisitions for payments in money, and no indemnity on either side.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Only mild interest is taken in official quarters in the report from Amsterdam, credited to the Deutsche Tageszeitung, that the Central Powers have agreed to make another peace offer to the Allies. There is no confidence in German good faith in Washington. If this new peace offer is made, it will mean nothing, in the opinion of officials in a position to know the attitude of the Wilson Administration.

"The usual bait," was the way one authority characterized it. "Camouflage," said another.

German camouflage in regard to peace negotiations has excited amusement in the most authoritative quarters here—an amusement born of a conviction that German statesmanship and diplomacy are stupid. Surprise is expressed that the German people have not recognized this weakness on the part of their masters.

German statesmen, it is suggested in Washington, are deluding themselves with the belief that the people of the allied nations, or a large part of them, are being influenced gradually by the view that Germany is actuated by a real desire to have the war brought to an end. The truth of this appreciation or Germany's attitude is not denied in official circles here, where there is a thorough understanding of German and Austrian anxiety for peace, but officials are confident that the American people, at least, are well aware of the reason for Teutonic solicitude to have hostilities cease and are not deceived by it.

The Kaiser and the small group around him are supposed to have been led astray as to the sentiment of America by the speeches of Senator La Follette and others who follow his leadership. In some quarters the feeling prevails that their utterances are prolonging the war by encouraging Germany to fail to recognize the inevitable.

The terms of the reported German and Austrian offer are just as unsatisfactory to this Government, it is gathered, as those suggested by the Pope.

PLOT TO PARALYZE GERMAN FLEET

Reichstag Told of Plan to Compel the Government to End the War.

LAID TO RADICAL SOCIALISTS

Von Cappelle Makes Announcement of Plan to Which Michaelis Had Referred.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 9.—Vice Admiral von Capelle, German Minister of Marine, announced in the Reichstag today that a plot had been discovered in the navy to for ma committee of delegates on the Russian model and to paralyze the fleet, so as to force the Government to make peace. The guilty parties have been arrested and have received their just deserts, the Minister added.

Admiral von Capelle attempted to link the Radical Socialists with the plot. He said the ringleader had discussed the plot with Deputies Haace and Vogtherr in the Radical Socialist conference room in the Reichstag Building. The Deputies had called attention to the dangerous nature of the plot and had advised the greatest caution, but had agreed to furnish propaganda material.

Socialist Deputies interrupted the speaker with cries of dissent. Deputy David of the Majority Socialists demanded the Government produce proof and that the Reichstag should suspend judgment in the meantime.

Chancellor Michaelis earlier in the session had referred to the affair, rumors of which evidently had gained public circulation. He declared he could not co-operate with or recognize a party which put itself beyond the pale by activities directed against the Fatherland.

The disclosures in connection with the Radical Socialists, if they are true, came most opportunely to help the Government out of its embarrassment over the interpellation regarding pan-German propaganda. Admiral von Capelle hammered home his statement with a declaration of the necessity for a proper "enlightenment" of the military forces.

PROMISES TO CURB PAN GERMAN PARTY

Abuses by Propagandists Will Be Stopped, Michaelis Tells Reichstag Committee.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 9.—Chancellor Michaelis, in an address to the Reichstag Main Committee yesterday, as reported in Berlin dispatches, replied to the charge that officials had undertaken propaganda for the new Fatherland Party, which is carrying on a movement in favor of a "German peace."

The Chancellor said that only five

Continued on Page 2.

CHU CHIN CHOW Premiers Next Monday.—Advt.

FOE'S MAN POWER EBBING, FRENCH SAY

Officially Report "a Clear Decrease" in Germany's Total War Strength.

EXPECT DECISION IN 1918

British and French at Top Efficiency, with Our Troops Soon to Add Weight to Their Blows.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Proof that Germany has reached the zenith of her military man power was given to the public tonight when the French High Commission to the United States issued a highly important statement on the western front situation based on official data cabled to Washington by the French General Staff.

"Germany has made her supreme military effort," says the High Commission's statement, after making a careful analysis of the extent to which Germany has been forced to send new divisions to the western front in the efforts of her General Staff to resist the incessant pounding of the British, French, and Belgian forces.

In another part of the statement, after showing that Germany has been forced to call out part of the class of 1919 and has been compelled to break up newly formed regiments to reinforce her fighting units, the French Commission asserts that for the first time during the war "a clear decrease in the total strength of the German forces is on record."

Here is the text of the statement:

"Both Franco-German fronts, on the Aisne, 1917, and Verdun, 1916, have already been compared, and it has been noted that they are practically of the same length. It has been stated that the German forces occupying them before the attack were equally comparable: twelve and fourteen divisions. It is known today that during the same period, from May to September, the Germans engaged twenty-five fresh divisions at Verdun, and that they have been obliged to engage forty-five on the Aisne. Furthermore, during an equal period the French took 5,863 prisoners at Verdun and 8,553 on the Aisne.

"This comparison included only a small sector of the French front. But it showed a very interesting result, due to the increase of the material forces of the Allies and the improved French fighting methods since adopted by the other armies, and also, as testified by the German Staff itself, apropos of the battle of the Somme, in explaining their defeat, 'to the perfect use of technical methods.'

Constant Attrition of German Forces.

"If the above comparison is extended today to the entire Franco-English front, if you consider that from April 15 to June 15 the enemy engaged 108 divisions against the Anglo-French forces, and, finally, if one bears in mind that the successes of the British offensive at Ypres obliged the enemy to engage fifteen divisions during the last ten days, you can understand why the German losses on the western front grow heavier and heavier. (They admit the loss of 116,000 men during the month of May, 140,000 men are esti-

Continued on Page 2.

CHU CHIN CHOW at the Manhattan Opera House.—Advt.

FRENCH GAIN 1¼ MILES

Advance on 1½-Mile Front, Occupying Mangelaere and Veldhoek.

BRITISH TAKE POELCAPELLE

All Haig's Objectives Gained in Operations Over Ground About 10 Miles in Extent.

FIGHTING IN A SEA OF MUD

Attack Launched at Dawn, with Allied Airplanes Co-operating Effectively in a Clear Sky.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—Attacking early this morning on a wide front, the British and French armies near Ypres made notable advances north and northwest of that city. The former drove the Germans from their last positions in the town of Poelcapelle and pushed on for nearly two miles to the northwest of that place. Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports all his objectives gained and the capture of more than 1,000 prisoners. The French took more than 300 prisoners.

The French troops, operating on the left of the British line, north of Ypres, pierced the German positions to a depth of a mile and a quarter on a front of more than a mile and a half, capturing the villages of St. Jean de Mangelaere and Veldhoek, with numerous blockhouses, and reached the southern edge of Houthulst Wood, about seven miles north of Ypres.

To the south of the main British advance Haig's men pushed northeast from the Gravenstafel ridge to a point about 1,000 yards southwest of the village of Passchendaele, on the heights of the same name. A little further south, between the Ypres-Roulers Railway and the village of Broodseinde, which was already in their hands, the British forced the Germans a considerable distance down the eastern slope of Broodseinde Ridge.

The Germans astride the Ypres-Roulers Railway counterattacked heavily.

Advance Made Through Swamps.

Today's gains, although made under a clear sky, were won by fighting over ground which the recent rains had turned into a swamp.

From Draelbank, the most Western point on the front of the French offensive, to Reutel, the eastern and southern limit of the hard fighting experienced by the British forces, the length of the irregular battle line is rather more than ten miles.

As a result of today's victory practically all the observatories commanding a view of the great plain of Flanders are now in the possession of the allied forces.

Attack Begins at Dawn.

An Associated Press dispatch from the British front in Belgium says:

"Another big attack was begun at dawn today against the German positions to the east and north of Ypres by both the British and French armies, and had met with great success in the first few hours of the fighting. In many places the allied forces had battled their way forward to a depth of 1,200 yards or more within the enemy territory, and reports from all along a wide front indicated that everything was going in favor of the assaulting troops, despite the exceedingly bad condition of the ground, due to the last few days' rain.

"On the north the French had surged across at the Posbeek and Broenbeek Rivers in the direction of Houthulst Wood, and at an early hour were reported to be fighting around Mangelaere, about 1,500 yards beyond their original front lines. By 8:30 o'clock they had secured several hundred prisoners.

"Further to the South the British had pushed the Germans back to Poelcapelle and were fighting well in the eastern outskirts of the city around a big brewery. British troops on the Gravenstafel Ridge had carried their drive forward to the Passchendaele Ridge and were resting about 1,000 yards southwest of the town of Paschendaele.

Force Germans to Lower Ground.

"Between the Ypres-Roulers Railway and the village of Broodseinde the assaulting forces had pushed forward for a considerable distance down the eastern slopes of the Broodseinde Ridge, on the lower ground. East of Ypres, in the zone embracing Reutel and Polderhoek, where there has been such bitter fighting recently, the British were carrying out strong operations, and it was reported that success had been achieved here also.

"Just north of Broodseinde, at Daisy Wood, the Germans were holding out strongly. The British had pushed forward and surrounded the wood, and hot fighting was proceeding. The British also met with strong resistance at Polderhoek Château. They reached this position early in the attack, but were forced by heavy machine gun fire to withdraw a little for the moment. At the latest report they had again made an advance.

"A meagre report received just as this dispatch was filed said that the Ger-

mans were counterattacking heavily astride the Ypres-Roulers Railway.

"The air service is doing fine work, notwithstanding the gale of wind which is blowing. Six German airplanes which ventured over the British lines at a height of 9,600 feet were engaged in battle by British airmen, and a spectacular fight is proceeding.

"Prisoners were being brought back in large numbers soon after the fighting began. The battle opened at 5:20 o'clock under a clear sky, but the ground had been turned into a morass in many places by the recent heavy rains. It was especially difficult for operations along the northern section of the attack, where there are so many little rivers which are bordered with marshy ground.

"The gunfire from both the British and French artilleries was terrific at the hour of attack, and the preliminary bombardment had been intense for days. The German artillery was replying weakly this morning at most places."

A Brilliant French Victory.

The Associated Press correspondent with the French armies in Flanders telegraphs as follows:

"Amid one of the most terrific hurricanes of artillery fire the French army, co-operating in conjunction with the British, early this morning, won a brilliant victory, which carried the troops forward to a depth of half a mile along a front of about a mile, stretching from Draeibank to Wydendreeft. More than 300 prisoners and a number of cannon and machine guns fell into the hands of the French, and their advance took them to a position where they command the western border of the forest of Houthulst.

"The movement was a pivoting one, as a result, virtually all the observatories dominating the vast Flanders plain are now in the hands of the Allies.

"The attack was preceded by a howling wind storm, accompanied by a drenching rain, which made the ground a quagmire. The correspondent passed over the French side of the battlefield on the evening preceding the attack and found everything and everybody ready for the difficult work of the morrow. But underneath the feet the ground gave way, while the atmosphere resembled a shower bath. No garments could withstand the penetrating qualities of the elements. All around shellholes were filled to their brims with water, and the only protection of the French troops toward the enemy were the drenched sandbags piled up. Here the shelterless troops had passed the day and night awaiting orders to go over.

"At length, soon after 5 o'clock in the morning, definite orders arrived and the troops were glad. They went forward with great rapidity, despite the conditions, circling the shellholes and slipping through the deepest mud. They knew, however, that the success of future operations depended on their efforts today. When they reached their first objective points they found the Germans crowded in nests of craters, which hereabouts form the first lines, the building of trenches in this section of Flanders being impossible owing to the watery soil.

Catch Germans Changing Troops.

"Good luck had made the advance coincide with the period when the Germans were changing the troops occupying their front lines. A German division was just handing over the lines to a fresh division recently arrived from the Russian front. The French, with wonderful dash, were upon them before they realized the situation and killed many of them.

"There was a short respite before the next forward movement was undertaken in co-operation with the British, who were advancing simultaneously on the French right. Slithering along over the broken and muddy ground, the French troopers made their way quickly toward Mangelaere, which soon fell into their possession.

"The whole scheme of operations for the day had been carried out long before noon. The infantry's advance was greatly assisted by the daring of the aviators, who would not permit the weather conditions, which presented the greatest danger for the airmen, to interfere with the work of recording the artillery preparation. The French aviators ascended and flew low over the German lines, taking capital photographs of the destruction caused by the guns, and then returned in the fearful gale to their bases to turn in their reports. Meanwhile not a single German airplane was seen in the air.

French Consolidating Gains.

"The result of the day's fighting, in addition to the men and material captured, is that the forest of Houthoist, which comprises five or six miles of thickly wooded ground, is now virtually flanked on both sides. As far as can be learned, the wood contains considerable artillery and large numbers of machine guns, but the Germans must find extraordinary difficulty in keeping them supplied.

"For the moment the French troops are occupied in consolidating the ground won, which, although small in extent, represents an invaluable gain, as it deprives the Germans of their points of observation."

Germans Expected No Attack.

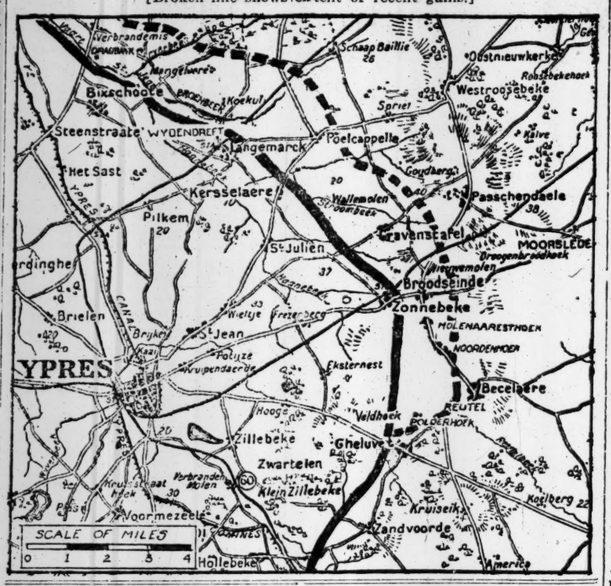
A dispatch from Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters in France says the Germans held their front much more heavily than in recent battles, which suggests to the correspondent a return to their earlier defensive tactics, depending rather upon man power than upon concrete.

"The Germans were taken by surprise," says the correspondent. "Prisoners frankly confess the probability of an attack in such weather and over such ground was not thought of. How little it was expected was shown by the fact that two German divisions which had to bear the brunt of the onslaught only completed taking over the line at 3 o'clock this morning and were wholly unfamiliar with their surroundings.

"The prisoners include men from still another division from the Russian front."

Scene of the New Allied Victory Near Ypres

[Broken line shows extent of recent gains.]



OFFICIAL NEWS OF VICTORY.

Haig Reports All Objectives Taken —French Airplanes Co-operate.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—The British troops have effected the complete capture of Poelcapelle and have advanced nearly two miles to the northwest of that village in their drive in Flanders today. According to the report from Field Marshal Haig tonight, the British operations were very successful. All objectives have been gained and the number of prisoners already exceeds 1,000.

Following is the text of the night communication:

A heavy rain fell continuously during the afternoon and evening of yesterday, causing the ground to become soggy and very difficult for the passage of troops.

Notwithstanding the stormy weather and the deteriorated condition of the ground, our troops succeeded in launching an attack at 5:20 o'clock this morning, in conjunction with the French on our left, with very successful results.

The front of the attack extended from a point southeast of Broodseinde to St. Janspeek, (St. Jean River,) one mile northeast of Bixschoote. On the extreme right the Australian troops moved forward over the crest of the ridge east and northeast of Broodseinde, securing all their objectives.

Mile Gain Toward Passchendaele.

On the right centre a third line territorial division, comprising Manchester, East Lancashire, and Lancashire Fusilier Regiments, advanced one mile northward along the ridge in the direction of Passchendaele, capturing all its objectives under most trying and difficult circumstances with great determination and gallantry.

In the centre, between the main ridge and Poelcapelle, a considerable advance was made, which includes the capture of many fortified farms and concreted redoubts.

On the left centre we have completed the capture of Poelcapelle.

Two Miles Beyond Poelcapelle.

On the extreme left of the British attack English, Welsh, and Irish troops and the guards have taken all their objectives and gained the outskirts of the forest of Houthulst, nearly two miles north-northwest of Poelcapelle.

On our left flank the French crossed the Broenbeek stream, which is in flood, and also gained the outskirts of the forest of Houthulst, capturing all their objectives, including the farm and small many fortified localities.

More than 1,000 prisoners already have passed into the collecting stations.

Aviation: The weather was even more unfavorable for flying on Monday than on previous days. Much work was done, however, in aerial reconnoissance, and some artillery work was carried out. Two enemy machines were driven down out of control. Ground targets also were attacked with machine-gun fire. Two of our airplanes are missing.

The text of the British afternoon statement says:

At 5:20 o'clock this morning we again attacked on a wide front east and northeast of Ypres in conjunction with our allies on our left. Reports indicate that satisfactory progress is being made on all parts of the battlefront. The weather continues stormy.

PARIS, Oct. 9.—The capture of the villages of St. Jean de Mangelare and Veldhoek, with numerous blockhouses, is reported in the French official communication of tonight dealing with the operations Tuesday in Flanders. The total advance of the French reached to a depth of one and one-quarter miles, to the southern outskirts of the Houthulst Wood, and on a front of more than a mile and one-half.

The text of the night report from the War Office follows:

In Belgium an attack launched by us this morning was carried out with particular brilliance. After having crossed the marshy Prosbeck Brook our troops captured with admirable spirit, along a front of two and one-half kilometers, the enemy defenses, despite the difficulties of terrain and the bad atmospheric conditions. The villages of St. Jean de Mangelaere and Veldhoek, as well as numerous farms turned into block houses, fell into our power.

Our advance, which reached a mean depth of two kilometers, has brought us to the outskirts of the Houthulst Forest.

Our airplanes, despite the wind, which blew a tempest, co-operated actively in the attack, using their machine guns at a low altitude against the enemy infantry and assuring communication with other arms.

The number of prisoners so far counted exceeds 300, of whom twelve are officers.

On the Aisne front the artillery action at times was violent in the region of La Royère Farm and along the whole Ailles-Craonne sector.

The text of the afternoon statement follows:

In Belgium this morning at 5:30 o'clock we attacked, in conjunction with the British armies, positions of, the Germans south of Houthulst Forest between Draeibank and Wydendreft. The battle continues to develop favorably for us.

On the Aisne front there was marked artillery activity, notably in the region of the Panthéon.

In the Champagne we were successful in penetrating the German lines near the Butte of Tahure. After destroying their dugouts our forces returned with prisoners.

On the right bank of the Meuse (Verdun region) the artillery duel continues in the sector north of Chaume Wood.

There is nothing to report from the rest of the front.

Allied Gains "Limited," Says Berlin.

BERLIN, Oct. 9. (via London,)—The gains of territory by the Eentente forces in the latest battle in Flanders have been limited to the stretch of territory between Draeibank and Poelcapelle, says the official communication issued by the War Office tonight. The Eentente attacks elsewhere were repulsed, says the communication.

Following is the text of the night communication:

In Flanders a fresh battle developed from the fighting earlier in the day, which still continues between Draeibank and Gheluvelt. In spite of repeated assaults the gain of territory, according to latest reports, is limited to the stretch of territory between Draeibank and Poelcapelle. For the rest the attacks were repulsed.

On both sides of the Staden-Boesinghe Railway and north of the Ypres-Menin Road British infantry attacked today, the War Office announces. Fighting is in progress.

The text of the announcement reads:

Western Theatre, Front of Crown Prince Rupprecht.—In Flanders the artillery duel, in spite of the stormy, rainy weather, is strong between Houthulst Wood and Zanvoorde. In the evening the enemy concentrated his gunfire into a violent outburst against some sectors. After an agitated night, the artillery activity increased along the whole front to drumfire.

On both sides of the Staden-Boesinghe Railway and north of the Ypres-Menin Road the British infantry advanced to attack. Fighting is in progress.

With the other armies, apart from firing which lasted throughout the day northeast of Soissons, there were no great fighting operations.

DUTCH LINE AGREES WITH EXPORTSBOARD

Ships Getting Coal for Trips to Java Will Return with Cargoes for America or Canada.

PROBABLY WILL BRING SUGAR

Local Agents Not Yet Told of the Agreement — Hollanders Here Ask to be Sent Home.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 9.—The Nederland Steamship Company announces that it has acquiesced in the American conditions for granting bunkering facilities, which provide that the company's vessels for every voyage between Java and the United States shall make a return voyage with cargoes exclusively American or partly Canadian.

The agents of the Nederland Company said yesterday that they had not received any official instructions regarding the sailing of the steamships now in this port, but understood that arrangements were being made with the Government at Washington for them to go to Java and return to the United States with sugar and coffee.

One hundred and fifty men, all of whom had booked passage on the Holland-America liner Nieuw Amsterdam, met in the Bresiin Hotel yesterday to consider ways and means to get to Holland. Most of them were natives of Holland, and some of them have been waiting for more than two months to get home. A few were American lawyers and others who had affairs to attend to at The Hague.

The Nieuw Amsterdam, which is loaded with Belgian Relief supplies, has been refused a license by the American authorities, and there is no indication that she will sail soon. There has not been a Holland-America ship sailing for about two months. The Hollanders are not permitted by the British authorities to sail on an English ship, because there is no certainty of their getting from England to Holland, and they would be a considerable distance from home if they sailed on a Spanish boat.

It was decided to appeal to the Holland Minister at Washington and to the American State Department. It was said that some of the Hollanders waiting for the ship to sail are officials from Sumatra and Java and other East Indian points who have important business at home. Others were businessmen who said it was imperative that they get home.

The sentiment was expressed that Americans should help the Hollanders get home, inasmuch as the Dutch had helped Americans who left Germany by way of Holland to get to the United States.

Some attending the meeting reported that their funds were depleted by long residence in New York hotels, and a collection was taken up to aid them temporarily. Jac. Smit of Naarden, Holland, was Chairman of the meeting. Others who aided in calling the protest meeting were N. B. Van Eyk of Boskoop, Holland, and I. Vam Beuschen from Java.

HOLLAND REDUCES LIVE STOCK SUPPLY

Slaughter of Animals Is Ordered by the Government Owing to Lack of Feed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—In an interview today Julius E. Van Der Wielen, head of the Netherlands mission to the United States, asserted that Holland has begun the slaughter of part of her live stock because of the shortage of feed:

On July 12 last, he said, it was officially proposed that live stock be killed in the following proportions, the reduction being necessary because of the lack of feed:

Poultry, 50 per cent.; pigs, 50 per cent.; sheep, 95 per cent.; young horses, 50 per cent.; other horses, 25 per cent.; young cattle, 30 per cent.; cows and bulls, 20 per cent.

A further reduction will take place, it is said, if Holland is compelled to rely upon her own production of feed.

Mr. Van Der Wielen had Holland was in "a very tight hole" just now; the bread ration period had been extended; many foodstuffs, including all fats, were under Government control, and prices had gone up to a point beyond the reach of the working people. Last year, he said, the Government had to supply about 80,000,000 guilders for the purpose of assisting the people to purchase foodstuffs, and for the same purpose this year the figures will reach 120,000,000 guilders.

BRITISH CASUALTIES 17,505.

Week's Total Includes 3,276 Killed, 14,229 Wounded or Missing.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—British casualties reported for the week ended today amounted to 17,505. The losses were divided as follows:

Killed or Died of Wounds—Officers, 311; men, 2,965.

Wounded or Missing—Officers, 862; men, 13,367.

RUSSIAN PARLIAMENT MERELY ADVISORY

Drops Demands on Cabinet—To be Called "Temporary Council of Russian Republic."

PETROGRAD, Monday, Oct. 8.—The Provisional Government apparently has won a complete victory over the preliminary Parliament, an outgrowth of the Democratic Congress. M. Tseretelli, one of the leaders of the Parliament, today informed Premier Kerensky that the Parliament had withdrawn all its demands that the Government be responsible to it and had acceded to the Government's plan that the Parliament act merely in an advisory legislative capacity.

The Parliament has been named officially the "Temporary Council of the Russian Republic," and will sit until the Constituent Assembly convenes. It has been agreed that "the Council shall have a right to put questions, but not demands; to initiate legislation on State questions, and to deliberate on measures which the Government lays before it."

The Government will work out the whole program for the Parliament, at the first sitting of which Premier Kerensky probably will personally lay before it the Government's new program. At the suggestion of the Government 120 members of the bourgeoisie will sit in the Parliament.

Premier Kerensky today officially informed all those selected last Thursday of their appointment to the new Coalition Cabinet. M. Masloff, to whom the Ministry of Agriculture was offered, declined on the ground that the interests of his party required his attention. M. Skobeleff, Kerensky's choice for Minister of Labor, has not decided whether he will accept.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Russian diplomats here appear to be convinced now that the Bolsheviks have been finally overthrown and that Premier Kerensky is once more firmly established in the supreme power.

It was said at the embassy today that the Bolsheviks were greatly discouraged by their first attempt to obtain control of the Government on July 8, when disturbances caused by them were suppressed by the provisional authorities, and again during the Kornilloff movement, when the Bolsheviks seized upon that occasion to overthrow the coalition administration. The action of the democratic conference in upholding the principle of a coalition Cabinet was asserted to reveal the total defeat of the extreme radicals.

HELD FOR AIDING GERMANS.

Deutsche Zeitung Editor Accused of Complicity in Escape of Fay.

AIKEN, S. C., Oct. 9.—Albert Orth, editor of the Deutsche Zeitung of Charleston, was indicted on five counts by a Federal Grand Jury here today, each of the indictments relating to alleged assistance rendered by Orth to fugitive Germans.

Orth is charged with rendering assistance to Captain Robert Fay, German officer and bomb plotter, who escaped from the Atlanta Federal Prison last August.

CAPRONIS AT CATTARO CAUSE GREAT HAVOC

Italian Aircraft Bomb Destroyers, U-Boats, and Munition Depots at Austrian Base.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Details of the successful aid raid which a squadron of Italian airplanes of the Caproni type made last night upon the Austrian naval base of Cattaro, in the Southern Adriatic, reached Washington tonight in a semi-official dispatch stating that it was a complete success. The raid, which was participated in by Gabriele d'Annunzio, the poet, who is now a military aviator, was intended to prevent the concentration of Austrian submarines and destroyers to prey on Entente shipping. Here is the semi-official report on the raid:

"The Italian command having learned that the Austrians were concentrating naval forces at Cattaro, gave orders to a large squadron of Caproni airplanes to raid this Austrian naval base of the Southern Adriatic. The squadron left its base at midnight last night, (Monday,) crossing the Adriatic over a course of 230 kilometers (180 miles) and flying at an altitude of 12,000 feet. When the squadron reached Cattaro, the planes descended to a few hundred feet over the destroyers and submarines anchored in the bay. Several successful hits were scored and fires started. Great fires were also caused in munition depots and military buildings by bombs dropped by other Italian airplanes.

The Austrian batteries opened a tremendous fire against the raiding Capronis, which, however, remained over Cattaro until 3 o'clock in the morning, when, having accomplished their mission, they returned to their base. Gabrielle d'Annunzio took part in the raid."

An Italian military critic repeated today that the objective of Italian offensives against Austria was Lubiano, (Laibach,) and while titanic struggles must precede its capture, he said, the value of its capitulation to the Entente cause justified Italy's past efforts and her plans for future campaigns to reach it.

The fall of Lubiano would isolate Croatia from Austria-Hungary, and as the Croatians desire independence or inclusion in the proposed Jugoslav-Serbian State, the capture would go far toward making the realization of that aspiration possible It also might be expected to have another far-reaching political effect, this authority asserted. He said it would open the gates of Hungary to the Italian armies and produce great dissatisfaction with the further conduct of the war by Austria and possibly result in a new attitude of Hungary, forcing Austria to conclude peace.

A dispatch received here from Rome today stated that the Tribuna paper La Liberta, which is now published in Milan, reproduces an Austrian document containing the sentence by the Court of Innsbruck of forty-four soldiers of the Irredente Provinces who at the beginning of the war had been sent to the Galician front, where they were made prisoners by the Russians. As soon as their identity as Italian subjects of the Irredente Provinces was established the Russians set them free and returned them to Italy. The Innsbruck court has tried them and sentenced them to death, but the sentenced Italians were declared to be safe in Italy.

War Revenue Tax Laws

We have had prepared in convenient indexed form the War Revenue and Federal Income Tax laws recently passed by Congress. These laws are of vital importance to the textile and other mercantile lines.

We shall be glad to send booklets on request.

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ORGANIZE TRADE COUNCIL.

Bankers and Commercial Bodies to Begin Educational Campaign.

The Joint Committee on Trade Acceptances, representing the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, the American Bankers Association, and the National Association of Credit Men, held a meeting yesterday at the Irving National Bank and decided upon a campaign of education in the interest of the trade acceptance.

A permanent organization, to be known as the American Trade Acceptance Council, was effected. Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the board of the Irving National Bank, was selected as Chairman; R. H. Treman, Deputy Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as Vice Chairman; J. H. Prengoe, Secretary-Treasurer of the National Association of Credit Men, as Secretary, and W. W. Orr, Assistant Secretary of the National Association of Credit Men, as Assistant Secretary.

Tentative plans were made for the dissemination of information regarding the widespread use of the trade acceptance, in place of the open book account, in order that business resources of all kinds everywhere may be kept as liquid as possible and, therefore, prepared to support the increasing financial and credit necessities of the Government.

It was strongly urged in discussions which followed that the wide adoption of the trade acceptance at this time would bring into existence a larger volume of sound, self-liquidating commercial paper which will be eligible for rediscount by the Federal Reserve Banks, thus strengthening mercantile credit transactions and through rediscounting, providing the basis for the issue of currency with which to meet any crisis or emergency which may grow out of the war.

The Joint Committee appointed three subcommittees as follows:

1. A Central Committee to have general direction of the work and composed of Chairmen of the committees representing the three national organizations concerned. Lewis E. Pierson, of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States; R. H. Treman, of the American Bankers' Association; Kenneth R. Hooker, of the National Association of Credit Men.

2. A Committee on Organization, Plans and Speakers, to consist of George Woodruff, President First National Bank, Joliet, Ill.; Frank H. Randel, manager Philadelphia office, Auto Car Sales and Service Company, Philadelphia, Penn.; Oliver J. Sands, President American National Bank, Richmond, Va.

3. A Committee on Literature and Publicity, to consist of Dr. J. T. Holdsworth, Dean of the School of Economics, University of Pittsburgh; W. F. H. Koelsch, Vice President Bank of the United States, New York City; Edwin B. Heyes, Credit Manager, W. & J. Sloane, New York City.

It is the purpose of the Joint Committee, after consultation with all types of commercial and financial trade associations, as well as trade bodies, to have prepared pamphlets, special articles, and other forms of literature, intended to inform all classes as to the advantages of the Trade Acceptance and the necessity of its wide adoption and universal use at this particular juncture in American business.

PROMISES TO CURB PAN GERMAN PARTY

Continued from Page 1.

cases of minor importance of higher officials influencing the lower ranks in favor of the Fatherland Party had come to the Government's knowledge and that the necessary action would be taken. It was not to be denied, he said, that the army command concerned itself with a comprehensive plan of propaganda to provide mental stimulus and arouse knowledge of life and economic conditions in the Fatherland. To keep politics out of the army was desirable, but mistakes were inevitable. If politics were kept out of the army, the Chancellor remarked, it was natural that criticism in the army of the reply to the Pope's peace proposal would be inadmissible.

Dr. Michaelis laid down the principle, which applies to Prussian officials as well as to those connected with the Imperial Government, that all are free in their political opinions and are permitted to belong to any party so long as the empire is not endangered thereby. In their political activities, he said, officials should observe reticence, so that the public might not lose faith in their impartiality.

Agrees to Stop Compulsion.

To force or induce subordinates to adopt an attitude in favor of any party, the Chancellor continued, would be to abuse official positions. This would not be permitted, he said, and obedience to this principle would be enforced in cases brought to his attention.

As regards the army, the Chancellor said, all political propaganda would be excluded.

"The Governments of the Federal States are endeavoring to regard all political leanings with complete objectiveness and to do full justice to every political opinion," said the Chancellor. "I adopt this attitude because I am convinced that every political party honestly desires to do its best for the common weal. It is to be greatly regretted that this mutual faith should have been pushed into the background in the course of the controversy in the last few weeks, and that mutually antagonistic forms of propaganda should have been the result.

"Every German readily and gladly makes the sacrifice of blood or treasure demanded from him. I believe that among us there is hardly any one who, remembering what he has had to give up, does not gulp down his upsurging grief with the reflection that it had to be.

The Chancellor remarked that Germany's opponents also were compelled to make sacrifices, and said that if this were kept in mind the agitation which had made its appearance should become impossible.

Lieut. Gen. von Stein, Prussian War Minister, said there was no intention of putting politics into the army, but that, on the contrary, it was intended to prevent this, and that any attempt at propaganda in behalf of any party had been punished.

Dr. Helfferich, Vice Chancellor, explained that he had concluded his statement at the plenary session on Saturday when he left the platform, so that the general report that he had broken off his speech on being interrupted by the Socialists was erroneous. He said no fault could be found with the subject matter of his speech, and that if fault was found with the tone it must be remembered that before uttering the words he had been assailed by not overfriendly interruptions.

George Ledebour, the Social Democratic leader, expressed dissatisafction with the Chancellor's statement, and defended his vote of want of confidence.

A Conservative member complained that the Chancellor had not mentioned the supplementary estimate for the office of Vice Chancellor, which had been referred back to committee and was the sole matter at issue.

The motion to abolish the propaganda service, introduced by the Independent Socialists, was defeated, and the supplementary estimate for the office of Vice Chancellor was adopted without alteration, only the Social Democrats voting against it. The session was attended by Foreign Secretary von Kuehlmann and Vice Admiral von Capelle, Minister of the Navy.

There is growing displeasure in German Parliamentary circles against Dr. Helfferich, owing to Saturday's events in the Reichstag. The General Anzeiger of Düsseldorf prints a report that Dr. Helfferich will resign the Vice Chancellorship in a few weeks, if not sooner.

FOE'S MAN POWER EBBING, FRENCH SAY

Continued from Page 1.

mated by the Allied Staff during the month of June, &c.)

"This is because the fighting on the western front, as a matter of fact, practically never ceases. Whether in the French sectors of Verdun or the Aisne, or in the English sectors of Arras and Ypres, the fighting is only discontinued at one point to be taken up at another. In addition to the big attacks, a quantity of carefully prepared small actions which have been crowned with success, and of which the bulletins are not able to give a clear idea, increase the attrition of the Germans.

"This constant activity, coinciding with the weakness and inaction of the Russians, also explains why the Germans are obliged to maintain, and succeed in effectually maintaining, three times larger forces on the French front than on the Russian front. (In the beginning of the Summer there were 156 German divisions to 700 kilometers [about 434 miles] on the French front, as against 130 Austro-German and Bulgarian divisions, seventy-seven of which were German, on the eastern front.) It is known that the Russian Winter practically puts a stop to all active operations, and that the reaction of the internal events in Russia on the eastern front has allowed Germany to consider it during four months as a veritable reserve for the western front.

"It clearly appears at present that the German Staff, remembering the critical situation in which they found themselves following the French success in the Somme in 1916, fear to see their western front broken by the allied offensives in 1917.

"All the measures they have taken have been defensive in character, intended to strengthen their resistance in the face of Anglo-French forces. Not content with declining to give battle and withdrawing a portion of their front on the Hindenburg position, they have transported to the western front between January and April a certain number of divisions drawn from the eastern front. As this did not suffice, they have drawn the picked men from each of their companies on the eastern front, and, with the assistance of the class of 1918, have formed twenty-seven new divisions, twenty-six of which have appeared in France.

"They have then exchanged their picked troops of the eastern front for the inferior ones of the western front, (Landwehr.) Finally, once the battle began, in order to find out how they have successively replaced, number for number, sixteen exhausted divisions from the French front by fresh divisions from the eastern front.

"However, in spite of using all these methods, of which the latter have only been possible this year due to the trouble made by the Russian revolution, Germany has made her supreme military effort.

"This is evidenced by the two following statements, which should be compared for future enlightenment:

"1. After the formation of the twenty-seven divisions above mentioned, Germany had intended to create ten more divisions with the regiments of the series 601-602. Not only has she been obliged to abandon the latter part of her program, in spite of calling out a portion of the class of 1919, but she has been obliged to break up several newly formed regiments to reinforce her fighting units, and, for the first time since the beginning of the war, a clear decrease in the total strength of the German forces is on record.

"2. At the very time that her total strength is diminishing, Germany finds herself obliged to increase her reserves on the French front to forty divisions with the sole aim of providing relay and resistance. Therefore, just as the effective strength of the Germans has been broken in the open field on the Marne and Ysers and in the trench warfare at Verdun, her facilities for manoeuvring—that is to say, the possibility of transporting valuable reserves from one front to another—is prevented at present by the continuity and intensity of the Anglo-French offensive. Germany has still great powers of resistance, which will take all the allied forces to break. She is capable of executing very rigorous local offensives, but her resources are diminishing at the very moment when the military situation requires that they should increase. That is the principal point.

Expect a Decision with Our Aid.

"On the other hand, the British and French armies have reached their full strength in men and material, and are capable, with the help of America, of maintaining the enormous strength which they have gained to the end of the war To this strength will be added the great American Army, which will arrive as quickly as possible, as three years of war have demonstrated the value of time and the advantage of each day gained.

"This shows the decisive character attending the operations of 1918, when the three great democracies, England, France, and America, will unite their entire strength in attacking the enemy, in conformity to the only sound principle of war."

TO SUE COLUMBIA, CATTELL'S THREAT

Continued from Page 1.

for by Professor Beard "should not be confused with the treasonable propaganda of Professors Cattell and Dana." The other was Professor E. W. Cunliffe, Associate Director of the School of Journalism, who asserted that he did not think Professor Beard had any reason for resigning. "I am not in sympathy with his action," said Professor Cunliffe.

President Nicholas Murray Butler refused to make a statement on the controversy, as did also most of the Trustees.

Cattell's Letter to Stone.

The charge by Professor Cattell against Professor Seligman was contained in a letter Cattell wrote to Professor Harlan F. Stone, Dean of the Columbia Law School. Professor Cattell had asked Professor Stone to express his views on the legality of the expulsion, and upon the refusal of Professor Stone to do so, sent copies of the letter and Professor Stone's reply to the newspapers. This is Professor Cattell's letter to Dean Stone:

Garrison-on-Hudson, N. Y., Oct. 4, 1917.

Professor Harlan F. Stone, Dean of the Law School, Columbia University:

Dear Mr. Stone: I fear that you disapprove of my views on war, though they were shared by most of my colleagues a few months ago; but I am sure that you know that the letter which I wrote to members of the Congress did not oppose "the effective enforcement of the laws of the United States," and was not an "act of sedition or treason," the alleged grounds of my dismissal by the trustees.

Do you care to give me advice on the legal questions involved in the case? Professor Seligman, speaking as acting dean of the graduate faculties and Chairman of the Committee of Nine of the council, told me last Spring that if I were dismissed he hoped I would take the question before the courts in the interest of academic freedom. He said that I had accomplished more than any one living to improve university conditions; that the trustees are "fools"; that most of them are "idiots." He wrote to me (Jan. 27) indorsing the expression of my opposition to war as follows:

"I want to congratulate you on your admirable letter which appeared in The Post on Thursday. So many of our scientific friends have lost their balance that it is refreshing to note the utterances of one who sees straight. Sooner or later we shall all come around to your standpoint."

Whatever may be the opinion held of me in this period of prejudice and unreason, from which I trust we shall soon emerge, my services to the university are a matter of record. I obtained for my department more money than the university has ever paid since. I made the department of psychology the strongest in the world, and as head of the departments of philosophy and anthropology made them the strongest in America. These are the only scientific departments in which Columbia stands first. I have also been of service to the university by my contributions through editing and otherwise to science and education throughout the country. I am now charged with lack of patriotism, whereas it has always been one of my chief satisfactions that I have done my share to give leadership in this country in psychology, the only science in which it does lead, and have edited here in America journals known throughout the world as the best in their fields.

In dismissing me the Trustees are injuring the university to an extent which they do not understand, though President Butler has not the excuse of ignorance. They may have a legal right to do this injury to the university and to me, though that is not certain. They have, however, dismissed me in the middle of the year on false and libelous charges, without payment of the pension which I had earned by twenty-six years of service. President Butler stated in one of his annual reports that the pension right made the salary of a professor $1,200 more than he was paid at the time. When Professor Peck was dismissed his lawyers claimed that his salary was due for the balance of the year, and the amount was paid.

It would be not only common decency, but also common sense, for the Trustees to pay the pension due me, which can be done by the purchase of an annuity, if that is preferred. Otherwise there will be ultimately unrest among members of the Faculty; a law suit will bring out facts concerning the President, the Trustees, and the university which will not be of service to them.

I venture to consult you rather than either of two other distinguished lawyers who take an interest in my relations with the university in the hope that you may be willing to take steps that will result in a settlement without undesirable publicity. I am sorry to give you this trouble, but as head of the law school you seem to be officially designated. It will be fortunate for the university, as well as for me, if you consent to use the sound judgment I have always so greatly admired in this difficult situation.

You may show this letter and I reserve this liberty. Very truly yours,

J. McK. CATTELL.

Dr. Stone Refuses to Act.

Following is Dr. Stone's reply:

Columbia University, in the City of New York
School of Law, Oct. 5, 1917.

Office of the Dean:

J. M. Cattell, Esq., Garrison-on-Hudson, N. Y.:

Dear Mr. Cattell—I have just received and read your letter of the 4th inst. If you anticipate any further action with respect to your dismissal from your professorship by the university authorities I think it quite important that you should have good legal advice. My relations to the university, however, are such that there would, I think, be a lack of propriety in my undertaking to advise or act for you professionally. It seems to me, therefore, desirable from every point of view that you should consult some one who has no connection professionally or otherwise with the university.

Yours sincerely,

HARLAN F. STONE.

Professor Cattell's reply to this was:

Garrison-on-Hudson, N. Y., Oct. 6, 1917.

Professor Harlan F. Stone, Dean of the Law School, Columbia University:

Dear Mr. Stone: I had no intention of asking you to act as my counsel in a lawsuit against the trustees of the university for the pension due me and for libel. I wrote to you because I though that you might, in consultation with others and in the interest of the university, wish to correct the unwisdom and injustice of the trustees in disregarding the recommendation of the Faculty Committee that I be given the pension that I have earned. I ask no favor from the university or from any one connected with it. But I do not wish to cause the university any injury other than will result from the ill-advised and illegal action of the trustees.

Unless you advise me to the contrary, I shall understand that I may show this correspondence. Very truly yours,

J. McK. CATTELL.

Seligman Contradicts Cattell.

Professor Seligman was at a meeting at Columbia University when he was informed last night of the text of Professor Cattell's letter.

"So far as the alleged statements of mine are concerned," said Professor Seligman, "I can only regret that Professor Cattell's memory is as treacherous as his conduct is ungenerous. In the first place, I never stated anything of the kind. I never advised him to sue the Trustees in case he was dismissed. On the contrary, I had only a short time before signed a letter expressing my complete dissent from his general attitude in the university.

"Not only his memory is treacherous, but his conduct is ungenerous, for all last Spring I did my very best to save him from what has now turned out to be a well merited fate. I have not the least desire to enter into a personal altercation with Professor Cattell, and can only reiterate my profound regret that he has seen fit to inject personalities and inaccuracies into a record that has already been marred by so many lapses from dignity, wisdom, and good taste."

Professor Seligman will preside this morning at the meeting of the Committee of Nine of the University Council. This committee was appointed several months ago after the Trustees had, on several occasions, criticised statements about the war and kindred subjects made by various professors at the university, and after it had become apparent that the friction between the Trustees and some members of the Faculties was developing dangerous possibilities.

The members of the committee were chosen from the personnel of the University Council, which is made up of Deans and other representatives of the Faculties, and, in addition to Professor Seligman, consists of Professor J. E. Russell, Dean of Teachers College; Professor W. A. Dunning of the Department of Political Science; Professor John Dewey of the Department of Philosophy, Professor J. C. Egbert of the Department of Philosophy, Professor H. E. Hawkes, Acting Dean of Columbia College; Professor S. W. Lambert, Dean of the Medical School; Professor G. B. Pegram, Acting Dean of the Faculty of Applied Science, and Professor A. H. Thorndike of the English Department.

At their meeting yesterday the committee discussed the situation thoroughly, and came to the conclusion, it was said, that "closer co-operation" between the Trustees and the Faculties was imperative, if the university was to continue its most effective work. Several members of the committee, while sympathizing with Professor Beard, expressed regret that he had added to the difficulties of the institution by resigning.

"We admire his courage," a member of the committee said, "but we also deplore the fact that he considered it necessary to resign. It adds to the difficulty of correcting the conditions of which he complained."

Will Prepare Formal Report.

The object of the committee in meeting today is to reduce its convictions to a formal report to present to the University Council on next Tuesday. There will be no meeting of the Trustees until the first Monday in November, but it is not impossible that the report of the Committee of Nine may be taken up with a special committee recently appointed by the Trustees to consider seditious or unwise utterances at the university. It was this special committee that forced the resignations of Professors Cattell and Dana.

The Trustees, when they do meet, probably will select a new Chairman, as William Barclay Parsons, the regular Chairman, is in Europe.

Following is a statement sent to The New York Times last night by Professor Ellery C. Stowell, Associate Professor of International Law:

Professor Beard's resignation is a most regrettable event in that Columbia loses one of its finest men and teachers, and at the same time his withdrawal confuses the issue of free speech, which, in my opinion, is not in any way involved. We have to consider three phases of this situation: First, the dismissal of Professors Cattell and Dana; second, the manner in which this action was taken by the Trustees, and third, Professor Beard's resignation.

The free expression of opinion and the carrying on of a propaganda are quite distinct. If in the ordinary course of my lectures, correspondence, or even in reply to a bona fide inquiry I stated my views in regard to our entry into the war, any attempt to discipline me for what I have said would be an infringement of free speech, but when on the other hand I write to members of Congress urging them to enact legislation which will impede the vigorous prosecution of the war to victory, I am carrying on a propaganda of a seditious nature in that case, and when furthermore I employ the university letterhead I am bringing in the university into a matter in which it is not properly concerned. A professor, like any other individual, is free to carry on a propaganda, but he may properly be dismissed from the university whenever his propaganda is itself treasonable or seditious.

Calls It Rank Sedition.

In time of peace it is better that much unjustifiable propaganda should go unchecked rather than that the university authorities should be suspected of any attempt to interfere with the freedom of action and freedom of speech of professors, but after war has been declared by the constituted authorities, any propaganda which attempts to check effective military action, such as that prohibiting the sending of our troops to France, is rank sedition.

A professor who participates in it should be expelled without delay from any university whose fair name he tarnishes by his disloyal conduct. Professor Dana's activities have been patent to every one. He has joined that seditious group of the People's Council and has been associated with those who are most active in thwarting the attempt of our authorities to conqu

LOAN TOTAL JUMPS TO $285,000,000

But $500,000,000 Should Be in Sight to Insure Billion and a Half Quota.

BIG INCREASE EXPECTED

Hanover Bank Takes $10,000,000 and Irving Bank $5,000,000 More.

URGES AID OF FOREIGN BORN

Gov. Strong of Reserve Bank Says 30,000,000 Should Become Government Stockholders.

About $35,000,000 was added yesterday to this district's total for subscriptions to the second Liberty Loan. This brought the figures up to $285,000,000 for the first eight days of the four weeks' campaign. The New York Federal Reserve district is still behind in its subscriptions, for if the daily average had come up to the minimum allotment of $900,000,000, the result of the eight days would have shown a total of $800,000,000; and on the basis of subscriptions amounting to $1,500,000,000—which is the aim of the Local Liberty Loan Committee—the total for the eight days should have amounted to $500,000,000. It is expected that as the campaign advances subscriptions will increase and the final goal will be attained in the closing days when applications will flow in from all quarters.

The official figures of the Federal Reserve Bank showed a gain of $18,599,600 yesterday, the total of tabulated returns amounting to $174,849,600. The official bank figures are always below the estimate by reason of the fact that subscriptions are frequently announced several days before they are actually filed by the subscriber with his bank, and sometimes there is delay in the bank reporting to the Reserve Bank.

Day's Leading Subscriptions.

Following are some of the subscriptions announced yesterday:

Hanover National Bank	$10,000,000
Irving National Bank, (additional)	5,000,000
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co. (through the First National)	4,000,000
United States Industrial Alcohol Co., (through the National City)	2,000,000
Bank of New York, N. B. A.	1,750,000
Lehigh Valley R.R. Co. (through the First National)	1,500,000
Speyer & Co.	1,150,000
Mechanics' Bank of Brooklyn	1,000,000
Manufacturers & Traders' National Bank of Buffalo	1,000,000
German-American Bank of Buffalo	1,000,000
Studebaker Corporation	1,000,000
Rochester Trust & Safe Deposit Co.	1,000,000
Commercial Trust Co., Jersey City	1,000,000
Wilson & Co., ($500,000 placed in New York District)	1,000,000
American Tobacco Company	1,000,000
New York State National Bank of Albany	600,000
The South Brooklyn Savings Institution	500,000
Liggett & Myers Company	500,000
Central Leather Company	500,000
Greene-Cananea Copper Company	500,000
Hamilton Trust Company, Brooklyn	500,000
S. Blumenthal & Co.	500,000
Cuba Distilling Co., (through National City)	500,000
Provident Loan Society of New York, (through Speyer & Co.)	300,000
United Cigar Stores Company	275,000
Electric Bond & Share Co., (through Mercantile Trust & Deposit Co.)	250,000
Boissevain & Co.	250,000
National Cloak & Suit Co., (through Mercantile Trust & Deposit Co.)	100,000
New York Cotton Exchange Clearing House Association, Inc.	75,000
William C. Sheldon & Co.	50,000
Teachers College of the City of New York, (through Speyer & Co.)	50,000
Percival S. Hill	50,000
Mrs. Percival S. Hill	50,000

Some of the cities included in the New York Federal Reserve District have made an exceptionally good showing. Stamford, Conn., has sent in subscriptions amounting to $1,300,000, or 76 per cent. of its full quota of $1,701,000, and Newark, N. J., has supplied applications totaling $15,017,550, or 48 per cent. of its allotment of $31,005,000. Brooklyn has turned in only $10,000,000 of its $54,148,600, or 18 per cent.; and Buffalo, N. Y., has obtained subscriptions of $7,523,200, or 13 per cent. of its quota of $55,600,500.

Bonds to be Ready Soon.

It was announced yesterday that within a few days a supply of the new 4 per cent. Liberty Loan bonds would be received from Washington, and that it would then be possible for cash subscribers to receive the bonds upon the payment of their subscription. In other words, facilities will be afforded for the sale of Government bonds "over the counter"—an improvement over the system obtaining during the first loan campaign when banks gave subscribers only their receipts.

The Liberty Loan Committee issued the following explanatory statement on the conversion privileges of Liberty Loan bonds:

15-30-YEAR 3½S.

This issue of 3½s is convertible into any subsequent issue of bonds bearing a higher rate of interest issued during the war, provided the holder converts within six months from the date of the new issue. For example, the holder of the present 3½s can convert into the proposed 4 per cent. bonds provided he does so before May 15, 1918. If he does not choose to convert into this issue, he still retains the right to convert into any subsequent issue, provided again he does so within six months from the date of such subsequent issue.

If he converts into the present issue of 4 per cent. bonds, he then becomes subject to all the conditions of every kind, including the conversion feature of the 4 per cent. issue, except that the bonds issued upon such conversion are to be identical with the 3½s as to maturity of principal, interest dates, and terms of redemption.

The 3½s have the right to exchange into any subsequent issue par for par with adjustment of interest.

10-25-YEAR 4S.

The new 4s (or the 4s which are converted from the 3½s) are convertible into the next issue bearing a higher rate of interest, (if such issue runs over five years,) provided the holder elects to convert within six months from the date of this next issue. The bond then becomes subject to the terms of convertibility or non-convertibility of the new issue. If the holder fails to make the conversion within six months, his conversion privilege terminates.

The 4 per cent. bond is convertible at par into a subsequent issue at the issue price, but not below par, with adjustment of interest. In other words, if a subsequent issue is put out at a premium, the holder of the 4 per cent. bond, when converting, must pay the premium.

Gov. Strong Speaks to Trade Leaders.

Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, in an address before about 200 industrial leaders of the city—members of the Advisory Trades Committee—said that the 30,000,000 people of foreign birth or parentage should be made "stockholders in the Government of the United States." He said that the two aims of the committee in charge of the loan were, first, to raise the money required, and, secondly, to see to it that the bonds had the widest possible distribution. "It would be better to sell three billions in bonds to thirty million people than to sell thirty billions to three million people."

Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co. issued a statement yesterday explaining the nature of a Liberty bond, placing special emphasis on the fact that it was the obligation of the Government, backed by the people of the United States.

"This bond that we are offering is the promise-to-pay of the Government of the United States," Mr. Lamont said. "Do you realize what this means? Some of you may have the idea that the Government is a thing apart from the people. Nothing of the kind! The Government is the people. When you are buying a U. S. bond, you are buying your own promise-to-pay and that of your neighbors. There are one hundred million people pledged to pay this bond which you are going to buy. There is no other nation so solvent, so prosperous, and so sure to pay its debts as the United States. Therefore, there can be no possible hesitation as to the soundness of the security.

"Just consider for a moment the tangible resources that are behind this loan. The property of the citizens of the United States is estimated at 225 billions of dollars. The income of the people of the United States is about 40 billions every year.

Allies Have Raised 40 Billions.

"When we compare these figures with those of the nations abroad, we ought to be ashamed of having to work so hard to raise this money for our Government. Why, the resources of Great Britain, France, Italy, and Russia combined hardly equal those of the United States, and the income of all these people nothing like equals our income. Yet those countries since the war began have raised $40,000,000,000 in the form of Government loans. They have done it in the midst of fighting, destruction, and death right at their doors. They have done it, as I say, with combined resources no more than ours. Our task should in comparison be a simple one, and it will be if everybody takes hold.

"Look at the character of our resources. The value of our farms is well over $50,000,000,000, of our factories $25,000,000,000, of our railroads $25,000,000,000, all rich, increasing, and productive. Our gold supply is over $3,000,000,000, more than a third of the entire gold supply of the world. And yet some people are hesitating to subscribe to this loan, wondering whether it is good or not.

D. W. Morrow at Sphinx Dinner.

Speaking at a dinner of the Sphinx Club at the Waldorf-Astoria last night, Dwight W. Morrow of J. P. Morgan & Co. said that it was all-important that the number of subscribers to the second Liberty Loan be as large as possible.

"We should be interested," he told the advertising men, "not only in the total amount of money that is raised in this great City of New York for the Liberty Loan, but also in the number of subscribers from whom that money is raised.

"I have seen it estimated that in this Second Federal Reserve District about one person in every ten subscribed to the first Liberty Loan. Some cities did a great deal better than that. The City of Rochester, for instance, with an estimated population of about 250,000, produced subscribers in excess of 60,000, that is, one in every four persons—whether those persons were men, women, or children—entered a subscription for the Liberty Loan.

"If the City of New York could make a record something like that in this pending loan, it would be a fine answer to those abroad who may say that the people of this country are not interested in this war."

General Wood Gives Approval.

Major Gen. Leonard Wood, commanding Camp Funston, Kansas, issued a statement yesterday urging liberal subscription to the Liberty Loan.

"Our national safety and the ultimate safety of our institutions depend upon the successful conduct of the war," he said. "We must give and give liberally, all of us, to aid in this great struggle between democracy and autocracy. While the men of the fighting line meet the enemy face to face on the battlefield, those behind the line must meet the needs of the situation at home face to face and subscribe in every possible way the efforts of the Government and the people to carry this great war through to a successful conclusion."

Members of the Hotel Association and the Society of Restaurateurs subscribed $1,000,000 to the loan in an hour. When the subscriptions lagged after reaching $725,000 J. Stevens Ullman, a leather manufacturer, who was a guest at the meeting, said he would subscribe $100,000 if the hotel men would bring the total to $900,000. The sum was made up quickly. Those who subscribed $100,000 were John McE. Bowman, the Society of Restaurateurs, and the Marseilles Hotel. Smaller sums were taken by Fred Sterry, Chairman of the Hotel Men's Liberty Loan Committee; George C. Boldt, Jr., and other hotel and restaurant men.

The high mark by the Women's Liberty Loan Committee yesterday was made by Mrs. H. R. Eldredge at the Ritz-Carlton, where John W. Kiser of Chicago bought a Liberty bond for $50,000. The rain did not help the work of the new little Liberty Loan "Bank" in Madison Square. Not many visitors made their way through the grass to buy bonds. Those that were sold were of small denominations, and at 5 P. M. only $350 worth had been sold. Monday, the opening day, had a record of $5,250.

William M. Barrett, President of the Adams Express Company, representing the large express companies, has set in motion the machinery which is calculated to bring forth subscriptions from about 40,000 employes.

James P. Holland, President of the New York State Federation of Labor, sent out an appeal yesterday to officers and members of the central bodies and local unions affiliated with the federation, asking their co-operation for the mobilization of organized wage-earners into an army of Liberty Loan subscribers.

The publicity department of the Liberty Loan Committee announced last night that Mrs. Vernon Castle had volunteered to fly in Central Park on Friday afternoon and drop about 10,000 pieces of Liberty Loan literature. The occasion of the flight will be the pageant and celebration in honor of the opening of the Catskill Aqueduct.

The speakers' bureau of the Liberty Loan Committee is in need of automobiles and chauffeurs, and calls upon patriotic citizens to help supply the demand. The cars will be used only from 8 to 11 P. M.

SLOVAKS BUY $125,000 OF THE LIBERTY BONDS

Pledge Lives of Sons and Resources to Government—Army Subscriptions Growing.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—The Supreme Committee of the First Catholic Slovak Union of the United States of America, according to a message received today by Secretary McAdoo, has taken $50,000 more war bonds. This makes a total subscription of $125,000 for the organization and its auxiliary, $75,000 having been subscribed by them on the occasion of the first loan. Accompanying the message to the Secretary was a resolution declaring that the union realized "that the world war for democracy has only begun, that our brave boys must have food, clothing, and ammunition to win the war, that we, who are secure in our homes and unable to go to the front, should treasure the dollars less than the blood and lives of our boys, that the Slovak and every other lover of freedom should rally to the colors in this fateful hour to our beloved country," and pledged the lives of sons and resources to the Government.

Guy A. Emerson, Director of Publicity for the Liberty Loan in New York in a report made today said:

"Today's sale exceeds that of the total of the corresponding day of the first campaign despite the fact that the sale was a novelty."

The campaign to float the Liberty bonds took on an unprecedented activity today. Vice President Marshall announced his intention to go out on the financial stump and battle for the second issue. William J. Bryan telegraphed the Treasury Department that he would begin his circuit of bold talks tonight at Omaha.

Vice President Marshall issued a statement showing that one way of beating taxes is to purchase a bond and get part of them back from the Government.

"The policy of the Government is to pay a proportion of the cost of war by the sale of Liberty bonds. In this way you can pay gradually as you are able to make money. It is just as good for you to help your Government this way as by unlimited taxation and a little cheaper for you, because you have a safe and splendid investment.

"Don't let anybody else beat you to the altar of American liberty. While you are helping to pay the taxes seize this opportunity to get your money back. This is patriotism, common sense, and sound finance. You envy the rich. Adopt their methods for once by making good investments."

Secretary McAdoo telegraphed from Tacoma that the far West was displaying unparalelled interest. In talking with Secretary McAdoo, Governor Alexander of Idaho declared that his State would surely subscribe its allotment of $12,000,000. The State itself will subscribe $100,000 from its own treasury. Thirty Liberty Loan teams and their Captains had luncheon with Secretary McAdoo at Spokane and declared their intention of rolling up $5,000,000 for the city's total subscription. Large crowds and much enthusiasm were reported from the Secretary's Tacoma and Seattle meetings, held this afternoon and tonight.

It was announced from Chicago that Sarah Bernhardt had agreed to purchase a bond from James S. Forgan, the banker, on the stage of a theatre one night this week.

Lieut. Col. H. M. Lord, in charge of the Liberty Loan campaign among the soldiers, announced yesterday that army subscriptions were being received in large numbers. The totals reported, including last Saturday's subscriptions, showed $626,000, with many camps yet to be heard from. The National Guard Camp at Hattiesburg, Miss., leads the list with $116,400, and Camp Funston, the national army cantonment at Fort Riley, Kan., is second with $53,600. Only eight of the thirty-two camps and cantonments have reported.

$35,546,000 FOR NEW ENGLAND.

Providence Leads Boston for Day—Results Elsewhere.

BOSTON, Oct. 9.—Liberty Loan subscriptions of $1,516,000 reported yesterday from Providence were the largest received that day in a New England city, forcing Boston, with $1,461,000, into second place, according to an announcement at the loan headquarters here tonight. These figures are from an official daily tabulation of returns to the Federal Reserve Bank in this city.

The total of the returns covering transactions of the previous day throughout New England is made public each morning and this is the only total given our during the day. Today's reports of 797 of 1,073 banks in the district brought the New England total to $35,546,000.

The total by States was: Maine, $1,723,000; New Hampshire, $916,000; Vermont, $1,077,000; Rhode Island, $5,365,000; Connecticut, $5,230,000; Massachusetts, $21,233,000.

Canvassing for subscriptions in this city was widely extended today when seventy trade committees began work with 2,000 men in the field in a campaign to raise $112,000,000 among the industries in the territory.

The program for ex-President Taft's Liberty Loan speech-making tour in New England was changed today. Mr. Taft will speak at Hartford, Conn., Oct. 24; Portland, Me., Oct. 25, and Springfield on Oct. 26.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 9.—The International Shoe Company subscribed $500,000 to the Liberty Loan today. John Scullin, a steel manufacturer here, has subscribed for $100,000.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 9.—Liberty bond sales in Cleveland tonight reached a total of $16,311,050. Sixty sales managers of local manufacturing concerns met to organize a systematic canvass of the industrial plants of the city. Three hundred employers have already started intensive sales campaigns.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 9.—A vigorous campaign for subscriptions to the second Liberty Loan in Omaha was inaugurated today by a meeting of business men. Subscriptions totaling $7,753,550 were taken, including $3,000,000 from the banks

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 9.—Directors of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railroad today authorized a subscription of $250,000 to the second Liberty Loan.

TREASURY OFFERS MORE CERTIFICATES

New $300,000,000 Issue, in Anticipation of Liberty Loan Receipts, Bears 4% Interest.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Another issue of short-time certificates of indebtedness, $300,000,000 in volume, was announced today by the Treasury in anticipation of Second Liberty Loan receipts. The new offering will pay 4 per cent. interest, will mature Nov. 22, a week after the payment of the 18 per cent. installment on the Liberty Loan, and may be converted into Liberty bonds, at the option of the holders, if offered to Federal Reserve banks Nov. 15, a week before maturity.

Today's offering brings the total of the four issues put out in advance of the Second Liberty Loan receipts up to $1,550,000,000, or more than one-half of the minimum set by Secretary McAdoo for the bond issue. The present offering is the second to bear 4 per cent. interest, the last previous offering of $400,000,000 having been at the same interest rate. The highest rate offered before was 3½ per cent.

The certificates are free from all taxes except estate and inheritance taxes and the surtax imposed by the Revenue bill recently enacted. Denominations of the certificates will be $1,000, $5,000, $10,000, and $100,000.

The offering is at par. Subscriptions will be received by Federal Reserve banks up to 3 P. M., local time, Oct. 15. The certificates will bear interest from Oct. 18.

ASK HIGHER NEWS PRICES.

Dealers Would Make Sunday Papers 6 Cents a Copy.

Resolutions asking newspaper publishers to raise the price of Sunday newspapers from 5 cents to 6 cents and to reduce below 1½-cent a copy to dealers newspapers sold to the public at 2 cents each, were passed last night at a meeting of the National Association of Newsdealers and Tobacconists, held at Cooper Union. Protest was also launched against tobacco, cigar, and cigarette manufacturers who were charged with shifting the whole burden of taxation and increased cost of production upon the retail dealer.

The members pledged loyalty to the country in the war, and a vote of confidence in the fight for liberty and democracy was taken. Demand was made "of the various Legislatures, municipal, State, and Federal, to forthwith enact and enforce a strict Sunday observance law, as the habit of doing business seven days a week is making savages of those engaged in it."

NAVY BUILDS SHIPS COST $1,150,400,000

Continued from Page 1.

passed in size or speed by any in the world," said Mr. Daniels. The navy, he said, was enthusiastic over them; "everybody wants to be assigned to the destroyers."

Fore River Building Most.

It is said the Fore River Company will build more of the new destroyers than any other. The Fore River Company, Mr. Daniels explained, was the only one that had offered to build more vessels than were awarded to it. The builders were called in, and to each, except the Fore River, was given all the work it estimated that it could undertake. The rest of the order went to the Fore River Company.

All the plants to be constructed by the Navy Department will be temporary, Mr. Daniels said probably there would be no more destroyers built in ten years, and the shipbuilding companies, realizing this, were unwilling to build additions to their plants. For this reason it became necessary for the Navy Department to build the additional plants. What disposition will be made of them after the war is not yet decided; they may be sold to the plants to which they are attached.

MITCHEL TO RESUME SPEAKING SCHEDULE

Gives Up Hope of Hylan Answering the Murphy-Hearst Questions.

SPEEDS FUSION MANAGERS

Orders Quicker Work in Completing Signature Petitions of His Associates on the Ticket.

Mayor Mitchel continued yesterday to have trouble with his voice, and made no speeches. He said he expected to be able to take the stump again tomorrow. The Mayor spent several hours in conference with his campaign managers at his headquarters in the Manhattan Hotel, and made plans for active work during the remainder of the campaign. The Mayor said he had given up hope that Judge John F. Hylan, his Tammany opponent, would answer the four questions concerning his connection with Hearst and Murphy that he had asked Mr. Hylan last week, but, nevertheless, he would continue to demand an answer.

"I have received no answer yet," said the Mayor, "and I don't believe he will answer. I don't think he has the nerve to answer them."

"Have you any knowledge as to who is preparing the speeches read by Judge Hylan?" the Mayor was asked.

"No, I have no knowledge," he replied.

"Do you think the Judge prepares them himself?"

"I do not. I don't think Judge Hylan is capable of preparing his own speeches."

The Mayor was next asked if he had received any word that Judge Hylan would not run on the same ticket with Representative Henry Bruckner, Democratic candidate for Borough President of the Bronx.

"I understood that he got his instructions between 10 and 2," replied the Mayor, referring to Judge Hylan's request to the reporters who first asked him the same question to "come back at 2 o'clock."

"Have you heard whether Mr. Murphy has been able to see Judge Hylan yet?"

"It depends in what sense you use the word 'see,'" returned the Mayor. "I don't believe there is any difficulty about their 'seeing' each other; they both have friends."

The Mayor yesterday ordered his managers to speed up the work of completing the signature petitions for nomination of his associates on the Fusion and the City Democracy tickets. He said that the filing of but 564 names on the Fusion ticket for the independent nomination of Controller Prendergast and Robert Adamson was "distinctly neglectful." The Mayor's own petition for independent nomination contained 2,844 names. The City Democracy filed but 126 names to its petitions, but the time for filing such petitions does not expire until Oct. 17.

The Fusion managers said yesterday that they had received information that a swing to Mayor Mitchel had set in among the Brooklyn Republican leaders and workers who have been inclined to favor William M. Bennett, the Republican nominee for Mayor. It was said that the Brooklyn men were not in the frame of mind that they did not want either candidate indorsed by the Kings County Republican Committee, and that when the committee meets next Tuesday no action will be taken favoring either candidate.

It was learned at the Board of Elections yesterday that in the entire city 1,657 Democratic voters wrote in the name of Mayor Mitchel on the Democratic ballots at the recent primary, instead of placing a cross mark opposite the name of Judge Hylan. The number by boroughs was: Manhattan, 668; Kings, 380; Queens, 265; Bronx, 313, and Richmond, 31.

HYLAN KEEPS OUT OF FIGHT.

No Answer to Willcox's Demand for Proof of School Charge.

Judge John F. Hylan, Tammany candidate for Mayor, was again kept incomunicado yesterday by his campaign managers. Attempts to ask Judge Hylan for an answer to the demand of President William G. Willcox of the Board of Education that the Judge submit proof of his frequently reiterated charge that Mayor Mitchel has turned the public schools over to the Rockefeller interests were futile.

"We have strict orders that the Judge must not be annoyed," was the invariable reply of those mounting guard at his personal headquarters, 50 East Forty-second Street. "He has instructed us to tell newspapermen that he cannot see them."

BENNETT'S DARE TO HYLAN.

Asks Him to Take Steps to Investigate Democratic Primary.

William M. Bennett, after obtaining an order from Supreme Court Justice Whitaker, under which his name will go on the ballot as that of the regular Republican nominee for Mayor, announced last night that he challenged Judge John F. Hylan, his Tammany opponent, to take steps toward having the Democratic ballots cast in the recent primary election inspected, as were the Republican.

"I am credibly informed that there were even greater frauds and irregularities committed in the Democratic primaries than there were in the Republican, in connection with the abortive attempt to count me out," said Mr. Bennett. "There is no doubt the Democratic ballots should be inspected, and I shall challenge the Democrats to have such an inspection made."

The only important fight that enlivened the Democratic primaries was between Thomas E. Rush, anti-Tammany candidate, and John V. McAvoy, who had Tammany's backing for a Supreme Court nomination. The result announced gave the nomination to Mr. McAvoy by an overwhelming majority.

Mr. Bennett, when asked to elaborate on his statement by giving definite reasons for his suspicion that there had been Democratic as well as Republican primary frauds, said that he would have something to say on the subject later.

There was a meeting last night at Bennett headquarters in the Bartholdi Building, Twenty-third Street and Broadway, of the Bennett Campaign Committee, of which Frank D. Wilsey of the Bronx, late candidate for the nomination for President of the Board of Aldermen on the Bennett ticket in the primaries, is Chairman. Campaign plans were discussed and steps taken toward raising a campaign fund for the candidate.

Mr. Bennett will speak today at a luncheon given by the Brooklyn Civic Club at the Hotel Brossert, in Brooklyn. The formal opening of the Bennett campaign will be at a mass meeting in the Brooklyn Academy of Music early next week.

Bar Association Indorses Justices.

The New York City Bar Association adopted the resolutions of its Judiciary Committee last night indorsing the nominations of Judges McLaughlin and Cardozo for the Court of Appeals; Samuel H. Ordway for Justice of the Supreme Court, and Justices O'Dwyer, Schmuck, and Strasbourger, and Benjamin W. Brown, Douglas Mathewson, ex-Adjt. Gen. Stotesbury, Joseph R. Truesdale, Leonard M. Wallstein, and Charles E. Manierre, for Justices of the City Court. The association also recommended to the Department of Justice the appointment of the senior District Judge of this circuit, Learned Hand, to the Circuit Court of Appeals.

SQUADRON A OFF FOR SPARTANBURG

Troopers of Famous New York Command Slip Away in the Morning.

Squadron A left New York yesterday for Spartanburg. It was a businesslike and unspectacular departure, the hour, 9:30 A. M., being too early for the appearance of thousands of men and women who might have been eager to give the men a send-off as they marched down Fifth Avenue to the ferry. Even so, the thoroughfare was fairly well dotted with spectators, who did their best to make the cavalry men feel that the city was with them in their journey "over there." Official tone was given to the occasion by the presence of Mayor Mitchel, who reviewed the troopers from the Union League Club.

The troopers themselves were glad to be off. New York had become a lonesome place, with all the other units concentrated in the South. Nothing was more welcome to the men than the order to break camp and move South. And when they found themselves actually starting on the first leg to France their eagerness for action manifested itself in every step they took in the march from the armory to the ferry landing.

Precisely at 9:30 A. M., led by Sousa's Band, the squadron swung out of the armory at Madison Avenue and Ninety-sixth Street, to be greeted by an outburst of cheers. All told there 538 men and officers, with Major William R. Wright in command. A good part of them were mounted, but many were on foot, their horses having been sent away on the previous day. Every man appeared to be in splendid physical condition.

As the squadron moved past the reviewing stand it was apparent that many of the old faces were no longer in its ranks. The most of the lawyers, bankers, and society lights who used to make Squadron A the pet unit of New York's 400 have graduated into commissions, and their places have since been taken by recruits from less conspicuous stations in life. Every one of the new men, however, appeared to be a first class soldier, competent, and eager for an opportunity to show his worth.

In the reviewing stand with Mayor Mitchel were Maj. Gen. Francis G. Roe, Brig. Gen. Oliver B. Bridgman, the squadron's old commander, Charles E. Hughes, and Maj. Gen. Daniel Appleton. They led the crowd in the cheering and applause, Mayor Mitchel giving frequent expression to his delight over the soldierly appearance of the men.

The line of march from the armory was through Ninety-sixth Street to Fifth Avenue and south on Fifth Avenue to Twenty-third Street, where the column turned west and marched to the ferry. At the ferry the men received their greatest ovation. Space had been reserved in front of the ferry house for the mothers, wives, sisters, and sweethearts of the men, and here they were gathered to the number of several hundred to give the men a parting tribute as they boarded the ferry boat. While the band played "Auld Lang Syne," the men snatched many a last kiss and embrace from some fond well wisher. They were showered with kits, candy, cigars, and cigarettes.

On arriving at Spartanburg Squadron A will lose its identity and become part of the One Hundred and Fifth Machine Gun Company.

The First Cavalry, which had been encamped on the Bliss estate in Brooklyn, also entrained for Spartanburg yesterday morning. The men broke camp at sunrise and had breakfast at 6:30. In less than half an hour all the cooking utensils had been loaded on vans and the men were ready to move. Their horses had already been shipped to Communipaw by ferry. At 9:15 the order came to move. Four abreast, and escorted by hundreds of citizens, the column marched down Second Avenue to Thirty-ninth Street and down Thirty-ninth Street to the ferry, where they boarded a boat for Communipaw.

HEDGES ASSAILS BENNETT.

Says Republican Nominee Was Not Always a "Regular" Party Man.

Job E. Hedges, in the absence of Mayor Mitchel, whose physician has ordered him to quit the stump for a few days, was the principal speaker at three fusion meetings last night. He urged all regular Republican voters to ignore the results of the primary and concentrate their votes on the "actual choice" of the party, Mayor Mitchel. His appeal was seconded by ex-United States Attorney General George W. Wickersham.

"In 1914," Mr. Hedges said, "Mr. Bennett went to the State Senate, elected on a Republican ticket, but once there he did not stay with his party. Now, suddenly, by virtue of the divine alchemy of a direct primary law, which is neither direct nor primary, he becomes the 'regular' Republican candidate for Mayor. Why, a direct primary never made anything except a nuisance. I ask all Republicans to stand by the fusion candidate, and any one who fears that by doing so he may be deserting his party can take a chance on party regularity by voting as Mr. Wickersham and myself are going to vote."

Mr. Wickersham declared that if Mayor Mitchel were defeated there would be "joy in Germany and sorrow throughout the United States."

Among other speakers at the meetings which took place at Terrace Garden; 145 East Fifty-eighth Street, Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second Avenue, and Progress Hall, at Avenue A and Third Street were the Fusion candidate for District Attorney, William L. Ransom; the candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, Robert Adamson, and Borough President Marcus M. Marks.

Labor Leaders Help Dowling.

Representatives of labor organizations having a membership of more than 100,000 in Manhattan have organized a committee of fifty to work for the election of Frank L. Dowling, Tammany candidate for President of the Borough of Manhattan. Notice of the action of the labor men was forwarded to Nathan Hirsch, Chairman of the Dowling Business League, by Peter J. Brady, President of the Allied Printing Trades organizations of the city. The Dowling committee has opened an east side headquarters at Second Avenue and Ninth Street.

Burr Fusion Chairman.

The Campaign Committee of the Democratic Fusion Committee of 170 organized headquarters at 50 East Forty-second Street last night. The committee already has a membership of nearly 1,000. Former Corporation Counsel William P. Burr was elected Chairman.

REGISTRATION AGAIN FALLS OFF

Continued from Page 1.

istration in the Bronx was 11,565, as compared to 13,448 on Monday. Four years ago the second day total in the Bronx amounted to 20,340, and the total for the two first days that year was 43,235. Last year the second day total was 16,391 and for the two first days last year it was 32,218. This year the total for two days was only 25,013.

The Mitchel-Fusion campaign managers practically suspended campaign activity yesterday while they devoted all their efforts to arousing public interest in registration. The Fusion forces were particularly disappointed at the poor showing made on Monday night, when the registration was 20 per cent. lower than on the first day last year. Mayor Mitchel did not attempt to conceal his chagrin at the apparent lack of interest in the campaign on the part of voters.

"I want to call attention," said the Mayor, "to the absurdly light registration of the first day. If that is any index of public interest in this election, then those who fail to register deserve Mr. Murphy's corrupt government and Mr. Hearst's pro-Germanism. If the city hasn't had a lesson in the primaries, it can't learn from experience. The man who doesn't take the trouble to register is casting a vote for Murphy's corruption and Hearst's treachery.

"The fellow that fails to register is a kind of citizen who considers himself between elections highly virtuous and public-spirited and rails at bad government. His one chance to show his public spirit is at election time. Those men had better either register or shut up between elections."

REGISTER TODAY.

This is registration week. Today, Thursday, and Friday the polls will be open from 5:30 P. M. until 10:30 P. M. On Saturday the polls will be open from 7 A. M. until 10:30 P. M. If you do not register you cannot vote.

HYLAN SAYS WEALTH CONTROLS CITY HALL

Tells Brooklyn Voters Big Business Interests Had a Hand in Primary Frauds.

CALLS FUSION INEFFICIENT

Predicts Next Year's Budget Will Go to $230,000,000, Thus Raising Taxes.

Judge John F. Hylan, Tammany candidate for Mayor, took the recent primary frauds as his theme in a speech he made last night before the Retail Grocers' Association at its headquarters, 400 Bridge Street, Brooklyn. He said that the Grand Jury ought to go gunning for "the man higher up."

"We are in one of the most important municipal campaigns that has ever taken place in any municipality in the world," said Judge Hylan. "The contest is not one between the Republican and Democratic Parties. It is a contest of the people of all parties against the boldest and most daring combination of tax-eating, franchise grabbers, food-price jugglers, land sharks and city financial manipulators the people of this city have ever had to deal with.

"The proof of this is found in the personnel of the Fusion Committee of Two Hundred and Fifty. One hundred members of that committee are Directors in approximately 500 corporations with a total capital and resources of $9,000,000,000. These agents of great wealth have banded together with a few Old Guard bosses in the Republican Party for the purpose of continuing officials in charge of New York City whom they can control, and who will be absolutely subservient to their dictation. It was this little billionaire band the Republican bosses were trying to serve when they attempted to steal the primary election for John Purroy Mitchel.

"At the primary election the rank and file of the Republican Party of this city who stand for honest elections, triumphantly repudiated the dictation of the Committee of Two Hundred and Fifty and nominated another candidate. Then somebody sent out word to defy the law and name the committee's candidate by fraud. The returns were padded and falsified throughout the entire city. Who was the man higher up in this city-wide conspiracy? Who gave the order?

"The Mayor and Reynolds knew and the corporate interests knew that when these frauds became public the people would demand the opening of the ballot boxes. So in an endeavor to shake off the odium that would inevitably follow exposure, the Mayor rushed into court with an application for the opening of the boxes. When he made this application he knew full well that his opponent would make similar application the following day. The people were not fooled by this attempt to escape responsibility by getting to court before his opponent."

Judge Hylan then turned to the financial administration of the city and declared that the Mitchel administration had boosted the city debt to $1,490,200,000, and that the annual budget had increased by more than $18,000,000 above what it was in 1913, when Mayor Mitchel was elected. Judge Hylan predicted next year's budget would go to over $230,000,000, which would mean a large increase in tax rates.

"The city is being driven to the verge of bankruptcy," he continued. "One sinister influence in this contest is one of the dominating factors of the Mitchel-Prendergast administration. J. P. Morgan & Co., the Morgan bankers' syndicate, reaps tremendous profit from the policy of the present administration under Mayor Mitchel and Controller Prendergast. In 1914, on the $100,000,000 loan their profits were in the neighborhood of $8,000,000.

"The people cannot tolerate another administration by this régime, which has turned over the control of the city to the Rockefeller and the Morgan interests of Wall Street. The record of Fusion inefficiency, dishonesty, and lawlessness is so voluminous that when we touch it concretely we have time only to mention a few specific instances."

Tonight Judge Hylan will be a guest at a dinner given by the Cleveland Democracy at the Hotel Astor. Sheriff Alfred E. Smith and Charles L. Craig, Judge Hylan's running mates, will speak at the dinner also. Tomorrow evening all three candidates are down for speeches at a meeting to be held in Cooper Union.

It was announced at Democratic fusion headquarters last night that all the local lodges of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen in the city had adopted resolutions indorsing the candidacy of Judge Hylan, who himself is the holder of a membership card in the organization.

The General Committee of the Italian-American Democratic Union of Greater New York, at a meeting held last night at 372 Broome Street, adopted resolutions pledging the support of the organization to Judge Hylan and his running mate.

ANOTHER PRIMARY CONTEST

Honest Ballot Association Questions the McAvoy-Rush Count.

An examination of the ballots cast in the Democratic primary on Sept. 19 for the nomination for Justice of the Supreme Court in the First District, which takes in Manhattan and the Bronx, was requested yesterday by the Honest Ballot Association. Henry De Forest Baldwin, representing the association, told Supreme Court Justice Whitaker that the proceedings were being brought in behalf of Thomas E. Rush, who was an independent candidate for the nomination against John J. McAvoy, the regular Tammany nominee.

It was said yesterday that Mr. Rush had not asked to have the ballots examined, but that the Honest Ballot Association had received information that there were irregularities in the count in several districts. Mr. Baldwin told the court that the investigation made by the association thus far had apparently disclosed a wide variance between the returns on primary day, which purported to give Mr. McAvoy the nomination over Mr. Rush and Daniel Denahy, also an independent candidate, and the actual vote cast.

The returns, as announced, gave Mr. McAvoy 30,568 votes; Rush, 17,448, and Denahy 1,578. Mr. Baldwin said that an apparent discrepancy of 1,000 votes had been found in one Assembly district in the Bronx, while in the same borough it appeared that 2,319 ballots had been protested and not counted, and that returns in some instances were jumbled.

Herbert Limberg, counsel for McAvoy, declared that he thought the contest an act of injustice against Rush himself.

To Call Canadian Conscripts Dec. 1.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 9.—Dec. 1 has been fixed as the date for calling the first increment of men to the colors under the Canadian selective conscription act.

UPTON'S DRAFT MEN NOW RUN THE CAMP

Guards Withdraw and Recruits Go on Sentry Duty Month After First Man's Arrival.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, YAPHANK, L. I., Oct. 9.—With the posting of sentries from the National Army and the withdrawal of National Guard units, the Seventy-seventh Division has become a self-contained organization today, one month after the arrival of its first recruits. In every company tonight details have been arranged for night guard duty, consisting of a Sergeant, three Corporals, and nine privates. These sentries are on duty two hours and off four hours. Although the guards are on the lookout for possible fires, the new sentry work is to accustom the men to night guard duty.

In a pouring rain 2,173 recruits arrived at camp this afternoon in three special trains. The last train, scheduled to reach the camp station at 1:30, did not arrive until 3. The reason for this delay was that exuberant recruits uncoupled the last three cars at Hicksville, and the forward part of the train was two miles away before the railroad men discovered the loss. The somewhat dismal arrival of the recruits was made more cheerful by the 304th Artillery Band, which was at the station to meet them.

At the camp hospital today the 2,194 recruits who reported yesterday were put through physical examinations in seven and a half hours. With the many examinations to which some recruits were subjected, this constitutes a world record, according to the physician in charge, Captain William J. Ruddy. It is safe to say that never before had any of these men been examined in one day by sixteen different specialists, as they were today.

The recruits ran a gauntlet of doctors on the lookout for disqualifying symptoms, and suspicious c

Joseph
PRESENTS A COLLECTION OF
New Model Velvet Gowns
632 Fifth Avenue opp Cathedral

Red Cross Meetings are being held all over the country by women. They need a book by Emma A. Fox called "Parliamentary Usage for Women." You can find it at this and all other book shops. Price $1.00 cloth.
Lord & Taylor Book Shop,
Conducted by
Doubleday, Page & Company.

"Turner for Concrete"

ONE NEGRO DIVISION FOR NATIONAL ARMY

It Will Comprise Men from All States and Be Commanded Chiefly by Colored Officers.

SHIFT IN SOUTHERN UNITS

80th, 31st, and 39th Divisions to be Filled Up with Drafted Men—Camp Quotas Changed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—General Tasker H. Bliss, Chief of Staff of the Army today ordered, with the approval of Secretary Baker, a big shift in the forces of the National Army in the cantonments in the South, Middle West and West, in order to fill the ranks of three National Guard divisions in the Southern States with white men to the authorized war strength. The National Guard divisions to be filled up are the Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Thirty-ninth, all composed of troops from the far Southern States.

The new plan adds a division to the National Army organization, making seventeen divisions in that force to supplement the seventeen National Guard divisions. One of the divisions will be made up of negroes, and probably will be designated as the Ninety-second Division, National Army. It will be mobilized as a division only when ordered to France for duty. The force will be the largest fighting unit of negro troops in the army, and the majority of its officers will come from the colored training camp at Des Moines, Iowa.

The division will take in nearly 30,000 of the 33,000 negroes registered under the draft law. There will be organized in addition, however, service units for work behind the lines. Orders were published today authorizing twenty-four of these, to be raised by voluntary transfer of drafted men or voluntary enlistment from civil life. It has been stated that 250,000 men must be sent abroad for this purpose.

General Bliss made the following announcement of the department's policy:

"The selected men that are now being gathered into the sixteen national army cantonments will be used to form the first force of 500,000 men authorized in the act of Congress approved May 18, 1917, and to fill up the National Guard divisions to practically the maximum strength of the new organization.

The balance of the 687,000 selected men will be used to supplement the voluntary enlistments for the special and technical troops that are such an important part of the organization of a modern army. It is expected that the voluntary enlistments for the regular army will be enough to keep that branch of the nation's forces filled up to strength without transferring men to it from this first selection for the national army.

"The force of 500,000 men will be organized into sixteen white divisions and one colored division. One white division will be organized at each of the sixteen national army cantonments, and the units of the colored division will be organized at the various cantonments where the number of colored troops is sufficient to organize a divisional unit.

"Instead of concentrating all of the colored men in the few cantonments of the Southern States, the policy of the War Department will be to distribute them more or less evenly throughout all of the sixteen national army cantonments.

Following the announcement today by General Bliss, the Chief of Staff, regarding the disposition of colored troops, the following additional details of the distribution were furnished in a memorandum from Major General McCain, the Adjutant General, to Major Gen. Crowder, the Provost Marshal General:

The Secretary of War has directed that the colored quotas, when called to the colors, will be distributed as follows:

	Approximately.
To Camp Devens—Its own colored quota	600
To Camp Upton—Its own colored quota, Porto Rico colored quota	5,800
To Camp Dix—Its own colored quota, Florida colored quota	4,500
To Camp Meade—Its own colored quota, Tennessee colored quota	6,100
To Camp Lee—Its own colored quota	6,300
To Camp Sherman—Its own colored quota, Oklahoma colored quota	3,000
To Camp Jackson—South Carolina colored quota	5,900
To Camp Gordon—Georgia colored quota	9,000
To Camp Pike—Arkansas colored quota, Louisiana colored quota	9,600
To Camp Custer—Its own colored quota	600
To Camp Grant—Its own colored quota, North Carolina colored quota	7,200
To Camp Taylor—Its own colored quota	3,000
To Camp Dodge—Its own colored quota, Alabama colored quota	6,600
To Camp Funston—Its own colored quota, Mississippi colored quota	8,300
To Camp Travis—Texas colored quota	6,500
To Camp Lewis—Its own colored quota	400
Total	83,400

In the case of those cantonments where the colored quota of a State is to be sent in addition to the colored quota of the cantonment proper, camp commanders have been informed that the plans of the War Department for the transfers made necessary by filling up the National Guard divisions provide for taking out enough white men to make room for the additional colored men, and that instructions for these transfers are now being issued.

U-BOAT'S ESCAPE MAY INVOLVE SPAIN IN WAR

Madrid Government Expected to Demand German Submarine's Return for Internment.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—A serious international incident is involved in the escape of an interned German submarine from the Spanish port of Cadiz. Unless the German Government returns the vessel for interpment for the remainder of the war Spain will be placed in the position of having been insulted. In the opinion of those best qualified to judge of the matter, Spanish pride will be bound to assert itself unless the German Government makes amends for this gross disregard for international law and usage.

Should the escaped U-boat sink any national or merchant vessel the Spanish Government would be obliged to hold Germany to a strict accountability. As the matter stands, the chances of involving Spain in the world war are very great. As far as the Entente nations Japan, and the United States are concerned, offensive action by the escaped submarine would probably force a grave international crisis.

BEEFLESS DAY EFFECTIVE.

Hotels in New York and Throughout Country Keep Patriotic Rule.

Yesterday was the first national beefless Tuesday, and reports received by the Hotel Association show that in some parts of the country the day was meatless as well as beefless. The hotels of the city had their first beefless day last Tuesday, and yesterday some of them cut down their meat offerings and devoted more of their menus to chicken, duck, eggs, and sea food. No meatless day was attempted, however, because that would have required a complete change in the purchasing system and the revising of banquet menus.

The Society of Restaurateurs in some cases adopted the meatless day and cut not only beef but lamb, mutton, and pork from their bills of fare. On their menu cards this notice appeared yesterday at the head of the order list:

"Meat Conservation Day.—In the name of patriotism we discourage the ordering of beef, lamb, and pork on Tuesdays during the period of the war, and we respectfully request our guests to join with us in establishing this day as Meat Conservation Day."

From the returns that have reached his office John McE. Bowman, member of the Food Administration, said that the entire country had observed beefless Tuesday. Reports from San Francisco, the Middle West, and New England showed, he said, that meat had been entirely cut out because of patriotism in many places in these sections of the country.

MME. TURMEL ARRESTED.

Wife of Accused French Deputy Exchanged Swiss Bank Notes.

PARIS, October 9.—Mme. Turmel, wife of Louis Turmel, deputy for Cotes-du-Nord, was arrested today.

The newspapers say she often changed Swiss bank notes at a Paris bank.

Louis Turmel has been under investigation recently by the French Chamber of Deputies because of a charge that he had been dealing with the enemy. Hints of a German bribe in connection with his case were answered by Turmel's statement that he had received a large amount of money for acting as legal adviser for Franco-Swiss firms.

SULTAN OF EGYPT IS REPORTED DEAD

London Hears of End of Hussein Kemal, Elevated by Great Britain in War's First Year.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 10.—The Daily Telegraph says it learns that the Sultan of Egypt died at noon Tuesday.

Hussein Kemal was chosen by Great Britain in 1914 to succeed his uncle, Khedive Abbas Hilmi, as ruler of Egypt, simultaneously with the proclamation of a British protectorate. His father was Khedive from 1895 to 1879.

The British Acting High Commissioner in Egypt, in a letter notifying Hussein Kemal of his appointment, said there was ample evidence that Abbas Hilmi had thrown in his lot with enemies of Great Britain, with the result that "the rights over the Egyptian Executive exercised by the Sultan of Turkey and the late Khedive are forfeited."

$80,000,000 MORE TO ALLIES

Britain and France Each Get Another Advance of $40,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Additional loans of $40,000,000 each to Great Britain and France were made today by the Government.

With this transaction, the total thus far loaned to the Allies is $2,613,400,000.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Have Now Assembled a Splendid Assortment of

Motor Lap Robes

at prices which compare favorably with any in New York. Each year our selections afford wide latitude for individual choice, but this season our assortments are most remarkable.

Plush Robes—in Green, Black and Brown....$4.75
Heavyweight Plush Robes, in Green, Black and Brown.....$9.00
Imported Plush Robes, Mode and Tan...$35.00

Cloth Robes to match upholstery of car. Made of Bedford Cords or English Striped Materials, lined with Plush.....$35.00

Fur Robes of Dog, Wombat, Muskrat, Hudson Seal, Beaver or Mink.....$25 to $375

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE AT 45TH ST NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

Introducing - new designs in
FUR COATS - WRAPS
SETS or SEPARATE FURS
of Russian or Hudson Bay Sable - Dark Eastern Mink - Silver Fox - Deep Blue Chinchilla - Ermine - Kolinsky - Hudson Seal - Nutria and other Fashionable Furs.
Original Models from Paris and correct reproductions

Mid-Month Specials

We call these records "specials" because they're too good to hold until the regular Columbia list of November records appears on the 20th. Any Columbia Dealer will be glad to play them for you.

Send me away with a smile
Columbia Record A2355—75c
The test of a new song is, "Do the soldiers sing it?" And those thousands of boys out there in the training-camps—encouraged to sing, urged to sing—do certainly sing "Send me away with a smile." They bear down lustily on the old favorites, as they should, but none of the new ones is as often called for, or as readily given, as this splendid expression of what the American soldier of to-day is thinking and feeling. It's a hit. Hear it.

I've Got the Nicest Little Home in D-i-x-i-e *Record A2356—75c*
When they aren't singing it, they're spelling it. Listen to it once, and you'll say, "That's a GOOD quartette song." On the other side is "In San Domingo," by Samuel Ash.

The Secret of Home, Sweet Home *Columbia Record A2344—75c*
Charles Harrison carries you back to old familiar scenes and loving faces in this song about the "dearest spot on earth." And George Wilson sings on the other side, "You Can Always Come Back to Me."

O, Sole Mio (O, Sun I Love) *Columbia Record A2350—75c*
Every one knows "O, Sole Mio"—one of the best of all Neapolitan folk songs. There's a riot of melody and color in it—and in the equally popular "Maria! Mari!" on the other side. Two splendid tenor selections, these.

Departure of the American Troops for France *Record A2354—75c*
And a royal send-off it is! Quartette harmony with lots of bells, whistles, drums—everything you'd naturally expect on such an occasion. On the other side is "Arrival of the American Troops in France"—a companion piece.

Levinsky at the Wedding *Columbia Record A2310—75c*
Levinsky behaves as though he were a twin brother of Cohen—of telephone fame. There's a gale of merriment in this monologue by Julian Rose.

Castle Valse Classique *Columbia Record A5989—12-inch, $1.25*
An exquisite waltz arrangement of the Humoresque—by Earl Fuller's Rector Novelty Orchestra. It makes you glad the waltz is coming back.

Tramp, Tramp, Tramp, the Boys are Marching *Record A2357—75c*
The famous war song, sung by Charles Harrison and Columbia Quartette.

Columbia Grafonola Price $100 Other Models, $15 to $350 Prices in Canada Plus Duty

Columbia Records

THE UNITED STATES FOOD ADMINISTRATION REQUESTS THE HELP OF EVERY MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD IN FOOD CONSERVATION

BUY A "LIBERTY BOND"
Liberty Loan Bonds can be bought at the Franklin Simon & Co. Liberty Loan Booth, where all information will be cheerfully given.

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

Important Sale TO-DAY

WOMEN'S FUR TRIMMED SUITS
Three Exclusive Models
At Special Prices

WOMEN'S WOOL VELOUR SUITS
With deep collar and cuffs of Nutria Fur
MODEL ONE—In mahogany, brown, navy or plum wool velour; belted knee length coat with inset side pockets, box pleats below waistline at back; shirred top skirt with slit pockets. 45.00

WOMEN'S BROADCLOTH SUITS
Trimmed with real Scotch Mole Fur
MODEL TWO—In navy, brown, plum, taupe, beetroot, Japanese blue or black broadcloth; new surplice front coat, pleated below waist at back, self corded trimming on sleeves and to define the semi-Empire back; new model straight line skirt. 65.00

WOMEN'S WOOL VELOUR SUITS
Trimmed with Nutria Beaver Fur
MODEL THREE—In taupe, plum, brown, green, navy, beaver or black; new surplice coat with tie sash in back; large collar, flare cuffs and border on coat of natural, dyed taupe or dyed seal Nutria fur. New model skirt with bias folds of material. 75.00

"Sally Browne" Belt
New Fashion Inspired by U. S. Army
For Women and Misses
Copy of regulation army belt, worn by U. S. Officers, and sold exclusively by Franklin Simon & Co.
"Sally Browne" Belt, 1.50 *Sizes 28 to 34 Waist*
"Sally Browne" Belt, 1.75 *Sizes 36 to 38 Waist*

B. Altman & Co.

The Motor Robe Department

has for selection a remarkably large and attractive assortment of new Motor Robes, embracing styles and materials adapted for every type of car. The prices, considering quality, are extremely moderate. Of special interest are

Imported Robes of silk plush in a variety of colors . . . $35.00 to $75.00
Robes of heavy box cloth, with plush lining, at . . . . . $30.00 & 35.00
Robes of cloth or mohair plush at . . . . . $12.00 to 55.00

Also included in the stock are
IMPORTED STEAMER RUGS
at . $12.00, 15.00, 18.00, 21.00
and upward to 55.00

Motor Robes made to order, in materials and colors harmonizing with upholstering of car.

(Department on the First Floor)

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue,
34th and 35th Streets New York

FOUNDED-1880-LONDON

DE PINNA

The military tailors of London, who invented the Trench Coat, have sent to De Pinna a few models of the exact style that are worn by the smartest young men in London. These same tailors have also sent us some Slip-on Overcoats made of shaggy tweeds.

From England, too, we have brought a number of patterns in English and Scotch suitings that will be seen in no suits ready-for-service other than those made by De Pinna.

The haberdashery, the headwear, the footwear that belongs with these suits and overcoats is selected for the De Pinna stocks with exceptional care.

Young Men's Norfolk and Sack suits—33 to 40—ready for service, $25 to $55—made to measure, $55 to $65.

Young Men's Overcoats—English belted and Slip-on models in tweeds and cheviots—$25 to $60.

"Anniped" shoes for young men in up-to-date lasts.

Hats and caps for young men in exclusive models—or made to order from fabrics that match De Pinna clothing.

BUY A LIBERTY BOND TODAY

5th Avenue at 50th Street

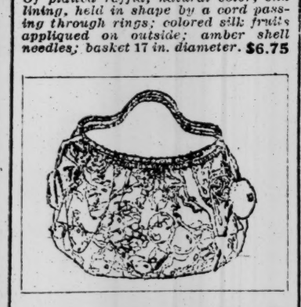
MARK CROSS
ESTABLISHED 1845
TRADE MARK
LONDON
ACTUAL MAKERS

Food-Control Through Self-Control

If overeating had the same visibly scandalous consequences as overdrinking, few of us would rise sober from the table.

Knitting and Sewing Bags

Of plaited raffia, natural color, silk lining, held in shape by a cord passing through rings; colored silk fruits appliqued on outside; amber shell needles; basket 17 in. diameter. **$6.75**



Of cretonne, with satin sides, silk lining, 12¼ inches at top, 12 inches deep, gold braid trimming and silk apples **$8.00**

Of cretonne and satin, satin lining, two rings with gilt braid trimming, silk appliqued apples **$7.50**

Military Pamphlet Upon Request.

Mark Cross

The World's Greatest Leather Stores

New York

404 Fifth Ave. (At 37th Street) — **253 Broadway** (Opp. City Hall)

Boston 145 Tremont St. — **London** 89 Regent St.

Dealers Throughout the World

For Stout Women

JUST A FEW MORE DAYS to avail yourself of the wonderful opportunity now offered you through the

Annual Clearance Sale of Underwear

In sizes up to 56 bust.

Knitted and **Muslin Union Suits, Vests, Drawers, Nightgowns, Corsets, Brassieres, House Dresses, Kimonas,** at ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS

Lane Bryant
"LOWER STORE"
21-23 W. 38th St.
Come early. Ask for the "LOWER STORE"

AIR BOOKS

Hair By Richard W. Muller, M. D. and its Preservation. 2nd edition. Illus.

Loss of Hair and the Quartz lamp treatment. Prof. Illus. (Author's translation.)

Baldness, its causes, prevention and treatment. Ready in October.

At All Book Stores.

NEW YORK TAKES LEAD IN ARMY RECRUITING

Nearly 25,000 Men Have Been Recruited in This State Since April 1.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—New York is moving close to the 25,000 mark in its drive for recruits for the regular army. It led all the States yesterday by furnishing 101 recruits. Pennsylvania was second with 96. This brought New York's total since April 1 to 24,714 men. The daily statement issued by Adjt. Gen. McCain follows:

	Obt'ned Oct. 8.	Since April 1.		Obt'ned Oct. 8.	Since April 1.
Alabama...	3	2,522	*Nebraska.	14	3,821
Arizona ..	..	359	*Nevada ..	1	1,029
Arkansas..	2	1,412	N. Hamp..	..	720
*California.	8	8,250	*N. Jersey.	21	6,842
*Colorado..	10	1,097	N. Mexico..	5	429
*Conn. ...	6	2,651	*New York.	101	24,714
*Delaware. ..		541	N. Carolina ..		1,667
Dist. of C.	8	607	N. Dakota ..		573
*Florida ..	2	1,993	*Ohio	53	10,974
*Georgia ..	10	5,314	*Oklahoma.	7	3,411
*Idaho ...	4	1,211	*Oregon ..	8	3,260
*Illinois ..	52	18,679	*Penn. ...	96	25,936
*Indiana ..	6	10,353	*Rhode Isl.	6	1,188
*Iowa	14	5,805	S. Carolina	4	1,164
*Kansas ..	7	4,108	S. Dakota.	1	1,104
Kentucky..	13	4,148	Tenn.	7	2,352
Louisiana.	..	2,249	*Texas ...	11	7,612
Maine	5	1,159	*Utah	8	2,048
Maryland..	16	2,326	Vermont ..	1	153
*Mass. ...	42	11,027	Virginia ..	1	1,049
*Michigan.	44	9,957	*Wash. ...	18	2,501
*Minn. ...	18	4,434	West Va. ..		2,232
Mississippi	1	1,151	Wisconsin..	7	2,827
*Missouri..	18	8,948	*Wyoming.	2	750
*Montana..	16	2,506			

*Quota obtained.
Total quota, 183,898.
Total obtained Oct. 8, 672.
Total obtained since April 1, 224,200.

CARNIVAL FOR WAR RELIEF.

Large Attendance Marks "French Night" Entertainment.

There was a large attendance at the French Night of the International Athletic Carnival, participated in by representatives of the countries at war, at the Hotel Majestic last night. The Chairman of the entertainment was M. Gaston Liebert, Consul General for France in New York.

Mme. Gabrielle Perrier, the French actress, read "La Marseillaise," and there was an address by M. Liebert, a Louis XVI. minuet by young women in costume, a one-act French comedy, and a Ballet des Pierrots by twenty-four students at the French Christian Union. The proceeds of the carnival, which will be continued throughout October, will be divided among British, Belgian, French, and Italian relief organizations, the Polish Victims' Relief Fund, King's College Hospital, Londono, and the Sun Tobacco Fund.

Tonight and tomorrow night will be Italian nights.

REGISTER TODAY.

This is registration week. Today, Thursday, and Friday the polls will be open from 5:30 P. M. until 10:30 P. M. On Saturday the polls will be open from 7 A. M. until 10:30 P. M. If you do not register you cannot vote.

R. H. Macy & Co.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square — B'way, 34th to 35th St.

Direct Elevators on 35th Street Side

Fifth Floor Broadway Front

Good News! Men!

As interesting as the flashes of the Giants' inning-by-inning progress—as important as a ball buried in the bleachers, with bases full—is the information that you can still buy here serviceable and smart

Men's and Young Men's

SUITS at $16.50

There are English Soft Roll Sacks, Belted Models, Double Breasted Coats and Conservative Styles—all well tailored of All Wool Fabrics, which include Fancy Mixed Cassimeres, Cheviots, Fancy Worsteds and a good assortment of Blue Serge.

All New Stock—No Last Year Leftovers

Men's Fall Overcoats

Light Weights **$16.50** ***Knitted Fabrics***

Smartly fashioned in a full, loose model; of a knitted fabric which will give good wear and seldom requires pressing. Warm but not heavy. Blue, brown, gray, oxford or heather, in all sizes.

Stern Brothers

WEST 42d STREET (*Between Fifth and Sixth Avenues*) WEST 43d STREET

ENGRAVED ON WOOD BY LOUIS F. GRANT.

Fine Autumn Topcoats Specially Grouped—$22.50

COVERING the whole gamut of current topcoat fashions .... Raglans, loose Londonish designs, form-fitters, flare-skirt models and belted field coats .... Tailored in soft, all-wool fabrics, including tweed and Shetland effects .... Representing all in all as distinguished an achievement as ever came from the Kirschbaum clothesmaking shops **$22.50**

UNIFORMS FOR OFFICERS AT ACTUAL COST

Coat and Breeches of O. D. Serge, $27.00
Overcoat of Heavy Weight Melton, $30.00

Young Men's and Men's Clothes—Third Floor

Kirschbaum Clothes

B. Altman & Co.

The Young Men's Clothing Dep't

on the Sixth Floor, is featuring in the regular stock

YOUNG MEN'S SUITS

at $30.00

These Suits are made of chevron-weave cassimere of unusual quality, in dark gray or brown. The model is distinctly smart, and the tailoring leaves nothing to be desired. In short, the suits are particularly well calculated to appeal to the young man of fastidious tastes in dress.

Balta Orthopedic Shoes
FOR MISSES AND CHILDREN

are a special and important feature in the Shoe Department on the Second Floor.

These Shoes are constructed on anatomical lasts, and are specially designed to meet the requirements of the feet in process of development, thus obviating the necessity for corrective footwear at a later period. They may be obtained in tan or black, but in lace styles only.

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue.
34th and 35th Streets — New York

SUPER-MEN

—the kind of New Yorkers who want only the finest of tailoring —those who are Saks-Tailored

THERE is a class of men in New York who disdain the average and fight shy of the commonplace. They are *super-men*. In apparel they are interested only in the individual; the strictly correct without being conventional.

¶ Saks' clothes win such individuals as a custom tailor never knew how. Our models are drafted right here in New York by the highest authorities of the sartorial art. Our woolens are chosen because of their sparkle of pattern and originality of coloring.

¶ Our tailoring is executed to *excel* that embodied in any other clothing. We are *never* satisfied in building clothes to equal other productions, which is one reason why a Saks' garment never fails to please the most successful of New Yorkers—rightly termed *super-men*.

Saks Clothes Are Saks-Made

Suits $20 to $53; Topcoats $20 to $38

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

Comfort in the War Zone

Centemeri warm gloves keep the boys warm and fit in cold and rain.

Special designs for special duty—extra warm but not clumsy—soft leathers that stay soft—

Sturdy buckskin, genuine Cape and waterproof horsehide, wool lined—

17 styles for army, navy, ambulance and flying corps.

Centemeri Gloves

400 FIFTH AVE
(Opposite Tiffany & Co.)

Early Christmas shopping has its advantages

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices Quality—Service

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

They Also Serve Who Only Buy Bonds

It takes more than brain and brawn to win a war. It takes food, clothing and munitions to keep an efficient army on the go. It takes money to buy those things—and here's where every man, woman and child can help win the fight for democracy.

BUY A LIBERTY BOND

We have cheerfully given space for a Liberty Loan Booth on the main floor, where representatives of the Woman's Liberty Loan Committee will take your subscription.

Men's Woven Madras Shirts, $1.69

Hundreds of fine shirts with box pleats, five pearl buttons, soft cuffs attached. Neat, striped patterns in desirable colors on white grounds. Sizes 14 to 17.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

All Silk Crochet Knitted Ties, $1.09

For neat appearance and long service it's hard to beat these. The assortment includes ourteen different plain shades, as well as heather mixtures and bias striped effects.

Macy's—Main Floor, B'way, 35th St.

Men's Ribbed Underwear

Medium weight, spring needle ribbed cotton underwear. Shirts with long sleeves and sateen facing. Drawers, ankle length, with sateen waist band and suspender straps. Double gusset. Per garment 98c

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Silk Hose at 94c

Of a pure silk fabric in smoke, white, gray, russet or black. Full fashioned with reinforced toes, soles and heels.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Motor Robes

Warm, rich Plush Robes in color combinations that will match or form a pleasing contrast with the appointments of the elegantly upholstered limousine.

High pile plush, of good quality. Plain black on one side, green, brown, blue or maroon on the reverse side.

54x72 inches, $12.74
54x84 inches, $14.74

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St.

Conveniences

At the Public Service Bureau you can purchase tickets for the theatre, tickets for rail or steamship journeys, send a telegram, buy a money order or register your mail or parcels.

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 34th St.

PARADE SHOWS HOW TO PREVENT FIRES

Cigarette Butts Alone Cost City $444,032 Last Year, Placard Tells.

BE CAREFUL WITH MATCHES

Commissioner Adamson Issues Warnings Against Accumulation of Rubbish in Dark Corners.

Fire Prevention Day was celebrated yesterday morning by a parade arranged by Commissioner Adamson. It was a spectacular success, in spite of the fact that it was held in a drizzling rain. There were eighteen floats vividly portraying preventable fire causes. One was a gigantic cigarette, with a text stating that carelessness with cigarettes had cost $444,032 last year and urging smokers to be careful in throwing away lighted butts.

A float represented children playing with matches, and stated that this amusement for children had cost $103,380 last year. A placard on this float read: "How fires affect the families. Every family of five pays $12.50 a year fire tax. Practice fire prevention. Save cash."

Washington Irving High School was represented in the parade by a float on which pretty girls rode. The text on each side of this read: "Education helps the city to consider fires." A large sign carried by Hook and Ladder Truck 5 read:

"Three-quarters of our fires are caused by carelessness. Two thousand lives are lost each year and 6,000 persons are injured in fires. We spend $415 a minute for fire waste. Fire prevention would stop this needless drain on our resources."

In the parade were a number of fire engines, hose wagons, and hook and ladder trucks, some of them carrying the following injunctions: "Clean up rubbish." "Be careful with matches," "Overhaul your wires." "We can put out fires better today than ever, but it costs money. Why have fires to put out?"

Fire Commissioner Adamson said in a proclamation yesterday:

"We burn up $250,000,000 worth of property yearly in America.

"Nearly all of these fires are due to carelessness. Three-fourths of them start in your homes.

"It is the duty of every patriotic American to help stop this needless waste in time of war.

"Carelessness with matches, rubbish, heating and lighting fixtures, gasoline, naphtha, and other inflammable substances can be stopped if only we take the trouble to do it.

"Since fire prevention began in New York City five years ago an average reduction in the annual fire loss of $1,581,018 has been made in this city.

"During the ten years from 1904 to 1913 inclusive, the average annual fire loss in this city was $8,597,149, while the average annual loss for the last three years was $7,573,744, an average annual reduction of $1,023,405. As compared with the ten years mentioned, there was a reduction in the last three years of $112.63 in the average loss per fire and of 52 cents per capita.

"A very large share of the credit for fire prevention work belongs to the uniformed force. It has been the definite policy of the department during the present administration to unite the efforts of the uniformed force with those of the regular fire prevention staff.

"Lives lost as the result of fire in 1916 numbered 141. Almost without exception they were lost in fires started through carelessness. The largest number were lost in tenement houses—56. Of these eight were lost in what are known as 'new law' tenement houses, but in no single case was the fatality due to the construction or design of the building. In every instance the property loss was trifling and the fires were such as might occur anywhere. On the other hand, the losses of life in the 'old law' tenement houses were uniformly due to the construction of the buildings."

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC

Hand Woven Damask

Cloths and Napkins in all sizes

AT PRICES NO HIGHER THAN ELSEWHERE

FIFTH AVENUE AT 45TH ST.

Society Brand Clothes

FOR YOUNG MEN AND MEN WHO STAY YOUNG

Society Brand Clothes are invariably correct for all ages. They typify the modern trend toward youthfulness, in business, in thought and in dress.

OUR organization, fully developed, works in harmony to complete every operation to a fixed standard so that the finished garment matches the perfect model we set as our ideal.

No garment is a genuine Society Brand model unless the inside pocket bears the label. Go to "Style Headquarters"—the store that sells Society Brand Clothes.

A postal card will bring you our Fall Fashion Book

ALFRED DECKER & COHN, Makers, Chicago

For Canada: SOCIETY BRAND CLOTHES, Limited; Montreal

A Triumph of Re-creation

THOMAS A. Edison has Re-Created the famous quartet from Rigoletto. Through his matchless art, you may now hear this masterpiece of opera as you have never heard it upon a phonograph before.

A new triumph of Music's Re-Creation. Come and hear it at our Recital Hall concerts. Compare it with any talking machine reproduction of the same selection; especially if you are about to own a phonograph. Let this comparison guide your choice.

This Re-Creation is sung by Mademoiselle Alice Verlet, the celebrated Belgian soprano; Ciccolini, the superb Italian tenor; Arthur Middleton, basso of the Metropolitan Opera Company; and Merle Alcock, the famous concert contralto.

The NEW EDISON

No Needles to Change
Can Be Made to Play All Makes of Records

We welcome the comparison of Mr. Edison's great new musical instrument with any other instrument. Come in and ask us for a list of artists who may be heard on both The New Edison and the talking machines. Then hear them on both—and judge.

800,000 music lovers are now witness to the proof that the ear can detect no difference between a living tone and that same tone as Re-Created by The New Edison.

500 newspaper critics, too, have called Music's Re-Creation "a new art"—a great contribution to the present age of music.

Thomas A. Edison.

Hear this Great Re-Creation

Come in and hear this important addition to Mr. Edison's library of Re-Created Music. You will experience at the concerts in our Recital Hall all the pleasure that you do at a living performance upon the opera or concert stage. We invite you.

Program Tomorrow

11:30 to 5:00 P. M.

The Gladiator March,
New York Military Band
Monologue—Otello,
Giovanni Zanatello
Hungarian Dance No. 5—Violin,
Albert Spalding
Quartet from Rigoletto,
Alice Verlet, Merle Alcock, Guido Ciccolini, Arthur Middleton.
Hungarian Rhapsody No. 2,
New York Military Band

Easy Terms Arranged to Suit On All New Edison Instruments. A Year and a Half to Pay

The Edison Shop

The Phonograph Corp. of Manhattan, Prop.

473 Fifth Ave. Opposite the Public Library

GRAND JURY PROMPT IN SUBWAY ACCIDENT

Ready to Make a Presentment on Bronx Collision Within Ten Hours.

TRIPPER DEVICE AT FAULT

Stops Train with No Warning to Another Following on the Same Track.

Within ten hours after a collision between two trains on the Jerome Avenue elevated extension of the subway in which thirty persons were injured, the Bronx County Grand Jury had considered the accident and was ready to hand to Supreme Court Justice Mitchell a presentment in which, it is said, the Interborough is criticised for not having its signaling system in order. District Attorney Martin decided to have the matter presented to the Grand Jury when he received word from Assistant District Attorney Seymour Mork that there were discrepancies in the testimony of the company's employes whom he had examined at the scene of the collision.

The accident happened at 8:30 o'clock in the morning about 100 feet north of the tunnel entrance at 157th Street. A northbound three-car train was stopped by a new trip signal and before the notice to stop was carried back down the tracks the train behind crashed into the rear of the stalled train. Both trains were fairly well filled, and the injured were cut by flying glass or bruised by being thrown from their seats. Of those injured two were taken to Lincoln Hospital. They were Fannie Howard, 28 years old, 2,229 Fifth Avenue, shock and contusions; and Harry Kogut, 43 years old, 202 East 103d Street, back and arms injured.

The first train, in charge of Motorman Anthony Schwab and Conductor Walter Hillman, had left the underground part of the line and was proceeding over the elevated structure. On this extension the company is installing a trip signal system. The stopping device is a trigger placed in the middle of the roadbed. It had been fastened down with wire and a block of wood. In some way this had become loosened, and when Schwab's train hit the trigger it came to an unexpected stop.

Following Schwab's train was a train in charge of Motorman Daniel Walsh. It came out of the cut at about fifteen miles an hour and Walsh saw the train ahead blocking the tracks too late. He applied the brakes, but his train hit the rear platform of the other with such force that both platforms were smashed. He said later that but for slippery rails he would have been able to stop in time.

Five doctors and several nurses from Lincoln Hospital attended the injured. Some were carried and others assisted to the 161st Street station, where their hurts were dressed. Northbound traffic was tied up about an hour and a half.

Assistant District Attorney Mork visited the scene of the accident, and after questioning the crews of both trains ordered them to the County Court House. Their stories were so different that District Attorney Martin decided to present the matter to the Grand Jury, and that body considered the case most of the day. By the time their presentment was ready Justice Mitchell had gone home, and it will be offered this morning. The Interborough and the Public Service Commission will investigate the accident.

Why make all your mortgage investments on New York property? The mortgages securing our Bonds are all first mortgages and are distributed among growing cities of the West and South, thus insuring against depression in any one city.

MORTGAGE-BONDS
Netting **5½%**

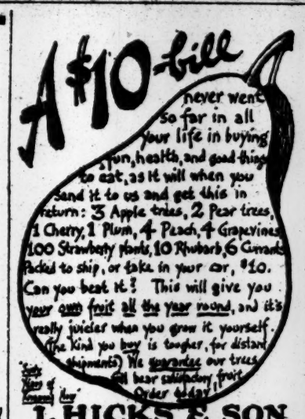
THE MORTGAGE-BOND CO. OF NEW YORK
GEORGE A. HURD, President
55 Liberty Street

You won't find so much enjoyment in so small a space for so little money, as in a full flavored mild Jean Valjean Cigar.

JEAN VALJEAN CIGARS
"*Truly* a Cigar"

3 for 25c and Upward — PAVE SAGUI MARCA — *Various Sizes and Shapes*

Where Good Cigars Are Sold


A $10-bill
never went so far in all your life in buying fun, health, and good things to eat, as it will when you send it to us and get this in return: 3 Apple trees, 2 Pear trees, 1 Cherry, 1 Plum, 4 Peach, 4 Grapevines, 100 Strawberry plants, 10 Rhubarb, 6 Currants. Packed to ship, or take in your car, $10. Can you beat it? This will give you your own fruit all the year round, and it's really juicier when you grow it yourself. (The kind you buy is tougher, for distant shipments) We guarantee our trees to bear salesbuying fruit.
Order today!
I. HICKS & SON
WESTBURY (Phone 68) L.I.

Three Times as Many People Now Buying Franklin Cars

"AMERICANS," said a foreign critic, "know the *price* of everything and the *value* of nothing." That was before our entry into the War. Today it is a different story.

The past few months have developed a remarkable understanding of the National duty to curb needless waste and extravagance.

A typical illustration is the change in standards of judging and buying a motor car.

Only a short time back a car had to be everything but practical to attract the average motorist.

He wasn't interested in upkeep because his eye was on ponderous mechanism.

Gasoline didn't worry him because he was comparing wheel-bases.

Tire economy was not in his mind because he was judging freezing-mixtures for an unnecessary water-cooling system.

And getting rid of his old car at a firesale price for a new model of another make he figured was part of the game.

Today economy—both in gasoline and tires—is being forced on the attention of the motorist. By rising costs, by Government officials, by newspapers and magazines the problem is before the motorist daily.

What is he to do? He is looking for a way out —*to cut his cost in half* and maintain his mileage.

War Conditions Show the True Efficiency of the Franklin Car

He must get down to *fact and figures*. Know what the car he intends buying will *actually* do on a gallon of gasoline and a set of tires. Take into consideration the *depreciation* each year. And turn his back on pleasing phrases and tempting "claims."

There's less mystery than one thinks about this economy problem. A car *has* thrift or it *hasn't*. Something "in between" is like the proverbial "something just as good."

An unfailing gauge of the worth of any *fine* car today is the way it is selling *today*.

Now what are the sales facts about the Franklin?

The present and next building schedule of Franklin Cars will not catch up with orders on hand. Franklin Cars are being built at a rate of *three times as many as a year ago* and the public demand still continues to *exceed production*.

The Franklin Car was bound to become more popular each year, even in normal times. The War, forcing utility and economy before everything else, quickened this movement.

Today, as for fifteen years, the Franklin Car stands as *the most practical, efficient and economical fine car in America*.

Franklin Facts a Matter of Public Record

Just consider the significance of the National Efficiency Test of 179 Franklin Cars on July 13th, 1917. Over all sorts of roads, in weather partly fair and partly rainy, these cars recorded at 179 different points in the United States the remarkable average of 40.3 miles to the single gallon of gasoline.

This record shows what the Franklin does under *standard efficiency test rules*. The practical motorist might ask himself what any other make of car can do along the same lines. Such a comparative test offers a standard which owner operation can modify in the same respect against one car and another.

High gasoline mileage means economy all along the line. It takes no expert to know that if a car is overburdened with heavy weight and undergoing constant wear and tear *the gasoline tank* will tell it by low mileage.

Take tires. For five years Franklin owners have been reporting their individual tire mileage. The average for this five year period is 10,203 miles.

Now compare the annual depreciation of the average fine car with the Franklin. Look over the daily used-car advertisements and visit the places selling used-cars. It's a rare case when you find the Franklin. If you do—why is it quoted so high?

There is something here for every motorist to think about—and these are days when a motorist *has* to think if he wants to *ride*.

Touring Car	2280 lbs.	$2050.00	*Runabout*	2160 lbs.	$2000.00	*Four-pass. Roadster*	2280 lbs.	$2050.00
Cabriolet	2485 lbs.	2850.00	*Sedan*	2610 lbs.	2950.00	*Brougham*	2575 lbs.	2900.00
Town Car	2610 lbs.	3200.00	*Limousine*	2620 lbs.	3200.00			

All Prices F. O. B. Syracuse

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.

GLENN A. TISDALE, *President*

1830 Broadway, at 60th St., N. Y. City
Telephone, Columbus—7556.

1176 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn
Telephone, 4087—Decatur.

BEFORE her mother gave her a Wallace Lamp to study by, she had to do her work in any kind of light she could find, subject to all kinds of interruption.

AFTER she had a Wallace Lamp "all her own," she was able to concentrate on her books, in her own room—to save her eyesight—and to study in earnest.

SHADE MOVABLE, REFLECTS LIGHT AT ANY ANGLE.
$3.50 in Brass
Nickel $3.75
Bronze $4.00
PUSH-BUTTON SOCKET.
THIS JOINT ADJUSTS THE POSITION OF LAMP.
SPIRAL SPRING HIDDEN IN BASE, CLAMPS TO BACK OF CHAIR OR BED, ETC.
BENJAMIN SWIVEL PLUG

Wallace Lamp

ADJUSTABLE

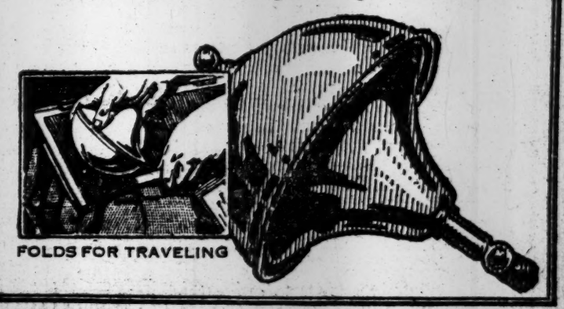
HERE is only *one* of the many uses of the Wallace Lamp. It can be used handily wherever there is electricity.

Eight feet of cord allows it to be carried to almost any part of the room. The construction of the base allows it to be set or clamped in any position. On table, desk, window sill, book-case. Or clamped to back of chair, head of bed, picture frame, side of door, etc.

Give a Wallace Lamp to your boy or girl who is going away to school, or who is studying at home. He or she will find any number of uses for it, and furthermore, will find it an incentive to study. For the clear, concentrated light can be focussed exactly where it is wanted—not wasted or scattered around the room.

Used by business men in their offices; by housewives; by traveling salesmen in their sample rooms; by actors' in their dressing rooms, etc.

Examine the "Wallace" at your favorite store. Sold everywhere, by most good Hardware, Electrical, Sporting Goods, Drug and Department Stores.



HANDSOME BOOKLET: If unable to inspect the Wallace Lamp itself, write for free booklet showing its uses in colored pictures.

Distributors
A. C. PENN, INCORPORATED 100 Lafayette Street, New York

CHARGES SABOTAGE TO KEEP UP MILK

Dillon Says Consumers Are Deprived of Cheaper Product by Malicious Acts.

TABLETS PUT IN CANS

Two Drivers Who Were Arrested in the Bronx Said to Have Been Caught Ruining Their Contents.

Sabotage is now resorted to in an effort to keep cheaper milk from some city consumers, according to charges of John J. Dillon, State Commissioner of Food and Markets. He made this observation yesterday after two milk drivers had been arrested in the Bronx on a charge of dropping tablets in milk cans that would spoil the contents.

The prisoners, who described themselves as Max Weissman, 20 years old, of 1,663 Madison Avenue, and Samuel Bergman, 34 years old, of 1,297 Hoe Avenue, were taken to the 162d Street Police Station and later arraigned in the Morrisania Court. They were held by Magistrate Brough in $300 bail each for examination tomorrow. Mr. Dillon notified District Attorney Swann and District Attorney Martin of the Bronx of the arrests.

According to the testimony brought out by Deputy Assistant District Attorney Fleiderblum, the men were arrested in front of the grocery store of K. Popofsky, at 1,465 Wilkins Avenue, the Bronx, after Weissman had placed white tablets in three cans of milk. Policeman Fitzpatrick of the Simpson Street Station, who made the arrests, said that while Weissman opened the cans and dropped the tablets in, Bergman acted as lookout. Weissman at first pleaded guilty, but on the advice of his counsel withdrew his plea.

A number of small grocers in the Bronx formed the Grocers' Milk Company, Inc., to purchase milk from the farmers direct, and distribute it without recourse to the regular dealers. Shortly after they had stopped purchasing from the dealers, Mr. Fleiderblum said, threats were made that, unless they purchased the milk from dealers, it would be made unfit for use. The matter was reported to the police, and a watch was kept upon deliveries. It is reported that when the first delivery was made two days ago less than half was delivered to the grocers for whom it was intended. The driver of the wagon reported that he had made the proper delivery to each retail grocer, leaving the milk can in front of his store.

A search is said to have resulted in the finding of the empty cans in vacant lots. After the second attempt to deliver the milk, customers protested. They said that the milk could not be used. As a result N. A. Van Son, general manager of the Farmers' Co-operative Milk Marketing Association, called upon Commissioner Dillon, and it was decided to have the police watch the milk deliveries.

Early yesterday morning Isidore J. Sitomer, a grocer of 1,331 Franklin Avenue, delivered three cans of milk in front of Popofsky's door. After he left, Policeman Fitzpatrick said, the two drivers, who are employed by different milk dealers, drove up, and one dropped tablets in the cans. The tablets found in Weissman's possession, as well as specimens of the milk, are being analyzed. They are said to be "junket tablets," used for souring milk.

The Grand Jury began yesterday its investigation to determine whether the Dairymen's League was guilty of a violation of the Donnelly Anti-Trust act when, at its convention early in September, it raised the price of milk.

1,000 LONGSHOREMEN RETURN TO WORK

Wage Dispute Will Be Settled by Adjustment Committee Tomorrow.

FEAR LABOR CONSCRIPTION

Union Men Again Deny German Influence and Assert Companies Do Not Keep Agreements with Them.

After a meeting in the headquarters of the International Longshoremen's Association yesterday at Eleventh Avenue and Twenty-third Street, the thousand strikers who quit work on Monday on the Clyde and Mallory piers voted to go back this morning without increase in pay. The dispute over wages is to be settled tomorrow at a conference of the Local Adjustment Committee in the rooms of the North Atlantic Steamship Conference, 17 Battery Place. The members of the committee are Captain W. B. Baker, U. S. A., Army Transport Service; Frederick Toppin, Assistant Manager of the International Mercantile Marine Company, and Franklin D. Mooney, President of the Porto Rico Steamship Company.

The longshoremen will be represented by Paul A. Vaccarelli, Vice President of the International Longshoremen's Association. The leaders of the men were against the strike, because they had been warned that, if Government work was interfered with and the departure of transports and supply ships delayed, it would lead to the conscription of labor for men up to 45 years.

The officials of the United States Shipping Board have expressed themselves in favor of such a measure to put an end to the disputes and delays over the question of wages and hours with the men employed on the piers, in the navy yard, and the crews of ships.

A conference was held yesterday in the offices of the Clyde Line at Pier 36 North River between representatives of the steamship line and of the International Longshoremen's Association to discuss the demand of the men and endeavor to end the strike. Two members of the State Board of Mediation and Arbitration, Michael J. Regan and F. J. Balin, were present, with H. H. Raymond, President of the Clyde and Mallory Lines and T. V. O'Connor, President of the longshoremen's organization. After four hours the conference adjourned without anything being accomplished. Mr. Raymond said the demands of the longshoremen were unreasonable.

D. R. Sasses, President of the Atlantic Coastwise District of the International Longshoremen's Association, said there was no truth that German agents had influenced the men to quit work on the Mallory and Clyde Line piers. The strike was ordered, he added, because the companies had not lived up to their agreement made in August.

The Clyde Line steamship Mohawk, which arrived on Sunday from Jacksonville and Charleston with a cargo of naval stores, left again yesterday afternoon with her freight intact because the company had booked 263 passengers who had no other means of getting to their destinations in the South. Mr. Raymond said the company was sending the Mohawk solely on account of the passengers. The cargo would remain in the holds and be brought back to New York in eight days.

The 400 longshoremen employed by the United Fruit Company on Piers 15 and 16 East River walked out yesterday morning just after the steamship Almirante had made fast with a big cargo of bananas. The men were getting 40 cents an hour, 60 cents overtime, and 80 cents for Sundays and holidays. They demanded an increase to 50 cents, 75 cents for overtime and $1 an hour for Sundays and holidays. After conferring with the officials of the company, Irving T. Cadmus, the general superintendent, told the strikers that the increase would be granted, and the men returned to work.

PEOPLE'S GAS DIVIDEND OFF.

Quarterly Payment Passed — Revenue for New Plant.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—Directors of the People's Gas, Light & Coke Company announced the passing of the quarterly dividend today. The action will come as a shock to a great many beneficiaries of estates and old time holders of the stock. For years People's Gas has been generally considered as sure of affording a good and sure dividend income.

With war conditions and advancing prices in oil and coal used by the company, the margin of earnings has grown smaller.

There is said to be no prospect now of a resumption of dividends within the next two years. The company will utilize its revenue in the construction of the new plant, work on which already has begun. This plant will cost $15,000,000 and is expected to be finished within two years.

Snow Flurry at Poughkeepsie.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 9.—The first snowfall of the season was recorded here this afternoon. The flurry lasted for some time. The mercury rose from freezing to about 40 degrees.

TELLS WHY BOLO GAVE AID.

Senator Humbert Explains About Payments for Paris Journal.

PARIS, Monday, Oct. 8.—America's contribution to the investigation of the Bolo Pacha case, which is published for the first time today, fills literally half of the attenuated morning newspapers. Consequently, there is little room for editorial comment.

Senator Charles Humbert, in the Journal, referring to cablegrams from New York, points out that the payment of 1,000,000 francs on Jan. 31, 1916, was simply to enable him to pay back money he had paid the month before to the Lenoir family for their share in the Journal. It was agreed originally, the Senator said, that the balance of 4,500,000 francs was to be met by installments and it was not until he found himself called upon to provide money in lump sums that he accepted Bolo's assistance.

It also appears, the Senator adds, that Bolo used his contract with him to extract money from Germany, the first payment to Bolo being on March 13, six weeks after he signed the contract with Senator Humbert.

Leon Daudet, editor of L'Action Francaise, continued today to make his deposition before Captain Bouchardon in regard to his allegations against Louis J. Malvy, former Minister of the Interior. Witnesses were examined in the case of the Bonnet Rouge, one of the newspapers supposed to have been connected with the German propaganda. A commission has been sent to England to investigate the operations there of Bolo Pacha.

Established 1723

Fur Sets

Fox, Ermine, Kolinsky and other Suitable Furs

Revillon Frères

5th Avenue at 53d Street

REGISTER TODAY.

This is registration week. Today, Thursday, and Friday the polls will be open from 5:30 P. M. until 10:30 P. M. On Saturday the polls will be open from 7 A. M. until 10:30 P. M. If you do not register you cannot vote.

To-day

Patriotism Begins With the Pocket!

Buy Liberty Bonds!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

Chicago Limited

Leave New York 2 P. M. (D., L. & W. R. R.).
Ar. Chicago 2 P. M. (M. C. R. R.).
Ar. Chicago 4:55 P. M. (Nickel Plate)

Lackawanna Railroad

TICKET OFFICES:

Broadway	Cor. Wall St.	
"	Park Pl.	
"	28th St.	
"	42d St.	
Brooklyn,	505 Fulton St.	

Eat Corn

And Help Win The War!

Corn is a splendid cold weather food because of the heat units it contains

Served in its most delicious form—

Post Toasties

it makes a rich, substantial dish, never tiresome, always joysome, ready to eat, and vastly different from old fashioned corn flakes.

Good Three Times a Day!

That Business Trip from New York to Montreal can be made part pleasure

TAKE the Delaware & Hudson. Two trains daily each way between Windsor Station, Montreal, and Grand Central Terminal, New York—two of the finest terminals in the world.

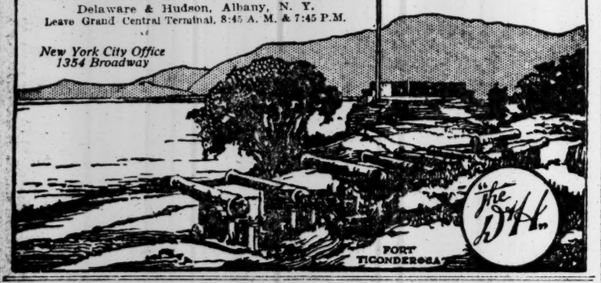
Ever-changing lake and mountain scenery—through Pullman service—restful comfort at night—both terminals near big hotels and city centers. Business men, in particular, will like the speed and comfort of Delaware & Hudson service—the shortest, quickest and best line between Montreal and New York.

W. J MULLIN, Gen. Traffic Manager
Delaware & Hudson, Albany, N. Y.
Leave Grand Central Terminal, 8:45 A. M. & 7:45 P.M.

New York City Office
1354 Broadway

"the D&H" now uses Windsor Station at Montreal

The $5,000,000 Windsor Station covers 6,000,000 square feet. It resembles a huge Gothic castle and is indeed a sight for tourists. Now used by the Delaware & Hudson and the Canadian Pacific.



GLASTENBURY HEALTH UNDERWEAR

GLASTENBURY TRADE MARK HEALTH UNDERWEAR

FOR MEN

PROTECTION against chilling of the body; often a fore-runner of colds, pneumonia and rheumatism.

Famous over half a century for its superior qualities.

Every garment shaped to the figure and **guaranteed not to shrink.**

Glastenbury Two-Piece, Flat Knit Spring-Needle Underwear is made in fifteen grades, several weights of fine wools, worsted and merino.

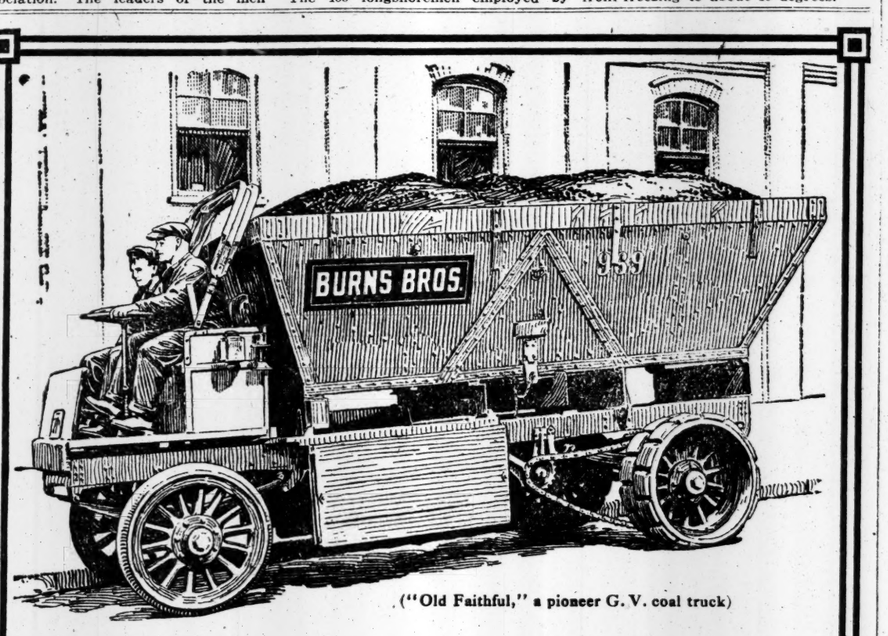
Adjustable drawer bands on all except $1.50 grade.

130 Natural Gray Wool, winter weight	per garment	$1.50
330 Natural Gray Wool, winter weight	per garment	2.00
3005 Natural Gray Wool, winter weight	per garment	2.25
90 Natural Gray Wool, light weight	per garment	1.50
C. B. Imp. Natural Gray Worsted, light weight	per garment	2.00
A. Natural Gray Australian Lamb's Wool, light weight	per garment	2.25
GJH Natural Gray Worsted, medium weight	per garment	2.25
A. H. Natural Gray Australian Lamb's Wool, winter wt.	per garment	2.75

For Sale by Leading Dealers

ROBERT REIS & CO., Wholesale Distributors, NEW YORK

Write for booklet—sample cuttings yours for the asking. Dept. 3.
Glastonbury Knitting Company, Glastonbury, Conn.



("Old Faithful," a pioneer G. V. coal truck)

Six More G. V. Electric Trucks

For Burns Brothers

YOU coal merchants may have concrete silo pockets, paved yards, and the latest type of cranes or belt conveyors, but do you *deliver coal efficiently?*

Burns Brothers have just placed an order with us for six 6-ton heavy duty G. V. Electric coal trucks. These all-steel giants will have power-operated bodies. Burns Brothers have operated gasoline trucks for over twelve years.

Ever since November 3, 1909, the 5-ton G. V. shown above has been plugging away and showing such day-in and day-out dependability, as well as low cost, that it could not be ignored. For the last three years it has hauled in friendly competition with great 6-ton, 7½-ton, and 10-ton gas trucks, and the 10-tonners have been the only ones to exceed this old G. V. in volume of annual tonnage moved.

These six new G. V.'s will save 18,000 gallons of gasoline or 3,600 bushels of oats and 150 tons of hay yearly. The Electrics already in New York do the work of 15,420 horses.

Call, write, or telephone for data on the *peculiar war-time advantages* of the Electric.

GENERAL VEHICLE COMPANY, Inc.

A. P. Bourquardez, Sales Manager

General Office and Factory: Long Island City, N. Y.

Telephone, Hunters Point 3576 — Six models: 1,000 to 10,000 pounds capacity

Visit our Exhibit at the Electrical Show, Grand Central Palace, Space 7778

1786

U. S. Army and Navy Bazaar

Grand Central Palace, New York City—Oct. 27 to Nov. 3

Do Your Bit for YOUR OWN Boys at the Front—Now!

Executive Offices—12 West 46th Street.

THIS IS Buick CLOSED CAR WEEK

We exhibit on our Broadway and 55th Street salesroom floor the largest display of high grade closed cars in America, including, for immediate delivery, Broughams and Limousines that surpass any former productions for style, choice and quality of upholstery, color choices and refinements.

World's Largest Producers of Six Cylinder Automobiles

BUICK MOTOR COMPANY

BROOKLYN	NEW YORK	NEWARK
358 Livingston St.	Broadway & 55th St.	45 William St.

Willys Knight

Enclosed Cars

Custom-built

OUR ability to make immediate delivery of custom-built Landaulet and Brougham bodies on the Willys-Knight chassis creates an ideal situation for the buyer of fine cars. It eliminates the inconvenience and uncertainty of buying from plans or photographs as well as effecting a considerable saving.

We have had these bodies developed especially for our metropolitan patronage and the range we carry is sufficient to afford a most discriminating selection.

The fact that these bodies are mounted on Willys-Knight chassis insures a performance every way in keeping with their appearance.

Many of New York's smartest people are now buying Willys-Knight Landaulets for town use.

Open evenings until eleven-thirty

WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.

Broadway at 50th Street

Telephone, Circle 1300

You Know Someone Who Has Gone

Every day you can see them going—cheerfully—weighed down with a noble responsibility, leaving their homes, their families, on their way to cantonments—later wherever ordered.

They are giving up everything. Their hopes, their ambitions, their lives are at stake.

You are not going. You are here with your families, your friends, your future.

What Must You Do to Help?

Your country needs men, and the men are giving themselves—your husband, your son, your brother, your associate, your companion, the man who a few weeks ago you were in the habit of saying good morning to—he's gone.

Your government now needs money to feed, to clothe, to shelter, to nurse, and we hope to bring back these men.

You can help, you must help and you know you will help at once by investing some money you have or will save in a United States Government 4% Liberty Bond.

Liberty Bonds are sold in denominations of $50 and multiples thereof, under weekly payment plans that make it possible for anyone to buy them. Walk into any bank or trust company in the United States, whether you have a bank account or not. The officers of the bank will appreciate your visit and show you how to buy a Liberty Bond.

THE AUTOCAR COMPANY—Ardmore, Pennsylvania

'FURS AND FRILLS' AT THE CASINO

Edward Clark's Farce "Coat Tales" Set to Music by Silvio Hein.

A CHORUS THAT FIDDLES

The Production by Arthur Hammerstein with a Coat of Russian Sable.

FURS AND FRILLS, a musical comedy in two acts. Book and lyrics by Edward Clark; music by Silvio Hein. At the Casino Theatre.

Jones ..... Charles Angelo
Clyde Macey ..... George Anderson
William MacTavish ..... Ernest Torrence
Polly ..... Ruby Norton
"Wally" ..... Ward De Wolfe
Mrs. Macey ..... Beatrice Allen
Mrs. MacTavish ..... Frances Demarest
Butler ..... Ben Wells
Mr. Manheimer ..... Harry Miller
Deputy Sheriff ..... Ernest Carr
Guests ..... Ethel Sykes and Gladys Sykes

Edward Clark's farce "Coat Tales," which opened the season a year ago and speedily disappeared round the corner, turned up again last night at the Casino with a new title and a musical setting by Silvio Hein. "Furs and Frills" is all about a cloak of Russian sable, alleged to be worth five thousand dollars "and upward," and, like the ring about which another musical piece was once written, it casts a shadow on the life of each of its various possessors.

An extravagant wife has bought it in Europe, and before she can explain it to her husband it is stolen and pawned for $50 by a youth who plays with the ponies. It is redeemed from pawn, pawned again for $10, and redeemed again. Eventually the simple-minded pawnbroker comes to realize its value, and appears in pursuit of it, with the Sheriff's deputy. By this time the shadows have deepened about the lives of almost the entire cast. Two otherwise happy couples verge upon the divorce court, to the measurable delight of the audience. And then the truth appears. It is a very simple truth, indeed, considering how much time and effort and ingenuity have been expended in making it appear compromising.

Mr. Clark has condensed his devious story into two scenes, and has interspersed a baker's dozen of songs. The sets which Arthur Hammerstein has provided are expensive and highly colored examples of the flat and decorative manner, much affected nowadays by people who reside on the stage. The costumes are in keeping.

Of the songs, the two which are most successful owe their appeal to the admirable acting and singing of Ernest Torrence, who plays a Scotch character part. They are "You Can't Take It with You When You Die," an exhortation against Caledonian thrift, and "Always Take Mother's Advice," a parody on the sentimental song of the antique variety stage. Incidentally, the part of this Scot is rather unusually well conceived as such parts go, blending rugged honesty and real liberality with canniness. That is to say, he is honest and canny until the spell of the sable coat is cast upon him, after which his lies are as fluent and futile as those of any other farcical character.

Ruby Norton and Ward De Wolf are the young and diminutive lovers, singing and dancing with considerable emphasis. Beatrice Allen and Frances Demarest are the wives who put up the main fight for the possession of the sable.

The chorus, like the heroine of an ancient song, is saddest when it sings. But it does not all sing. One part of it plays the violin—accompanying, or accompanied by, the orchestra, apparently to their mutual satisfaction.

Mr. Hein's music is doubtless innocent of false pretensions. It is catchy and spirited, and not without popular quality.

On the whole the show is novel and lively enough to amuse an audience once corraled. Whether it has the power of reaching out into lanes and highways and firmly grasping the populace, it a matter of prophecy into which it is not necessary to enter.

ARGENTINA WILL NOT BREAK WITH GERMANY

Foreign Minister Says Nation Will Remain Neutral as Long as Teutons Respect Her.

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 9.—The Argentine Government is not prepared to follow the action of Uruguay in severing diplomatic relations with Germany, according to Foreign Minister Pueyrredon. Argentina has not pledged her neutrality, the Foreign Minister added, but is attempting to safeguard her own interests. Relations with Germany will be broken if sufficient cause arises, but as long as Germany recognizes the Argentine flag and respects the nation and the people there probably will be no break.

Much surprise has been occasioned in political circles here by the following statement said to have been made by the Foreign Minister of Uruguay, in urging the Uruguayan Congress to break off relations with Germany:

"Uruguay, as a small nation between two great ones, must seek a balance of force to resist the possible hegemony of Argentina, with which nation we still have questions which are not settled definitely. This balance consists in bringing closer together Brazil and the States of our connection with the great States of the present conflict so that it will make impossible an attack on Uruguayan sovereignty without an immediate reverberation throughout the American Continent."

The unsettled questions between Uruguay and Argentina concern the River Plate, Argentina asserts that the river belongs to her, while Uruguay insists that she owns half of it. The dispute involves the ownership of the important island of Martin Garcia, now held by Argentina.

CENTURY ADOPTS $3 PRICE.

Follows the Globe in Advancing Scale—"Miss 1917" Opens Oct. 29.

The second of the Dillingham-Ziegfeld revues, "Miss 1917," will have its first performance at the Century Theatre on the night of Monday, Oct. 29, and the management simultaneously announces the adoption of the $3 admission scale for the coming season. This price will prevail over the entire lower floor, but the balcony prices will not be changed.

The Century is the second theatre to announce an increase to $3 this season, the first having been the Globe, which will house the new Fred Stone production next week. Charles Dillingham, co-manager of the Century, is also the producer of the Stone show. The cost of the Century revue is such, it is announced, that the $3 scale is necessary to assure a reasonable profit. Orchestra seats for the opening performance will be sold at $5.

Rehearsals of the Century revue, which is the work of Guy Bolton, P. G. Wodehouse, Victor Herbert and Jerome Kern, are now going on night and day. The company includes Mrs. Vernon Castle, Fortola de Valencia, Bessie McCoy Davis, Flore Revalles, Margot Kelly, Ann Pennington, Cleo Mayfield, Marion Davies, Eloise Kilborn, Vera Maxwell, Lew Fields, Adolf Bolm, Cecil Lean, Van and Schenck, Brice and King, Harry Kelly, Savoy and Brennan, White and Haig, Nige and Weeks, Arthur Cunningham and Andrew Tombes. There will be a chorus of 150.

The Cocoanut Grove, on the Century roof, will be reopened soon after the opening of the main revue.

Luncheon for Vanderlip.

W. L. Saunders, Chairman of the Naval Consulting Board, will give a luncheon at India House today to Frank A. Vanderlip in recognition of his patriotic services. Mr. Vanderlip will be the only speaker. Among the invited guests are General George W. Goethals, H. R. Towne, Otto H. Kahn, George F. Baker, J. P. Morgan, Percy A. Rockefeller, John D. Ryan, Theodore N. Vail, Acting Secretary of the Treasury Crosby, and Elbert H. Gary.

COLUMBIA Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15. Pop. Prices
New Star & Garter Show
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Most Real and Vivid of War Lectures
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The Talk of New York

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MARGUERITE CLARK in "Bab's Diary."
Soloists, Educational. Symp'y Concerts, 2:15 Daily.
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ALICE HOWELL in "AUTO-MANIACS."

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Also GREATER VAUDEVILLE.
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LAST WEEK MATINEE TOMORROW 50c to $1.50.
PASSING SHOW OF 1917
Extra Mat. Columbus Day, Friday.

The Plymouth Theatre
Forty-fifth St. West of B'way
Will Open Tonight
Direction of Arthur Hopkins
with
Mr. WILLIAM GILLETTE
"A Successful Calamity"
By Clare Kummer, author of Miss Billie Burke's "The Rescuing Angel" & "Good Gracious Annabelle."
Matinees Friday & Sat. 2:20.

Grace George
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"EVE'S DAUGHTER"
TOMORROW EVENING. Seats Now.
Extra Mat Columbus Day (Friday).

CASINO 39th & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Col's Day & Sat. 2:15.
Arthur Hammerstein's Musical Farce
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With FLORENCE NASH
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Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform Half Price.

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"SMART" "MERRY" "CHARMING" "DIFFERENT"
"Saturday to Monday"
EXTRA MAT. "COLUMBUS DAY" (FRIDAY)

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8. Mats. Today, Col's Day & Sat.
LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION.
MAYTIME Music That Tingles—Scenes That Charm—Cast That Ac's & Sings.
Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris
EXTRA MAT. COLUMBUS DAY, FRIDAY.

39th St. Thea., Near B'way. Evs. 8:30 | Last Mat. Today, Col's Day & Sat. 2:30 | Week
MARY'S ANKLE
MONDAY, OCT. 15, DE LUXE ANNIE Moves Here from the Booth Theatre.

Broadhurst 44th W. of B'y. Tel. 64 Bryant. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Fri. & Sat. 2:15
Mr. Faversham Presents Bernard Shaw's HILARIOUS COMEDY.
MISALLIANCE
With Maclyn Arbuckle & Katharine Kaelred.

MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat's. TODAY (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
Oliver Morosco's Laughing Sensation
LOMBARDI, LTD.
BIGGEST COMEDY HIT IN YEARS. SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

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LEAVE IT TO JANE
"In all probability will equal the popularity record now being established by 'Oh, Boy.'—Several kinds of a hit—a deserved success."—Burns Mantle, Eve. Mail
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LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Col's Day & Sat.
GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADER
Moves to Booth Theatre Monday, Oct. 15.

BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Col's Day & Sat. 2:30.
Moves to 39th St. Theatre Monday, Oct. 15.
"DE LUXE ANNIE"
A THRILLING MYSTERY DRAMA
With Jane Grey and Vincent Serrano.
MON., Oct. 15 | GUY BATES POST in THE MASQUERADER

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Col's Day & Sat.
The Very Idea!!
Ernest TRUEX Richard BENNETT
"Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today, Col. D. & Sat. 2:30
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44TH ST. THEATRE TONIGHT 8:15
Matinees Today and Saturday, 2:15. Extra Matinee Columbus Day.
HITCHY-KOO An Intimate Revue, with Raymond Hitchcock, Grace La Rue, William Rock and Frances White, Leon Errol, Irene Bordoni.

PRINCESS 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:15.
"OH, BOY" "Smartest of musical comedies."—Ev. Sun.

CORT 48th St., E. of Broadway. Evgs. 8:25. Mats. TO-DAY, Fri. & Sat. at 2:25.
Kate Douglas Wiggin & Rachel Crothers' Comedy
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EXTRA MATINEE COLUMBUS DAY.

KNICKERBOCKER Theatre, B'way at 38th St. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Today, Fri. & Sat. 2:25.
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FIRST MATINEE TODAY 2:20.
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MISS Billie Burke
in another laughing triumph by CLARE KUMMER, Author of William Gillette's "A Successful Calamity" and "Good Gracious Annabelle."
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Polly With a Past

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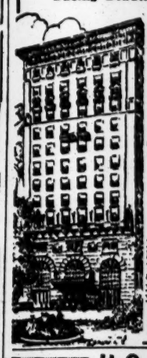

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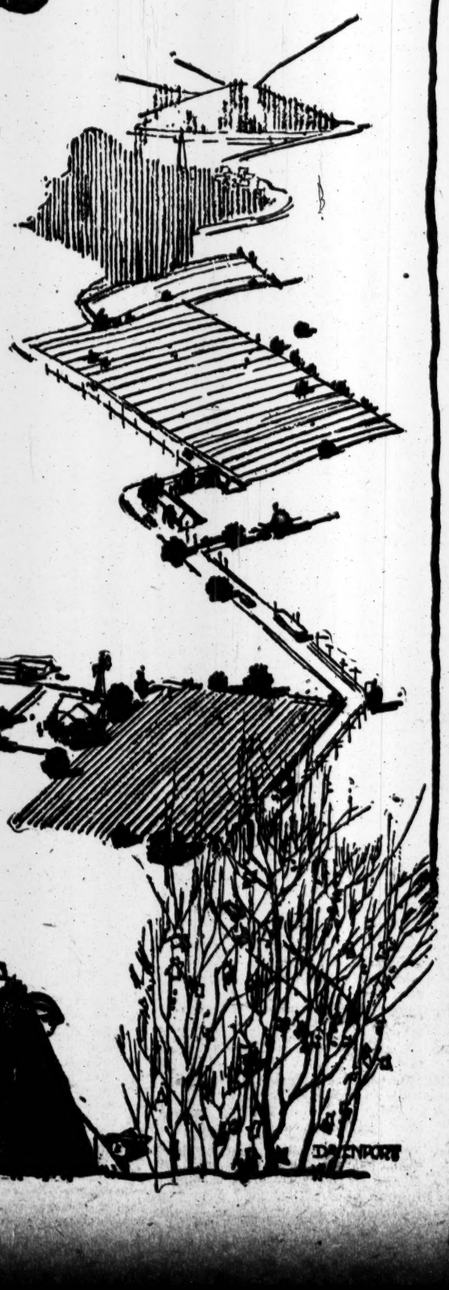

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 10, 1917.

OUR BEST CROP YEAR.

The principal grains this year will yield a billion bushels more than last year. The yield in bushels, however, is not an adequate representation of crop yield in any year, and never less so than this year. The wheat crop, for instance, is thought unsatisfactory by some because it is only 20,000,000 bushels above last year and 365,000,000 bushels less than the phenomenal crop of 1915. But the loss of bushels of wheat is made up in corn, which is a phenomenal crop. And there remains to be considered the quality of both crops. Last year's wheat was largely unmerchantable and inedible by man. This year's wheat is exceptionally fine. The department rates the two years, respectively, as 92 and 71 per cent. Consumers care most for bushels, but producers calculate by dollars as well as by bushels. The Government's price for wheat this year is $2.20. In dollars the farmer is better off than in the billion bushel year, when he was ruined by too much wheat. Corn values can be calculated from the application of the price of $1.75, against 82 cents last year, to the record yield of over three billion bushels. Oats are another record crop at 1,580,714,000 bushels, and the quality is 95 compared with 88 last year. The price is 62 cents against 44. Potatoes are also a record crop, and they are worth $1.22 against $1.12 last year.

It would be tedious to call the entire roll of farm products, but it is impossible not to mention cotton. The department merely gives the bales as 12,047,000 against 11,450,000, and the price 23 cents against 15. To get the full richness of cotton it is necessary to quote such a spokesman for the South as the Manufacturers Record, which calculates the worth of the various cotton products altogether at from $1,700,000,000 to $2,000,000,000. The Record puts the entire agricultural yield of the South at over six billions, a gain of $1,450,000,000. In 1900 the total agricultural yield for the entire country was five billions, or less than for the South alone this year. The total for the country this year was calculated earlier in the year at from $12,000,000,000 to $15,000,000,000. To that unparalleled combination of quantity and price it now seems necessary to add about the sum asked for in the second Liberty Loan, making perhaps $18,000,000,000 of agricultural produce.

There are two reasons why this parade of wealth before the eyes of the hungry world is fit to be made. Our domestic abundance is 400,000,000 bushels short of the supply of wheat expected by the Allies from North America. Not one bushel, hardly one kernel of grain, should be wasted. The least we can do is to feed those fighting our cause, and thus far in our places. Who can say how many bushels we ought to supply in consideration of the millions of dead and wounded we have been spared? Still less ought we to stint our dollars when we consider that our wealth measures the need of our friends. The disclosure of these billions is useful as a sign where the Liberty Loan subscriptions ought especially to be looked for. Kansas national bank deposits are $46,000,000 above last year. That $46,000,000 is like money that was found. In a sense it may be said to belong to those foreign buyers whose hunger has driven up our prices for the benefit of our farmers, to the cost of our consumers. When money gets as far as a bank deposit it is idle to ask whether the depositors are prosperous or not.

The only question left regarding farmers' contributions to the Liberty Loan is whether they have a heart. Can it be they are so concerned in balancing their profits against the profits of others that their pocket nerve tells them that the country owes them something, instead of their owing anything to the country's cause? In the Spring they were so busy planting that they left to the cities the duty of floating the first Liberty Loan. This is the harvest time, but they must not be more preoccupied with their profits than with their duties. The country as a whole is asked for about one-eightieth of the common wealth, not as a sacrifice, but as an investment, returning a fair per cent., and an incalculable yield in values beyond estimate. What does the country think is the farmers' share of the opportunity? What do the farmers think is their share? The farmers long have had their eyes fixed upon the country; now the country's eyes are on the farmers sitting on their pile of wealth, and slow to take the price fixed by the Government as fair.

IS IT A REVELATION?

GEORGE GOTHIEN, the German Progressive, displayed extraordinary sense and frankness when he told the Central Committee of his party that Germany's enemies could not be crushed on land, that the U-boat campaign had failed to force England to her knees, and that there was no hope of obtaining an indemnity from America. But, significant as it is that such an important politician as GOTHIEN should recognize these facts and frankly utter them, the most significant part of his speech was not here. He told his party colleagues that "Germany's allies were not inclined to continue the war for Pan German plans of conquest, but were striving for peace by understanding and conciliation, while the Pan German clamor for annexations was finding a bad reception among them."

It is possible that if we had Herr GOTHIEN'S exact language, instead of this summary, we should find it to be qualified. Perhaps it was the mere expression of his opinion. But on its face it is not an expression of opinion, but a statement of fact, and if it is that it is more—it is a revelation. If GOTHIEN was stating facts, many things become clear. It becomes clear that MICHAELIS'S proposal for a "give-and-take" peace was extorted from him by Austrian insistence; and GOTHIEN'S allusion not to Austria alone, but to "Germany's allies," shows that Turkey and Bulgaria are in the same frame of mind. It becomes clear that the devious and tangled steps which Germany has been taking in her peace moves have been the result of an effort to keep her impatient allies quiet while not in reality surrendering any of her ambitions or her determination to conquest. It becomes clear that the foggy benevolence of the replies to the Pope was the result of a compromise, in which the Austrian longing for peace was met with platitudes which did not too much offend the Pan Germans. It becomes clear that when Germany tickles the palate of the pacifists it is an Austrian palate which she really intends to tickle.

It is necessary, however, to view these utterances with reserve. The very use of such a phrase as "Germany's allies" excites the suspicion that Herr GOTHIEN is telling more than he knows. For a peace without annexations is not what Bulgaria wants; it is not what she entered the war for. Turkey, of course, would be glad to get out on any terms that would leave her her life; but Bulgaria is in no such case as Turkey.

COLUMBIA'S DELIVERANCE.

No man of feeling would deny to Professor BEARD the luxury and the pleasure of berating the Trustees of Columbia University, to which, in resigning from the teaching staff, he has just rendered the greatest service it was in his power to give. It will do these Columbia Trustees no harm to be described as "reactionary and visionless in politics." They certainly have no vision of the benefits to come from the overthrow of our institutions and the reorganization of society by the apostles of radicalism. Doubtless they are "narrow and mediaeval in religion," since having never enjoyed the advantages of a German university training, they have not embraced that blank materialism which so many American professors have imbibed from that source. But these Trustees know, as every man of sound sense and unclouded vision knows, that Columbia University is better for Professor BEARD'S resignation.

Some years ago Professor BEARD published a book, in which he sought to show that the founders of this Republic and the authors of its Constitution were a ring of land speculators who bestowed upon the country a body of organic law drawn up chiefly in the interest of their own pockets. It was pointed out to him at the time, with due kindness but frankly, that his book was bad, that it was a book no professor should have written since it was grossly unscientific. It was not based upon candid and competent examination of facts, but it was written to establish a preconceived theory of his own, which he supported by statements unrelated to fact and quite unconvincing in their nature. It was a book that did Columbia much harm, just as the two professors who were recently dropped for seditious utterances did the university much harm. It was the fruit of that school of thought and teaching, again borrowed from Germany, which denies to man in his larger actions the capacity of noble striving and self-sacrifice for ideals that seeks always as the prompting motive either the animal desire to get more to eat or the hope of filling his pockets. If this sort of teaching were allowed to go on unchecked by public sentiment and the strong hands of university Trustees, we should presently find educated American youth applying the doctrine of economic determinism to everything from the Lord's Prayer to the binomial theorem.

It is not so to be. Trustees may be visionless in politics and mediaeval in religion, but they have the hard, common sense to know, as was said in another notable recent case of interference with academic freedom, that infallible wisdom does not perch upon the back of every chair occupied by a professor bearing the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, and they know that if colleges and universities are not to become breeding grounds of radicalism and socialism, it must be recognized that academic freedom has two sides, that freedom to teach is correlative to the freedom to dispense with poisonous teaching. The Trustees of Columbia University have been very tolerant, very patient, and the university has suffered through the acts, the utterances, and the teachings of some of its professors who mistook the chairs they occupied for pulpits from which doctrines might freely be preached that are dangerous to the community and to the nation. A university is not solely responsible to the young gentlemen fresh from Berlin, Bonn, or Heidelberg whom it may engage as members of its corps of professors. The Trustees of Columbia and of all American universities know that they have a responsibility to the communities and to the country that give those seats of learning existence, to the numerous body of their alumni who are jealous of the standing and repute of their Alma Mater, that they are responsible to sane public opinion, which will hold them accountable for errors of indulgence to the teachers of false doctrines sheltering themselves behind the shibboleth of academic freedom.

SECURE YOUR RIGHT TO VOTE.

Light registration at the beginning is explainable; when the books are open six days the disposition to wait until the end of the week is too common. But delay is dangerous. Many of the tardy citizens may be called away from their homes before they have registered, others may be kept away from the booths at the last moment by illness. Under-registration this year means a Tammany victory. For the election of the Fusion candidates the full independent vote must be called out. Voters of this type move slowly, they lack the discipline of the strict partisans. Tammany will have its full vote, except that HILLQUIT may be able to entice some of that class of voters who would otherwise support Tammany to express their approval of his opposition to the American spirit.

The danger is that many good citizens who would vote for MITCHEL and in support of honest and progressive city government will make the mistake that so many of the Republicans made in the primary election. To all good citizens we urgently appeal not to miss the opportunity to register today. The polls will be open from 5:30 to 10:30 P. M. Unless you register you cannot vote. With a large registration, indicating the determination of every honest citizen to do his full duty Nov. 6, Mr. MITCHEL and his associates on the Fusion ticket will be reelected, Tammany will be bereft of its hope to regain control of the Board of Estimate, and BENNETT, failing in his purpose to help MURPHY, will retire to well-deserved obscurity. Register today.

NEW NAVAL TYPES.

The flush-deck destroyers now building for the United States Government constitute a new type of war vessel, the advent of which has often been predicted by naval experts. Besides having a speed hitherto thought unattainable in warships, they present a minimum of hitting surface to the enemy. It is unofficially reported that the British Navy now possesses two vessels of the size of battle cruisers, 800 feet long, with a speed of forty land miles an hour, which carry only two seventeen-inch guns, but have many topedo tubes. In his testimony as to the needs of modern navies before a Congressional committee some time ago, Admiral, then Captain, SIMS described a vessel planned by "a young officer named SCHOFIELD," and some of his remarks upon this then nonexistent marine type are recalled in The Army and Navy Journal.

A 20,000-ton boat with a protective deck and so flat that nothing could get under it, with only two towers, one forward and one aft, carrying no guns but having eight or ten torpedo tubes on each side, this new engine of destruction was to have a speed of at least 35 knots. No waste of side armor, because the vessel would have practically nothing to protect above the water line. Captain SIMS declared that if he were in command of a fleet and "one of those things" suddenly came down on him, he would feel impelled to turn the fleet over to the second in command and go below. Of course, Admiral SIMS would do nothing of the kind, he would stick to the command of his big dreadnoughts and do his best. But if such cruisers can be built, it seems obvious that they will revolutionize all naval warfare. There are reports that two of that type, or a similar one, have been built, though, of course, there is no accurate information extant of the recent development of the British Navy. The tale that the Germans have undersea boats 800 feet long, however, has been generally believed.

THE CHARACTERISTIC ODOR.

President WILLCOX of the Board of Education has taken the trouble to ask Judge HYLAN for the evidence of the charge made by him, by instruction from his prompters, that "our public schools are today in control of the Rockefeller interests." It is unkind to Judge HYLAN to ask him for the "evidence" of the preposterous statements which are furnished him by the Tammany Committee on Instruction. He is a docile pupil. If he has any ideas of his own, he refrains from communicating them to the public. Tammany discovered him. He is duly grateful. He repeats mechanically the lesson set him by Tammany masters.

They believe that they can win the election by setting "the poor" against "the rich," though many of them have become rich through politics, the Tammany occupation. They have invented and are propagating the falsehood that "the Rockefeller interests" are responsible for the Gary plan of a democratic, all-around public school education, using the public schools to the fullest extent and best purpose. It is a Brobdingnagian falsehood. By it they hope also to direct the public mind and memory from Tammany, unchanged and unchangeable, from the Red Light gleaming over it, from the scandals and the shames that drove it out of power. Does it expect to sneak back, sniffing with its virtuous nostrils the odor of Standard Oil?

There is a familiar smell, which New York has not forgotten, the characteristic Tammany perfume, the odor of corruption.

THE DARK DAYS OF '61.

Judge HYLAN declares that his father "fought to preserve the Union in the dark days of '61." Mr. MURPHY holds that to discuss Tammany's loyalty is not germane. AL SMITH'S father, he says, was killed fighting for the Union in the dark days of '61, that is to say, twelve years before Mr. SMITH was born. Representative MASON, accused of hampering the Government in its war measures, indignantly denies it, and offers in proof the fact that in the dark days of '61 he joined the home guard and suffered great privations guarding the waterfront. BENEDICT PRIETH, publisher of the New Jersey Freie Zeitung, is arrested by the Federal authorities, and his plant seized, on charges of violating the Espionage act. Mr. PRIETH says the accusation is absurd, since in the dark days of '61 his paper stood by the Government so loyally that it was attacked by the draft rioters in the still darker days of '63.

The dark days of '61 seem likely to receive still more publicity as time goes on. Every man in the country whose loyalty is under suspicion is acting as press agent for the dark days of '61. Nobody whose loyalty goes without saying is uttering a word about those dark days. Gentlemen who feel that they have something to explain seem to have determined to give the dark days of '61 what is known in certain quarters as a "rush."

Before the country becomes wholly flooded with touching references to the dark days of '61, however, it may be well to interpose the remark that at this moment it does not matter a continental what a man did in the dark days of '61, or what his father, or his uncle, or his wife's relatives did in those days. It matters a great deal whether he is giving more than mere lip-loyalty to his country in 1917; whether, in 1917, he is talking about the wickedness of England, the desirability of peace, the freedom of the seas, the inadvisability of sending American troops abroad, the guile of Japan, or anything else that tends to sow doubt and confusion at home and encouragement in Germany. If he is doing those things, he is harming his country in 1917, whether or not he joined the home guard in the dark days of '61, whether his father was in the Union Army or hiding in Canada.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Emotion Can Still Be Excited.

So calmly have we come to read in the daily dispatches of encounters on one or another of the firing lines that result in the killing of hundreds and the wounding of thousands that not a few people have been moved to instance our failure longer to react strongly to these happenings as convincing proof of war's brutalizing effect. As a matter of fact, such calmness proves nothing at all except what was already well known to every psychologist—that when any one stimulus long enough continues, the nerves adjust themselves to it as to any other normal condition, and the emotional equilibrium ceases to be disturbed.

Were this not the case, life would be difficult indeed, and not a few of its most beneficent activities, including those of the surgeon and the Judge, would become nearly or quite impossible. That we have not been made really callous by the war is shown plainly enough by the thrill of horror and the deep regret that every American of any sensitiveness at all—which is much the same as saying of any intelligence at all—felt yesterday on reading that one of our patrol boats in the Mediterranean had fired by mistake on an Italian submarine and killed two of her men, an officer and a sailor.

Viewed merely as a loss of life, this is a casualty list far too small to receive attention in any military report of these days, and of it only the surviving relatives of the victims would ever have heard. The killing, however, was not that of enemies by enemies, but that of friends by friends through a lamentable error, and this element of the unusual was enough to give to the episode an international importance that was instantly and very properly recognized by our Secretary of the Navy.

Exactly how the thing happened has not been revealed, but for some unknown reason the nationality of the submarine was not revealed to the approaching patrol boat, and the latter, not seeing the revelatory signals for which her men on watch presumably looked, assumed that the craft was German or Austrian and opened fire. Of responsibility there was apparently none, but of sincerest sorrow there will be much. Unfortunately the sorrow will not restore to life the two brave men who died so uselessly.

They Never Make a Distinction.

No pacifist of any kind can ever talk or write about the war much more than a single sentence without revealing that he or she is possessed and obsessed by the strange belief that, because war is a bad thing, all who take part in it are on the same moral level and open to the same condemnation. This is the absurd fallacy which underlies all pacifism and vitiates every argument offered by the followers of that miserable cult. As logic the leap thus made from premise to conclusion is without the slightest warrant in either experience or fact, yet every pacifist is under some mysterious and inexorable compulsion to make it every time he discusses either war in general or this war in particular, and always the result is that sane critics are either angered or disgusted—or both.

Of course Senator LA FOLLETTE, in defending himself before his colleagues in his long speech just before adjournment, had to voice again this fundamental error, though, practiced orator that he is, he was able to do it by implication and not by direct assertion. He even succeeded in joining it neatly to his statement of the laudable aspiration that in the future no single man or small group of men may have the power to involve their own and other nations in war in order to serve their private interests or ambitions. To prevent that hereafter is, in brief, exactly what the Allies, and we with them, are fighting for, but, being a pacifist, the Senator could not refrain from adding the familiar misrepresentation of the existing state of affairs.

"The masses," he said, "will understand that it was the evil of a one-man power exercised in half a dozen nations through the malevolent influences of secret diplomacy that plunged the helpless peoples of Europe into the awful war that has been raging with increasing horror and fury ever since it began, and now threatens to engulf the world before it stops."

Between the "half a dozen nations" that took part in the earlier stages of the war, it will be observed, the Senator draws no line—between what Germany did and what was done by Russia, France, and Great Britain, by Belgium and Servia, he sees, or at least he admits, no difference, and "secret diplomacy" as it existed in all of them shared in the common guilt. War for conquest and war for defense are all one for him, and for unprovoked assault he has no sterner condemnation than for resistance to thieves and murderers!

Municipal Milkmen Proposed.

Mayor MITCHEL'S suggestion that the city not only establish plants for the pasteurization of the milk it uses, but also undertake, directly or indirectly, the distribution of the milk to our millions of consumers, will seem to all who hear it a proposal to undertake a large job, and one of a kind in which "municipal operation" has not made, as yet, many brilliant successes. There is no doubt, however, that what may be called the milk situation in New York is already a serious one, and a few more advances in price will make it little less than desperate for no small part of the urban population. And for desperate evils desperate remedies have always been held, if not quite justifiable, at least worthy of consideration.

Theoretically, there is nothing in the pasteurization and distribution of milk that city officials could not do intelligently and efficiently. It must be admitted, too, that such officials could not violate economic laws more glaringly than do the private companies in using several carts, horses, and men in serving a single block in which practically every resident wants and pays the same price for the same service. Sorry experience has shown, however, that municipal operation has extravagances and wastes peculiarly its own, in the present stage of human development—and politics—and that its savings are apt to be more than counterbalanced by its losses.

Possibly milk distribution is one of those "natural monopolies" of which so much has been said of late years, and that the way out of this particular situation lies in the recognition of that fact, if it be a fact. Regulation and not operation would then be the remedy fullest of immediate promise, particularly as the regulation of the milk trade has already gone far.

Mr. Kitchin Was Wrong.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In Saturday's TIMES Representative Kitchin is reported to have said:

> No Government in the world (and I mean that) places an excess profits tax upon the salaries of its officials. The tax we imposed is a tax upon business; not upon Government. Governments are not business concerns, and are not producing dividends.

Has he not overlooked the action of Brazil's National Congress last year? If he will read The American Bar Association Journal for April, 1917, he will find their action described (Pages 188, 189) as follows:

> Decree 11,914 of Jan. 26, 1916, (Diario Oficial of 29th) imposes an income tax upon official salaries and wages of nearly all public officials, including the President and Vice-President of the Republic and the Senators and Deputies in the Congress. The rate of tax on the official salaries of the President and of Senators and Deputies is 20 per cent., and that on the salary of the Vice-President is 8 per cent.; while the rate ranges from 2 per cent. to 15 per cent. on the salaries and compensation and pensions of other classes of public officials and employes.

FRANCIS M. BURDICK.
Columbia University, Oct. 8, 1917.

REPRISALS.

I had so hoped that England might be free
From studied baseness—that iniquity
Could not be written in her history!
But now the sullen murmur of the throng
Is heard above the soldiers' marching song
In clamor for reprisals — wrong on wrong!
Must England doom her fliers to this task?
Knightly are they, though helmed by leathern casque—
Shall she compel them to the hangman's masque?
Let England trust her valiant battleline—
It shall thrust deep beyond the German Rhine.
Leave vengeance to the One who said "tis mine."

O. C. A. CHILD.

TRUSTEES AND TEACHERS.

A University Is Responsible for the Kind of Instruction Given.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The forcible severance of Professors Cattell's and Dana's connection with Columbia University has already produced the much-desired resignation of Professor Beard, and has caused considerable discussion. Doubtless there will be much more comment upon the action of the Trustees, who will be arraigned, attacked, and criticised, with various degrees of vehemence and feeling.

It is not my business to enter the lists on behalf of the Trustees. It is quite possible that my advocacy might not even be welcome, but I should like to see a little common sense brought to bear upon the situation. I have had two sons at Columbia, know some of the Trustees, and have intimate friends among the Faculty. I am therefore interested in Columbia, as well as in the principles which should govern Trustees in dealing with their responsibilities. Much nonsense is spoken and written on the subject, and we may take Professor Beard's letter to President Butler, which appeared in this morning's papers, as a fair sample.

First let me say that Professor Beard is one of a group of men at Columbia whose departure from that institution is welcomed by many, if not most, of its friends. There are quite a number of others. These men do incalculable harm in unsettling the faith and the principles of the young men in their charge. They seem, one and all, to think that truth is only found at the bottom of the radical well, so they sound the depths of radicalism. Anything old, anything that has been believed, whether it be religion, or politics, or history, they consider suspicious, if not untrue and stupid. Professor Beard evidently thinks that when he calls the Trustees "reactionary" he has called them as bad a name as the decencies permit. To be mediaeval in religion, indeed, to have any religion at all, is almost as bad. It argues at once that you are only partly educated. Because Galileo taught something which is now accepted as true, and was persecuted by the Church, therefore, religion is foolish and truth is only uttered by radicals, who are persecuted.

Patriotism is another antiquated notion from which "real thinkers" have rid themselves. It is silly, old-fashioned, illogical, a pernicious survival of the provincialism and ignorance of the past. That noble sentiment has been hammered into the developing minds of the youths at Columbia for years. At the time of the flag-burning incident of last Spring one very distinguished historian at Columbia warmly supported the flag burners, and uttered sentiments that made me believe that the Trustees must be sound asleep. He should have been instantly dismissed.

These men argue that a university, if anywhere in the world, should be a place where every kind of theory should be allowed free and unrestricted utterance, so that the young and inquiring mind may have the opportunity to hear and select from the mass of speculation and teaching whatever is sympathetic to its genius and nature. They contemplate with horror that the Trustees should determine what is truth and what should or should not be taught. They argue the question by the hour with those of their colleagues who feel instinctively that such a theory makes for license and not for true liberty, or freedom of speech, and who see and know that the outcome of such a theory is wholly pernicious. I have heard many such talks, and that is why I think that it might be useful to bring a little common sense to bear on the question.

The plain fact is that the Trustees are responsible for what is taught at Columbia, but they do not in any sense have to determine what is true and what is not true. I agree with Professor Beard and Professor Robinson and Professor Dewey, and all the other ultra-radicals and so-called free thinkers, that the Trustees are no more capable of settling what is and what is not truth than they are.

What the Trustees do have to determine to the best of their ability is what is moral and what is immoral; what is fitting and proper as pabulum for the young, and what is unfitting and improper; what is a decent standard of speech and teaching, and what is not. In other words, who is, and who is not, acting like a gentleman. They do not and should not decide between two theories of biology or politics, but they should decide that a man who teaches boys that the old-fashioned ideas of morality have no foundation in reason, and that he is, therefore, free to indulge his animal nature so far as he may without injurious physical reactions or consequences, is manifestly unfit for a university professor.

The distinction between these two standards is apparently too subtle for the professorial mind. If, they say, a man honestly believes in free love, he should be permitted to say so; otherwise you run counter to the fundamental idea of free speech, which is sheer nonsense.

At any given time there are generally accepted standards of morality, decency, and propriety of which the Columbia Trustees are perfectly good judges, and which they should not permit to be infracted. The fact that history teaches us that such standards change has nothing to do with the case. We are concerned with the best which our time has been able to evolve.

Professor Beard speaks of the status of the professor as lower than that of the manual laborer, which again is sheer nonsense, and he must know it. He can count on the fingers of one hand the professors who have been dismissed from institutions of prominence in this country in the last five years, for too free speech.

Of course, it is important that the professor should be allowed the utmost freedom in uttering his ideas of truth, and a great university is a place where that freedom should be untrammeled by the restrictions of Trustees; but to confuse that simple principle with the punishment of improper conduct, because that conduct takes the form of speech, is confusing the issue, and is unworthy of the logical thinking which professors talk so much about. I know of no case, nor does Professor Beard know of any case, where the Columbia Trustees have disciplined a man for freedom of speech; and there have been too few instances of disciplining men for improper conduct, where that impropriety took the form of speech. COMMON SENSE.

New York, Oct. 9, 1917.

The Cut in Shipping Insurance.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The cut in insurance rates is a splendid testimonial to the work and devotion to duty of the officers and men of the United States Navy, and the business community appreciates it to the full. I hope that a full measure of congratulations for their success will be given to the Secretary of the Navy and his assistants.

DAVID C. REID.

New York, Oct. 8, 1917.

Mr. Ford's Slogan Revised.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Does the country need a war slogan? Well, then: Into the trenches by Christmas!

1917 C. B. D.

New York, Oct. 8, 1917.

PATRIOTISM IN GAS.

Companies Tell of Aim to Produce Toluol for War Explosives.

The plea of the gas companies for permission to change the present candle power standard for measuring the quality of gas to the British thermal unit was again advocated yesterday at the hearing before the Public Service Commission by Dr. Charles H. Herty, former President of the New York Society of Chemists. The changing of the gas valuing method from the illumination standard to the heat standard was previously pressed because it would cheapen the manufacture of gas, and because the use of a cheaper oil would produce more toluol, which the Government needs in the making of explosives.

Dr. Herty said that he had talked with General Crozier, Chief of Ordnance, U. S. A., on Sunday, and that the General had told him it was necessary to get all of the toluol possible for use in the war, not only by the United States but by Great Britain.

"The General told me," continued the witness, "that if all the toluol of every one of the gas companies was available the total would be only 150,000,000 pounds for a year, or about half of the amount needed for operations based on 1,000,000 fighting men."

The witness, in reply to a question, admitted that the Government had arranged to insure the gas companies against all risks attached to a change in plant made necessary in getting out the greatest quantity of toluol.

William N. Dykman, counsel for the Brooklyn Union Gas Company, said:

"We are ready to take the toluol out of gas and deliver it to the Government. That will necessitate a change to the British thermal unit standard, and if this commission shall approve of it, leaving the price of gas where it is, we will make a contract with the Government and go ahead and furnish toluol."

In reply to a question by Commissioner Hervey, Mr. Dykman said he would not include in the offer any condition looking to a decrease in the price of gas, because the customer would lose nothing by the change and the Government would gain by it. He explained that the Government could not get the toluol until some time after the present hearings were concluded, and that it might be well to drop the hearings, permit the companies to change the standard, and go ahead with the work of getting out the toluol. He did not know that the change of standards would mean any extra profit for the companies.

Chairman Straus and Commissioner Hervey still maintained that the consumer should profit as well as the company by any cheapening of the manufacture of gas through a change of standards. Mr. Dykman said that his company was not earning 4 per cent. on its investment and that if the price of gas should be put into the question long litigation would face the commission. In the meantime the Government would suffer, he said.

Robert A. Carter, for the Consolidated Gas Company, indorsed the stand taken by Mr. Dykman, and said the Consolidated Company was now selling gas at 80 cents a thousand feet that was worth 95 cents.

"That is a rate matter," said Commissioner Hervey. "It is proper that the company and the consumer alike should be patriotic, but we might just as well discover who is to pay the cost, and whether any saving made by the company is to be shared with the consumer." The hearing was adjourned until Oct. 23.

FIGHT MOHANSIC SEWER.

Civic Bodies and Officials Object to School Project.

The first public hearing of the Joint Legislative Committee to decide what shall be done with the property acquired by the State for a hospital for the insane and a training school for boys at Yorktown, on Mohansic Lake, was held yesterday in the assembly room of the Merchant's Association. It has already been decided that a hospital on the site would pollute the waters of Mohansic Lake, a part of which flows into the Croton reservoir, and the question to be settled by the committee is what use the State shall now make of the land, and whether the seven buildings erected for the school shall be used for that purpose or whether they shall be disposed of for private uses.

A brief prepared by the Merchants' Association for submission to the Legislature said that the proposed institution would house a population of many thousands and discharge over 500,000 gallons of sewage daily. It was agreed that it would be foolish to go ahead with the proposed enterprise when the city had spent more than $4,000,000 to remove causes of pollution from the watershed.

At yesterday's hearing protests against having any public buildings on the site were made by Commissioner Williams of the Board of Water Supply and representatives of the Department of Health, the New York Academy of Medicine, the Real Estate Board, the Safety First Society, the Central Mercantile Association, the Citizens' Union, the Fifth Avenue Association, and many other civic bodies.

The joint committee consists of Senators Slater and Daly and Assemblymen Armstrong, Brush, and Everett. The committee will continue the hearings today and tomorrow, and later will meet at the Court House in White Plains.

RED CROSS TO AID CHINESE.

Appoints Roger Green to Take Charge in the Flooded Area.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Simultaneously with the Red Cross announcement today that it would render aid to the 400,000 persons made homeless by the flood at Tien-Tsin, the State Department made public a mail dispatch from the American Consulate at Chungking, in the Province of Szechuen, China, describing the terrific damage caused recently by the Yangtse River floods. The action of the Red Cross was based on the following message from American Minister Reinich, at Peking:

"A flood disaster in Tien-Tsin has rendered 400,000 persons destitute. The Chinese are actively relieving, but they cannot cope with the situation. The commanding officer of the American forces, at my suggestion, is prepared to assume control of relief work which might be undertaken by representatives of missionary and other organizations in conjunction with Americans. Can the American Red Cross render assistance with funds? Substantial results could be obtained with $200,000."

Responding to this appeal, the State Department was requested by the American Red Cross to forward a cable to Mr. Reinich offering assistance at Tien-Tsin and requesting the acceptance of Roger Green of the Rockefeller China Medical Board as Red Cross representative. The organization of an American committee of not more than nine members to aid him in control of Red Cross contributions is also advised.

FRENCH SOCIALISTS CONFER

Henderson Tells Them British Are for a Victorious Peace.

BORDEAUX, Sunday, Oct. 7. (Delayed.)—Addresses from American, Italian, and Russian Socialists were read at today's session of the national convention of the Socialist Party.

A long telegram was received from Arthur Henderson, the British Labor leader and former member of the War Council, who expressed the hope that an inter-allied Socialist conference would be held soon. The Internationale, he said, could not meet during the war.

Mr. Henderson affirmed the resolution of the British workers to continue the struggle until a victorious peace was achieved.

NEW CUT IN SEA INSURANCE.

Norway Lowers Rate Owing to Decreased U-Boat Danger.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 9.—The danger from submarines having decreased, insurance on Norwegian cargoes in the North Sea has been reduced from 8 to 7 per cent.

WANTS WAR BOARD IN EVERY INDUSTRY

National Chamber of Commerce Calls for Co-operation with the Government.

TO HELP DEFENSE COUNCIL

New Arrangement to Stop Criticism of Federal Advisers Acting Also as Sellers.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—A general call on American business to form War Service Committees in every branch of industry to co-operate with the Government was made today by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. The committees will absorb the functions of the industries committees of the Council of National Defense, which will be abolished under a reorganization plan.

The War Service Committees will deal directly with the Defense Council's War Industries Board now negotiating Government war purchases. They will assist in apportioning Government orders, and will aid in determining priority matters. The Defense Council's Industries Committees in most instances are expected to be retained as the War Service Committees, and the only change will be that members no longer will be connected in any way with the Government.

The Defense Council's committee system has given cause for criticism in that committee members, acting as Government advisers in making purchases, were often themselves sellers. Under the new arrangement the War Service Committee members will be representing only industries.

The duties of the committees are outlined by the Chamber of Commerce as follows:

"To assemble accurate information with respect to the facilities of industry, and the possibilities of expansion or readjustment of plants and equipment to meet Government requirements.

"To arrange for the gathering of figures as to costs of production in industry.

"To act with Priority Committee of the War Industries Board, which is establishing principles governing the distribution of materials in transportation and the order in which various products are to be produced and distributed.

"To meet with Government departments to discuss questions affecting industry raised by the war."

The Government's purchase of war supplies, it is declared, is withdrawing so much material and labor from established industry that many problems are arising which can be met only by serious study.

"The extent of the demand which the Government is making on the industrial resources of the country is indicated," the statement says, "by recent estimates that expenditures for the first year of the war, including loans to the Allies, will amount to $21,000,000,000 compared with estimates of the gross value of all business done in the United States in 1916, ranging from forty to eighty billions."

WILSON BACKS UP BRYAN.

Confirms Denial of La Follette's Lusitania Statement.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—After conferring with President Wilson today Senator Pomerene, Chairman of the committee investigating Senator La Follette's utterances, indicated the President had confirmed Mr. Bryan's statement that he did not tell the President shortly before the Lusitania sailed that the ship had a munition cargo, nor ask the President to keep Americans from sailing.

"I learned nothing that would change Mr. Bryan's published denial," said the Senator.

All facts in the State Department's possession relating to the ship and her cargo will be placed before the Investigating Committee without reserve, Senator Pomerene was assured. Mr. Bryan has denied La Follette's statement. Senator Pomerene today wrote Mr. Bryan asking him to advise the committee regarding La Follette's assertions.

A telegram received today from the Minnesota Public Safety Commission, which forwarded the first petitions for Senator La Follette's expulsion, stated that three certified transcripts of the St. Paul speech as taken by three separate expert stenographers were being forwarded today to the committee. Senator La Follette also is expected to submit a transcript.

Special to The New York Times.

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 9.—"Resign!" This is the demand made by the State Council of Defense and seventy-one County Councils of Defense in Wisconsin to Senator La Follette. It was voiced tonight in resolutions signed by 300 representatives of the organizations holding a convention here.

The resolutions say La Follette by his public utterances has encouraged opposition to the Government in its prosecution of the war, and has misrepresented the true sentiment of the vast majority of the people of Wisconsin toward the war. He is accused of "aiding and abetting the enemy, thereby prolonging this fearful struggle at the cost of additional lives and money."

In addition the resolutions ask the Senate, "in the event of his failure to resign, to preserve its own honor and that of Wisconsin by his expulsion by that honorable body."

TO STOP WELFARE LETTERS.

Red Cross Asked Not to Transmit These Inquiries to Germany.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—The Government has for military reasons requested the American Red Cross to abandon the plan undertaken some time ago, at the suggestion of the Government, to transmit inquiries to "welfare and whereabouts," emanating from residents of the United States to persons in the territories of the Central Powers or areas occupied by them.

Therefore no further letters of that character will be transmitted by the Bureau of Communication of the Red Cross, although it will be able to return to the senders as many as possible letters of inquiries thus far received.

The bureau will, however, endeavor to obtain information conc

F. A. MUNSEY BUYS STEWART BUILDING

Will Erect Home for His Publications at Broadway, Chambers and Reade Streets.

$3,500,000 REPORTED PRICE

Owner Not Planning Skyscraper to Rival Tallest Building, but Structure Suitable to Site.

Frank A. Munsey purchased yesterday the famous old Stewart Building on the east side of Broadway, covering the block front between Chambers and Reads Streets, and facing City Hall Park, for a price reported to be between $3,000,000 and $3,500,000. It is the largest real estate transaction of the year, and the deal is of additional interest in that Mr. Munsey plans to improve the site with a tall office building which will be the new home of The New York Sun and The Evening Sun, of both of which he is the publisher and owns the controlling interest. The building will also house Munsey's Magazine and other Munsey publications.

"I am not contemplating the erection of any skyscraper to rival the tallest building in the city," Mr. Munsey said in his apartment at Sherry's last night. "When building conditions become more normal I intend to put up a fitting building to adorn properly what I consider one of the best downtown business sites. This is not the time to do anything in a hurry."

The property acquired by Mr. Munsey is probably the largest available site for a fine office building in the lower part of the city. It occupies a plot fronting more than 151 feet on Broadway, about 226 feet on Chambers Street, opposite City Hall Park, and 225 feet on Reade Street, containing approximately 35,000 square feet, or 6,000 square feet more than the area covered by the Woolworth Building. The purchase was made from the heirs of the Judge Henry Hilton estate, of which the Central Trust Company and Edward D. Harris are the Trustees. The estate was obliged to buy in the property at foreclosure sale last May on a bid of $3,600,000. The foreclosure action was brought against Felix Isman to recover judgments of more than $3,800,000, of which $3,700,000 represented the mortgage taken back by the Hilton heirs after Felix Isman bought the property in 1906 for about $4,250,000, which up to that time was one of the most spectacular realty deals ever made on Manhattan Island.

Considered for New Court House.

At that time the property was one of the parcels under consideration for the new Court House site. Until the completion of the Municipal Building the Stewart Building, despite its age and the awkward arrangement of office rooms, was almost entirely occupied by various city departments. For the last two years the greater part has been untenanted, and it has not earned enough to pay taxes. The assessed value last year was $3,000,000, of which $2,900,000 was land value.

The Stewart Building and its site have been for more than a century full of historic interest. More than 100 years ago Washington Hall stood on the Reade Street corner. It was built by the Federalists as a rival to Tammany Hall, which later occupied the site of the old Sun Building at Park Row and Frankfort Street. Washington Hall was the scene of many important civic gatherings, and during the war of 1812 Lawrence, Bainbridge, Decatur, and other naval heroes were entertained there. The old hall burned on July 4, 1842. A. T. Stewart, who had opened his dry goods store a few years before on the opposite side of Broadway, was then in a small wooden building just below Washington Hall, near Chambers Street. He bought the Reade Street corner at auction in 1844 for $65,000, and about 1850 erected a large department store, the most palatial that had ever been seen in New York, and for years it was known as Stewart's marble store. When Mr. Stewart moved uptown to Ninth Street, the Stewart Building was altered for offices, and remains practically unchanged today.

Sold for $2,100,000 in 1881.

The late Judge Henry Hilton, who was Mr. Stewart's lawyer, purchased the Stewart Building from Mrs. A. T. Stewart in 1881 for $2,100,000. The late Mrs. Hetty Green lent the Hilton estate, about fifteen years ago, $2,000,000 on a first mortgage on the property at 6 per cent., and it was paid off prior to her death.

Long before fashion and trade made the vicinity of the present City Hall, which was completed in 1813, popular, the ground occupied by the Stewart Building was used a negro burial plot, and during the revolution one of the barracks for the British soldiers was on the site.

The property occupies half of the block. Adjoining on the east is the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, and the extreme easterly end is occupied by a printing and publishing building, facing the Hall of Records, from which it is separated by an alley cut through when the Hall of Records was erected.

The sale of the property to Mr. Munsey was closed through the brokerage office of the Charles F. Noyes Company. An interesting feature of the transaction involved the purchase in fee of a small parcel on Chambers Street, about 100 feet east of Broadway, fronting 23 feet from the estate of Martha H. Andrews. This was the only parcel that Mr. Stewart was unable to buy, and he was compelled to take it on a long leasehold, which was renewed by the late Judge Hilton, who made another renewal in 1893 for twenty-one years at $11,000 a year. The plot has now been purchased outright by Mr. Munsey, the Andrews estate being represented by William A. White & Sons.

The New York Sun now occupies several floors of the former American Tract Society Building at Nassau and Spruce Streets, which were leased over two years ago when The Sun left its old building at Park Row and Frankfort Street. Mr. Munsey obtained control of The Sun and The Evening Sun on June 30, 1916. He formerly owned The New York Press, which was consolidated with The Sun.

MARRIED AT THE ST. REGIS.

Miss Dorothy R. Brick the Bride of Harry Negbaur.

The wedding of Miss Dorothy R. Brick, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brick of 317 West 138th Street, and Harry Negbaur, son of Mrs. Fannie Negbaur, took place at 6:30 o'clock last evening at the Hotel St. Regis. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Solomon Foster of Newark in the marble ballroom, which was decorated with white chrysanthemums and roses.

The bride, who walked with her father, wore a gown of white satin with a tunic of net embroidered in pearls. Her tulle veil fell from a coronet of orange blossoms, and she carried a shower bouquet of orchids and lilies of the valley.

Miss Marion Brick, a sister of the bride and her only attendant, was in rose and yellow chiffon with a hat of brown tulle. She carried pink roses.

The best man was Arthur Lissner, and the ushers included George H. Brick, a brother of the bride, Sigmund Emanuel, Adrian Reach, and Sidney Schwab.

A reception and dinner for 100 guests followed the ceremony. Later the couple left on a honeymoon. They will live at 817 West End Avenue on their return.

MISS KUHNE WEDS AT 18.

Daughter of Percival H. Kuhne Marries Frederick D. Wade.

Miss Gwendolyn Kuhne, the only daughter of Percival H. Kuhne and the late Mrs. Kuhne, was married yesterday afternoon quietly to Frederick D. Wade of Camden, N. J., in the Chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church by the Rev. Percy Gordon of that church. The bride, in traveling costume, had no attendants, and her father gave her in marriage. There were no ushers, as none except the immediate families of the bride and bridegroom were present.

The bride, who was 18 last July, was a student at the Misses Masters' School last year. She is a granddaughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton R. Kerr, her mother having been Miss Lillian Middleton Kerr. Her grandfather, Frederick Kuhne, founded the banking firm of Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, of which her father, Percival H. Kuhne, was for several years the senior member.

Miss Welsh to Wed A. C. Imbrie.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Welsh of Germantown, Philadelphia, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Welsh, to Andrew C. Imbrie of New York. Mr. Imbrie is the son of Mrs. Charles E. Imbrie of Princeton, N. J. He is a graduate of Princeton University, class of '95, when he was Secretary of the class, and is a member of the Graduate Council. He also served as Alumni Trustee from 1907 to 1912. No date has been set for the wedding.

Parnell-Harvey Wedding Today.

Miss Mabel Harvey, eldest daughter of former Sheriff Herbert Harvey of Flushing, L. I., will be married this morning to William F. Parnell of Northampton, Mass., editor and publisher of The Norwood Press of that city. The ceremony is to be performed in St. Michael's Church, Flushing. Miss Harvey is a graduate of Mount St. Vincent Academy-on-the-Hudson.

BUY A LIBERTY BOND TO-DAY!

Gimbel Brothers

33rd ST - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

Men's Suits & Coats at $15.50

A Winning Streak

unbroken by enthusiastic selling for a week past. You have three more days to share in this Birthday offering.

And when we've sold these, there's no telling when we can repeat the offer.

Think of it—a gray oxford Gilbert cloth overcoat, fully lined with Skinner silk (a coat for any type of man and for all occasions), at $15.50. This model in sizes up to 50 stout.

Or the same cloth tailored into a most presentable pinch-back coat for young men; quarter-lined with serge.

A man can select half a dozen coats without repeating once.

Suits are new in modeling, in color and pattern—with plenty of reliable blue and gray serges—cheviots, worsteds, tweeds—brown and green tones—at $15.50.

It's your chance, young man in school or business—yours, professional man. Seize it tomorrow.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

Y. W. C. A. WAR WORK TO COST $4,000,000

Women to Extend Their Activities in Soldiers' Camps Here and in Europe.

START CAMPAIGN FOR FUNDS

More Hostess Houses to be Erected in Cantonments—Workers Go Abroad.

At an enthusiastic all-day meeting of the War Work Council of the National Board of the Young Women's Christian Association at the headquarters, Lexington Avenue and Fifty-second Street yesterday, the amount of its war work budget was raised from $1,000,000 to $4,000,000. It is planned to have the money in hand by the middle of December. Prominent women from all parts of the country representing different interests, not all of them members of the association, belong to the War Council and 250 were present at the meeting.

The increased budget became necessary from an increased demand made upon the women by the officers at the heads of training camps in this country and others abroad. Work in France and Russia is to be begun at once. Already preliminary workers have gone abroad, and more are to go soon. Of the budget $1,000,000 will be devoted to work in Russia and France. Eating places, cafeterias and tearooms will be opened for the working women of Russia, among whom there is great need. The Misses Clara Taylor and Marcia O. Dunham are now en route for Russia and the Misses Clarissa Spencer and Elizabeth Boles are already on the ground doing the preparatory work.

A demand has come to the council from three of their women workers in France asking for nineteen helpers, and these will be sent. Eating houses or canteens are to be opened for the working women of France, and fourteen of the workers who will go over will devote themselves to social work among the war nurses of the American hospitals. These overworked women need to have their condition ameliorated and given places where they can rest. There will be a central club in Paris, a big social centre organized on the lines of the Y. W. C. A. Nurses' Club at Forty-fifth Street and Lexington Avenue, this city, and small branches at each of the base hospitals.

Hostess houses, where the relatives of the soldiers can be accommodated on visits to the cantonments in this country, will take $900,000 of the budget. There are six of these hostess houses already in working order, there are twenty-five under construction, and requests have been made for seven more. Originally put up for the families of the officers, they will now be used to accommodate the relatives of enlisted men. The council builds the hostess house always upon invitation of the officer in charge of the camp. In the camps nearest home a greater number are needed. There are three at Yaphank, two for the families of white soldiers and one for those of negroes.

Little cities have grown up around the camps in many places and emergency housing accommodation is to establish for girl employes in different lines of work, those making army uniforms among others, and $500,000 of the budget goes for this work. Increased secretarial work will take $200,000, for foreign-born women who will visit the men of their families in the camps $500,000 has been set aside. These women, many of them neither speaking or understanding English, will be given interpreters and the work of finding their friends facilitated. There will also be work among the families of the women to give them an understanding of American ideas, and a "Finding Bureau" will be opened to enable them to gain track of their families and friends who have lived in the invaded parts of France.

Of other portions of the budget there will be $270,000 for headquarters and field work of the National Board; $100,000 for publicity, including the magazine of the Patriotic League; $100,000 for a Bureau of Social Morality Speakers for instruction of mothers and teachers; $200,000 for work in negro communities affected by the war, and $255,000 for general emergency work and miscellaneous needs.

To raise the $4,000,000, nine teams of twenty-two women each will leave this city today to begin the work of organization. They will hold sectional conferences in Pittsburgh, Kansas City, Chicago, and Atlanta, to be followed by State conferences. The motion to raise the budget for the war work yesterday was made by Mrs. Herbert Pratt of Glen Cove, Long Island, Chairman of the Finance Committee, of which Mrs. Henry P. Davison is Treasurer. Mrs. Josephus Daniels, wife of the Secretary of the Navy, was one of the women present who took part in the discussion. Mrs. Baker, wife of the Secretary of War, was unable to come. A few of the women present were Mrs. Jonathan Bulkley, Mrs. Coleman du Pont, Miss Jean Greer, Mrs. Henry Marquand, Mrs. William Fellowes Morgan, and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr. Mrs. James S. Cushman, Chairman of the Executive Committee, presided and entertained the members of the council at luncheon in the cafeteria of the building. A gift of $100,000 from the Carnegie Corporation was announced.

Eleven men and two women left an Atlantic port recently to work in France with the American forces under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, which brings the number of Americans working overseas in this capacity up to 300.

The party includes a banker, John Sherman Hoyt of New York, who is a member of the Executive Committee of the National War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A.; Philip L. James, President of the First National Bank of Lake Forest, Ill.; F. B. Kirkbride, New York, an efficiency expert; Frank L. Baker, Yonkers; the Rev. Charles L. Conrad of Falmouth, Conn.; the Rev. William Dodge of Passaic, N. J., and Douglas L. Elliman, New York City.

Unusual Offerings

For Wednesday and Thursday

Lane Bryant

21-23 West 38th St.

have selected from regular stock a wonderful assemblage of **dresses, coats** and **suits,** to be sold at

$39.75

This is an exceptional opportunity for EVERY WOMAN, the SLENDER as well as the STOUT, as the sizes run from 36 to 56 bust measure.

Suits Broadcloth, Wool Tricotine, Oxford, Vigoreaux, Burella Cloth; Tailored and Dressy models. Black, Navy, Plum, Taupe..... **39.75**

Dresses New fashions of crepe de Chine, satin, serge, combinations and novelty cloths. Navy, Black, Plum, Taupe. **39.75**

Coats Utility and Dressy models, in Velour plaids, genuine English Tweeds and Oxfords and Montagnac. Some fur trimmed. **39.75**

Suit Waists Hand-embroidered Georgette crepe, all the new suit colors; sizes to 56 bust **8.50**

The assortment represents all new, original ideas and adaptations of foreign models. The values are most extraordinary.

PARIS SUFFERS UNDER WINTER'S FIRST TOUCH

No Heat in Capital's Most Luxurious Hotel, with Thermometer Below Forty.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 9.—A touch of Winter brings a foretaste of what is in store the next few months. With the thermometer under 40 this morning there is no heat in the hotel. A porter brings a pitcher of hot water for shaving, but that is all. After a stone-cold bath it is necessary to go back to bed to get warm. As it is a meatless Tuesday, heat-giving foods are lacking to help induce reaction from the ice-water bath.

If conditions are somewhat trying in the most luxurious hotel, what must Winter bring to the poor? If comfort-loving America could go through a few such mornings it would make Hoover's work easier. While America's being in the war makes starvation less imminent, America should constantly remember that the whole allied world is now living out of the same pot.

France being fed and kept warm is precisely as important militarily as the building of ships and planes and putting men in trenches, and just as much America's job. Remoteness from the battle line saves America much pain and suffering that here must be endured, but in the particular sacrifices she can make she should stop at nothing that will hearten and support the ally whose race is being ground by the war.

Exonerates Our Patrol.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—The Italian Government, according to statements made here today, is attaching no blame to the American patrol boat which fired on an Italian submarine because the latter failed to respond when signaled with the result that she was mistaken for an enemy U-boat. All Italian commanders have been informed of the signals they must make and answer, and the neglect of the commander of the submarine to respond to the American boat's signal is the cause, in the official Italian view of the accident.

HILLQUIT ON SEDITION.

Charges Breaking Up of Corner Meetings Is Usurpation of Authority

Morris Hillquit, the Socialist candidate for Mayor, told 2,000 persons in Schuetzen Park, Astoria, last night that the usurpation of authority by city, State, and national officials in breaking up the alleged seditious meetings of the soapbox orators, "suppressing" newspapers, and "invading" homes of suspected aliens and pro-Germans had made the Constitution a "scrap of paper."

"My three opponents say they are the real patriots, and that they stand behind the President," he said. "I say I stand behind the Constitution, because the Constitution needs some one to stand behind it now. The breaking up of peaceful meetings, the invasion of homes, and the suppression of newspapers have reduced the Constitution to a mere scrap of paper.'"

The candidate criticised and ridiculed all of his opponents. He said that Bennett was a candidate with a party and no platform; Mitchel had a platform and no party, while Hylan had both party and platform, but was speechless. "I have party, platform, and I can talk," he added. He summed up the claims to patriotism made by his opponents and said that he himself was the true patriot because he had dedicated his best efforts to the betterment of the masses.

Frank A. Fieverman, Socialist candidate for Controller, and Edward Cassidy, candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, also spoke.

COMMISSION FOR NEWARK.

Old Form of Government Discontinued by Vote of Three to One.

Supporters of the commission form of municipal government in Newark yesterday outvoted opponents three to one in a special referendum election. The city will dispose of its old form of government by Mayor and Common Council on Nov. 19, when the five Commissioners elected at a special election on Nov. 13 take office. The vote was 19,069 for the commission form of government and 6,053 against it.

It is contended by representatives of the Newark Board of Trade that at least $100,000 a year will be saved. More than 160 city officials will be retired.

Olds-Foster Wedding on Saturday.

Miss Evelyn Foster, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pell W. Foster of 44 West Seventy-seventh Street, and Irving Sands Olds, will be married on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church. A small reception will follow at the home of the bride's parents.

Mr. Olds is a lawyer of this city, and his engagement to Miss Foster was announced recently. The wedding was to have taken place in November, but the date has been advanced, as the bride's brother, Lieutenant Pell W. Foster, Jr., U. S. A., has been ordered to France.

Miss Owen to Wed Rev. F. P. Mudge

Dr. Frederick Wooster Owen of Morristown, N. J., has announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Jane Graves Owen, to the Rev. Frederick P. Mudge of this city. Mr. Mudge was assistant pastor of the South Street Presbyterian Church in Morristown for several years, but is now assistant at the Old First Presbyterian Church, in lower Fifth Avenue.

$6,320,697 SPENT FOR RELIEF WORK

Rockefeller Foundation Report Covers Expenditures in All Branches for 1916.

HELP FOR WAR-STRICKEN

Education Board Pledges $1,000,000 Toward Development of Medical Education Centres.

The Rockefeller Foundation yesterday issued its annual report covering the year 1916. The principal subdivisions of the report are devoted to work of the International Health Board, the China Medical Board, and the War Relief Commission.

The expenditures of the Foundation and its subsidiary organizations for the year were $6,320,697.99, summarized as follows:

International Health Board	$505,900.99
China Medical Board	549,558.00
War relief	906,667.55
Investigation of industrial relations	5,048.27
Scientific studies of Government problems	50,000.00
Gifts and pledges to unaffiliated agencies for objects designated by the foundation	1,591,108.10
Gifts for objects designated by the founder in accordance with his letter of gift of March 6, 1914	2,535,846.13
Payment on account of special fund of Laura S. Rockefeller	3,000.00
Payments on account of special fund of John D. Rockefeller	1,850.00
Administration, equipment, library, &c.	101,718.47

The following items are included in the expenditures for war relief:

Armenian and Syrian relief	$490,000.00
Belgian relief	30,000.00
International Committee of Young Men's Christian Associations	295,000.00
Polish relief	25,531.32
Prisoners of war welfare work	378.00
Serbian relief	59,562.72
Turkish relief, American Red Cross	25,000.00
Other small contributions	6,377.00
Administration	34,818.51

The Foundation has, in co-operation with the General Education Board, turned its attention to the development of medical education in important centers of the country. In this field the Foundation and the General Education Board have pledged $1,000,000 each toward the development of a great centre of medical education in connection with the University of Chicago.

The Foundation has also established in co-operation with the authorities of Johns Hopkins University a School of Hygiene and Public Health, appropriating $267,000 to that end. The new institution opens this month, with Dr. William H. Welch as Director. It will provide instruction and research facilities in hygiene, sanitation, and preventive medicine for physicians, medical students, chemists, biologists, engineers, &c., and especially men who desire to fit themselves for a career in public health. There has been no such school in the United States.

The purpose of the China Medical Board is the development of scientific medicine and hygiene in China through medical schools, hospitals, and training schools for nurses. The year 1916 has shown signal progress in the building up of the board's medical schools in Peking and Shanghai with adequate personnel and equipment, in grants in aid to hospitals of various missionary organizations, the granting of fellowships to missionary physicians, and to Chinese physicians to give them the advantages of special study and in the translation into Chinese of medical books, including nursing textbooks.

General H. M. Chittenden Dies.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 9.—Brig. Gen. Hiram M. Chittenden, U. S. A., retired, died here today after a short illness in his fifty-ninth year.

Brig. Gen. Chittenden was born in New York State Oct. 25, 1858, and was appointed to the United States Military Academy at West Point in 1880. He was graduated in 1884 and appointed a Second Lieutenant in the Engineer Corps. In 1886 he was promoted to be First Lieutenant, Captain in 1895, Major in 1904, and Lieutenant Colonel in 1908. He had entered the Graduate School of Application after his graduation from West Point, and was admitted to the New York State bar. He conducted surveys and made topographical maps of Yellowstone and Yosemite National Parks.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. MELVIN SHELDON, a practicing physician and surgeon in Brooklyn and for some time connected with the Samaritan Hospital and the New York Medical Service, died at his Summer home in Churchtown, N. Y., on Monday from pneumonia. Dr. Sheldon was born in Churchtown fifty-one years ago and lived at 333 Eighth Street, Brooklyn. He was Treasurer of the Physicians' Economic League of Brooklyn.

JAMES S. HOLT, 39 years old, a patrolman acting as chauffeur for First Deputy Police Commissioner Godley, died in the Brooklyn Hospital yesterday from pneumonia. Mr. Holt served with the Fifth United States Infantry during the Spanish-American War.

Mrs. VINCENTINE S. BOOTH, widow of the Rev. John Booth, who was a pastor of the First Street M. E. Church in Brooklyn, died yesterday at her home in Sag Harbor, L. I., aged 89 years. Mrs. Booth was a daughter of the late Captain Vincent Tilyou, and had lived in Brooklyn nearly all her lifetime.

Mrs. MARY C. MILLER, widow of Colonel James Miller, died on Monday at her home, 21 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, in her eighty-eighth year. She had been a resident of Brooklyn for forty years, and was a member of the Spencer Memorial Presbyterian Church. Her husband was a Captain in the Mexican War and Colonel of the Eighty-first Pennsylvania Volunteers during the civil war. He was killed at the battle of Fair Oaks.

Mrs. ELIZABETH A. ROBERTS, widow of Griffith J. Roberts, who was a leading builder of the Greenpoint section, died on Monday at her home, 157 Kent Street, Brooklyn. She lived in that section for forty-five years.

HENRY PETRING, a retired cabinet maker and the last known survivor of the Seventh United States Cavalry detachment that went to the rescue of General Custer at the battle of Little Big Horn, is dead at his home, 195 Stockholm Street, Brooklyn, from pneumonia. He was 68 years old, and left a widow and a son, Charles Petring, a member of the Aviation Corps at Mineola, L. I.

HENRY ABNER GARTHWAITE, a retired hardware merchant, died at his home, 444 Sixth Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday, aged 70 years. Mr. Garthwaite was for years a deacon of Plymouth Church.

Mrs. MARGARET KEOGH, wife of Police Sergeant William P. Keogh, died on Monday at her home, 1,838 East Thirty-seventh Street, Brooklyn, in her thirty-sixth year.

Mrs. SUSAN HARPER MOSER CRANE, widow of Theodore A. Crane, formerly head of the shipbuilding firm of Theodore A. Crane's Sons Company in the Erie Basin section, died on Monday at her home, 295 Garfield Place, Brooklyn. Mrs. Crane was an active member of the Hanson Place M. E. Church, and for years had been a member of the Board of Managers of the M. E. Church Home for the Aged. She was 70 years old.

Mrs. KATIE GUNTHER, 54 years old, wife of Adam Gunther, a clothing manufacturer, died on Sunday at her home, 54 Troutman Street, Brooklyn.

SUMNER ROGERS, a civil war veteran and employed in Prospect Park almost from the time it was opened until his retirement four years ago, died on Sunday at his home, 407 Rogers Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 80 years.

ROBERT TROY, for thirty-five years in the employ of the American Steamship Company, died at his home, 53 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, on Monday. He was 72 years old.

RALPH FRIEDNER, President of the Brooklyn Reading and Novelty Company, is dead at his home, 1,319 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, aged 38 years. He was a native of London, England.

DANIEL WALSH, 39 years old, a teacher in Commercial High School, died on Monday at his home, 1,124 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

FREDERICK H. BRANSTATER, Town Bookkeeper in Bloomfield, N. J., was found dead in bed yesterday at his home, 94 Thomas Street. He was 56 years old.

ROBERT H. LARGE, Coal Traffic Manager of the Pennsylvania Railroad, died at a hospital in Philadelphia yesterday. He was 42 years old.

FRANCIS DAYTON CANFIELD, Jr., 55 years old, Managing Director of the Cuban-American Sugar Company and Vice President of the Fulton Iron Works, died early yesterday at his home, 354 Palisade Avenue, Yonkers.

SHERIDAN HOLMES, an actor who had been a member of many stock companies, died on Monday at the Seton Hospital in his fifty-fourth year.

THEODORE STARRETT DEAD.

Founder of Thompson-Starrett Co. Was Pioneer Builder of Skyscrapers.

Theodore Starrett, founder of the Thompson-Starrett Company, building contractors and a pioneer builder of skyscrapers, died yesterday at his home in Prospect Plain, N. Y., in his fifty-third year. Mr. Starrett was a native of Kansas, and as a boy went into the office of Burnham & Root, builders, of Chicago, and before he was 25 was handling contracts involving the expenditure of millions of dollars.

He was a member of a large family of contractors and builders. Major William A. Starrett, Chairman of the Committee on Building Construction of the Council of National Defense, under whose direction the national army cantonments are being built, is a brother, and another brother is Paul Starrett, President of the George A. Fuller Company. Other brothers are Goldwin Starrett of the firm of Starrett & Van Vleck, architects, and Ralph Starrett of Starrett & Goss, building contractors.

Mr. Starrett founded the Thompson-Starrett Company twenty years ago. He had been credited with being one of the foremost developers of the steel skyscraper type of construction and a leader in all lines of building. His first wife was Miss Belle Ostrander, whom he married in 1889, but from whom he was divorced at Reno, Nev., in December, 1910. In 1911 he married Miss Elsie Ayres, who was a stenographer in the offices of the building concern, and by whom he is survived, with two sons, Robert O. Starrett of Nevada City, Nev., and Sergeant Theodore Starrett, Jr., stationed at Fort Shelby.

JAMES M. LEOPOLD DEAD.

Banker, Who Was the Friend of Firemen, Dies After an Operation.

James M. Leopold, head of the banking firm of J. M. Leopold & Co., 7 Wall Street, died yesterday at Mount Sinai Hospital of pneumonia, following an operation on his throat. Mr. Leopold was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1862, and came to this city as a young man. His business career began with the banking firm of J. & W. Seligman. In 1885 he became a member of the New York Stock Exchange, and with his brother formed the firm of J. M. Leopold & Co.

Mr. Leopold was known as "Senior Buff" of the Fire Department, and was appointed honorary Fire Chief by Commissioner Robert Adamson in recognition of his work in the interest of firemen. He was President of the Firemen's Emergency Fund, from which firemen may borrow any amount from $10 to $100 for prescribed periods at 4 per cent. interest.

Mr. Leopold was interested in municipal affairs, and had been a member of nearly all the Mayor's committees for the reception of the foreign commissions which have visited this city since war was declared. He was also a member of several charitable organizations and of the Harmony, Criterion, and Century Clubs. His home was at 48 East Eightieth Street.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

AITCHISON—WALLACE.—Oct. 6, at the residence of the bride's parents, Goshen, N. Y., Helen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. V-D. Wallace, to William Melville Aitchison of Morristown, N. J.

HODGES—BATCHELDER.—On Saturday, Oct. 6, at the First Parish Church, Brookline, Mass., Rosamond, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John L. Batchelder, to John King Hodges of New York.

WADE—KUHNE.—On Tuesday, Oct. 9, at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, Gwendolyn, daughter of Percival Kuhne, to Frederick D. Wade of Austin, Texas.

Died.

BAUMANN.—On Sunday, Oct. 7, 1917, Susan, beloved wife of Charles Baumann. Funeral services on Wednesday evening, Oct. 10, 8 o'clock, at her late residence, 436 East 144th. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

BOOTH.—On Tuesday, Oct. 9, 1917, at Sag Harbor, N. Y., Vincentine S. Booth, wife of the late Rev. John Booth of the Methodist East Conference. Services at the chapel in Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M., Thursday, Oct. 11.

CANFIELD.—Suddenly, at his home, 354 Palisade Av., Yonkers, N. Y., on Monday, Oct. 8, 1917, Francis Dayton Canfield, Jr., in his 55th year. Funeral services at St. Paul's Church, Yonkers, Thursday morning at 9:30. Services and interment at St. James the Less, Schuylkill Falls, Penn., Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

CARDIFF.—On Tuesday, Oct. 9, at the French Hospital, Joseph A. F. Cardiff, husband of Ethel M. Cardiff, in his 35th year. Funeral from St. Bridget's Church, Montgomery St., Jersey City, Thursday, 10:30 A. M.

CRANE.—Suddenly, on Monday, Oct. 8, 1917, Susan H., widow of Theodore A. Crane, beloved mother of Alfred M., Walter D., Frank H., Wilbur H. Crane, Mrs. George W. McCready, Mrs. Owen N. Brown, Mrs. Alma C. Stern, and of the late Edward Crane. Funeral services will be held at her home, 295 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Oct. 10, 1917, at 5 P. M.

DAWSON.—Suddenly, at Arlington, N. J., Oct. 7, 1917, Herbert H. Dawson. Funeral private.

DE WOLF.—At Hotel Aspinwall, Lenox, Mass., Oct. 7, 1917, Mrs. Grace De Wolf. Funeral at convenience of family.

FORNES.—Charles J., suddenly at his home, Annadale, S. I., eldest son of Mary Ann and the late Anthony Fornes. Funeral services at St. Joseph's Church, Rossville, S. I., Wednesday, Oct. 10, at 10 A. M. Buffalo papers please copy.

GAVITTE.—Cortlandt Nicoll, aged 61, Oct. 9. Services at Frank E. Campbell's FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, 66th St., Thursday, Oct. 11, 8 P. M. Interment private.

GROSSMAN.—Edward A., on Oct. 7, in his 72d year. Funeral private. Boston papers please copy.

GUREASKO.—Jacob, 58 years, on Sunday, Oct. 7, 1917, at his late home, 73 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn. Interment Mount Hebron Cemetery. New Orleans and Frisco papers please copy.

HAMILTON.—Oct. 8, William H., beloved husband of Mary Elizabeth Johnson. Funeral from his late residence, 291 East 162d St., on Thursday, Oct. 11, at 9:30 A. M. Mass of requiem, Church of St. Peter and St. Paul, 159th St. and St. Ann's Av., at 10:30 A. M.

HEYN.—Monday, Oct. 8th, 1917, Magda Kaempffert Heyn, wife of Bernard G. Heyn. Services at residence, 315 West 98th St., at 10 A. M., Wednesday, Oct. 10. Interment private.

HOLMES.—Sheridan. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, (Campbell's,) Wednesday, 10 o'clock. Auspices Actors' Fund.

JENKINS.—Suddenly, at Tenafly, N. J., Monday, Oct. 8, 1917, Thomas W. Jenkins, in his 81st year. Funeral private.

LEOPOLD.—On Oct. 9, after a brief illness, James M. Leopold, beloved husband of Florence K. Leopold, in the 56th year of his age. Funeral from his late residence, 48 East 80th St., Thursday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Cincinnati and Chicago papers please copy.

LESSLER.—On Oct. 8, after a lingering illness, Annie Lessler, beloved wife of Sigmund Lessler and devoted mother of Montague Lessler, Hattie L. Sampter, Harry, Minnie, and William Lessler. Interment private.

LOCKWOOD.—Suddenly, on Oct. 9, Isabelle B., only daughter of the late Judge Albert and Eliza Lockwood. Services at Holy Faith Church, corner of 166th St. and Trinity Av., Thursday at 11 A. M.

LYON.—Irene Hutchings, on Oct. 8, 1917, beloved wife of Wesley A. Lyon. Funeral private.

McMULLAN.—Oct. 8, Mary Ann McMullan, native of County Antrim, Ireland. Funeral from Funeral Parlors of James E. McLarney & Son, Lexington Av. and 65th St., Friday, Oct. 12. Solemn requiem mass at St. Vincent Ferrer's Church at 10 o'clock.

MAYNARD.—Oct. 7, Laurence, age 51. Funeral chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Company, 161 8th Av., corner 18th St., Wednesday, 12 o'clock.

MILLER.—On Oct. 8, Mary C. Miller, widow of Colonel James Miller, 81st Penn. Vol., in her 88th year, at the residence of her son-in-law, Dr. Edward Chapin, 21 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn. Funeral private.

MILLS.—On Tuesday, Oct. 9, 1917, after a lingering illness, Katharine Elmer Mills, daughter of the late Alfred and Katharine Elmer Mills of Morristown, N. J. Funeral private.

NELSON.—On Oct. 5, Mamie Milledge Nelson, beloved wife of Captain Charles B. Nelson. Services, Church of the Holy Cross, West 42d St., Wednesday morning, 11 o'clock.

PRAGER.—On Tuesday, Oct. 9, at her residence, 200 Cathedral Parkway, Rose, widow of the late Adolph Prager and dearly beloved mother of Mrs. Edward R. Buhler. Services will be held at residence on Thursday, Oct. 11, at 10 A. M.

RIDGEWAY.—Mary, on Oct. 8, at her residence, 519 East 87th St., New York City.

ROBERTS.—On Monday, Oct. 8, 1917, Elizabeth A., widow of Griffith J. Roberts, and mother of Edgar G. and Gorden F. and Mrs. Howard C. Griffiths. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, 157 Kent St., Brooklyn, on Thursday evening, the 11th inst., at 8 o'clock.

JOHN M'BRIDE, LABOR LEADER, IS KILLED

Federal Mediator and ex-President of American Federation Struck by Runaway Horse.

GLOBE, Ariz., Oct. 9.—John McBride, Federal mediator and widely known labor leader, died here this afternoon from injuries received today when he was struck by a runaway horse. He was standing on a street corner when he was hit by the horse and knocked through a plateglass window. He received severe lacerations in the leg and suffered great loss of blood, an artery having been severed. He was 61 years old.

McBride, who was once President of the American Federation of Labor, accompanied the commission headed by Secretary Wilson from Phoenix to Globe. When the first strike of miners occurred last Spring at Jerome, McBride was named as conciliator and sent there. Following the settlement of that strike he was sent by Secretary Wilson to Utah and was brought from Utah to Globe to act as conciliator here.

He had been closely identified with every movement for the unification of mine workers of the United States which has occurred since 1875. He alone had survived the often hasty and unjust judgments of the miners, and possessed qualities which are not common among men who lead organized labor. A miner himself, with only the education which he had been able to gather through a varied experience, he possessed tact to an unusual degree.

He was born near a little mining village along the Ohio Canal not far from Massillon, Ohio, the son of a miner. John McBride went into the mines as a water carrier at the age of 8, and at 12 he was a full-fledged miner. His father was a delegate in the Tuscarawas Valley strike in 1872, representing one end of the valley, while John represented the other. He was elected President of the Miners' Protective Association in 1877, at the age of 23, and in 1882 he organized the Ohio Miners' Association. He was elected to the Ohio Legislature and served as Ohio Commissioner of Labor, and played a prominent part in the Hocking Valley coal strike in 1884.

McBride was elected President of the American Federation in 1894 and served one term, being the only person who had defeated Samuel Gompers.

HURRICANE WRECKS ISLAND.

Crops Destroyed and Ships Stranded at Cayman, Jamaica.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Oct. 9.—A hurricane swept Cayman Island, a dependency of Jamaica, last Thursday, devastating the place. Crops were destroyed and several vessels blown ashore.

An appeal for aid has been sent to the Governor of Jamaica.

Died.

SERVICES.—THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (F. E. Campbell's.) Congleton, Osborne, Tuesday, 8 P. M.
Kenny, John F., time later.
Otis, George W., lying in state.
Cardiff, Joseph, time later.

SHAW.—At the residence of his daughter, Mrs. C. E. Holtzman, 46 Cal

POSTPONEMENT OF WORLD'S SERIES GAME MAY PUT M'CARTY BACK IN THE GIANTS' LINEUP.

20,000 FANS WOULD HANG WEATHER MAN

That Many Stand and Sit for Hours at the Polo Grounds, Only to be Disappointed.

RAIN PREVENTS THIRD GAME

Only Scalpers and Giants Rejoice When the World's Series Battle is Postponed.

The third of the world's series games between the Giants and the Chicago Sox, which was to have been played at the Polo Grounds yesterday, was postponed at 12:45 by the National Commission, when the umpires, after inspecting the playing field, reported that it would be impossible to hold the game. As this was the first peek that New York fans would have had at the annual baseball classic, thousands who had planned for weeks to take the day off were bitterly disappointed. The Weather Bureau had predicted that the day would be fair, although colder, and thereby showed that it is about as good at picking the weather as the Giants are at winning games.

The postponement was an inspiration to the ticket speculators. Throngs of scalpers gathered at the Polo Grounds just before 1 o'clock, buying up all the rain checks in sight. They were offering $2.50 for the $1 bleacher checks and $2.50 for the $2 lower grand stand tickets. Many of the spectators who had stood in line for hours to get at the ticket windows were from outside the city and they were glad to get rid of their rain checks at this price rather than wait over for the game today.

In spite of the fact that the Giants lost the two games in Chicago and that the White Sox were a ruling 3 to 1 favorite on the series now, there were nearly 20,000 persons at the grounds at 1 o'clock, when Official Announcer Harry Saffir came out with his big megaphone and proclaimed to the multitude that the game was off.

Several hundred fans stood in line in Eighth Avenue all night long in the cold and rain. At 8 o'clock yesterday morning there were more than 1,000 waiting for the ticket offices to open. A number of women had joined the men in the line at that hour. As the gates were to have opened at 9 o'clock, the elevated and subway trains began to unload thousands of persons in Harlem at 8:30.

Umpires Against Opening Gates.

The National Commission was up earlier than usual. That is, they got up early in the morning and peeked out of the windows and saw the rain, so they hurried the four umpires, Klem and Rigler of the National League and Evans and O'Loughlin of the American League, up to Coogan's Bluff to look over the field. The umpires found the ground wet and soggy and advised against opening the gates at 9 o'clock. Then they got in touch with the Weather Bureau and received the information that the storm might blow over. On the basis of this expert information the gates were opened at 9:45, and at this time the crowds had increased to such proportions that the police under Inspector Ryan had their hands full keeping the crowd in check. As the early arrivals were many soldiers and sailors who had twenty-four hours' leave, just enough to see the first game, and as these men will have no chance to come again today, the speculators got after them immediately and made a big collection of rain checks. The rain has annulled all the efforts of the New York club officials to keep the popular priced tickets out of the hands of the speculators. The flood of rain checks makes it possible for the scalpers to get more of the bleacher and lower stand seats now than if there had been a mail-order sale. Many of the speculators had men and boys in line just as soon as they saw that the weather was bad.

The Giants were not sorry that the game was postponed. In fact, they seemed glad. Lew McCarty, McGraw's first catcher, who injured his right shoulder in Chicago on Sunday, had another day of rest, and some of the soreness has been massaged out of the throwing arm. McGraw has hopes that the shoulder will be sufficiently improved today for McCarty to get behind the bat again.

Giant Pitcher in Doubt.

While Sallee looks like the logical choice for slab duty, there seems to be a strong feeling among the New York players that Schupp will be back in form. As Schupp has been a home pitcher all season, it is believed that he can carry off a game if he gets the chance. McGraw still has Benton to try, and while he was a likely candidate yesterday it is not believed that McGraw will start him now. Sallee has had a three-day rest, and should be in just as good shape as he was in Chicago Saturday. The choice of pitcher will not be made, however, until the last minute, as Manager McGraw will not pick his man until he sees Sallee, Schupp, Benton, and Perritt warm up.

If it is dark and cloudy today and the game is played, it is a pretty sure guess that Manager Rowland will send in Reb Russell, his best left-hander, on account of the southpaw's great speed. Rowland can afford to gamble with his pitchers now that he has a two-game lead safely tucked away. If the Giants should pound Russell hard early in the game, it would give the White Sox a chance to trot out their great game reserver, Dave Danforth, who has pitched sensational ball all season as a relief man.

It is asserted that Danforth has been taught to throw the so-called "shine ball" by Cicotte, and that he has puzzled opposing clubs with the same kind of pitching that Cicotte uses. If this is the case, Rowland will send Cicotte back at the Giants, for the players are all confident that the Giants will not be able to beat the little knuckle ball pitcher in the series.

Kerney will play with even more confidence behind him than he did in Chicago, for Manager Rowland says that Cicotte is capable of pitching much better ball than he did when he beat the Giants in the opening game by the narrow score of 2 to 1.

When any one asked the Giants yesterday if they were disheartened over the shock they received in the first game, they just pointed back to the world's series of 1912 when the Boston Red Sox just nosed them out because of Snodgrass's muff. The Giants got away to even a worse start in 1912 than they did in this series, losing the opening game at the Polo Grounds to Joe Wood, while the second game in Boston resulted in a tie. The Giants lost three of the first five games in that series, and yet they showed great recuperative powers. They expect to be able to do the same thing in this series. And they have no Snodgrass to muff the ball in the final game.

Gift for Hank Gowdy.

Corporal Hank Gowdy, formerly catcher of the Boston Braves, and hero of the world's series of 1914, is here to see the series. Hank was the first member of the major leagues to enlist. Before the game today Hank will be called to the plate, and will be presented with a wrist watch, the gift of a few of his admirers.

The happiest player at the White Sox camp at the Ansonia is Happy Felsch, whose home run won the first game in Chicago. By this mighty blow Happy has come into many varieties of this world's goods. He has already received two Liberty bonds, a new suit of clothes, several dozen pairs of socks, some new shoes and neckties, and the latest token of esteem came yesterday from some admirer in the West. He received a block of stock in a new airplane concern. Happy has received dozens of letters praising him for his home run blow against the Giants.

Before today's game, Clark Griffith will send a number of ball players through the stands for contributions for his ball and bat fund for the soldiers in France.

The postponement has already badly disarranged the schedule. While the weather forecast for today promises clear and warmer weather, some of the oldest weather sharps say they would not be surprised if there was more rain. The baseball people are relying on the Weather Bureau to fulfill its promises. There has not been a world's series postponement since the 1911 series between the Giants and the Athletics, when a cold rain held the series up for four or five days. This untimely little sprinkle may develop into the same kind of a tie-up in the present series. The games will be played today and tomorrow if such a thing is possible. The umpires will be at the Polo Grounds early this morning to inspect the ground before the gates are opened. They will make their report to the National Commission, which will decide the question as soon as possible.

White Sox Now 3 to 1 Favorites.

The Woodland Bards, the crowd of 250 Comiskey rooters who are here with the White Sox, made things lively everywhere they visited yesterday and last night. The Chicago fans are now betting 3 to 1 that the Sox will take the series, and there is plenty of White Sox money to say that they will win the first game played here. The Chicago rooters, however, want even money on this bet, while New York fans figure they should get odds, as all the advantage is now with the Sox.

The ticket agencies and speculators did not get as many of the reserved seat and box seat tickets as they expected, and the few which were on sale on Monday night and yesterday morning brought big prices. One of the agencies sold about twenty-five sets of tickets, three each, face value $18, for from $90 to $60 a set. One agency stated that they had been able to get a field box for one of their patrons, who paid $350 for it. The regular price for the box for the three games was $75. The fact that the names of the buyers were printed on all the reserved seat tickets has tended to keep down speculation.

Outside the Polo Grounds yesterday morning there were two arrests of men who were trying to sell their places in the line. They were charged with disorderly conduct. These two were David Smith and Mrs. Bloom, and their arrest was made by Detective Beadle. They were arraigned before Magistrate Frothingham in the Washington Heights Court and fined $2 each on the charge of disorderly conduct. According to the detective, the two approached a number of men in the line on Eighth Avenue and told them that for a certain sum they could get them better places.

Probable Lineup Today.

GIANTS.	WHITE SOX.
Burns, lf	J. Collins, lf
Herzog, 2b	McMullin, 3b
Kauff, rf	E. Collins, 2b
Zimmerman, 3b	Jackson, rf
Fletcher, ss	Felsch, cf
Robertson, rf	Gandil, 1b
Holke, 1b	Weaver, ss
Rariden, c	Schalk, c
Sallee or	Russell or
Benton, p	Cicotte, p

Umpires—Klem and Rigler of the National League, O'Loughlin and Evans of the American League.
Weather—Probably rain.

12,000 TICKETS FOR SALE.

Fans Still Have Chance to See World's Series.

Excessive moisture sprinkled over New York yesterday not only prevented the first game of the world's series, but it stopped the unreserved seat sale almost in the middle and left 12,000 tickets to be sold this morning. When the gates were closed and the game called shortly before 1 o'clock yesterday 12,000 grandstand seats had been sold and 8,000 bleacher seats. The management of the Giants assert that there are 4,000 grandstand seats still to be sold for today's game and 8,000 bleacher seats. The grandstand seats cost $2 and the bleacher seats $1.

Fans who had nothing but a tightly clasped rain check to show for their long hours of dreary, wet, and cold waiting yesterday, must use the rain check today or when the first New York game is played. The rain check, unlike those issued during the season, will not be good for the second New York game. The gates will not be opened today until 10 o'clock. Giant officials advanced the hour, since only 12,000 of the 27,000 unreserved seats already are sold and the congestion will not necessarily be so great. The game will start at 2 o'clock, as scheduled originally, and there will be a band concert and solos by local artists.

FANS LOSE SLEEP VAINLY.

Wait in Line All Night at Chicago for Game in New York.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—There were in this city baseball fans, as many, may be, as a thousand, who neither knew nor cared to know that the scene of world championship baseball games had been transferred to New York. As a result of this indifference to a piece of news that was widely mentioned in the daily papers at the time, a line of baseball fans several blocks long drew up before the American League ball park during last night and when daylight broke was lounging on the sidewalk waiting for the sale of seats to open at 11 o'clock. All of the attaches of the ball park had gone to New York, and there was none left on the grounds to warn the weary waiters they had waited in vain.

This morning the line grew in length as 11 o'clock approached, and at that hour it was so long that a detail of police was sent out to inform the members that the game would be played in New York, and that there would not be any game anyway on account of rain.

CLEVELAND GAINS ON REDS.

Schneider's Wildness Helps Beat Cincinnati by 6 to 3.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 9.—Cleveland took the fifth game of the Ohio series from Cincinnati here today, 6 to 3, making the series score now stand Cincinnati three games to two for Cleveland. Schneider's wildness coupled with errors at critical moments, was largely responsible for the Cleveland victory.

Morton, who started for Cleveland, was relieved by Coveleskie, who proved effective. The sixth game will be played in Cleveland tomorrow.

The score:

CLEVELAND, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney, lf	4	1	1	3	1
Chapman, ss	2	2	0	1	4
Speaker, cf	4	2	1	1	0
Roth, rf	5	1	2	2	0
Harris, 1b	5	0	2	10	0
Evans, 3b	4	0	1	1	6
Turner, 2b	3	0	2	4	4
O'Neill, c	3	0	0	4	1
Morton, p	0	0	0	0	0
aE. Smith	0	0	0	0	0
Coveleskie, p	3	0	0	1	1
Total	33	6	9	27	17

CINCINNATI, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Groh, 3b	4	1	1	1	3
Kopf, ss	4	1	1	4	1
Roush, cf	4	0	3	0	0
Chase, 1b	4	1	1	9	1
Griffith, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Neale, lf	4	0	1	3	0
Shean, 2b	3	0	0	4	2
Wingo, c	4	0	1	5	3
Schneider, p	3	0	0	0	2
bMagee	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	3	9	27	12

a Batted for Morton in second.
b Batted for Schneider in ninth.
Errors—Chapman, Speaker, Shean, (2,) Wingo, Schneider.

Cleveland	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	—6
Cincinnati	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—3

Two-base hits—Turner, Speaker. Three-base hit—Groh. Stolen base—Roush. Sacrifice hit—Chapman. Left on bases—Cleveland, 8; Cincinnati, 6. First base on errors—Cleveland, 2; Cincinnati, 1. Base on balls—Off Schneider, 7. Hits and earned runs—Off Morton, 5 hits and 2 runs in 2 innings; Coveleskie, 4 and 1 in 7; Schneider, 9 and 4 in 9. Hit by pitcher—By Coveleskie, (Shean.) Struck out—By Morton, 1; Coveleskie, 2; Schneider, 5. Time—1 hour 50 minutes. Umpires—Harrison and Hildebrand.

Welling Defeats Duffy.

Joe Welling, a Chicago lightweight, easily defeated Jimmy Duffy of the West Side last night in a ten-round bout, which was the principal attraction at the Pioneer S. C. Duffy, although showing plenty of fighting courage and sturdiness under fire, was completely outclassed by the Chicagoan. Duffy made the contest interesting with his willingness to mix matters at every opportunity.

MAKES NEW RECORD IN SIX-HEAT RACE

Bacelli Trots to Fame at Lexington—Helen Chimes Also Takes Long Contest.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 9.—Four interesting races were decided at the Grand Circuit meeting here today, the 2.08 trot, won by Bacelli, being the most hotly contested on the card. It took six heats for Bacelli to win, but in so doing the world's record for a six-heat race, made last week by Ima Jay in the Transylvania, was broken.

The 2:06 pace also took six hard heats before Helen Chimes was proclaimed the winner. The $5,000 Dinner Stakes and $2,000 Cumberland were easy for Miss Bertha Dillon and little Frank D., respectively.

Because of the cold weather a small crowd was in attendance and the weather also forced the postponement until tomorrow of the attempts of The Real Lady and Miss Harris M. against their records.

The 2:08 trot came first on the card. The Veteran Ross B. won the first two heats in 2:05¼ and 2:05½, and then Murphy won a heat with Peter Chenault. Bacelli, after being away back in the first two heats, stepped up into second place in the third round and was close behind Peter Chenault. Bacelli then won the final three heats without being fully extended, the six heats constituting a new world's record for a six-heat race.

The 2:06 pace was bitterly fought, Young Todd taking the opening heat from Barlight in 2:05¼. The second went to Helen Chimes, an outsider in the betting, in 2:04¾, while Peter Nash came along to win the third in still faster time, 2:04½. Young Todd then took the fourth and seemed a certain winner, but Helen Chimes beat him back in the fifth, Peter Nash this time finishing second. In the final heat, in which there were only Helen Chimes and Young Todd, the mare won easily in 2:14¾, Cox leaving it to a brush in the stretch.

A. B. Coxe won his second of the sweepstakes for wealthy breeders, trotted here annually, when Miss Bertha Dillon won the $5,000 Dinner Stakes. His two-year-old, Nella Dillon, won the Breeders' Stake, valued at $6,000, for two-year-olds last Saturday.

Little Frank D. was a handy winner of the 2:06 Cumberland Event, The Savoy, from the Cox Stable, being the leading contender.

The summaries:

2:08 TROT.
Three in five; $1,000.

Bacelli, b. h., by Bingara, (White)	9	10	2	1	1	1
Ross B., b. h., Petronius, (Wright)	1	1	3	6	3	2
Peter Chenault, b. h., by Peter the Great, (Murphy)	7	6	1	2	2	ro.
Lettie Lee, b. m., (McCarr)	3	2	7	10	4	ro.
Harry J. S., blk. h., (Tyson)	2	4	9	11		ro.
Brescia, br. m., (Rodney)	6	3	4	3		ro.
Binville, blk. h., (Tipling)	4	5	5	8		ro.
Charley Rex, br. g., (Hatch)	12	8	8	4		ro.
Daisy Todd, b. m., (McDonald)	8	9	6	5		ro.
Spriggan, b. g., (Thomas)	5	7	10	7		ro.
Straight Sail, b. m., (Valentine)	10	11	11	9		ro.
Miss Woodbine, b. m., (Fitzgerald-Edman)	11	12	dis.			

Time—2:05½; 2:05¾; 2:06¼; 2:07; 2:06¾; 2:10¼.

2:06 PACE.

Best three in five heats. Purse $1,000.

Helen Chimes, br. m., by The Magnet, (Owen)	5	1	3	4	1
Young Todd, b. g., by Director Todd, (Cox)	1	5	2	1	3
Peter Nash, ch. h., by Peter the Great, (Russell)	3	3	1	2	4
Barlight, br. g., (Mann)	2	2	4	3	2
Colonel Armstrong, blk. h., (Edman)	4	4	5	dr.	

Time—2:05½; 2:04¾; 2:04½; 2:08¼; 2:06¼; 2:14¾.

THE DINNER STAKES—THREE-YEAR-OLD TROTTERS.

Best two in three heats. Purse $5,000.

Miss Bertha Dillon, ch. f., by Dillon Axworthy, (Serrill)	1	1			
Harvest Gale, b. f., by The Harvester, (Cox)	2	2			
Tacita, ch. f., by Atlantic Express, (Fleming)	3	3			

Time—2:07¼; 2:06¾.

THE CUMBERLAND, 2:05 PACE.

Best two in three heats. Purse $2,000.

Little Frank D., b. g., by Little Frank, (Valentine)	1	1			
The Savoy, blk. g., (Cox)	2	2			
Peter Pointer, blk. h., (Snow)	3	3			
Joe Guy, ch. h., (Gray)	5	4			
Hal B., Jr., br. h., (Richardson)	4	5			
Thomas Earl, b. h., (Marvin)	6	6			

Time—2:04¾; 2:05¾.

PIPING ROCK RACES.

Three Steeplechases to be Decided Over the Locust Valley Course.

The race meet of the Piping Rock Association, which opened on Saturday, will be concluded this afternoon with the running off of the second day's program at the Locust Valley course. As at the regular tracks, this amateur association will hold its meeting, rain or shine, and the promise of good sport is sure to attract a large crowd to the most picturesque racetrack in the country.

Ten of the most prominent owners of steeplechasers have made nominations for the Piping Rock Subscription Steeplechase, which will be held over the trying course of three miles. Each subscriber has named two horses, but the actual contestant must be named at least forty-five minutes before the time set for the race. As usual, Edward M. Weld's Weldship is asked to carry top weight, with the Greentree Stable's Cherry Malotte next on the list. There are two other steeplechases on the card, and three races on the flat, including one for two-year-olds that has received the entries of fifteen high-class youngsters.

The entries:

FIRST RACE.—Brass Cup; handicap; three-year-olds and upward; one and one-quarter miles. Pebeto, 153 pounds; Garbage, 140; Brooks, 138; Tener, 128; Tetan, 128, and Marchana, 128.

SECOND RACE.—Northwood Plate; steeplechase; three-year-olds; about two miles. Sir Richard, 132 pounds; Brand, 132; Commodore Gaunt, 132; Town Hall, 142; Onunda, 132; odrama, 135, and Rural, 132.

THIRD RACE.—Selling; steeplechase; four-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Grey Leg, 141 pounds; No News, 134; Pea o' My Heart, 138; Eagle Thistle, 141; Dolly Madison, 139; Old Salt, 141, and Racebrook, 141.

FOURTH RACE.—The Piping Rock Subscription Steeplechase; about three miles. Weldship, 162 pounds; St. Charicote, 158; Northwood, 138; Bill Dudley, 136; Reliance, 130; Belle of Bryn Mawr, 146; Pigeonsthorpe, 132; Martian, 147; Beau Broadway, 136; Archdale, 134; Syosset, 137; Cherry Malotte, 152; Maitre Corbeau, 140; Skibbereen, 140; Bet, 145; Neville 2d, 136; Captain Parr, 130; Robert Oliver, 139, and West Meath, 132.

FIFTH RACE.—Dosoris Plate; two-year-olds; six furlongs. Winning Card, 104 pounds; Nutcracker, 110; Portia, 104; Gaine Cock, 110; Diamond Jim, 107; Clarissa, 104; Perigourdine, 104; Nepperhan, 110; Kokohl, 104; Discoride, 107; Phalerian, 107; Trite, 115; Genone, 104; Midnight Sun, 115, and Manuella, 104.

SIXTH RACE.—North Shore Plate; handicap; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Rhine Maiden, 145 pounds; The Decision, 130; Neville 2d, 126; Jean McNeil, 110; Thorn Bloom, 125; Razzano, 128; Huntress, 127; Jack Mount, 118; Pollyanna, 125; Mr. Specs, 122; Marchena, 124; Quel Bonheur, 124; Spearman, 119; Leoneidia, 110, and Buckboard, 139.

WORLD SERIES.

New York vs. Chicago White Sox.
Wednesday and Thursday, gates open between 9 and 10 o'clock. No tickets sold at the Speedway entrance. Admission, bleachers, $1; lower grand stand, $2.—Advt.

MATCH RACE IS PUT OFF.

Track Unfit for Meeting of Omar Khayyam and Hourless.

LAUREL, Md., Oct. 9.—At a conference this afternoon, in which the representatives of August Belmont, Wilfrid Viau, and the Laurel track took part, it was decided to postpone the special race between Omar Khayyam and Hourless until Thursday, Oct. 18. The conditions for the contest contained a clause that the race should be run on a fair day and fast track. This would be impossible on Thursday next, the original date set. It has been raining here all today, and the track was so muddy this afternoon that there is no chance of its drying out sufficiently to satisfy Trainer Hildreth, who insisted on a fast track.

At present both of these great three-year-olds are ready for the contest that will add at least $10,000 to the Red Cross Fund. Hourless has gained many friends by the manner in which he has galloped. His first real speed test here was last Friday, when he galloped a mile in 1:38 4-5, which is faster than any horse has traveled in any of the races held here this Fall. On Monday the Belmont candidate had his final prep, and though no effort was made to work him fast, he negotiated the mile and a quarter, the distance of the coming race, in 2:09 1-5. He went at an even pace throughout, covering the three-quarters in 1:15 and the mile in 1:42.

Since the arrival of Omar Khayyam reports have been circulated of his having gone back. The Viau champion proved this was not true when he delighted his admirers by galloping a mile and a quarter in 2:06 4-5 on Monday without turning a hair. Like Hourless, Omar traveled the first three-quarters in 1:15, but began to hit up the pace then. He turned the mile in 1:41, the mile and a furlong in 1:53 1-5, and finished with a lot in hand.

Sportsmen all over the country are taking great interest in the coming struggle, which, in case Omar Khayyam wins again, will effectually settle the question of three-year-old supremacy.

Mr. and Mrs. Viau have arrived in Maryland already. Mr. Belmont wired Colonel Matt Winn, the manager of Laurel Park, today that he and Mrs. Belmont would want a box, and that his son Raymond, now a Lieutenant in the new national army, and his wife would accompany them from New York. John Sanford arrived yesterday, and Richard T. Wilson, H. K. Knapp, Andrew Miller, A. K. Macomber, Joseph E. Widener, George D. Widener, Samuel D. Riddle, and every other man of prominence in Eastern racing who can get away from business is coming.

WILL RACE AT 1,000 YARDS.

Fleet Middle-Distance Men to Meet at Celtic Park Sunday.

Local athletic enthusiasts are promised an interesting 1,000 yards race as one of the closing events of the season, which will bring together Mike Devaney of the Millrose A. A., national half-mile champion; Eddie Frick, New York A. C., senior metropolitan title holder; Willie Gordon, also of the Winged Foot Club, and other capable middle-distance runners of the metropolitan district. The event will be run in conjunction with the annual track and field sports of the Irish Federation of the U. S. A., at Celtic Park, next Sunday. It was originally planned to have Johnny Overton, the Yale star, compete against the local talent, but Overton has been unable to secure a furlough.

In an all-around weight contest on the same day Pat McDonald and Matt McGrath, Olympic champions with the shot and weight, respectively, and Pat Ryan, champion and record holder with the sixteen-pound hammer, will be competitors.

HARVARD CREWS ON RIVER.

Five 'Varsity Eights Rowing Over Course Daily.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 9.—Five Harvard 'Varsity crews are rowing on the Charles daily, along with a similar number of freshman boats. Coach Bill Haines, whose contract as Coach Herrick's assistant ran out last Summer, has not been re-engaged for the season, but has consented to take charge until Fall rowing has been completed.

The Harvard Rowing Committee, of which Coach Herrick is head, is against 'Varsity competition this Fall and was none too favorably impressed with the idea of any organized undergraduate rowing. If the present interest continues a regatta will be held late this month.

The 'Varsity order at present is: Stroke, Hurd; 7, Cabot; 6, Batchelder; 5, Parkman; 4, Canfield; 3, Withington; 2, Mellen; bow, Hall; cox., Eustis.

Parkman is captain of the eight and rowed at the same position on his freshman crew two years ago. Withington and Mellen were members of the first freshman eight last year.

The freshman eight as it is now rowing follows: Stroke, Borland; 7, Wadsworth; 6, Denton; 5, Pond; 4, Sutton; 3, Davis; 2, Cutler; bow, Houghton; cox., McVey.

CHAMPION HORSE COMING.

Mrs. Combs Expects to Show Easter Cloud at National Exhibit.

There is a probability that New Yorkers will have a chance to see the champion saddle horse of the world at the National Horse Show, to be held at Madison Square Garden during the middle of next month. If Easter Cloud remains in good condition his owner, Mrs. Louia Long Combs, intends to send him here to win the honors of the five gaited saddle class, in which case his chief Eastern competitor will be Johnny Jones, owned by Myer H. Oppenheim of this city.

Easter Cloud is, by reason of his victory at the Louisville show, the most valuable saddle horse in America. After winning in the class for saddle horse stallions he won the $10,000 championship, defeating the eleven competitors which had been selected by the elimination process, only the four stallions, geldings and mares placed in the class competitions being eligible for the highest honors and the most valuable prize ever offered for saddle horse competition in the world, as far as can be ascertained. Mrs. Combs had two other saddle mares in the competition, Maurine Fisher and La France, they having been placed first and fourth in the division for mares in the preliminary classes, and it is said she has spent more money than any other exhibitor at horse shows in achieving this, the crowning achievement of her career in the horse show ring.

Mrs. Combs has been a frequent exhibitor in the Madison Square Garden shows, and drove several of her own horses in competition against Judge Moore at the last show there, in which she defeated that veteran at the game in some of the harness classes, driving them under her maiden name of Miss Louia Long. Mrs. Combs breaks and trains her own horses at her ranch just outside Kansas City, Mo., where she has a model breeding farm of several hundred acres under her immediate supervision, with a half-mile training track. She is equally at home in the saddle or handling the reins, in which respect she is unique, save for Miss Constance Vauclain of Philadelphia, an equally enthusiastic horsewoman.

SMALL PROFITS AT ST. LOUIS

Cardinals Get Less Than $100 Each for Beating Browns.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 9.—The St. Louis National winners of the St. Louis city series, will divide $2,361—less than $100 to a player. The St. Louis Americans will divide $1,574. The total receipts for the seven games played on five days were $7,567, of this $756 goes to the National Commission and $2,876 is divided among stockholders of the two clubs.

REGISTER TODAY.

This is registration week. Today, Thursday, and Friday the polls will be open from 5:30 P. M. until 10:30 P. M. On Saturday the polls will be open from 7 A. M. until 10:30 P. M. If you do not register you cannot vote.

PICKWICK IN FRONT IN LAUREL FEATURE

Rainy Weather and Sloppy Track Result in Many Upsets at Maryland Track.

LAUREL, Md., Oct. 9.—The Carrolton Handicap for three-year-olds, which promised to be one of the best events of the present race meet, was deprived of considerable interest because of the condition of the track. Westy Hogan was asked to concede weight to fifteen others, but the speedy sprinter was withdrawn, together with so many others that only half a dozen went to the post. Favoritism was divided between A. K. Macomber's Stargazer and W. S. Kilmer's Tom McTaggart, but though the latter ran a good race he was unable to defeat J. E. Widener's Pickwick, which showed at his best on the sloppy track, and in the hands of Keogh won with a little to spare. Stargazer was unsulted by the going, and finished fourth.

There were more surprises during the afternoon. J. K. L. Ross provided one when his Rock Sand colt, Damrosch, with Butwell in the saddle, got home in front of Daddy's Choice and Hauberk in the Joffre Handicap at a mile and a sixteenth. The last named was supposed to be at home in the mud and was well supported, but in the stretch drive Louder, who rode him, could not hold his own with Butwell and Keogh. M. Rowan, who has been a shining light since racing began here, brought home the longest priced winner of the day when he landed T. Smith's Glory Belle in front of G. C. Walsh's Napoleon in the sixth race. There was a big field of selling platers for this event, and Rowan managed to keep Glory Belle out of trouble and won with a little to spare. Glory Belle paid better than 20 to 1.

The steeplechase resulted in another upset, J. W. Dayton's Otto Floto fencing cleanly and beating H. G. Bedwell's Welsh King in the final drive.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling, purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:09 4-5.

Sixteen to One, A. Simons's ch. g.,	112
Risponde, T. W. O'Brien's ch. f.,	103
Marta Santa-Goodness,	$4.50 and $3.20, (L. Ensor)
Miss Sweep, J. S. Tyree's b. f.,	99
Sweep-St. Charlotte,	$4.20, third, (A. Puckett)
Moosehead, Ali Bright, Irish Idol, Herder, and Ultra Gold also ran. Scabbard, Heather Belle, King of the Wind, Tumble In, Confiscation, and Hope scratched.	

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase, selling, for four-year-olds and upward, purse $800; about two miles. Time—4:55.

Otto Floto, J. W. Dayton's br. g., 6 years,	139 pounds, by St. Savin-Divonne, $28.20, $8.30, and $5, (H. Williams)
Welsh King, H. G. Bedwell's ch. g., 5,	140, by Bryn Mawr-Hanover Queen, $5.70 and $3.50, (L. Barrett)
High Flyer, C. W. Otwell's b. g., 6,	148, by Hastings-Hautesse II., $9, third, (J. Clark)

Rhomb, Garter, New Haven, Ballybay, Mo, Bamboo, and Zellwood also ran. March Court, Old Sed, and Fair Play scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For all ages; selling handicap; purse $700; six furlongs. Time—1:15.

Puliux, E. G. Soule, b. g., 5 years,	112 pounds, by Auroomer-Helen O'C., $4.80, $3.20, and $2.80, (T. Parrington)
Emden, F. W. Dorsting's b. g., 4,	104, by Broomstick-Miss Hamburg, $8.30, $5.10, (A. Collins)
Harvest King, Emil Herz's ch. c., 3,	100, by Sea King-Mum, $5, third, (F. Keogh)

Buck Shot, Back Bay, Between Us, Greetings, Kama, and Felicidad also ran. Serenet, Gloaming, Bond, Tarquin, and Sixteen to One scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—The Carrolton Handicap, for three-year-olds; $1,500 added; six furlongs. Time—1:14 2-5.

Pickwick, J. E. Widener's b. g., 3 years,	116 pounds, by Garry Herrmann-Zoola, $9.60, $5.40, and $3.50, (F. Keogh)
Tom McTaggart, W. S. Kilmer's b. c.,	119 pounds, by Chuctenunda-Toplash, $3.50 $2.60, (A. Shuttinger)
Highland Lad, W. K. Burttschell's br. c.,	3, 106, by Dick Welles-Bessie Spahr, $4.90, third, (L. Lyke)
Stargazer, Priscilla Miller, and Bachelor's Bliss also ran. Westy Hogan, Corn Tassel, Julialeon, Marie Miller, May W., Milkman, Manister Toi, Walnut Hall, Mida, and Tyrant scratched.	

FIFTH RACE.—Joffre Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, $800 added; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:49.

Damrosch, J. K. L. Ross's br. c., 4 years,	114 pounds, by Rock Sand-Dissembler, $17.50, $6.10, and $3.10, (J. Butwell)
Daddy's Choice, Emil Herz's b. c., 4,	118, by Trap Rock-Earth, $5.90 and $2.80, (F. Keogh)
Hauberk, J. F. Sweeney's b. g., 5,	116, by Martinet-Druid, $2.50 third, (P. Louder)

Courtship, Judge Wingfield, and Shooting Star also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:50.

Glory Belle, T. Smith's ch. f., 3 years,	98 pounds, by Glorifier-Cora Belle, $43.40, $11.30, and $8.80, (M. Rowan)
Napoleon, G. C. Walsh's ch. c., 3,	101, by Glorifier-Sallie Washington, $3.60 and $2.80, (L. McAtee)
Hesse, E. Seltas's b. f., 3,	105, by Hessian-Flora Bassett, $4 third, (A. Shuttinger)

Colors, Front Royal, Tactless, Broom Corn, Supreme, and Galway Joe Finn, Stellarina, Petlar, Mary Warren, Ed. Weiss, Beau of Menlo, and Rakeoff scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $700; one mile and a furlong. Time—1:58.

Charles Francis, Brighton Stable's b. g.,	5 years, 116 pounds, by Cunard-Mamie G., $4.90, $4.30, and $3.80, (M. Buxton)
Bricklayer, G. C. Walsh's b. g.,	6, 104, by Ort Wells-The Scold, 7.30 and $5.50, (L. Ensor)
Dartworth, C. N. Freeman's ch. g.,	9, 107, by Stalwart-Domino Noire, $5.50 third, (L. Lyke)
Malheur, Scorpii, G. M. Miller, and Minds also ran. Sam Slick and Goodwood scratched.	

Weather rainy; track sloppy.

LAUREL ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—The Rose purse; for two-year-old maiden fillies; five and a half furlongs. Flapper, 112 pounds; Louise V., 112; Queen Blonde, 112; Beaupre, 112; Payment, 112; Kate Glenn, 112; Lindsey, 112; Bandana III., 112; Calais, 112; Thamar, 112; Sallie Waters, 112; Miss Peep, 112; Feu D'Artifice, 112; Highest Appeal, 112.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile. Phil Ungar, 114 pounds; Early Sight, 112; Hidden Star, 109; Loneland, 106; *Reprobate, 103; *May W., 98; Tinkle Bell, 112; Mr. Mack, 112; Souvenir, 109; *Royal Interest, 109; *January, 101; Budweiser, 112; Cuddle Up, 111; Flare, 106; *Burglar, 107; *Blue Fox, 98.

THIRD RACE.—The Eclipse; handicap; for all ages; six furlongs. Tea Caddy, 117 pounds; Tippity Witchet, 103; Corn Tassel, 17; Marie Miller, 102; 133 Cudihee, 112.

FOURTH RACE.—The Blue Point Stakes; $1,500 added; two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Cavan Boy, 116 pounds; Louise V., 106; Stella Mia, 103; *Onico, 96; C. A. Comiskey, 106; Fan Tan, 106; Lady Longfellow, 105; *Golden Glow, 96; Miss Bryn, 106; Annchen, 105; *George W. Avery, 101; *Comsora, 95.

FIFTH RACE. The Hampton Roads Purse; three-year-olds and upward; one mile. †King Neptune, 110 pounds; Ed Roche, 105; Waukeag, 102; Righ, 95; *Celto, 103; Gloomy Gus, 102; Manister Toi, 102; Firing Line, 106; The Belgian II., 102; Mida, 90; *J. S. Tyree entry.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling handicap; one mile and a sixteenth. Monomy, 112 pounds; Lottery, 109; Libya Sands, 114; Lazy Lou, 109; Dan, 111; Kilis, 106

OFFICERS APPROVE O'RYAN'S CHANGES

War Department's Telegram Explains Why 27th Division Is Reorganized.

PROMISES SERVICE ABROAD

General Pershing and British and French Missions Suggested the Step Taken.

Special to The New York Times.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., Oct. 9.—The general feeling among the officers of the Twenty-seventh Division today when they learned of the transfers made by the reorganization order was that Major Gen. O'Ryan's selections were made carefully and in the best interest of the service. There was not a single word of complaint; in fact, even the officers picked to remain here and train troops were contented, for a War Department telegram explaining the reorganization assured every officer and nearly every man "an opportunity for service in France."

The department's mention of "these divisions which have been designated to go to France at an early date" stirred the 30,000 soldiers of Camp Wadsworth to a high pitch of patriotic enthusiasm. The telegram follows:

"At the time war was declared the organization of our army was based on the idea of manoeuvre warfare, such as we would ordinarily have in this country. The French and British missions and General Pershing agree that a radically different organization is necessary for more efficient service in such trench warfare as in Europe at present. European war methods, influencing our organization, were not fully developed even up to the time we entered the war. The question of reorganizing the army was a serious one, and was not determined upon until it was shown to be absolutely necessary under the special conditions that now confront us.

Problems of Reorganization.

"Having decided to reorganize, the best methods of doing it became a serious problem. Inasmuch as it was realized that if the new divisions were to contain the trained officers and men of the old, a readjustment of the duties of many officers and some of the organizations would be necessary. The strength of the new divisions in officers and men does not differ materially from the old, but the number and kinds of organizations are different. For example, the old division had nine regiments of infantry, while the new has only four, but the new regiment has almost twice the strength of the old in officers and men. There are three machine-gun battalions and a trench mortar battery in the new division. These are new organizations which do not appear in the old.

"The National Guard divisions have varied in the composition of their units, no two being exactly the same; most have had an excess of infantry and a shortage of artillery. In the reorganization some of the regiments have been converted into other units—for example, infantry regiments into artillery regiments, infantry regiments into machine gun battalions; in some cases two regiments have been converted into one, while others are surplus and maintain their organizations virtually complete in officers, with a few enlisted men.

"It is regretted, of course, that it has been necessary to break up any of the National Guard regiments, but there was no other way if the officers and men belonging to them were to become a part of the new division. And if these divisions which have been designated to go to France at an early date are to be composed of trained officers and men, the necessity for breaking up some of the regiments to obtain them becomes apparent.

"As a result of the reorganization some of the officers, particularly in the higher grades, have become surplus, but there will be plenty of places for them. It is not the intention to demote or discharge any of them, but to give all commands or duties commensurate with their rank, in the division of which their former organizations were a part, so that when their divisions go to France they will go with them as a part of them. Until their divisions go to France they will be attached to organizations or assigned to appropriate duties by the War Department or division commanders. Neither is it the intention that non-commissioned officers will be demoted or reduced, but all will be given duties appropriate to their grades.

Army and Corps Troops.

"In the formation of any army a great many more troops are required than are incorporated in the divisions. These are known as army and corps troops. It is planned that the National Guard shall furnish its share of the army and corps troops. It is the intention to keep intact those regiments which are virtually complete in officers and have a skeleton of enlisted men filled out by recruits. The regiments will then be fitted for army and corps troops.

"While regiments that are utilized for this purpose do not form a part of the divisional organizations, they will be assigned, when used as corps troops, to the corps of which their old division is a part.

"Regiments assigned to army troops naturally must be independent of other organizations, but they will have the advantage of keeping intact and maintaining and transmitting their names and traditions."

The regiments referred to, which will retain their present names, are the Seventy-first, Colonel William G. Bates; the Twelfth, Colonel Reginald L. Foster; the Fourteenth, Lieut. Col. J. R. Howlett; the First, Colonel James S. Boyd, and the Seventy-fourth. These regiments will retain an average of 200 men each and a varying number of officers.

"The subject of providing trained officers and men to replace losses at the front is a very important one," the War Department statement continues. "Our new scheme of organization provides a number of training battalions combined into depot brigades for the replacement of all losses. A certain number of officers will be required at these depots for training purposes. At first it is the intention to assign officers to these duties whose experience and ability fit them for the training of others, and later to send them to the front, their places in the training depot centers taken by officers who have had service at the front. Many of the latter will be officers who have been invalided home and incapacitated for duty at the front, but whose services can be made good use of at the training depots.

For Training at Depots.

"It is desirable and may be found practical to send some of the officers who are to go to the depot brigades in the beginning to the front for a few weeks' observation and experience in order that they may be able to more efficiently supervise the training at the depots. All military men appreciate the necessity for having training units for replacing losses. As a matter of course the National Guard divisions must furnish officers and men for this purpose; but as indicated above, details to this duty will not be permanent. All will have an opportunity for service in France."

To fill up the ranks of the Seventy-first and the other regiments selected as replacement troops, drafted men from the Yaphank cantonment will be sent here. The first batch of 4,000 men picked already on their preliminary work at Camp Upton is reported as due to report here soon. All selected men to be assigned to the Twenty-seventh will come from Camps Upton and Dix, so that division at all times will be composed wholly of New Yorkers.

No reserve officers now on duty at Dix or Upton will accompany the men. The 250 reserve officers who are already here, and who were the "cream" of Plattsburg and Madison Barracks, will be appointed in their present rank to the replacement regiments.

Second Lieut. Matson, who was wounded at dawn yesterday in a liquor raid, today was notified of his promotion to First Lieutenant. His condition was reported as "decidedly favorable." Though he was mighty proud of his promotion, Matson's greatest delight was occasioned by a remark of his superior, Major T. Harry Shanton. "No matter how long the division fights or where, you'll always have the honor of having been the first man wounded in action," the Major told him at the hospital this afternoon.

Plans for the great Liberty Loan campaign at the camp were pushed today, and Captain H. O. Young, O. R. C., was appointed to take care of the publicity. A big parade through Spartanburg is one of the features scheduled. It is expected that Secretary McAdoo and other notables will address the soldiers.

PROVES INNOCENCE AT COST OF $50,000

Alexander P. Macauley Vindicated on Charge That He Committed Many Forgeries.

NOT "CHRISTMAS KEOUGH"

Mistaken Identity Admitted by District Attorney's Office After Many Merchants Accused Him.

After spending more than $50,000 to prove that he was not the notorious swindler known to the police all over the country as "Christmas Keough," Alexander P. Macauley, a mining expert of Ontario, Canada, under indictment for forgery since last January, obtained a complete vindication yesterday when Assistant District Attorney Kilroe admitted that Macauley had been a victim of an "extraordinary case of mistaken identity." Mr. Kilroe made this admission to Judge McIntyre in General Sessions, who promptly dismissed the indictment against Macauley with an expression of regret that the defendant should have been caused so much needless humiliation.

Mr. Macauley was arrested in St. Louis on Dec. 23, 1916, after detectives had become convinced that he was the "Christmas Keough," who for several years had been swindling merchants in St. Louis, Chicago, and New York out of considerable sums of money by purchasing merchandise with checks forged on the Dominion Bank at Toronto. During the early stages of his career this particular swindler had signed the checks with the name of "Lawrence Keough." His practice was to put his checks into circulation, usually on the Saturday before Christmas, which would give him at least two or three days during the holiday rush in which to make his escape before his forgeries could be discovered.

Keough concealed his tracks after each exploit and then remained under cover until the following Christmas, when he resumed operations. Last year he came to New York on Dec. 23 and made a tour of a half dozen jewelry and clothing stores, in each of which he obtained goods with checks on the Canadian Bank. This time, however, he signed himself "G. H. Meighan" and pretended to be a mining engineer with offices in the Dominion Bank Building at Toronto, Canada.

Before his forgeries were discovered he disappeared.

Detectives who were put on his trail learned that similar checks had been passed in St. Louis on Dec. 22. The St. Louis police inspected the registers of the hotels in St. Louis, and as Mr. Macauley was the only person whom thye could find registered from Toronto they arrested him. He was stopping there at the time with his family. On being examined by the local police authorities Mr. Macauley proved to their satisfaction that he was not the man they were after. The detectives, however, insisted upon taking him to New York, where he was immediately identified by at least six clothing and jewelry merchants as being the man who had passed forged checks under the name of Meighan. His indictment followed soon after.

Retaining George Gordon Battle as his attorney, Mr. Macauley began a fight to clear his name. According to Mr. Battle, that fight cost him more than $50,000. It was apparent from the start that some one who looked very much like him, actually his double, was perpetrating the Christmas Keough swindles. Mr. Macauley employed detectives to run the swindler down. He had no success until April last, when he was informed that bad checks on the same Toronto bank had been passed on storekeepers in Chicago. These checks were signed by "J. H. Paget."

The Chicago storekeepers were brought to New York, and they all agreed that Macauley was not the man who had passed the checks. In the meanwhile District Attorney Swann had received many letters from persons of prominence in Canada, among them members of the Parliament, who vouched for Macauley's good character. Mr. Swann thereupon appointed Mr. Kilroe to make a thorough investigation into the case. As the result of his inquiry, which included the examination of more than fifty witnesses in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis, Mr. Kilroe arrived at the conclusion yesterday that Mr. Macauley was not the guilty man.

Mr. Kilroe's investigation showed that Macauley had arrived in St. Louis directly from Toronto on Dec. 23. This was the very day "Christmas Keough" passed his checks in New York. One complainant from Brook Bros., tailors, identified Mr. Macauley as the man who had purchased a suit of clothes there, size 43, in exchange for a forged check. Accompanied by Mr. Kilroe and Mr. Battle, Mr. Macauley visited the Brooks Bros. store and tried on a number of size 43 suits. Every one of them was far too large.

"The New York shopkeepers who so positively identified Mr. Macauley," said Mr. Kilroe yesterday, "were honestly mistaken. All that we can do is to tender our deep regret and our sincere sympathy to Mr. Macauley for the humiliation that this mistake has caused him."

GARY INQUIRY BEGINS.

Bronx Grand Jury Witness Says System Endangers Children's Health

The Bronx County Grand Jury yesterday began an inquiry into school conditions in the Bronx and particularly into the Gary school system which has been installed in a number of the Bronx schools. Max F. Wolff, Chairman of the Education Committee of the Bronx Chamber of Commerce and also head of the Legislative Committee of the Public School Neighborhood Association, was the only witness before the Grand Jury yesterday. He submitted records, the results of three years of investigation into school conditions in New York. The inquiry will be resumed next Tuesday.

Mr. Wolff charged that the Gary system is an obstacle to the Americanization of foreign-born children and that it endangers the health of the children because they have to walk up and down stairs many times a day. He declared that the breakdown of the educational system in the Bronx is complete, as shown by the fact that many manufacturers and industrial concerns in the northern part of the city have installed schools to teach their employes how to read, write, and spell.

"There are more part time students than there ever were before in the schools of the Bronx," said Mr. Wolff. "Last year there were 10,000 children attending part time classes, while there are 12,000 children in such classes today."

The Grand Jury is planning to inquire into the conditions surrounding the construction of the new building for the Evander Childs High School in the Bronx. It was said that this building should have been completed in September, 1916, but as it is not yet finished the city must house the students in six annexes, the expense of which would have been saved by the completion of the building on time.

LEFT PAINTINGS TO HARVARD

Will of E. J. Wendell Disposes of $500,000 Estate.

The will of Evert Jansen Wendell, philanthropist and former Harvard athlete, who died in Paris on Aug. 28 last, was filed for probate yesterday and disposes of an estate estimated at more than $500,000. The testator made a number of public bequests and divided the residuary estate among the children of deceased brothers. Mr. Wendell gave $10,000 to Harvard University to be used in the furtherance of the study of dramatic literature, in which he was interested, and he also gave the university his collection of paintings and such of his books, theatre programs, and memorabilia as the authorities care to select.

Mr. Wendell gave $10,000 to the Children's Aid Society, in which he was active during his lifetime, and left to his friend, Robert N. Brace, Superintendent of the society, his jewelry and $1,000. He gave $5,000 to the Five Points' House of Industry. To the New Hampshire Historical Society he left a letter written before the Revolutionary War by the merchants in Boston to the merchants in Portsmouth "relative to the tax on tea."

The testator gave to his brother, Professor Barrett Wendell of Harvard, the portrait of their mother painted by John S. Sargent and left him $5,000 to discharge a debt of their brother, Jacob, and $1,000 as the testator's share in the Wendell homestead. To Mrs. Frances C. E. Wendell, widow of his brother, Gordon Wendell, he gave $25,000 to discharge an indebtedness of their brother, Jacob, while Mrs. Marion Fendall Wendell, who lives at Sandridgebury, England, and is the widow of Jacob, received $25,000 in trust. Her two daughters, Phillipa and Anna C. T. Wendell, who live with her, and her sons, Jacob and Reginald Wendell, now serving in France, share with their cousin, Frances Gordon Wendell of 126 East Thirty-fifth Street, the residuary estate.

Mr. Wendell gave $10,000 to his former employe, Joseph Meyer of 936 Hoe Avenue, the Bronx, and to Francis M. Verdi of 526 West 112th Street he gave $5,000.

DISCUSS AFTER-WAR TRADE.

Manufacturers Meet to Talk Co-operation with Government.

A movement to encourage further co-operation between the Government and business after the war, as well as during it, will be launched today before 700 representatives of the largest export manufacturing concerns in the country at the eighth annual convention of the American Manufacturers' Export Association at the Hotel Biltmore. E. M. Herr, President of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, President of the association will preside at the convention which will include a closed session this morning, and at the afternoon session at 2 o'clock, which is open to the public. The afternoon addresses will be made by William C. Downs, United States Commercial Attaché at Rio de Janeiro; H. C. Hoyle, former Minister of Railways, New South Wales; M. A. Oudin of the General Electric Company and others.

At the dinner to be held tonight at the Biltmore Andre Tardieu, High Commissioner for the French Republic in the United States, will speak on "Co-operation Between the Allies." Other speakers will be Arthur W. Thompson, Vice President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, Captain R. Hugh Knyvett, Fifteen Infantry Brigade, Australian Imperial Forces, and Leland L. Summers.

Sugar Refinery Closed.

More than 2,000 employees of the American Sugar Refining Company at the Kent Avenue factory in Williamsburg were thrown out of work yesterday when the plant was closed. The men were notified that the company had no raw sugar, and were advised to take other employment until such time as the company could get material which will probably be about the first of the year.

Officials of the company said it was customary to shut down some of the plants about this time each year, and that because of the need for repairs and alterations the Williamsburg plant was selected this year.

THINK of the United States Government as a business concern. It is engaged in the greatest undertaking in its history — the war. And, like any business concern, it requires money. It goes to the American public, just as other business concerns have gone, to ask for that money. The greatest difference is that in this case the American public has better security than any business concern could possibly offer—the word of the United States Government.

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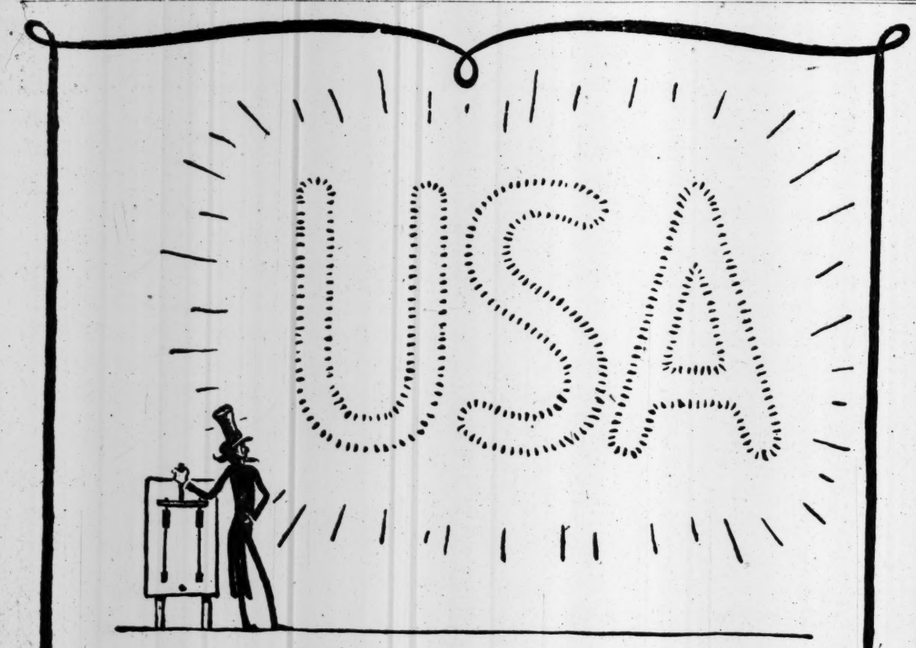

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Grand Central Palace October 10th to 20th
Lexington Avenue and 46th Street Opens tonight at 7 p m

8

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All Service Daily Except Sunday.

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West 42d St.	9:00
West 129th St.	9:20
Yonkers	9:45
Bear Mountain	11:20
West Point	11:45
Newburgh	12:15
Poughkeepsie	1:10
Kingston	2:10
Catskill	3:25
Hudson	3:40
Albany	6:10

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Leave Pier 18, N. R., foot of Murray St., every day at 6 P. M. Due 7:30 A. M. Beginning October 15, leave at 5 P. M. daily except Sunday.

Tickets and information at Pier; also at Tourist, New York Transfer Co., and American Express Co. offices.

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Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., daily at 5 P. M. Music.

NEW LONDON (NORWICH) LINE, Str. lvs. Pier 40, N. R., Houston St., wk. days, 5:30 P. M. Lvs. Pier 70, E. R., E. 22d St., 6 P. M.

NEW HAVEN LINE, Str. lvs. Pier 28, E. R., near Catharine St., wk. days, 2 P. M. Lvs. Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 2:15 P. M.

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Lv. Battery Pier, 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373.
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Gillespie, Kinports & Beard,
311 Fifth Av. (nr. 32nd St.), N. Y.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

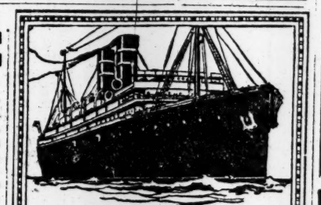
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy 24907.

Notice is given that CHARLES SABSEVITZ, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, November 12th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE NAVY AT WORK.

Training men for the United States Navy shown in a series of pictures in The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial this week. On all newsstands, 10 cents.—Advt.



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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy 23725.

Notice is given that HUGO VON HAGEN, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, November 12th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ELLA M. ALBIN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Oct. 10, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 685 5th Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dressmakers' trimmings, buttons, tables, mirrors, carpets, fixtures, etc.

MATTHEW A. HENKEL, Trustee.
WILLIAM HENKEL, Jr., Attorney for Trustee, 64 William Street, New York.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy, 233 Broadway.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of AUTO TRUNK & ACME SUITCASE MFG. CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Oct. 16, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 135 Spring St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Auto Trunks, Suit Cases, Oil Cloth, Machinery, Safe, Typewriter, Fixtures, etc.

MARY POTTET, Receiver.
ARTHUR LEONARD ROSENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 100 Broadway, New York.

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On next Monday, October 15th, there will commence in beautiful Gordon-Detwiler Auditorium, Tribune Building, 154 Nassau Street, just opposite City Hall Park, a wonderful free eight-lesson Spanish Course, and also a similar free eight-lesson French Course. Both of these classes will be identical in every way to the recent normously successful French Classes to which free tickets were distributed by The New York Evening Globe. Both classes will be taught by the new direct conversational method of the Gordon-Detwiler Institute which eliminates most all syntax and dry rules of grammar. During either of these courses you should master the fundamental rules of the language you study; also you should acquire a vocabulary of three hundred words and at least three hundred idioms in everyday use.

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Both classes will meet for lessons three times weekly, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday The various lessons are repeated numerous times on each class day. For SPANISH you may attend at 11.15 A. M., or 4.15, or 5.15, or 7.15, or 8.15 P. M., and for FRENCH you may attend class at 12.15, or 3.15, or 6.15 P. M., as best suits your convenience

The tickets will not last long. Call at Gordon-Detwiler Institute at once and get yours, or write for one enclosing self-addressed, stamped envelope, to Gordon-Detwiler Institute, Tribune Building, New York, and the next day will bring your ticket to you.

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From October, 1916, to June, 1917, a boy of 16 made the following record:

Plane Geometry	88	Algebra I	74
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Securities Decline Further While Buyers Stand Aloof.

The security markets did nothing yesterday to relieve the depression which owners of stocks and bonds have felt for the last month and more. On the contrary, stocks, after a period of backing and filling in the morning and early afternoon, dipped rather sharply downward in the final hour, and left off with declines in the more active issues running from 1 to 3 points. In character the day's dealings supplied no new angle for either investors or speculators to look upon the future. Liquidation in railroad and industrial bonds continued, bringing new low records for the year, and save for a moderate rally in Liberty 3½s from 99.54 to 99.72, the bond market presented few features different from those which have long been affixed to the daily decline of standard issues.

It would not be amiss to say that numerous close students of security movements are devoting more attention to the movement of bonds than to stocks. The financial community has been undecided for a long time in regard to the value of capital in undertakings not connected with war operations. The Government has fixed upon 4 per cent. as the price it desires to pay for a year's use of the money it is borrowing from the people, but the rate of interest commanded by the new Liberty bonds does not impart any information to the corporate borrower in respect to what he will need to pay next month or the month after that for his capital. The creditors of corporations, bond and note holders are in the same situation as the borrower. They know that a vast amount of capital will be required by the allied Governments, including the United States, and that the greater the demand the higher will be the cost all around. The time will come, of course, when capital costs will grow relatively stable, as business becomes more thoroughly adjusted to war conditions, and it is for this development that the bond market is watched.

Stocks are conventionally supposed to be affected in strength or weakness by the day to day money market. Call money, which loaned freely at 4 per cent. yesterday, and has not been much higher for some time, is not dear enough to bear a really adverse influence on stocks, and yet stocks have continued to decline. Time funds continue steady from 5½ to 6 per cent. The money market of late has received secondary consideration in the Street, to the belief that liquidation of long stock is a leading factor in depressing securities, and many potential buyers of stocks who look upon many issues as "cheap" are holding back until they are persuaded that signs are discernible that liquidation is lessening.

The market paid no attention to news of a renewal of the British advance in Flanders, and only passing comment was heard on reports from Berlin that a fresh effort to get tentative peace terms before the nations was about to be made. As on other recent days, sentiment in the Street was bereft of formative influences, other than those contained in internal developments.

LONDON MARKET IS FIRM.

War News and Cheap Money Are Chief Factors on the Exchange.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—The war news and cheap money continue the chief factors on the Stock Exchange. The market today was generally firm, with a large business in British funds, home rails, and copper and Marconi shares the principal features. Rubber stocks were irregular, and foreign issues were inclined to dullness, but Cuban Ports were firm and dearer.

Money was in smaller supply, owing to increased applications for the new war bonds. Discount rates were steadier.

Prices Unchanged on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Oct. 9.—Prices on the Bourse today were unchanged.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans

High	4	Last	2½
Low	2½	Renewals	4

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5 @5¼	Sixty days	5¼@5½
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5½@6
Four months	5½@5¾	Four months	5¾@6
Five months	5¾@5¾	Five months	5¾@6
Six months	5¾@5¾	Six months	5¾@6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ..... 5¼@5¼
Non-member and private bankers' eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 5½@6
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 4½@5

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days	5¼		
4 to 6 months	5½@6		
4 to 6 months	5¾@6	Other Names.	

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Rates of Change.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.7515	$4.7515	$4.7515	..
Cables	4.76¼	4.76¼	4.76¼	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.79⅝	5.79⅝	5.79⅜	— .00⅛
Cables	5.77⅝	5.77⅝	5.77⅜	..
Rubles—				
Demand	15.10	14.85	15.10	— .20
Cables	15.35	15.10	15.35	— .20

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates	Yesterday's Close— Demand	Cables
of Exch.	or Checks.	
4.8863 London	$4.7515	$4.76¼
5.1828 Paris	5.79¼	5.77⅜
China—		
Hongkong	69.00	69.25
Peking	108.00	108.25
Shanghai	101.00	101.25
19.295 Greece	19.50	19.55
49.10 Holland	43.50	43.75
32.44 India—		
Bombay	40.00	40.00
Calcutta	40.00	40.00
5.1826 Italy	7.77⅛	7.76⅛
49.84 Japan—		
Kobe	51.25	51.37½
Yokohama	51.25	51.37½
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	50.12½	50.25
51.50 Russia	15.10	15.35
26.70 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	37.50	37.75
Copenhagen	31.75	32.00
Christiania	32.15	32.40
19.295 Spain	23.30	23.40
South America—		
32.41 Rio	25.24	25.34
42.44 Buenos Aires	43.04	43.14
5.1826 Switzerland	4.71	4.69

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¾	$4.69¼	$4.70⅝	$4.68⅝

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $650,295,436; balance, $54,886,002; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $387,857; Federal Reserve credit balance, $25,091,714.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 15@25c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $1.25.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 45¼d, off ¼d; in New York, 89½c, off ⅛c; Mexican dollars, 68c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$3,177,165	$50,035,980
Ord. internal revenue	10,493,805	146,377,813
Income tax	2,638,606	22,390,057
Miscellaneous	3,426,104	33,808,808
Total receipts	$19,733,744	$252,892,322
Exc. of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	78,178,537	679,800,346
Exc. of total disburse. over total receipts	2,496,858	667,667,014
Expenditures	180,218,282	1 461 614 441

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Holders of Record.
Atlas Powder pf	1¾	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 20
Continental Ref. pf.	2	Q	Oct. 15	.....
Fisher Body pf.	1¾	Q	.....	.....
Kerr Lake Mining	2c	Q	Dec. 15	Nov. 26
N. Y. & Honduras Rosario Mining	3	Q	Oct. 25	Oct. 15
Do	2	Ex	Oct. 25	Oct. 15
Pullman Co.	2	Q	Nov. 15	Oct. 31
Pyrene Mfg.	2½	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 15

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, OCT. 9, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	707,890	1,137,512	Holiday
Year to date	144,486,414	150,139,247	126,426,008

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
2½	2¾	100	Ajax Rubber	60	60	60	60	+1
22½	22½	500	Alaska Juneau	2¾	2¾	2½	2⅝	— ⅛
76	80	600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	22	22	22	22	— ½
84	85	500	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	77⅞	77⅞	76⅜	76⅜	—1
81⅛	84	300	Am. Agricul. Chem.	84⅜	85	84½	84½	— ½
41½	42	100	Am. Beet Sugar	88	88	88	88	..
98	101	6,400	Am. Can	42	42⅜	41½	41⅞	— ⅜
67	67⅜	100	Am. Can pf	100	100	100	100	— ⅛
108	110	800	Am. Car & Fdry	68	68	67¼	67¼	—1¾
85	93	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf	109	109	109	109	+1½
53	54	900	Am. Express	90	90	90	90	—3
11⅞	13	100	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	54	54	53	53	—1½
48	48½	800	Am. Ice	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
23½	23⅝	1,700	Am. International	48½	48½	48	48	—1
57	59	300	Am. Linseed	23¾	24	23½	23½	— ½
56⅜	56⅝	3,000	Am. Linseed pf	58	58	57½	57½	—2¼
14¾	15⅝	500	Am. Locomotive	57¼	57¼	56¼	56½	— ⅝
63¼	66	400	Am. Malting	15⅝	15⅝	14½	15	—1
91½	92	7,500	Am. Malting 1st pf	66	66	63½	63½	—1½
107	108	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref	92¼	93⅛	91	91½	—2
62	63	700	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	107	107	107	107	— ⅛
105¾	106	600	Am. Steel F'dries	63	63	62	62	—1½
54½	55	5,200	Am. Sugar Ref	107	107	106	106	—1¼
114¼	115	900	Am. Sumatra Tob	55¼	56	54	54¾	— ⅞
185	186½	2,200	Am. Tel. & Tel	114⅝	114⅞	114¼	114½	— ½
98	100	100	Am. Tobacco	185¾	187	185	185⅜	— ⅛
43	44	1,500	Am. Tob. pf. new	99	99	99	99	+ ½
93¼	95	200	Am. Woolen	43⅞	43⅞	43	43	—1
16	16¼	1,000	Am. Woolen pf	94	94	93⅞	93⅞	— ¼
52	54	100	Am. Zinc L. & S	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	—1
67⅜	67½	15,500	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf	52⅝	52⅞	52⅛	52⅛	—1⅞
93⅛	95⅜	800	Anaconda Copper	68¼	68½	67	67¼	— ⅞
92½	95	100	Atch., Top. & S. F	95⅝	95⅝	95	95½	— ½
100¼	101	1,200	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	93½	93⅞	93⅛	93⅝	— ⅝
60	61	300	At., Gulf & West I	100	101½	100	100	—1
57¼	58	5,100	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	60	60¼	60	60¼	— ⅞
58½	58¾	3,700	Baldwin Loco	59	59½	57¼	57¼	—2½
63	66	300	Baltimore & Ohio	59¼	59¼	58¼	58⅜	—1
98	99	400	Balt. & O. pf. s 30 f	63	63	65	65	..
1¼	1⅜	700	Barrett Co	98	98	98	98	— ½
83½	83⅞	29,300	Batopilas Mining	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	— ¼
95⅞	96	2,800	Beth. Steel cl. B t.c	85⅞	86	83¼	83¼	—2½
56⅞	57	500	Beth. S. pf. sub.r.f.p	96⅝	97	95⅝	96	— ½
97	99½	200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	57½	57½	57	57	— ⅞
21¼	21¾	2,900	Burns Brothers	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	—2⅝
37¾	38	600	Butte & Superior	21	21⅞	20⅞	21½	..
15	15½	400	California Packing	38¼	38¼	38	38	— ⅝
41½	42	100	California Petro	15⅜	16	15½	15½	— ½
70½	73	100	California Pet. pf	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	+ ⅝
140¼	140¾	4,100	Calumet & Arizona	71	71	71	71	—3
81⅝	81¾	12,100	Canadian Pacific	150	150½	148¾	149⅝	— ⅛
100	104	200	Central Leather Co	82½	83⅛	80	81⅝	—1⅞
32½	32¾	600	Central Leather pf	105½	106⅜	103½	103⅝	—2
73	74	200	Cerro de Pasco	32¾	32¾	32¼	32¼	— ⅞
53½	53¾	1,400	Chandler Motor	73	73	73	73	+ ⅛
8½	9	200	Chesapeake & Ohio	53⅞	53⅞	53¼	53½	— ⅛
25	26	100	Chi. Great Western	9	9	9	9	— ⅛
51	51	7,000	Chi. Great West. pf	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	— ⅛
92½	92⅝	1,100	Chi., Mil. & St. P	50	50⅜	49⅝	50⅜	+ ⅜
100	102	300	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	94¼	94½	92¼	92½	—2¼
..	..	200	Chi. & Northwest'n	102	102	101½	101½	— ⅛
24¼	24⅝	3,600	C., R. I. & P. v. t. c	31	31	31	31	..
60¾	61	1,600	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c	24⅜	24⅞	23¾	24¼	— ¼
50½	50¾	2,400	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c.	61½	61½	60	60¼	—1½
16¾	16⅞	3,600	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	51	51	50	50	—1½
46¾	47	4,100	Chile Coper	16⅝	16⅞	16¼	16¼	— ½
62	69	100	Chino Copper	47½	47⅝	46	46⅛	—1½
39	40	2,500	Cluett, Peabody	62	62	62	62	—2
24	25	200	Col. Fuel & Iron	40¼	40¼	39½	39½	—1⅜
35	35½	6,700	Col. & Southern	24	24	24	24	..
98⅞	99	610	Columbia Gas & El	37¼	37¼	35	35	—2½
47	49	100	Consolidated Gas	100	100	98⅞	98⅞	—1⅝
28⅜	28⅞	10,450	Continental Insur	46¼	46¼	46¼	43¼	—1
91½	92	300	Corn Products Ref	29½	30	28⅝	28⅝	—1
67	67¼	38,600	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	91½	91½	91½	91½	— ⅛
91	94	1,300	Crucible Steel	70¼	70¼	66⅝	67	—3¼
27⅝	28½	4,500	Crucible Steel pf	94	94	91¼	91¾	—2½
81	82	100	Cuba Cane Sugar	28⅜	28⅞	27⅝	28⅛	— ⅝
140	170	200	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	81½	81½	81½	81½	+ ¼
99	100	200	Cuban-Am. Sugar	141½	141½	141½	141½	— ½
98¼	99	300	Deere & Co. pf	99½	99½	99½	99½	— ½
13	14½	200	Del. & Hud.	98¼	98¼	98	98	—1
32⅜	33	19,100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	14	14	14	14	—1
8	8¼	200	Distillers' Secur	33	34	32⅜	32⅜	—1⅝
5	6	100	Dome Mines	8	8	8	8	— ½
10⅜	10⅞	2,800	Dul., S. S. & A. pf	6	6	6	6	— ½
20¼	30¼	200	Erie	19¾	20	19⅝	19⅜	— ¼
21½	22	200	Erie 1st pf	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅜	..
39	41	100	Erie 2d pf	21½	21½	21½	21½	..
34	36	1,000	Federal M. & S. pf	40	40	40	40	..
136	136½	2,900	Gaston, W. & W	36	36	34	34	—2½
95⅜	96¼	17,300	General Cigar	36½	36½	36½	36½	—1⅝
77½	78½	100	General Electric	136¾	138	136	136	—1½
42	43¼	300	General Motors	94½	97	93½	96	+1½
75	76¼	200	General Motors pf	78¼	78¼	78¼	78¼	+ ¼
101¼	102	300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	42½	42½	42	42	—1
30½	30¾	3,800	Granby Con. Sm. & P	78	78	77	77	—1
39	40	800	Great Northern pf	102½	102½	101½	101⅝	— ⅞
91	93	800	Greene-Cananea	31	31½	30¼	30¼	— ¾
33½	34	200	Gulf States Steel	40¼	40¼	40	40	— ½
90⅝	90⅞	1,100	Haskell & Barker	93½	93½	91	91	—2¾
99⅝	100¼	100	Illinois Central	34½	34½	34	34	—1
48¼	48¾	8,900	Inspiration Copper	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	— ⅛
7⅞	8	100	Interboro Consol	49¼	49¼	48¼	48¼	—1½
50	50¼	400	Interboro Con. pf	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	+ ⅛
108	109¾	300	Int. Harvester, N.J	49⅞	50¼	49¾	50½	+ ⅝
26¼	26½	3,400	Int. Mer. Marine	108½	109½	108	108	— ⅝
83½	84	4,800	Int. Mer. Marine pf	27	27	26	26	— ⅝
31¾	31¾	1,700	Int. Nickel	84½	85	83⅜	83⅝	— ⅞
23	23½	1,200	Int. Paper	31⅜	31⅝	31	31½	— ⅛
53½	53	1,000	Int. Paper pf. sta	22¼	24¾	22¼	24	+1½
17⅝	18½	100	Kansas City South	54	54	53¾	53¾	—1½
41	42	200	Kelly Spring Tire	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
33⅜	33⅞	26,500	Kennecott Copper	41⅛	41⅝	41	41	— ⅛
79	80	750	Lackawanna Steel	36¼	36½	32½	33⅞	—2⅝
24	27	200	Lake Erie & W. pf	80	80	79	79	—2½
17	17½	700	Lee Rubber & Tire	24⅜	24⅝	24¾	24¾	—1⅛
58½	59¼	700	Lehigh Valley	17⅛	17⅛	17	17	— ½
103¾	104	100	Liggett & Myers pf	59½	59½	59	59	—1
..	106	150	Lorll., (P.,) Co., pr	103⅝	103⅝	103¾	103⅝	+1½
65	66	100	Max. Motors 1st pf	102	102	102	102	—5
19¼	20	100	Max. Motors 2d pf	64⅜	64⅜	64⅜	64⅜	+ ¼
90	90¼	5,500	Mexican Petroleum	19½	19½	19½	19½	— ⅝
31¾	31⅞	2,100	Miami Copper	91⅜	92½	90	90	—1½
47½	47¾	17,200	Midvale Steel	32½	32¼	31⅜	31⅝	— ⅝
11½	12½	200	Minn. & St. L. new	47½	48	47¼	47¼	— ⅝
10	10	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	— ⅛
2,600	2,600	2,600	Mo. Pacific tr ctfs.	4¾	4¾	4¾	4⅝	+⅛
50	51	200	Mo. Pac. pf. tr ctfs	28⅝	29	28⅜	28½	— ⅛
73	75	100	Montana Power	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¼	—2¼
110¼	114	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	72¼	72¼	72¼	72½	— ⅜
103	105	208,400	Nat. Cloak & S. pf	114	114	114	114	—2
115¼	115¾	1,100	Nat. Cond. & Cable	103	103	103	103	..
115¾	115¾	60	Nat. Enam. & St.	23¼	23¼	23	23½	—1½
85	85½	12,900	Nevada Con. Cop	42¼	42¼	42	42	— ½
34½	34⅞	100	N. Y. Central	19	19	18½	18½	— ⅛
9⅝	10¼	500	N. Y. Dock	73¼	73½	72⅞	73⅛	— ⅛
45⅝	46	400	N. Y., N. H. & H	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	+ ⅛
23¾	24	200	N. Y. Ont. & West	28¼	28⅜	27½	28⅛	— ⅝
87	88	200	Norfolk & Western	20	20	20	20	..
43¼	44	300	North American	108	108	107½	107½	— ½
11⅞	12	100	Northern Pacific	50	50	49	49	—1
87	90	100	Ohio Cities Gas	96½	98¼	96¾	98¼	+1½
41⅞	42	21,100	Ohio Fuel Supply	42¼	42¼	36¾	37½	—5
60	60	200	Owens Bottle Mach	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾	— ⅝
59½	59¾	4,400	Pacific Mail	82	82	81	81	—2½
24¾	25	200	Pacific Tel. & Tel	25½	25½	25½	25½	..
21½	22	100	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	21½	21½	21¼	21½	— ¼
93	93	1,300	Penn. R. R	93	93	93	93	..
51½	51½	3,400	People's Gas, Chi	51½	51¾	51¼	51¼	— ⅜
32	34	1,100	Philadelphia Co	57½	57½	51	51⅝	—6⅜
25¼	25½	1,300	Pitts. & West Va	33⅛	33⅛	32	32⅜	— ¼
59	61	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	25¾	26½	25½	25½	— ½
40⅝	42	4,400	Willys-Overland	50⅜	50⅜	50⅜	50⅜	..
		100	Wisconsin Central	25¼	25¼	24½	25¼	+ ⅛
				40½	40½	40½	40½	— ½

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	64.50	63.84	64.20	— .32
25 industrials	79.21	77.70	78.02	— .94
50 stocks	71.85	70.77	71.11	— .62

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Oct. 9	71.85	70.77	71.11	— .62
Oct. 8	72.81	71.67	71.73	— .89
Oct. 6	73.62	72.37	72.55	— .93
Oct. 5	72.70	71.35	72.52	+ .81
Oct. 4	72.51	71.45	71.71	—1.05
Oct. 3	73.68	72.49	72.76	— .55
Oct. 2	73.32	72.63	73.31	— .29

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1917	74.60	Oct. 1	70.77	Oct. 9	71.11
1916	99.11	Oct. 27	91.45	Oct. 9	97.99
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	82.98	Oct. 6	92.92
1914	Exchange closed				
1913	70.79	Oct. 2	68.20	Oct. 17	67.73
1912	85.76	Oct. 4	81.47	Oct. 30	82.80
1911	73.32	Oct. 16	72.01	Oct. 4	73.89

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Sept.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1917	90.46	Jan. 4	70.77	Oct. 9	71.11
†1916	97.39	Oct.	80.91	Sep. 22	94.13

Full Years.

1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.99	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.20
1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.98
1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.80

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
Oct. 9	79.87	—.16	Oct. 2	80.37	—.05
Oct. 8	80.03	—.03	Oct. 1	80.42	—.06
Oct. 6	80.06	—.07	Sep. 29	80.48	+.04
Oct. 5	80.13	—.10	Sept. 28	80.44	—.08
Oct. 4	80.23	—.13	Sept. 27	80.52	+.10
Oct. 3	80.36	—.01	Sept. 26	80.42	—.12

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1917	89.48	Jan. 20	79.87	Oct. 9	79.87
†1916	97.98	Oct. 10	86.19	Apr. 23	87.98

Full Years.

1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 23	88.64
1915	87.62	Nov. 24	81.51	Jan. 2	86.67
1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Comparison of Prices.

In view of the decline which has occurred in stocks of late it is interesting to compare quotations with those prevailing when the Stock Exchange was closed in 1914. In general the level is much higher now than then, but some of the railroad issues are lower. The table gives yesterday's final quotations and the bid prices on Nov. 4, 1914, quoted by one of the most active dealers in the so-called "outlaw" market in New Street.

	Yesterday.	Bid 1914.
American Smelting	91½	47
American Telephone and Tel.	114½	110½
Atchison	95¼	84½
Anaconda	67⅛	20
Baltimore & Ohio	58⅝	61½
Chesapeake & Ohio	53⅝	38
C., M. & St. P.	50⅝	77½
Great Northern preferred	101⅝	106½
New York Central	73⅛	74½
Southern Pacific	90¾	77½
Southern Railway	26⅞	13½
Union Pacific	126	107½
U. S. Steel	105⅛	41⅝
Utah Copper	85	40

Prices in the New Street market recorded declines from those quoted above before the Stock Exchange reopened, but they give a fair picture of the rails and industrials in the period when "official" trading was not permitted.

Tobacco Products Dividend.

Tobacco Products halted its downward movement and regained a point of its previous day's loss yesterday on news that the Executive Committee had recommended that dividends be started on Nov. 15 at the rate of $1.50 a share quarterly. United Cigar Stores dropped 3 points to par, recovering slightly before the close. The latter issue failed to reflect in a favorable manner a reiteration of the rumor that the Cigar Stores Company was figuring shortly in a merger with two other corporations. It is a difficult time to arouse bullish interest in merger talk.

Troubled Traders.

Many a holder of stocks whose margins are large but whose paper losses are also large is troubled by the course of the market. Stories are going the rounds of individuals who have become tired of holding on and have sacrificed substantial amounts of capital by selling. Often in other market periods these bits of gossip have become frequent when prices were approaching their lowest levels. Naturally they increase in number as the price level drops lower. If one could correctly base deductions on past markets, the problem of the speculator with a big paper loss would be simplified. But that may not be done. Nervous traders who apply to their brokers for advice go away unsatisfied, for the broker has none to give. A good rally would help Wall Street vastly and such a development is hoped for prayerfully in the commission houses.

Government Lead Cheaper.

The lead market has moved in favor of the Government in its purchases for war needs and without the necessity of price fixing. When the Federal authorities

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SOUTHERN RAILWAY EARNS $81,388,325

Company Enjoys Most Prosperous Year, with a Net Income of $24,331,453.

$10,418,688 FOR ADDITIONS

President Harrison Refers to Increase of Business Due to Big Military Camps.

The report of the Southern Railway Company for the year ended June 30 last, just submitted to the stockholders, shows total revenues of $81,388,325, the greatest in the company's history, and net operating income of $24,331,453. This was equivalent to an earning of 5.97 per cent. upon the entire property investment in the company, which amounts to $407,688,152. The final surplus over all fixed charges amounted to $12,360,161, and enabled the company to spend during the year $10,418,688 on additions and betterments. This surplus was more than $3,000,000 greater than that for the previous year, which had ranked as the greatest in the company's history.

"It has been a record year," says President Fairfax Harrison in his report. "The volume of revenue, of expenses and of income, as well as the extent of improvements and betterments carried through, all reached new high levels, reflecting the good and the evil of the prosperity which has come to the South.

"The property has been well maintained; its physical condition was never better than at the close of the year. The roadway destroyed by storms and floods in July, 1916, was restored and the entire cost of reconstruction was charged to maintenance expenses for the year.

"Except as affected by varying crop, local and temporary conditions, which caused this year a loss of certain traffic, principally perishables, there was a substantial, steady, and uniform increase of every class of traffic handled by the company. Through the location of numerous military camps within the South, we have engaged, and for some time may be expected to continue to engage, increasingly, in the transportation of supplies for account of the Government.

"Of the 649 miles of main line between Washington, D. C., and Atlanta, Ga., 524 miles are now double track on improved alignment and grades, and the work is progressing on the remaining 128 miles. Despite disturbed labor conditions throughout the year and acute discussions of wages, the company has again had loyal and efficient service from its army of officers and employes."

At the annual meeting of stockholders, held yesterday in Richmond, Va., Augustus D. Juilliard and Jackson E. Reynolds, Vice President of the First National Bank of New York, were elected Directors to fill vacancies. Dr. Edwin A. Alderman of Charlottesville, Va.; Robert Jemison, Sr., of Birmingham, Ala.; Bishop John Carlisle Kilgo of Charlotte, N. C., and Charles Steele of New York were elected Directors for a term of three years to succeed themselves. There are now 9,563 stockholders in the Southern Railway.

Reserve Bank Branch at Cincinnati.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Establishment at Cincinnati of a branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland was authorized today by the Federal Reserve Board.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. Oil...	23	24	Do pf....	15⅝	..
B. S. Gas..	8	9	Iron Blos..	87	93
Bing. Min.	11¼	..	Jer Verde..	1¾	1⅝
Begole	50	75	La Rose...	50	58
Bohemia...	1¾	1⅞	Majestic...	38	40
Bos. Ely...	70	75	Mex Met...	30	32
Bost & M.	59	60	Moj Tung.	46	48
Butte & L.	12	14	New Balt.	1¼	1⅜
Butte & D.	37	46	New Dbug.	1⅞	1⅞
Bost & Ar.	1¾	2⅜	New Ut B.	..	50
Calaveras..	2½	3⅜	Nixon	90	92
Crown Res	26	30	New Corn.	16¼	16⅝
Con. Ariz..	1⅞	2¼	Nat Z & L	35	37
Cortez	10	20	Ohio Cop..	1	1¼
Chani Cop..	5	6	Oneco	28	30
Chief Cons	2⅝	2⅞	Onondaga..	28	35
Cal. Corbin	1	1½	Pio Con...	1½	1⅞
Eagle & B	17	20	Ray Herc.	3⅝	3⅞
Earl Eagle	2¼	2½	Rilla	2	4
Fortuna ..	6	7	S W M f p	1⅝	2¼
Gold Lake	2	4	S W M p p	1	1½
Gila Cop S	17	17½	Truro	1	1¼
Houghton..	75	95	Un V Ext.	34	35
Hanna Oil.	1¼	1⅝	Victoria M	2¾	2½
Humboldt..	80	85	Yuk Gold..	2	2¼
Iron Cap...	15¾	16			

STEEL MEN CONFER HERE.

Discuss General Situation at Judge Gary's Office.

Leading steel manufacturers of the country held a conference with Chairman E. H. Gary of the Steel Corporation at the latter's office yesterday. Judge Gary said afterward that a general discussion of the steel situation was had. Among the conferees were several members of the committee of the American Iron and Steel Institute which met with the War Industries Board before the prices for pig iron, plates, were fixed a fortnight ago.

The committee members are scheduled to go to Washington again for another meeting with the War Industries Board, which is expected to be held this afternoon. It is understood in the steel trade that additional steel prices will shortly be announced by President Wilson, and the conference, for this reason, is thought to be for the purpose of comparing data in respect to costs and selling quotations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—The Federal Trade Commission and War Industries Board held a long conference today to determine conversion costs as they relate to commodities manufactured of steel, iron, copper, and ores for which the President has announced stated prices.

The discussion involved prices which the War Industries Board shall pay for great quantities of materials such as steel and iron wire, and a thousand others, even down to nails, which are used in the Government's war program. It will probably require several days to reach any definite conclusions.

Westinghouse Air Brake Earnings.

Earnings of the Westinghouse Air Brake Company for the fiscal year ended June 30 last, just reported, show a sharp falling off from those for the previous year, probably because of a diminution in the company's profits from its war munition business. The net profits reported were $6,388,463, against $9,396,103 in 1916, although this is still nearly $5,000,000 greater than the 1915 earnings. The company paid large dividends during the year just past, both in stock and cash, out of the surplus accumulated the previous year, and consequently showed a deficit for the year of $3,126,143, which reduced its surplus to $7,709,155.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The corporation of Wheatley, Matchett & Co. has been dissolved. William Wheatley will continue the business of specializing in powder issues and trading in unlisted stocks and bonds.

The Chicago Stock Exchange has listed Chicago Telephone Company, capital stock, authorized, $10,000,000, and Insurance Exchange Building Corporation preferred stock, $1,400,000. Roy C. Megargel of Megargel & Co., New York, was admitted to membership.

Application has been filed with the Illinois Public Utility Commission by the Chicago City Railway for authority to issue 5 per cent. first mortgage bonds in the amount of $2,172,000, the money to be used in the construction and expansion of lines. The Chicago Railways filed application to issue bonds in the amount of $2,250,000 for work in progress on its lines.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Union Pacific Railroad Company the retiring Directors were re-elected.

A. H. Aseltine, who has been connected with the National City Company for the last year, is now associated with the Bond Department of the Equitable Trust Company of New York.

The Stock Exchange has stricken from the list Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company, Bankers Trust Company's certificates of deposit for capital stock, plain, and second instalment paid and full paid.

The California Railroad Commission has authorized the Southern California Edison Company to use $610,412 of the proceeds from $3,000,000 bonds, hitherto authorized to be issued, to pay for reconstruction expenses during July and August.

A. E. Ames & Co. have issued their 1917-18 "Investors' Reference Book," containing latest information concerning corporations listed on Canadian exchanges.

Stockholders of the American Foreign Banking Corporation at a special meeting held yesterday voted to increase the capital stock of the company from $2,000,000 to $2,500,000.

The National Bank of Commerce has issued a new book containing the complete official text of the war tax law, together with the income tax law in its amended form.

THE COTTON MARKET

October at 27.75 Makes New High Record—General List Gains 5 to 33 Points.

Further reports of freezing weather in the Western cotton belt kept the local cotton market moving forward yesterday, although heavy realizing prevented the advance in prices from being as well sustained as on Monday. None the less, December contracts at one time passed the 27-cent mark, selling up to 27.10 and closing at 26.63. October made another new high record at 25.75, and closed at 27.33. The general list closed steady at net advances of from 5 to 33 points.

According to the official detailed weather reports, temperatures of 32 degrees or under occurred at about half the reporting stations in Arkansas and Oklahoma, with frost extending into Louisiana, Texas, and Mississippi. At a few points in Mississippi and Texas there was freezing weather, but the cold snap did not extend as far eastward as had been looked for, and the prospect was for rising temperatures. The news created a strong impression around the ring that estimates of the Western belt crop would have to be reduced, but it was felt that later advices would be necessary to determine the actual extent of the damage. The freezing temperatures reported were about the earliest on record for the Western belt, and their effect is expected to be the more unfavorable because of the lateness of the crop.

The market opened strong at an advance of 58 to 70 points on the showing of the early weather map and private advices of frost damage. Realizing was heavy from the start, and reactionary sentiment was encouraged early by a feeling that official weather reports might indicate that early advices had exaggerated the amount of frost damage. The forecasts for warmer weather were also a factor on the setback of about 45 to 50 points from the best before the end of the morning. Rallies followed the publication of the detailed weather reports, but the losses were not recovered, the demand being less active and urgent than previously, while the buidges seemed to be meeting some trade selling.

The market weakened again in consequence, closing a few points up from the lowest on covering. Exports for the day were 50,877 bales, making 961,054 so far this season. The more optimistic talk of peace prospects was probably a factor on the opening advance, while the disposition to even up outstanding commitments may possibly have been increased by the unsettling influence of the action taken with reference to speculation in cottonseed oil. Southern spot markets as officially reported were 10 to 62 points higher.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Monday.
October	27.50	27.75	27.33	27.33 bid	27.00
November	..	..	..	27.00 bid	26.80
December	27.00	27.10	26.58	26.63@26.65	26.50
January	26.95	26.98	26.36	26.45@26.48	26.31
February	..	..	..	26.45 bid	26.35
March	27.02	27.03	26.40	26.48@26.50	26.40
April	..	..	..	26.48 bid	26.41
May	27.10	27.14	26.50	26.53@26.55	26.48
June	..	..	..	26.52 bid	26.46
July	27.16	27.20	26.55	26.54@26.55	26.48
August	..	..	..	26.39 bid	26.33

The local market for spot cotton was steady and 45 points higher at 27.05c; sales nil.

Southern spot markets follow: New Orleans, 26.63c; Savannah, 27½c; Augusta, 27c; Galveston, 26.75c; Memphis, 27.50c; Houston, 26.70c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Tuesday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	52,475	46,459	84,392
Exports	50,877	49,235	25,493
Season's exports	961,054	842,141	1,102,443
Interior receipts	56,622	34,962	38,229
Interior shipments	19,930	16,511	31,224
Port stocks	618,874	548,156	997,556
New York stocks	73,443	61,610	82,190
Arrivals	8,469	3,195	.....

Liverpool Cables.—Spot cotton quiet; sales, 3,000 bales, including 2,000 American. Imports, 2,000; none American. Middling, 50 points higher at 19.97d; good middling, 65 points higher at 20.72d.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 9.—Thirty-two new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,025,500, were chartered today. They include:

Frost, Green & Kohn, Inc., Manhattan, general advertising business, $25,000; A. R. Eley, E. Blum, C. H. May, 225 Fifth Av.

B. and B. Trading Co., Inc., Manhattan, mining, milling, and smelting of mineral ores, $100,000; W. B. Atterbury, J. C. Saunders, E. Miller, 120 Broadway.

Van Roesem & Beaudoy, Inc., Manhattan, realty, construction, and contracting, $10,000; A. C. Van Rossem, J. K. and M. A. Bauduy, 55 Fort Washington Av.

Ulrika Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; R. Krauss, L. Alexander, M. A. Lesser, 320 Broadway.

The Weller-Wallack Shoe Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; D. and H. Weller, R. M. Wallack, 884 Riverside Drive.

Eastern Distillers' Distributing Co., Manhattan, $5,000; A. R. Lefko, L. Blum, I. L. Pascal, 309 Broadway.

Frankel Specialties Corp., Manhattan, make goods, wares, and merchandise, $10,000; L. M. Frankel, I. Rosenblum, C. S. Wurtz, Jr., 317 East 120th St.

Caddemy, Inc., Buffalo, theatrical business, $10,000; W. H. Scott, V. E. O'Grady, E. C. Schlenker, Buffalo.

Automatic Trolley Lock Co., Inc., Bronx, $100,000; H. D. Junge, L. F. Roggenstein, J. M. Ruhl, 2,426 University Av., Bronx.

Troy Textile Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; R. F. Foster, J. J. Cunningham, H. W. Lichtenstein, 233 Broadway.

Tanrak Specialty Shop, Inc., Manhattan, women's wear and lingerie, $10,000; C. Ginsburg, B. Bernstein, L. B. Nelson, 772 St. Nicholas Av.

New York Harbor Realty Corp., Manhattan, $200,000; J. B. Summerfield, W. Haviland, C. A. Lewis, 31 Broad St.

Trinity Trading Corp., Pelham Manor, sell, distribute, and exhibit motion pictures and deal in merchandise, $50,000; E. C. Beecroft, E. O'Keefe, C. F. Pope, 501 5th Av.

Ajax Sand and Gravel Co. Bronx, $5,000; M. J. Knoechel, A. J. Taylor, G. Vortrefflich, 543 West 162d St.

C. F. Gilmour Co., Manhattan, auto and garage business, $50,000; H. R. Bliss, H. A. Bonnell, C. M. Bishop, 1,439 East 16th St., Brooklyn.

F. A. Richmond & Co., Manhattan, deal in fruit and fruit products, $10,000; H. J. Goldman, F. A. Richmond, W. Frank, 600 West 141st St.

Nathans Co-Pro Co., Inc., Glen Cove, make wearing apparel and body protectors, $25,000; A. Nathan, J. A. and E. Bernstein, Glen Cove.

Antiques and Art News, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; R. Freedman, T. F. Goodwin, H. R. Burney, 346 Broadway.

Drawn Metal Products Corp., Manhattan, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $250,000; H. Oaswald, C. A. Mesger, T. E. Crean, 359 Parkside Av., Brooklyn.

Wade, Robinson & Co., Manhattan, insurance agency, $50,000; A. W. Britton, S. B. Howard, J. F. Curtin 63 Cedar St.

Bush Advertising Service, Inc., Manhattan, 500 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $50,000; H. R. Dawson, C. R. Delmage, E. J. Crummey, 177 Montague St., Brooklyn.

The Standard Self Starter Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; B. L. Darrow, J. L. Brulaiour, J. J. Blemly, 441 West 34th St.

West Broad Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Balgley, F. S. Dunn, H. Lesser, 958 East 156th St., Bronx.

Cafe Champagne, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; P. Penso, J. Jakab, L. W. Erdody, 259 West 86th St.

Capital increases:

Astoria Veneer Mills and Dock Co., Manhattan, $1,000,000 to $1,500,000.

Great Importing and Trading Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $80,000.

Jewell Brothers, Inc., Manhattan, $25,000 to $75,000.

Change of name:

Epstein & Quinto, Manhattan, to Epstein, Quinto & Brom, Inc.

Authorizations:

Coe-Stapley Mfg. Corp., Delaware, make and deal in electrical appliances; $350,000. Representative, E. B. Shoemaker, 1,790 Broadway.

Dissolutions:

Majestic Motion Picture Co., Manhattan.

Pulaski Electric Light Co., Oswego.

Oakdale Mills Co., Manhattan.

Salmon River Land Co., Buffalo.

Peristein & Rosenthal, Manhattan.

Motor Dealers' Contest Ass'n of New York, Manhattan.

Reliance Market, New Rochelle.

Dave Lewis, Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Oct. 9.—Charters filed:

Belle Tractor Co., $11,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, F. J. Armstrong, Clement M. Egner, of Wilmington, Del.

Keystone Kentucky Oil Co., $2,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, Harry W. Davis, of Wilmington, Del.

The Selig Co., to conduct places of amusement of all kinds, $1,500,000; Arthur W. Britton, George V. Reilly, Samuel B. Howard, all of New York.

Increase in capital stock: General Refining Co., Chicago, from $750,000 to $3,000,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 9.—Charters filed:

Turbo Motor Co., 26 East State St., Trenton, to make and deal in various kinds of goods, capital $100,000; W. Holt Apgar of Trenton, Wm. McClinton of East Radford, Va., and L. S. Randolph of Blacksburg, Va.

Manhattan Romper Co., Newark, to make clothing, $15,000; Julius Krostelier, E. Deroy Koch, and Lionel P. Krostelier, all of Newark.

Nabe Warerooms, Inc., Jersey City, to deal in pianos, &c., $2,500; F. Hoffman, J. Mann, and D. Mackenzie, all of Jersey City.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The movement of wheat at interior points was slightly larger than it was a week ago, and apparently farmers are selling somewhat more freely. It was announced from Washington that wheat and wheat flour from Australia will be admitted into the United States free of duty. Australia has a very large surplus which has accumulated as a result of the difficulties in securing transportation, and apparently a serious move is contemplated to bring Australian wheat and flour to the United States, which is a much shorter trip than to Europe.

RYE.—Market easier; No. 2 Western, $1.90, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CORN.

Prices in the corn market experienced a sharp decline, closing with net losses of 1¼ to 1½c. The trade at large seemed to place a bearish interpretation on Monday's Government report, as the figures were considerably in excess of expectations. Offers from the country were slightly larger, but there has been nothing to indicate any great desire on the part of farmers to sell, and the consuming trade is waiting anxiously for the new crop to move. In the local cash market old No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 82.03 and No. 2 mixed at 82.02, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.19⅝	1.17⅞	1.18⅝	1.19⅞	77
January	1.15	1.13⅜	1.14⅛	1.15⅝	
May	1.15⅝	1.13¼	1.14⅜	1.15⅞	78⅝

OATS.

The oats market felt the influence of the decline in corn and prices lost ⅝ to ½c. The movement was again light, but there were predictions of larger country offerings in the near future. Exporters again added some support, and export sales were estimated at 400,000 bushels. The local cash market was easy; standard quoted at 66½c; No. 2 white, 66¼c; No. 3 white, 66c; No. 4 white, 65 to 65½c; fancy clipped white, 67 to 69c; ordinary clipped white, 65¾ to 67c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year
December	59¼	58¾	59	59⅝	48⅞
May	61¼	60⅝	60⅞	61⅝	51⅞

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was very feverish, closing heavy. Longs were inclined to liquidate, and the market felt the influence of the closing of the cottonseed oil market against speculative operations and rumors that the Government intends to take control of hog products. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 12,000; estimated for Wednesday, 18,000; Kansas City received 11,000 and Omaha 3,500.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
October	24.30	24.07	24.07	24.80	14.80
January	24.60	23.15	23.32	23.95	..
Ribs—					
October	28.12	28.00	28.00	28.12	13.87
January	24.97	24.00	24.30	24.92	12.42
Pork—					
October	44.25	44.25	44.25	46.00	..
January	46.75	45.00	45.47	46.90	23.20

COFFEE.

A slight early advance was followed by reactions in the market for coffee futures yesterday, and the close was irregular, net 5 points higher to 2 points lower. The business included further switching from December to July at 95@100 points. The more optimistic talk of peace prospects may have been partly responsible for some of the early buying. The market opened 1 point lower, but soon stiffened up, with active months selling about 5@6 points above Monday's closing figures. A moderate demand was reported for spot coffee in the local market, with quotations on the basis of 8¾c for Rio 7s and 9¾c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
October	..	..	7.11@7.13	7.09
November	..	..	7.20@7.21	7.17
December	7.32	7.30	7.28@7.29	7.26
January	..	..	7.36@7.37	7.34
February	..	..	7.44@7.45	7.42
March	7.55	7.50	7.52@7.53	7.50
April	..	..	7.61@7.62	7.60
May	7.74	7.72	7.71@7.72	7.70
June	..	..	7.79@7.80	7.78
July	7.91	7.88	7.87@7.88	7.86
August	..	..	7.93@7.94	7.94
September	8.07	8.07	7.99@8.00	8.02

COTTONSEED OIL.

Very drastic regulations were put into effect in the cottonseed oil market yesterday as a result of the recent conference between officials of the local Exchange and the food administration in Washington. No further speculative operations of any kind will be permitted, and while hedging against the cash article will be allowed in October, November, and December, all operations in the more distant months for the present at least will be confined to evening-up of old contracts. These rules are in the form of a compromise, as the food administration was disposed to close the market entirely. Members of the cotton oil trade are urged to see that no orders are taken which do not comply with the rules. If this is not done the Exchange threatens to close the market against all operations. Fluctuations are limited to 100 points on the near months daily and 50 points on the distant positions. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	18.00	18.50
October	19.00	18.75	18.50@18.65	18.75
November	17.96	17.47	17.45@17.65	18.20
December	18.01	17.21	17.15@17.25	18.01
January	18.00	17.53	17.52@17.53	18.03
February	..	..	17.40@17.60	18.00
March	17.83	17.61	17.59@17.61	18.11
April	..	..	17.50@17.62	18.12
May	..	..	17.50@17.75	18.25

SUGAR.

In raw sugar there were no buyers and no sellers, and consequently business was practically at a standstill. Refined sugar was unchanged at 8.35@8.50c, it being difficult to buy sugar at any price, particularly for city delivery. There were rumors that one Brooklyn plant was about to shut down, and that others would follow as soon as present small raw supplies were exhausted. While there are Philippine sugars en route here, both afloat and by rail, the quantity is not large, and will only afford a temporary relief. The market continues in a very acute position. Spot prices follow: Centrifugal, 6.90c; molasses, 6.02c; cost and freight, 5¼c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 11,241 packages. The buyers took hold better and the market had a steady to firm tone, especially on the finest grades of fresh creamery. Secondary qualities were slow, but the entire range of values remains unchanged. Renovated slow, and there is a light demand at the moment for ladles. Packing stock cleaned up fairly well. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb, 44½@43½c; creamery, extras, (92 score,) 44½c; creamery firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 43@44c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 41½@42½c; thirds, 40½@41c; creamery unsalted, higher than extras, 46@46½c; extras, 45@45¼c; firsts, 44@44½c; seconds, 43@43¼c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 44c; good to prime, 42@43½c; common to fair, 39@41½c; renovated, extras, 43c; firsts, 42@42½c; lower grades, 39@41½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 40½@41c; ladles, current make, firsts, 39@39½c; seconds, 38½c; lower grades, 37@38c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 38½@39c; No. 2, 38c; lower grades, 36@37½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 14,127 cases. The market is very irregular. Most receivers report a little better trading, others continued dullness. On sales reported the range of values appears to be unchanged with outside quotations for grades above firsts still extreme. On good value stock ranging from firsts to seconds there is perhaps a little better movement and a little firmer market when good values are shown at the prices asked. Storage eggs are still very quiet and values somewhat nominal. Nearby white eggs of fancy quality are scarce and firm; mixed and lower grades still move slowly at a wide range of prices. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 43@46c; extra firsts, 42@44c; firsts, 39@41c; seconds, 37@38c; thirds and poorer, 32@36½c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 36@ 36½c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@35½c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry 33@34c; under grades, 30@32c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 37½@38c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 36@36½c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 34@35½c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 32@34c; refrigerator, State white, 41@ 43c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 60@63c; ordinary to good, 48@58c; gathered whites, good to fine, 45@60c; Western and Southern, gathered whites 42@48c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, limehery browns, 48@52c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 42@46c.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY for year ended June 30—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oper. rev.	$81,388,325	$69,907,675	$62,199,509
Net. op. rev.	27,758,189	23,956,559	16,024,798
Oper. inc.	24,331,454	21,004,005	13,400,954
Gross inc.	27,432,748	24,426,031	16,638,872
Net income.	12,360,161	9,383,593	1,900,557
Pref. divs.	1,560,000	.....	.....
Add. & bett.	181,402	88,195	77,187
Surplus	10,678,759	9,245,703	1,523,370

Public Utility.

KEYSTONE TELEPHONE—

Sept. gross	134,850	124,129	114,993
Net aft. taxes	61,603	60,927	58,204
Sur. aft. chgs.	33,377	33,280	31,297
9 mos. gross	1,175,552	1,087,344	1,014,147
Net aft. taxes	558,077	537,887	510,106
Sur. aft. chgs.	200,468	193,968	270,780

NEWPORT NEWS & HAMPTON RAILWAY, GAS & ELECTRIC—

	1916.	1915.	Increase.
August gross	130,285	100,876	29,409
Net aft. taxes	55,799	45,689	10,130
Total income	56,365	46,006	10,358
Sur. aft. chgs.	35,573	26,249	9,323
8 mos. gross	809,290	678,627	130,663
Net aft. taxes	315,328	263,124	52,404
Total gross	317,801	265,117	52,684
Sur. aft. chgs.	153,031	110,374	42,656

Miscellaneous.

COLORADO FUEL AND IRON COMPANY for the year ended June 30—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Gross	40,004,886	25,628,605	16,578,040
Net earnings	8,233,318	4,346,085	1,765,053
Total income	9,019,002	4,971,076	2,261,191
Balance	3,879,489	2,145,846	*334,661
Pref. divs.	700,000	600,000	.....
Surplus	3,219,469	1,545,846	*334,661

*Deficit.

WESTINGHOUSE AIR BRAKE COMPANY for the fiscal year ended July 31—

Net profits	6,388,463	9,396,103	1,675,830
Cash divs.	5,865,413	3,140,972	3,140,600
Stock divs.	3,949,193	.....	.....
Deficit	3,126,143	*6,255,131	1,564,821
Total surplus	7,709,155	10,645,473	4,084,045
Adjustment	60,680	189,825	366,298
P. & L. surp.	7,648,475	10,835,298	4,390,343

*Surplus.

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SEES NO DECLINE IN BUILDING COST

Elliott Smith Would Educate Public to Belief Material Prices Will Not Drop.

HARD TO OBTAIN LOANS

Investigation Planned to Determine Existing Demand for Various Classes of Structures.

At a meeting of the committee to determine the actual demand for building construction, which is working in conjunction with Borough President Marks' Committee on the Alleviation of Building Stagnation, held yesterday at the Building Material Exchange in the Woolworth Building, it was decided that the members of the sub-committee should begin at once an investigation into the existing demand for various classes of buildings.

Arthur K. Mack of The Record and Guide presided, the other members of the committee present being Henry Atterbury Smith, H. H. Murdock, Walter Smith, Roy Wingate, and John J. Radley. Mr. Mack made the suggestion, which was adopted, that a survey be made of the need for new construction in the following classes of buildings: Warehouses, elevator apartments, non-elevator apartments, offices, lofts, hotels, garages, and factories. A report on the results of this investigation will probably be made to the general committee at a meeting next Tuesday. The opinion of members of the sub-committee was that a detailed inquiry dealing with the respective classes of structures would reveal actual conditions.

Following the meeting of this committee the committee to consider the condition of supply and price of building materials met, former Senator E. R. Ackerman presiding. The discussion covered the range of building materials and supply, the concensus of opinion being that with the exception of steel, other materials were to be had in sufficient quantity, barring difficulties of railroad delays.

A. Alexander of 450 West End Avenue, an apartment house operator, said he believed the most serious situation confronting the building trades related to the inability to get loans to finance new operations. He also said there was not a scarcity of steel for structural purposes, but a delay in its fabrication, and pointed out that at the recent Business Men's War Convention at Atlantic City, James A. Farrell, President of the United States Steel Corporation, stated that the steel companies could meet all industrial demands for the commodity, provided they were given proper time in which to fill orders.

Elliott Smith, President of the Building Material Exchange, said one of the big difficulties at the present time was in getting the railroads to deliver material. He further asserted that the public should be educated to the belief that prices for materials would not be lower in the next year or two. Michael Cohen said there was enough structural steel available to build 1,000 buildings. The labor shortage was touched upon as one of the controlling factors in the situation. It was brought out, however, that the labor unions were willing to cooperate with the producers by giving temporary union cards to workers.

Referring to high labor costs, G. Osgood Andrews, special representative of the Plate Glass Manufacturers of America, with headquarters at Pittsburgh, stated that the increase paid by the glass manufacturers since 1914 for labor represented 87.8 per cent., for material 75.8 per cent. and for fuel 137.6 per cent. The average advance in selling price by the manufacturers represents about 47 per cent.," Mr. Andrews said.

The Committee on Supply and Cost of Labor will meet at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the Building Material Exchange. The Committee on Building Laws is scheduled to meet tomorrow afternoon, and the Committee on Mortgage Loans will convene Friday afternoon, both meetings to be held at the exchange rooms.

BIG TRUST COMPANIES TO JOIN RESERVE BANKS

The Bankers, Central and New York, with $650,000,000 Resources, to Seek Membership.

Three more big trust companies announced yesterday their determination to join the Federal Reserve system. They are the Bankers Trust, the Central Trust, and the New York Trust Companies. Last week the Equitable and the Metropolitan trust companies announced their decision to apply for membership, and about ten days ago the Guaranty Trust Company sent in its application. The Broadway Trust became a member early in the establishment of the system.

The resources of the Bankers, the Central, and the New York Trust Companies aggregate about $650,000,000, and the combined deposits total $465,000,000. The Bankers, which is the second largest trust company in the United States, has a capital and surplus of $22,000,000 and total assets of $329,328,700. The resources of the Central are approximately $235,000,000, and its capital and surplus amount to $20,000,000. The New York Trust Company has a capital and surplus of $13,000,000, and resources of about $86,000,000.

Seward Prosser, President of the Bankers Trust Company, issued the following statement:

"The Board of Directors of the Bankers Trust Company, at a special meeting called for the purpose, authorized the officers of the company to make application to the Federal Reserve Board for membership in the Federal Reserve system. This action was taken in view of the increasing necessity, due to the financial requirements of the war, for the complete mobilization of the banking reserves of the United States, and, further, because it was felt that the Bankers Trust Company as a member of the Federal Reserve system could extend a broader banking service."

James Wallace, President of the Central Trust Company, in announcing the action of his Board of Trustees, asserted:

"The trustees believe that it is their unmistakable patriotic duty to add all in their power to the banking strength of this Government represented by the Federal Reserve Bank and to participate in the many advantages that the system furnishes."

Mortimer N. Buckner, President of the New York Trust Company, said that his institution had applied for membership "with a view to co-operating in every way with the United States Government under present conditions."

It is expected that within a short time several of the other trust companies will join the Federal Reserve system.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.
SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.04	Jacket	.08
Alta	.03	Julia	.02
Andes	.03	Justice	.03
Best & Belcher	.02	Mexican	.16
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.15
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.07
Challenge Con.	.01	Potosi	.03
Confidence	.03	Savage	.03
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.16
Con. Virginia	.15	Union Con.	.12
Halo & Norcross	.03	Utah	.01
		Mexican dollars	.69½

TONOPAH.		GOLDFIELD.	
Belmont	4.00	Goldfield Merger	.04
Halifax	.20	Great Bend	.07
MacNamara	.17	Jumbo Ext.	.16
Midway	.10	Silver Pick	.12
Mispah	.07	Spearhead	.07
Monarch Pitts.	.60	MANHATTAN.	
North Star	.08	Consolidated	.22
Rescue	.16	Morning Glory	.18
Tonopah Ext.	2.00	Red Top	.06
West End	.05	Union Amal.	.18
West Tonopah	.18	White Caps	1.22½
		OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Atlanta	.08	Nevada Hills	.12
Booth	.05	Packard	.22
Daisy	.02	Rochester	.48
Florence	.12	Round Mountain	.25
Goldfield Consol.	.34	United Eastern	3.57½

COLORADO SPRINGS.			
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid. Asked.
Cresson	5⅝	5½	Granite .40 .50
Dr. J'kpot	.3	.5	Isabella .8 .9
Elkton	3½	4½	McKinney 2¾ 3
El Paso	.15	.25	Portland .448 .7½
F. Rawlings	4		Gold Mt. 15 16½
Gold Cycle	.100	104	Vindicator .48 .55
Gold Sov	2½	3	

BIG DROP IN SUEZ TRAFFIC.

But American Tonnage Using Canal Increases from 2,562 to 34,732.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—The war has diminished heavily the traffic through the Suez Canal. A dispatch today from Consul General Skinner, at London, giving the latest report of canal tonnage states that where 4,802 vessels passed through Suez in 1914 only 2,736 passed in 1915, and 2,388 in 1916. The tonnage of freight going through in 1916 was 12,325,000, and in 1914 it was 19,409,000.

Great Britain's tonnage fell from 12,910,000 to 9,788,000. United States tonnage rose from 2,562 in 1914 to 34,732 last year.

Germany before the war was the largest patron of the canal, next to Great Britain, her tonnage having been 2,118,000. Germany did not send a pound of anything through last year, or the year before. The tonnage of the Netherlands has fallen off from 1,389,000 to 643,000. France and Spain are the only countries that appear to have maintained about the same trade through the canal in war times as prior to 1914.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The Fair Waist and Dress Company has removed from 134 to 142 West Thirty-seventh Street to large quarters in the building at 1,372 to 1,378 Broadway, corner of Thirty-seventh Street. A. Gevirtz heads the business.

The annual awards in its observation reports contest have been announced by the National Jewelers' Board of Trade. Of the eighteen prize winners, nine are employed by firms in this city. The reports received during the year ended Sept. 1 totaled 1,902.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	97½	98½
2s, coupon, 1930	97½	98½
3s, registered, 1918	98⅝	98⅝
3s, coupon, 1918	98⅝	98⅝
5s, registered, 1946	85	90
3s, coupon, 1946	85	90
2s, conversion, 1947	85	90
4s, registered, 1925	Bid.	Ask.
4s, coupon, 1925	105½	106½
2s, coupon, '25, reg	97½	98½
2s, Panama, '38, coupon	97	98½
3s, Panama, '61, reg	83	86
3s, Panama, '61, coupon	83	87

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
4½s, July	1967	101¾	101¾	101¾
4½s, June	1965	101¾	101¾	101¾
4½s Mar.,	1963	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜
4½s Nov.,	1957	101¼	101¼	101¼
4½s May,	1957	101¼	101¼	101⅜
4½s Nov.,	1917	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
4½s April,	1966	97⅜	98⅜	98⅜
4½s Mar.,	1960-30	98	98¾	97⅝
4½s Mar.,	1964	97⅜	98⅜	98
4½s Mar.,	1962	97⅜	98⅜	98
4½s Sept.,	1960	97⅜	98⅜	98
4s May,	1959	94	94¾	93¾
4s Nov.,	1958	94½		93⅜
4s May,	1957	94	95	93⅜
4s Nov.,	1956	92	93½	92⅜
4s Nov.,	1955	92	93½	92⅜
4s Nov.,	1936	94	96	94
4s May,	1919	99¼		99¼
4s Nov.,	1918	99½		99¼

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
3½s Nov.,	1954	82	85½	83
3½s May,	1954	82	83	82½
3½s Nov.,	1955			82

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1918-1923	4.40	4.20 4.23
4½s	1924-1941	4.45	4.30 4.40
4½s	1921-1923	4.40	4.20 4.35
4½s	April, 1920	4.50	4.50
4½s	1918-1919	4.50	4.50
3½s	1940-1963	4.50	4.35 4.50
3½s	1930-1939	4.50	4.25 4.50
3½s	1922-1929	4.50	4.25 4.50
3½s	1919-1921	4.40	4.10 4.40
3½s	1917-1918	4.40	4.10 4.40
3s	1940-1953	4.50	4.20 4.50
3s	1923-1930	4.50	4.20 4.50
3s	1918-1925	4.50	4.00 4.40

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
509	Cities Service	226	226	223	227
180	Cities Service pf	81	80½	80½	81
145	Pacific Gas & Electric	40¾	40¾	40¾	41

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	17	20
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	65	70
Am. Cities pf	19	21
Am. Gas & Electric	105	108
Am. Gas & Elec. pf	45	46
Am. Light & Traction	253	254
Am. Light & Trac. pf	103	104
Am. Power & Light	59	62
Am. Power & Lt. pf	78	81
Am. Public Utilities	39	55
Am. Pub. Utilities pf	92	96
Am. W. W. & Elec.	5	6
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	13	16
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf	64	67
Carolina Power & Lt.	93	95
Carolina P. & L. pf.	93	95
Colorado Power	25	27
Colorado Power pf	97	100
Commonwealth P. & L.	44	47
Commonwealth P. & L. pf.	89	92
Consumers' Power pf	90	95
Dayton Pow. & Lt. pf.	85	87
Duluth Edison	75	78
Eastern Texas Electric	53	58
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	80	85
El Paso Electric	100	104
El Paso Electric pf	91	95
Electric B. & S. pf.	96	98
Electric Properties	52	56
Empire Dist. El. pf.	84	88
Federal Light & Trac.	10	12
Federal Light & Tr. pf.	43	46
Galv. Hous. El. pf.	65	69
Gas & Elec. Securities	290	310
Gas & Elec. Sec. pf.	94	100
Int. Mt. Ry. Lt. & P. pf.	96	98
Interstate Electric	35	41
Interstate Elec. pf.	90	93

Bonds.				
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	89½	100
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	69	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	68½	70½
Appa. Power 1st 5s	78	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s	82	86
Carolina P. & L. 5s	87	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s	95½	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	80	83½
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	99	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	90	93½
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s	75	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	88
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 5s, 1942	97	Ohio Gas 1st 5s, 1939	100¼	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1953	95	Omaha & C. B. 5s	90	95
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st 5s, 1942	90	P. G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s	94	95
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	90	101
Dallas Elec. 5s	92½	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	96	98
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	92	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s, '45	94	96
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s	96	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	88	92
East. Tex. El. col. 5s	87	U. S. R. R.&M. 6s, '23	111	113
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	Un. Light & Rys. 1st 5s, 1932	83	90
Fed. Light & Tr. 5s	74½	Un. Light & Rys. deb. 6s, 1926	97	99
Fed. Light & Tr. 6s	90	United Cities gen. 6s, '43	95	95¼
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	81	Utah Securities 6s	89½	90¼
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '55	94	Wash. L. W. & P. 6s	90	94
Inter-Mt. Ry. 6s	96	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44	91	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	87	West. P. P. 1st 5s, '46	90	94
L., G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, '41	88	Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	91	96
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½			
Middle West U. 6s, '25	95			

Railroads.			
9 Bost. & Alb.	147	147	
80 Boston Elev.	43	43	
15 Bos. & Low.	90	90	
157 Bost. & Me.	24	23½	23¾
4 Bos. & Prov.	160	160	160
37 Fitchburg pf	50½	50	50
10 Me. Central	92½	92½	92½
11 N. E. Tel.	103¼	105	103¼
35 Nipe Bay	120	120	120
50 Punta A. Su.	35	35	
9 Pacific Mills	135	134½	134½
381 Swift	141¼	144½	144½
50 Un. Drug	70	70	70
333 Un. Fruit	125¾	125	125¾
230 Un. Shoe	45⅝	45¼	45⅝
45 Do pf	25¾	25¾	25¾
25 War. Bros. 2d pf	50	50	50
100 Wol'ston Ld.	60	60	60

Miscellaneous.			
11 Am. Ag. Ch. pf	90¼	95	
75 Am. Pn. 2d pf	101½	101½	
32 Am. Sugar	108½	107	107
40 Do pf	118½	113	113
236 Am. Tel.	115	114¼	114¾
70 Am. Woolen	94	93¾	94
580 A. G. & W. I.	101	100	100
925 Do pf	60	60	60
15 Cub. P. Cem	14	14	14
5 E. Bos. Ld.	7¾	7¾	7¾
55 Mass. Gas	87	85¼	85½
8 Do pf	70	70	70
40 McElw. 1st pf	100	100	100

Bonds.			
$1,000 Am. Tel. & Tel. 5s	97	96¾	97
1,000 A. G. & W. I. 5s	78	78	78
5,000 Chi. Jct. 5s	85½	85¼	85½
1,000 Mass. G. 4½s	87	85¼	85½
$1,000 N.E. Tel. 5s	94	94	94
6,500 Swift 5s	95¾	95½	95¾
1,000 West. Tel. 5s	90	90	90
108,000 U.S Ltd. 3½s	99.54	99.40	99.50
1,300 Ventura 7s	95	94	95

CHICAGO.				
Stocks.				
Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10 Am. Radi	305	295	305	
620 Am. Ship	90	89½	90	
980 Booth, Fish	23	22½	22½	
95 Do pf	84	84	84	
250 Chi. City & Con. Ry. pf.	20	20	20	
25 Chi. Pn. Tool	60	60	60	
10 Chi. Title & T.	102½	102½	102½	
50 Cudahy	116	116	116	
535 Com. Edison	116¼	114	116	
243 Deere & Co. pf.	100¾	100	100¾	
180 Dia. Match	118	116	116	
2 H'tman Corp.	50	50	50	
10 Lindsay Light	29	29	29	

Bonds.			
$1,000 Chi. City Ry. 1st 5s	92¼	92½	92½
2,000 Chi. Rys. 5s, Series B	60	60	60
1,000 Chi. Tel. 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼
$1,000 Com. Ed. 1st 5s	97¾	97¾	97¾
2,000 Pub. Serv. 5s	88	88	88
9,000 Swift 1st 5s	95¾	95¾	95¾
4,200 Lib. Loan	99.40	99.40	99.40

BALTIMORE.			
Stocks.			
Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 Arun. S. & G	34	34	34
10 Balt. El. pf.	41¼	41¼	41¼
8 Con. Coal	98	98	98
100 Con. Power	104	104	104
731 Cosden	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
500 Do pf	4	4	4
10 David. Chem	30	30	30
$9,000 Am. C. deb. 6s	88	88	88
15,000 Con. P. 5s	95½	95½	95½
15,000 Do 6s	98¾	98¾	98¾
2,000 Cosden 6s, A	80¼	80¼	80¼
5,000 Do 6s, B	87½	87½	87½
15,000 Elkhorn 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞

Bonds.			
$1,000 G. E. S. inc.	1½	1½	1½
1,000 Norfolk & P. 5s	80	80	80
1,000 Sea. 4s, stpd.	74	74	74
3,000 Un. Ry. inc. 4s	50	50	50
1,000 W. B. A. 5s	82½	82½	82½

BOSTON.			
Mining.			
Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 Am. Zinc	16½	16½	16½
5 Do pf	51	51	51
105 Ahmeek	95	94	94
50 Alaska	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
190 Allouez	62	60	60½
20 Anaconda	68	68	68
260 Ariz. Com'l	10⅝	10½	10⅝
221 Cal. & Ariz	78	71	71¼
19 Cal. & Hec.	515	505	510
40 Centennial	15	15	15
10 Chino	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝
330 Co. Range	53¾	51	51
355 Davis-Daly	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
210 East Butte	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
10 Hancock	12⅝	12½	12⅝
30 Is. Creek pf	80½	80	80
215 Isle Royale	30	29½	30
50 Kerr Lake	5½	5½	5½
270 Lake Copper	8	7½	7¾
475 Mass Cons	7½	6⅞	7
400 May. O. Col.	1⅝	1½	1½
50 Mohawk	77	77	77
100 Nevada Con.	19	19	19
25 New Arcad.	2½	2½	2½
200 North Butte	15⅝	15½	15⅝
117 Old Dominion	48	48	48¾
25 Osceola	83½	81	81
245 Pond Creek	21	20½	20½
25 Quincy	80¼	80¼	80¼
230 Shannon	6	5⅞	6
10 St. Mary's	63	63	63
60 Sup. & Bos.	3¼	3¼	3¼
100 Sup. Copper	7	7	7
627 Trinity	5¼	5	5⅛
100 Tuolumne	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
455 U. S. Smelt.	50	54½	55
15 Do pf	48	49	49
353 Utah Apex	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
510 Utah Cons	14¼	14	14¼
135 Utah Metals	3⅞	3⅜	3⅜
50 Winona	2½	2½	2½

Railroads.			
3 N. & W. pf.	100	100	100
135 N. Y. N. H. & H.	28½	28	28
3 Ver. & Mass	96	96	96
61 West End	38	38	38
65 Do pf	50½	50	50

Bonds.			
Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	89½	100	
Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	68½	70½	
Miss. V. G. & E. 5s	82	86	
New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	94	96	
N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	80	83½	
Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	90	93½	
Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	88	
Ohio Gas 1st 5s, 1939	100¼	102	
Omaha & C. B. 5s	90	95	
P. G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s	94	95	
Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	90	101	
Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	96	98	
Stand. G. of N. J. 5s, '45	94	96	
Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	88	92	
U. S. R. R.&M. 6s, '23	111	113	
Un. Light & Rys. 1st 5s, 1932	83	90	
Un. Light & Rys. deb. 6s, 1926	97	99	
United Cities gen. 6s, '43	95	95¼	
Utah Securities 6s	89½	90¼	
Wash. L. W. & P. 6s	90	94	
Western Power 1st 5s	96	98	
West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½	
West. P. P. 1st 5s, '46	90	94	
Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	91	96	

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
16	Mt. Vernon	14	14	14
21	Do pf	66	66	66
10	Md. Cas.	78¾	78¾	78¾
10	North. Cent.	79¼	79¼	79¼
716	Pk'e of Md	7¾	7¾	7¾
320	United Ry.	25½	25	25
300	W. B. A.	20	19½	20

Bonds.			
$1,000	Norfolk & P. 5s	80	80
3,000	Ry. Inc. 4s	50	50
1,000	W. B. A. 5s	82½	82½

Mining.			
Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 Mohawk	77	77	77
100 Nevada Con.	19	19	19
25 New Arcad.	2½	2½	2½
200 North Butte	15⅝	15½	15⅝
117 Old Dominion	48	48	48¾
25 Osceola	83½	81	81
245 Pond Creek	21	20½	20½
25 Quincy	80¼	80¼	80¼
230 Shannon	6	5⅞	6
10 St. Mary's	63	63	63
60 Sup. & Bos.	3¼	3¼	3¼
100 Sup. Copper	7	7	7
627 Trinity	5¼	5	5⅛
100 Tuolumne	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
455 U. S. Smelt.	50	54½	55
15 Do pf	48	49	49
353 Utah Apex	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
510 Utah Cons	14¼	14	14¼
135 Utah Metals	3⅞	3⅜	3⅜
50 Winona	2½	2½	2½

Bonds.			
$1,000	N.E. Tel. 5s	94	94
1,000	West. Tel. 5s	90	90
108,000	U.S Ltd. 3½s	99.54	99.40
1,300	Ventura 7s	95	94

CHICAGO.				
Stocks.				
Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
90	Nat. Carbon.	69	69	69
875	Pneu-O-Lite	134	124	126
20	Pub. Service pf	85	85	85
455	People's Gas	57	51	51
30	Quaker O. pf.	98½	98½	98½
1,405	Sears-Roe	153	151	151½
18	Shaw	69	69	69
385	Stewart-War.	62	60	60
1,533	Swift & Co.	146	144¾	144¾
1,547	Union Carb.	165	155	156
200	Un. Paperb'd.	21¾	21	21
145	Wilson	60	50½	50½
10	Do pf	101	101	101

Bonds.			
$1,000	Com. Ed. 1st 5s	97¾	97¾	97¾
2,000	Pub. Serv. 5s	88	88	88
9,000	Swift 1st 5s	95¾	95¾	95¾
4,200	Lib. Loan	99.40	99.40	99.40

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	17	18	17¾
Atlantic Refining	860	880	865
Borne-Scrymser	410	430	410
Buckeye Pipe Line	89	93	90
Chesebrough Mfg.	340	365	340
Colonial Oil	50	70	50
Continental Oil	525	550	525
Crescent Pipe Line	33	37	35
Cumberland P. L.	145	155	150
Eureka Pipe Line	208	213	210
Galena Signal Oil	133	137	134
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	130	140	130
Illinois Pipe Line	208	140	210
Indiana Pipe Line	95	98	98
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	13	13½	13
National Transit	12	13	12
N. Y. Transit	190	200	195
Northern Pipe Line	98	102	100
Ohio Oil	333	338	335
Penn.-Mex. F. Co.	36	40	36
Prairie Oil & Gas	470	490	480
Prairie Pipe Line	250	255	255
Solar Refining	300	325	315
Southern Pipe Line	195	200	198
South. Penn. Oil	275	285	290
Stand. Oil of Cal.	220	225	227
Stand. Oil of Ind.	665	685	690
Stand. Oil of Kan.	490	510	515
Stand. Oil of Ky.	340	350	345
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	480	510	490
Stand. Oil of N. J.	495	505	505
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	242	247	250
Stand. Oil of Ohio	450	460	450
Swan & Finch	100	120	100
Union Tank	93	96	93
Vacuum Oil	348	353	350
Washington

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

APPAREL.—Cash; surplus stock; better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

APPAREL, ladies', children's; highest cash prices paid for jobs. Gruber. Canal 8670.

BEAVER.—Raritans 1273, all colors; also U. S. serge 235. Phone 3215 Stuyvesant.

BEAVER.—Open for quantity of 1273 Raritan beaver. Farragut 2449.

BRAIDS, button trimmings, and general merchandise of every description; cash for job. Close outs any quantity. Spring 7980.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H. or botany, all colors; coverts and navy Duvet de Laine. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th St.

BROADCLOTH.—Open for cheap grade navy, brown broadcloth. Greenberg, 114 East 23d.

BROWN FOX—H. & H. chinchilla, bearskin. Rudinger & Oppenheim, 821 Broadway.

CHAMBRAYS.—Appanaug, security, and Amoskeag makes, colors blue and gun metal; immediate delivery, and balance of this year. C 344 Times Downtown.

CHIFFON Panama; can use quantity of black and navy, all wool, at a price on cash basis. Phone Greeley 2810.

CHINCHILLA.—Open for quantity ivy, either ¾ or full width. Greeley 6172.

CHINCHILLA, white only; Salt's preferred, Orka Mfg. Co., 49 East 21st.

CLOAKINGS.—Can use quantity of heavyweight velours. 200 5th Av., Room 1210.

CLOTHS.—Western manufacturer will pay cash for following or similar cloths. Send stock list and best cash price care Hotel Knickerbocker, Louis Goodman, American's 11050, in all colors; American's Pom-Pom, in all colors; Buckley & Cohn's style 372; Forstman & Huffmann's Columbia broadcloths; Juilliards 110 and 2002.

COATS.—Cloth and plush coats, serge and silk dresses, at cut prices; quantity is no object if prices on merchandise are right; call with samples or advise by mail or phone description or merchandise. M. Lurie & Co., 1,150 Broadway. Madison Sq. 8773.

COATS and Suits.—Jobber ready to place large orders; also open for job of discarded samples. 151 West 26th St., 4th floor, rear elevator.

COATS.—Contractors with your own style will place stock order. Cohen Bros., 54 West 21st St.

COATINGS.—Heavyweight, all wool; big quantities for cash; must be cheap. L 271 Times Downtown.

COATS.—Open for jobs of ladies' and misses' coats; also close out some sample coats. Madison Square 7843.

CORDUROY.—Open to buy quantity 36-inch white wide wale corduroy; submit samples, with quantity and lowest quotation. M 31 Times.

CORSET COVERS.—Wanted, a large quantity of cheap corset covers. W. & H. Walker, 116 West 29th St.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Manufacturer wants to buy three-thread crepe. Telephone Farragut 8792.

DRESSES.—Will pay spot cash for jobs and serge dresses. Spiro & Kutner, 1,265 Broadway.

DRESSES, COATS AND SUITS.—Open for jobs, spot cash. Handels, 336 6th Av.

FOX SCARFS.—M. Silverman & Son, 18 West 27th St., want for spot cash large fox scarfs, fur-trimmed suits and dresses of the better grade. Call with samples, 8 to 10 A. M., or 5 to 6 P. M.

FUR TRIMMINGS.—Open for 1,000 kid cooney sets. Sprayregen-Marks, 158 West 29th.

GABARDINE, blue, good quality, for cash. Bernstein-Baum De Costa Co., 38 West 32d St. Madison Square 7039.

PAISLEY SILK and cotton crepe wanted, in quantity. Telephone 3650 Chelsea.

PERCALES-CALICOES printed on dark grounds, any quantity, flower lawns. N 227 Times Downtown.

POM POM and Velour, Taupe and Burgundy; also Chase's wool plush, all colors. Haft, 104 West 27th.

POM-POM.—American 0816; all colors; for cash. Jacob Chapman & Bro. Madison Square 2947.

POM POM.—All colors; have Pekin to exchange. Phone Farragut 3885.

POM POM.—Navy, plum, Pekin, amethyst; also U. S. 153, taupe. Farr. 2616.

POM POMS.—Burgundy and mahogany; will pay spot cash. Farragut 8394.

POM-POM.—Reindeer and wine shade, 947. Neugass Bros., 71 W. 23d.

POM-POM.—American 0816 in Burgundy and Pekin only. Hitter Bros. Farragut 8394.

POMPOMS, all colors. Phone Farragut 3885.

POPLIN.—Wanted, American woolen poplin 90610-8, black, blue, and taupe, at $1.65 net cash. Periberg & Cooper, 721 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn.

POPLIN.—American woolen wanted, 90610-8, black, blue, and taupe, at $1.65 net cash. Periberg & Cooper, 721 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn.

SERGES.—Open for all-wool 50 to 54 inch storm and mannish serges; will pay spot cash; must be reasonable. J. & R. Skirt Co., 43 West 16th St. Chel. 7894.

SERGES.—Open for Style 87 serges; all colors; give best price and assortment. M 9 Times.

SERGE.—French; will exchange green for black or burgundy. Paragon, 30 W. 25th.

SERGE, tan, quantity wanted. Phone Vanderbilt 3732.

SNAP FASTENERS.—No. 1, 0, 00, 000; lowest quotations; imported finish. Snap Fastener Sales Co., 1,328 B'way. Greeley 2852.

TAFFETA.—Manufacturer wants to buy close-out of taffeta. Tel. Farragut 3792.

TAFFETA.—Black and navy, mail price and sample. O 121 Times.

TRENCH COATINGS.—Wilson & Lawrence style 580, colors 2, 5, 7, 9. Telephone Gramercy 5174.

VELOUR.—American, style 13046, or similar quality in taupe and Burgundy wanted. Phone Chelsea 8860. Beller & Cohen.

VELOURS.—Heavyweight velours and F. and H. broadcloth wanted for spot cash. Emanuel, 48 West 27th. Farragut 5154.

VELOUR—0859 American; open for 50 pieces, all colors, except green and navy. S. Karp, 104 West 27th. Farragut 2187.

VELOURS.—Burgundy and taupe, heavy weight. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th. Farr. 602.

VELOURS.—Light weight; all colors; open for large quantity. Leo Sturm, 48 West 28th St.

VELOURS, lightweight and heavyweight; Burgundy and brown heavyweight. Chelsea 1858.

VELOUR.—Will buy all shades in all-wool or cotton warp. Bobrick. Farragut 2368.

VELOURS.—Open for K 514, 7050, all serge. Chelsea 9724.

WOOLENS.—Cloak manufacturers having any heavyweight woolens to sell, please advise quantity and lowest price. A 459 Times Annex.

WOOL JERSEY.—Open to buy lot of wool jersey suitable for dresses. Schwortzreich-Goodman, 114 West 26th.

Offerings to Buyers

AMERICAN 0-3-21 and 0361-1, all colors, at cost price. Madison Square 9548.

BONNAZ MACHINE, four Cornely, for sale; in good condition; will sell at reasonable price. Riverdale Manufacturing, 20 E. 20th.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315-402-778-504; Botany Velour 5816-881-507; U. S. Velour D; all colors; Plaid Stevens 1037-19-22-46-01-45; Wilson Lawrence Plaid 1008-214-23-2, 606-1-2-3, 664-8; American Plaid 15024-36. Essay Commercial Co., 20 West 33d St. Madison Square 6375.

BROADCLOTHS.—F. & H. Botany, all shades, $2.15; brown pom pom, $2.75; Duvet de Laine, all shades, $2.20; Bachman's burella, all shades, $1.90. Madison Square, 7427.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany and F. & H., brown and green, $2.05 net; Duvet de Laine, same brown and green, $2.20 net; Botany Velour, Burgundy, $2.15 net. Madison Square 4440.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H., $2.15 net, all colors; velour, F. & H., $2.25 net, all colors; Bonvia, F. & H., $4.30 net, all colors. Telephone Madison Square 4100.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany, brown, and green, $2.12½; popling; Saxonia, navy, brown, and green, $1.70; plushes, esquimette. Chelsea 5742.

BROADCLOTH.—Juilliard's 2002, black, navy, green, and brown; also navy, green, and brown velour. Farragut 9805.

BROADCLOTHS.—F. & H. and Botany black broadcloth at $2.10 net cash. Telephone Madison Square 242.

BROADCLOTH.—Navy, $1.95, serge 4002, 150 pieces; navy, 6¾ net. Mad. Sq. 448.

BROADCLOTHS.—Botany 315, all colors, $2.15 net. Call Madison Square 781.

BROADCLOTH, botany, black, and colors, $2.12½ net. Farragut 2262.

BROADCLOTH for sale, all colors, at $2.15 net. Greeley 4894.

Offerings to Buyers

BROADCLOTH, F. & H., black, green, brown. Farragut 2477.

BURELLA.—Buckley & Cohen, style 700, all colors; Wilson & Lawrence, style 581, brown, gray, green; F. & A. Bolivia, style 880, all colors. Madison Square 914.

BURELLA.—0310, all shades, at reasonable prices; cotton warp velours, oxford suiting and coating. Whitman's 1210. Madison Square 2426.

BURELLA.—American 09057, green 4 pieces; brown 4 pieces, $1.25 net; American pom-pom 0816, brown 1 piece. Madison Square 8028.

BURELLA.—American 09057, black 163 and 818. Friedman & Peppercorn, 12 East 33d.

BURELLA.—American 09057; green, brown, and reindeer; $1.25 net. Farragut 8868.

BURELLA.—Buckley & Cohen 372, all colors. $1.85. Madison Square 10280.

CLOTH, all colors, American O 6060, O 6062, for sale; opening price. Farragut 433.

COATS and Suits.—Few hundred select garments at very reasonable prices; immediate delivery. A. H. Hollander, 28 West 25th St.

COATS.—Seal plush, 48-inch, trimmed with different furs, belted, $11.50, $12.50, $13.75, $15.25; immediate delivery. Hutner, 48 West 29th.

COATS on the racks for immediate delivery; exceptional line. Call will convince you. Kaplan & Weinstein, 150 West 22d.

COATS.—Plushes, velours, broadcloths; low prices, latest styles; call will convince you. Joe Korostoff, 36 West 20th St.

COATS and Suits on the racks for immediate delivery. W. Philips & Co., 145 West 28th St.

COATS, Suits.—Exceptional line; wonderful values; see our specials. Talbot, 114 West 27th St.

COATS.—Job of infants', children's coats at low prices. Rudinger & Oppenheim, 821 Broadway.

COATS.—Silk plush, 48 long; guaranteed lining; $10, Metropolitan, 40 West 27th.

COATS.—Infants', children's cloth and plush coats; very cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Plush and cloth, to close out, reasonable. Schoen Weissman, 53 West 24th.

COATS. — Stouts, chicken coats; immediate delivery. J. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

COTTON GOODS, colored, Peking stripe, brown, and tan, 15c; boating serge, gray and tan, 15c; Pilgrim gabardine, brown, gray, copen, and tan, 15c; also other colors, for delivery within 10 days. Telephone Farragut 5159.

COTTON.—Simpson seaside 196, ten thousand yards, 18½c net, cash. L 254 Times Downtown.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Plain and fancy satins and taffetas; immediate delivery. Clifton Silk Mills, 414 Fourth Av. Madison Sq. 5567.

CREPE METEOR.—Eagle 951, crepe de chine 684; all colors. Farragut 3646.

DRESSES.—Save money by buying direct from contractor, botany serge dresses, $7.50 to $11.50; visit our showroom and be convinced. H. Wolfenson, 39 East 20th.

DRESSES.—Serges, satins and crepe meteors, $8.50 to $18.50; stocks for immediate delivery; special assortment of large sizes always on hand. Princess, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Newest models in wool, jersey, coverts, velvets, serge and satin, for immediate delivery; big values. Vassar Dress Co., 39 W. 32d St.

DRESSES, to close out, about 500 wool jerseys, charmeuse, and serges at reasonable price. American Custom Dress Co., 118 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Wool jerseys, serges, satins, and charmeuses to close at special prices. Rosenberg Bros. & Brown, 15-17 W. 26th St.

DRESSES.—Wool jerseys, serges, silk, and evening dresses for immediate delivery. Glockner Dress Co., Inc., 40-42 West 27th.

DRESSES. — Serge, satin, and wool jersey from $8.50 up; immediate delivery. Annetta Waist & Dress Co., 111 West 27th.

DRESSES—200 silk, serge dresses, to close out at contractor's price, net cash. Seventh floor, front, 136 West 21st.

DRESSES.—2,000 high-class serges, satins on hand for immediate delivery; low prices. Ideal Garment Co., 18 West 33d.

DRESSES.—Job 200 serges, 200 silks, also wool jersey for immediate delivery. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Jobs satin taffeta and serge at low prices. Pan-American Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st.

DRESSES.—300, all materials, to close out. 4th floor, 71 West 23d. Telephone Gramercy 6098.

DRESSES.—200 serge dresses to close out. Pan-American Skirt Co., 5 West 31st.

DRESSES.—100 serge and satin, to close out. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th St.

FIGURES.—One hundred Palmenberg figures, at $1 each. Federal Costume Co., 1 East 33d St.

FURS.—We are closing out all our printed lining; figures very cheap. Wells Silk Mills, 30 West 22d St., or phone Gram. 2196.

FURS.—Have $80,000 worth of stock of all kinds; will close out at a sacrifice. 220 6th Av. Chelsea 7975.

HOSIERY, underwear, overshirts, notions for export. Henry Isaacs, 114 East 16th. Stuyvesant 4945.

KERAMI.—Blumenthal's, $8 net. Republic Novelty Works, 230 5th Av. Mad. Sq. 1504.

KARAMI. Sidney Blumenthal's genuine, $8 net. Chelsea 9784.

KERSEY.—A. W., 13020 Brown, at $2.15 per yard. Phone Greeley 6172.

KNITTING NEEDLES, all sizes and colors; immediate delivery. Stacy & Co., 901 Broadway.

MILANESE.—Silk jersey Milanese, 54 inches, staple colors; immediate delivery. O 60 Times.

NAINSOOKS.—Plain white, 30 and 36 inch widths; complete ranges, different finishes, attractive put up; prices reasonable. Chapman, 357 4th Av. Phone 9800 Madison Square.

PLUSHES. — Peco esquimette, guaranteed sealette, Dobson's plush, salts, velours du Nord. Madison Square 3121.

PLUSHES.—H. & H. peerless lapinex, 40-40, $3.50. H. & H. Baffin Seal, $1.15. S 28 Times.

PLUSH.—Sidney Blumenthal, Hudson Bay, dipped black, $6.20. Chelsea 9784.

POM-POM.—American green, brown, and taupe, for sale. I. Arbus & Sons, Farragut 3334.

POM POM.—Taupe, F. & H. green and beetroot, Duvet de Laine. Farr. 2616.

POPLINS AND PALM BEACH SUITINGS.—(Foreign,) greens and natural colors. Selling Agents, Room 402, 350 Broadway.

RUBBERIZED MATERIAL, army shades, double texture, for all army purposes; immediate delivery. Phone Stagg 67, Merit Mfg. Co., 37 Hope St., Brooklyn.

SCARFS and capes, made of plush and moleskin, fur effects; we are headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 20th.

SERGES.—1,000 pieces at the price; Juilliards, Pacific, Anoskeag, Whitman, Gera Mills, Lorraine, and other qualities. Gramercy 4475.

SERGES.—Will sell C. S. G. L. Pacific cotton warp serge at a price. Madison Square 1231.

SERGE DRESSES.—1,000 to close out. Globe Dress and Suit Co., 19 West 27th St.

SERGES.—Botany 908 W. F. X., navy and black. Novelty, 116 West 29th St.

SHEPHERD CHECKS, (printed,) Sol satin, chinchilla, zibelines, velours, &c.; reasonable prices. Herman Cloak Co., 30 West 26th St. Farragut 9930.

SKIRTS.—To close out, pleated skirts, also taffeta; good value, $2.40 up. G. B. G. Garment Co., 41 West 17th St.

SOL SATIN.—10 pieces, 54-inch, black, at 90c. Madison Square 920.

SUITS AND COATS of the better kind for immediate delivery; new models; "chicken" effects. I. C., 30 West 32d St.

SUITS on hand for immediate delivery in broadcloths, poplins, and serges, from $10.75 up. T. Weinberg & Son, 144 West 27th.

SUITS.—F. & H. broadcloth suits for immediate delivery; all shades; $18.75 and up. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

SWEATERS.—Discontinued styles, sample lines, to close out. Peerless, 1 East 28th.

TRICOTINES, to close out; Garfield 4718, all shades; also broadcloth and velours. Farragut 2924.

TWEEDS and Priestley's gaberdines, for sale. Call Gramercy 2328.

VELOUR DU NORD. — Sidney Blumenthal, 37 to 38 inch, Style 246XU, $2.75 net. Phone Madison Square 3441.

VELOURS.—13009, brown, green, $2.20 net; French serges, Whitman's Lorraines. Gramercy 440.

VELOUR.—Kelly's all shades, $1.75; 0310 Burellas; all shades, $1.37½. Mad. Sq. 8711.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS.—Wyandotte 0359, 344, 15046, 15020. Madison Sq. 2426.

VELOURS.—11050, 15020, 15045, Stevens 6004, Buckley & Cohen style 140. Mad. Sq. 3121.

Offerings to Buyers

VELOUR.—For sale, two pieces U. S. taupe velour. Farr. 3247.

VELVETEEN and Narrow Wale Corduroy, 36 inches wide, all colors; immediate delivery. M. C. Miller & Bros., 95 Bleecker St. Spring 3287.

VELVETEENS.—Twill back, twill seconds, 27 inch; apricot, Nile, peach, citron, maize, at 42½c net. Spring 5010.

VELVETEENS.—Run of the mill, in plain and twill backs; assortment of all colors. Madison Square 9760.

VELVETEENS.—Twill back, guaranteed fast pile and color, will sell cheap, at once, Bobrick. Farr. 2368.

VELVETEENS, all colors and widths; immediate delivery. Saltzman, Stahl & Berman, 20 East 22d.

VELVETEEN.—Will sell taupe twill and straight back at cost. Spring 4409.

VELVETEENS, twill back; all colors; 24 in.; special price. Farragut 4820.

WAISTS.—Georgette and crepe de chine, $2.25 to $3.75; come in and select your styles from large stock ready for delivery. "Original" Supreme Waist Co., 114 West 26th St.

WAISTS.—Georgette waists to close out; reasonable prices. 15 West 20th, 6th floor.

ZIBELINES.—Juilliards, 6717, opening prices. Herman Cloak Co., 30 West 26th St. Farragut 9930.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN. — Splendid opportunity for an experienced salesman for macaroni boxes; Italian preferred; salary and commission. Z 393 Times Annex.

Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN, young, active, desires to connect with reliable silk house. O 119 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday....5½@6 per cent. for the best names
Monday....5½@6 " " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Suit Sales 20 Per Cent. More.

"There has been much talk recently," said a prominent suit manufacturer of this city yesterday, "about the popular-priced suit business being doomed. Those advancing this theory should see some of the letters I am getting from my trade inclosing reorders. Here is one of them. It says: 'Let me have whatever portion you can of the inclosed order right away, and send the rest as soon as possible. My suit sales have increased 20 per cent. over last year, and they are still going strong.' Does that look as though suits were on the greased slide to oblivion?"

Coarse Cottons Sell Better.

A pretty fair movement of coarse cottons in the gray was told of in this market yesterday, including quite liberal quantities of four-yard, 48-square sheetings at 12 cents. Four-yard 56-60 sheetings also sold, the price ranging from 13 to 13¼ cents, according to the seller. In several instances the higher price was obtained for branded goods. In the drills, business was done on 30-inch 3.25s at 15¼ cents for immediate delivery. Among the so-called specialties that moved well during the day were sateens for the clothing trade. These goods are said now to rank among the most attractive "buys" in the market.

Silk Market Improving.

Though it cannot yet be said that the local silk market is active, reports from mill agents in this city indicate a fair volume of trading so far this week. There seems to be on the one hand considerable demand for merchandise for Spring, while on the other sellers seem ultra-conservative where 1918 business is concerned. For earlier deliveries, however, there is not this hesitancy, and again this week there is said to have been here and there a little price shading for orders. Satins and taffetas in the darker shades are the most sought weaves for immediate requirement. Sales in the former range from $1.50 to $2.25 a yard; in the latter from $1. to $1.75 a yard.

Hard Coal Shipments Reduced.

The Coal Trade Journal will say today that heavier anthracite shipments to the Great Lakes and a corresponding drop in the tonnage coming to tidewater is making it more difficult than ever for local retailers to protect their customers against the approach of cold weather. The fact that Summer trade was heavy is not reflected by any let-up in the demand from consumers, for those who ordinarily buy their coal in small quantities, as needed, are now clamoring to have their entire Winter's supply put in without delay. The recent order, requiring bituminous operators and middlemen to forward to Washington copies of their contracts and figures showing shipments thereon, is interpreted as meaning that the Government is planning to put and end to the present situation whereby coal cannot be purchased in the open market, save in rare instances, at the prices fixed by the President.

Rubber Prices Still Softening.

About the only feature of the crude rubber market here these days is the gradual softening of prices. Buying is practically at a standstill, despite the fact that this is normally an active period. Arrivals are liberal enough to take care of a considerably larger demand than is in sight at present, which is not adding anything to the firmness of prices. One reason advanced for the present quiet is that the large amounts of money being put into Liberty bonds, war taxes, &c., are discouraging advance buying of rubber, and that the big buyers are covered for the time being at least. Firsts latex could be bought here yesterday at 64@64½ cents for shipments ranging to March next, and the same was true of smoked sheets at a cent less. Up-river fine was quoted at 63 cents for spots, with up-river coarse and upper Caucho ball held at 45 and 40 cents, respectively.

Printcloth Sales Improve.

A notable improvement in printcloth buying marked yesterday's activities in the local market for gray goods. Large sales of 38½-inch 60-48s were made at 9 cents for 1917 delivery, and practically all of the 60-52s in that width that were available for this year's shipment at 9¾ cents were cleaned up. Business was also done on 38½-inch 64-60s at 10¾ cents for delivery in November, December, and January, and some narrow goods of this construction sold at 7¼ cents. Most of the Southern mills are said to have withdrawn quotations on the wider 64-60s until the cotton market becomes more settled. Bids of 10½ cents for January 38½-inch 64-56s were refused in certain quarters. All of the 39-inch 56-44s that could be had for this year at 8¾ cents appear to have been sold. Some business was done on 39-inch 80 squares for prompt shipment at 14½ cents. These were closing prices on spot printcloths:

39-inch, 80-80s	14½c	38½-inch, 64-60s	10¼c
39-inch, 72-76s	13½c	38½-inch, 64-56s	10¼c
39-inch, 68-72s	12c	38½-inch, 60-52s	9¾c
39-inch, 56-44s	8¾c	38½-inch, 60-48s	9c
38½-inch, 64-64s	11c	27-inch, 64-60s	*7¾c

*Asked.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

GEORGE LAPPAS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against George Lappas, trading as Baltimore Trading Co., at 373 Fourth Avenue, by the following creditors: Weingarten Bros., Inc., $213; Guiterman Bros., $131, and Pacific Neckwear Mfg. Co., $198. Assets said to be $1,000 and liabilities, $7,000.

BELLE BRYCE GEMMEL CO., ladies' tailors, at 75 East Forty-seventh Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by the following creditors: Holland & Son, $437; Shanley, Importer, Inc., $76, and M. H. Schwartz, $189. An assignment was also made to Joseph Dannenberg.

SAM HELSTEIN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Sam Helstein, a retail clothier, at 1,991 Second Avenue, by Van Praag & Co., $890.

LILLIAN P. HEATON LONG.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Lillian P. Heaton Long, ladies' apparel, at 734 Fifth Avenue, by Sadie Zwicker, $3,600.

LEVINSON & KRANTZ.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Levinson & Krantz, mfrs. of cloaks and suits, at 39 East Nineteenth Street, by the following creditors: Niagara Silk Mills, $500; Rudolph Schreiber, $300, and Frederick Brooks Co., $50.

KARTODIAN BRONZE WORKS, INC., 8 West Fortieth Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by the following creditors: Morris Keller, $900; Henry Blancken, $485, and Charles V. Kelley, $1,000. It is alleged that the liabilities are about $25,000 and the contingent liabilities about $38,000, and the assets about $20,000. Judge Mayer has appointed A. S. Gilbert receiver in $7,500 bond.

CHARLES S. ROBIN, INC., Electrical Supplies at 48 Warren Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by the following creditors: Henry Benoit, $339; H. Boker & Co., Inc., $347, and Goldman Press, $9. The liabilities are said to be $20,000 and the assets $10,000. Judge Mayer has appointed Daniel Greenwald receiver in $5,000 bonds.

GEORGE BROCKHAVS, — A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against George Brockhavs, residing at 1,271 College Avenue, by Anna M. Dreyer, who, together with others, is alleged to have obtained judgment against Brockhavs for $16,969 on Aug. 17, 1917. Judge Mayer has appointed Taylor More receiver, in $500 bond.

VITO MILITELLO, 200 Chrystie Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by the following creditors: Nettie Rothder, $161; Nathan Sugarman, $72; Abraham Edelsuck, $151, and Esther Schneikrant, $121.

JOSEPH HANDEL, who, with Louis Auerbach, were formerly partners under firm name of Highmade Waist Company at 36 East Eighth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,375 and no assets.

ANTHONY BROWNE, residing at 1,416 Glover Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $920 and no assets.

ART DISPLAY EQUIPMENT COMPANY, INC., of 831 West Broadway has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $536 and assets of $20. Judge Mayer has appointed David Haar receiver in $500 bond.

ARNOLD A. GREENFIELD of 27 West Twenty-fourth Street has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,816 and assets of $2,111.

LEON HIRSCH, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 32 Columbus Avenue, has assigned to Henry S. Hechheimer.

PETER G. KEMP, dealer in coal at 790 Greenwich Street, has assigned to George Lawyer.

ALADIN CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION of 1,131 East Twelfth Street, Brooklyn.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by the following creditors: Michel Powers, $275; Barnet Abramowitz, $75; Hyman Z. Arsky, $382.

R. & R. NOVELTY COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the R. & R. Novelty Company of 345 Flushing Av., Brooklyn, by the following creditors: Phoenix Hermetic Company, $634; Louis Cohen, $250; L. C. Hirsch & Co., $400.

PREMIER CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, INC., 367 Fulton Street, Brooklyn.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by the following creditors: Jacob S. Calman, $253; Union Stove Works, Inc., $504; Max Kronguld, $43.

GERSHEN JACHNOWITZ of 1,126 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by the following creditors: Albert Adamson, $92; Samuel Stein, $383; Union Table Spring Company, $31.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 9.—G. M. McDowell has been appointed receiver for the Olympia Shipbuilding Company, at Olympia, Wash., where there are three wooden vessels under construction. The receivership was asked by the Grays Harbor Shipbuilding Company of Aberdeen, of which Mr. McDowell is controller. No figures are available on the liabilities. The assets are several vessels of 4,000 tons each.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—Ben Koferts, dealing in men's furnishings here, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today, with liabilities of $12,098 and assets totaling $6,600.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 9.—A receiver has been appointed by Judge Anderson in the Federal Court here for the Universal Motor Products Company, an automobile top manufacturing concern of Indianapolis. The assets of the company are worth $15,000, according to the creditors, while the liabilities total $65,000.

Eugene Gross of South Bend, a grocer, has filed a voluntary petition listing his liabilities at $8,719.20 and assets at $4,625.

Special to The New York Times.

TAMPA, Fla., Oct. 9.—The Angle Furniture Co. of Bartow has assigned to C. E. Bailey. The stocks and accounts due are estimated at $10,000, while liabilities are believed to be considerably in excess of this amount.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts $100 and over.)

Beckmann, Otto H.—H. S. Sisson.....$1,871.83
Beckman, Gustav A.—Same.....1,870.23
Berger, Harry A.—New York Metal Ceiling Co.....537.91
Braunstein, Carl—A. Finkelstein.....877.63
Baron, Leopold—H. A. Green & Bro....287.13
Bobish, Harry—U. S. Pig. & Tin. Co...514.11
Berkowitz, Ella—Hamilton Court Realty Co., Inc.....112.80
Bauman, Chas. F.—U. S. Radiator Corp.177.33
Carpenter, Edwin D.—R. McGill.....260.51
Carroll, Michael, and Teronce Carrid—Stewart Distilling Co.....442.54
Cooper, Theo. P., and Wm. H. Lewis—Montauk Bank.....3,156.91
De Costello, Edmond R.—Automobile Club of America.....1,041.70
Same—Same.....176.60
Deering, James C.—V. McLaughlin.....300.00
Delaney, Leo—A. Goodman & Co.....224.10
Dickson, James—W. K. Palmer.....105.94
Fisher, Gabriel—V. Radetsky.....208.55
Friedman, Charles, and National Surety Co.—People, &c.....500.00
Flynn, Julia A.—Morris Park Estates.1,035.59
Gladstone, Harris P.—M. M. Rutchik, costs.....129.30
Gross, Hyman—Deutschman Bros.....108.97
Goldberg, Simon—City of New York....153.10
Harrmann, George—Internat. Bank.1,152.86
Holland, Alexander—Geo. H. Ellis Co...118.08
Hogman, Sigfried, (E. Hogman)—P. Diamond et al.....154.61
Harrison, Celia—J. Rosenbaum.....170.36
Janover, Ell H. and David B.—J. Bluestein et al.....734.80
J. B. Toomey Contracting Co., Inc.—C. F. Sanders.....6,163.28
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—G. Amendola.....940.00
Jones, William, and Nannie S. Moses—T. Anderson.....390.13
Kingsley, Walter J.—A. H. Kingsley, costs.....106.75
Lamb, George A.—T. J. Karas.....653.82
La Spina, John—E. H. Sayre et al.....158.17
Lopresti, Phillippo, Joseph Ferraro, and Giuseppe Santi—City of New York....108.45
Masconi, Bernard—S. Rose.....1,526.72
Mannaro, Gasparo—A. Salomon, costs..123.95
Mitchell, William R.—W. R. Thompson, costs.....109.00
McDougald, Cornelius W.—William B. May & Co.....157.91
Napolitano, Salverio, or Sawano Napolitano and Maria Sgambati Napolitano—A. Sorge.....293.43
Olson, Bertha C.—Lord & Taylor.....302.09
Pearson, Oliver W.—N. F. Hanau.....219.53
One Hundred and Forty-Seven East Eighty-sixth Street Co., Inc., John O. Devlin Construction Co., Inc., and John O. Devlin—Hydraulic Press Brick Co.2,783.78
Rockville Centre Development Co.—Chicquot Realty Co.....16,357.49
Rose, Samuel B.—I. Weinstein.....244.40
Rothstein, Morris, and Louis Markowitz—Congress Varnish Works, Inc.....127.90
Smith, Alexander—L. Weinberg.....8,089.95
Randuzzo, Liberio—D. Kahn.....435.71
Spark Printing Co., Inc.—C. D. O'Brien.281.54
Sterling Brass Co.—S. S. Friedman.....220.99
Schaefer, Frederick M.—F. C. Santer..176.77
Stokes, Milton H.—Rogers Peet Co.....165.10
Samios, Costa—E. G. Lichtenstein et al.350.24
Sidman, Manny (S. Sidman)—S. Nathan, costs.....108.10
Stevens, Harry M.—P. Kresh.....100.00
Steigerwald, Isaac—O. Henry Diehl, Inc.810.73
Tucker, Wright C.—Tiffany & Hillen; O. C. Hillen, J. H. Venhoff, hats and caps; Holland House.....3,172.40
Wait, John C., and Geo. H. D. Foster, P. B. Seaman.....1,858.00
Zlman, Nathan, and Israel Chirlan—B. Clausman.....583.63

In Bronx County.

Boxer, Samuel—City of New York.....357.72
Berkowitz, Ella—Hamilton Court Realty Co.....112.80
Cardo, Dominick; V. Cardo & Sons, and Michael Cardo—M. Cohen & Co.....293.73
Epstein, David H.—P. Trigger.....84.21
Fuchs, Joseph—A. Cohen.....1,245.91
Goldberg, Manuel—T. Mulligan Const. Co.....380.42
Hill, Edward J.—City of New York.....57.72
Knapple, William—Same.....61.91
Rapport, Joseph—L. Rust.....194.92
Schmidt, Paul, and William Rogers—Crayeroft Oil Co., Inc.....1,291.18
Silverson, Abraham—A. Ginsburg.....55.51
Vogel, Otto—M. Unger.....27.72
Same—Same.....12.72
Wagner, Max—J. Weinberg.....247.63
Weinberg, Sam, as guardian—Inter. R. T. Co.....68.93
Weintaub, Morris—Lavelle Const Co....58.45
Yohalem, Nathan, and Joseph Diamond—T. Page.....17.25
Same—Same.....970.58

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Bock, Harold, and Massachusetts Bonding & Ins. Co.—People, &c., Oct. 8, 1917, vacated.....$1,500.00
Blauspau, George, and National Surety Co.—Same, Feb. 2, 1917, vacated....300.00
Blochlinger, Edward, and National Surety Co.—Same, June 27, 1917, vacated.....500.00
Flynn, Virginia—National Surety Co., Sept. 27, 1917, vacated.....1,451.10
De Rosa, Frank, and Guiseppe Fusco—M. O'Beirne, May 21, 1915.....126.47
Kegeler, Chas. C.—Yellow Taxicab Co., Nov. 17, 1914.....401.76
Tompkins, Nicholas W.—C. P. Leggett, July 31, 1914.....174.43
Shonts, Milla D.—J. Scheen, June 26, 1917.....1,066.41
Miness, Solomon—West 30th St. Corp. et al, May 25, 1917.....115.19
Wiener, Jacob—S. Dahlman et al, June 4, 1915.....2,933.62
Wilson, Geo. A., and Geo. A., Jr.—W. L. Stevens et al, Nov. 29, 1911.....588.88
Aarons, Alfred E.—National Printing & Engraving Co., Oct. 22, 1915, canceled.....2,164.23
Same—William Bal, Inc., Aug. 5, 1912, canceled.....267.73
Same—O. Miller, Nov. 29, 1915, canceled.....543.51
Schlesinger, Leo—S. Pomeranz, Jan. 19, reversed.....1,910.54
Levy, Geo. W.—E. P. Swift, July 23, 1914.....217.58

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neil & Co.; P. Tobin, women's coats, basement; W. T. Tobin, women's coats; 87 W. 26th.
ALBANY, N. Y.—M. Lurie & Co.; E. Farber, jobs coats, suits; 1,150 B'way.
ALBANY, N. Y.—Wm. Whitney & Co.; H. L. Bartlett, silks; 41 Union Square; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; J. L. Godfrey, furn. goods, umbrellas, canes; 2 West 37th.
BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; W. P. Whitmore, ready-to-wear; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. M. German, neckwear; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; B. Makover, woolens; 2 E. 23d.
BALTIMORE—Baer Bros.; S. S. Baer, millinery, women's, children's wear; Herald Square.
BERWICK, Penn.—Berwick Stores Co.; L. M. Elder, furnishing goods; Breslin.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Excelsior Clothing Co.; E. Schaaf, clothing, furn. goods; 395 Broadway; Hermitage.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss H. B. Cobham, coats, suits; L. F. Hill, girls' coats, dresses; Miss M. Sullivan, infants' wear; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—R. H. Stevens & Co.; Mrs. J. S. B. Knox, ribbons, millinery, neckwear; W. I. Wood, jewelry, leather goods; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; A. B. Bacon, rugs; B. Beck, upholstery goods; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—Shepard, Norwell Co.; H. B. Norwell, silks, black d

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(‹) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Oct. ..—The Chief Justice announced the following order of the court:
ORDER No. 234—W. E. Peck & Co., Inc., plain. v. J. Z. Lowe, Jr., Collector of Internal Rev., &c.—It is ordered that this cause be reassigned for argument on Mon., Dec. 10, next at the head of the call for that day.
197—The Delaware, Lack. & Western Railroad Co., plain. in error, v. G. D. Fish; in error to the Supreme Court of State of New York.—Dismissed without costs to either party.
547—A. B. Walton, admx., &c., plain., v. E. B. Pryor et al, receivers, &c.—Dismissed with costs on motion of counsel for plaintiff.
416—Illinois Central Railroad Co., appel., v. State Public Utilities Commission of Ill. et al., and 448—State Public Utilities Commission of Ill. et al, appel. v. U. S. et al.—Argument continued for the Interstate Commerce Commission, for the State Public Utilities Commission of Ill. et al., concluded for the Illinois Central Railroad Co., and submitted for the U. S.
4, original—State of Ark., comp., v. the State of Tenn.—Argued for the complainant and for the defendant.
20—W. A. Cissna, plain. in error, v. the State of Tenn.—Argument commenced for the plaintiff.
Adjourned until tomorrow.
Call for Wed.: Nos. 20, 426, 427 (and 428, 429, 430, and 431), 461, 192, 199, 349, 424, 309, and 408.

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Ward, Rogers, and Hough, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 433. Post Office Building.
Crescent Co‹Kilborn. Globe & Rutgers Co‹ Prairie Oil, &c, Co. Auto Pneumatic Co‹ Kindler. Crane‹Gibson. Re Isaacs. Outler Co‹Amer Co.
DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Court opens in Room 337, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
U S‹N Y, N H & H RR. Romanelli‹CNY. Hugelmeyer‹NY, NH & H RR. Bell‹Internat Text Book Co. Imp Russian Govt‹ Tennessee Copper. Kotchik‹D, L & W RR. Proctor‹N Y C RR. Nelson‹Standard Film Industries. Menk‹Lehigh Val RR. Neumuller‹Jenkins. Neer‹Long. Wein‹N Y C RR. Gus‹same.
DISTRICT COURT—Sheppard, J.—In Room 325, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M. Jury calendar. Hoyer‹C R of N J.
DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—In Room 3, 12th Floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.
NY, O & W RR‹ Barge Neuse. Same‹Barge Tampa. Same‹Barge Hatteras. Moore & Co‹Ferryboat Musconetcong. Netherlands-Am Nav Co‹S S Leo. Same‹SS Escaut. Same‹SS Gov De Lautshere. Central RR of N J‹ The Orange. Hattas & Co‹Tug Joshua Lovett. Dalzell Towboat RR‹Tug Bridgeton. Taylor Dredging Co‹ Tug Imperial. Wright & Cobb Lighterage Co‹Tug Charm Arrue‹Cons Coal Co and United Line. Brooks‹Schooner Fannie Palmer. Dwyer‹Tug Westchester. Ackerman Ltg‹Tug Britannia. N Y & Cuba Mail SS‹ Akeland. Williams Line‹Newtown Creek Tow Co.
DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—In Room 3, Woolworth Bldg., 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar. Lyon Nonskid Co‹Edw V Hartford, Inc.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT — Chatfield, J. — At 10 A. M., in Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.—Common-law calendar.
O'Connor‹Coastwise Dredg Co (on trial.)
Criminal at 10:30 A. M.
In re‹Green. Same‹Lange. Same‹Blakeney.
DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.
In re‹Steven Thoma Anshe Chesed.
Motions at 2 P. M.: Switualwicz‹Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Coal. Cappiello‹Rosabelle. Allen & Friederichs‹ SS Segurana, &c. Bouchard et al‹Pipal. Smith et al‹Schuylkill. Same‹Spartzill & an.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

Heyman and another, apits., vs. Diggs and another, respt.—Motion for judgment, &c., denied, without prejudice to the right of the appellants to renew the motion upon service of motion papers, personally upon the parties located within the State and by mail upon those outside.
Vecchini, respt., v. Wuppermann, Impld., &c., apit.; Smith, pltf., vs. Smith, apit., and Smith, respt.; Coursey respt., vs. Coursey et al., &c., apits.; Robinson Amusement Co., respt., vs. Brighton Beach Casino, apit.; Matter application Lansing Liquidation Corporation, &c., Heron, respt., vs. Wheelock, apit.; Chapman and another, apits., vs. Waterman Co., respt.; McIntosh, respt., vs. Wolfe, apit.—Motions to dismiss appeals granted and appeals dismissed, with costs, and $10 costs and motions.
Bitollo, respt., vs. Bradley Cont. Co., apit.—Motion to withdraw appeal, ordered, that judgment may be entered upon the order herein appealed from, that the same may be made a part of the record on this appeal, and that the same be brought up for review on this appeal without prejudice to the position of the parties upon the present calendar, and that the notice of appeal be amended accordingly.
Re application Prendergast as comp., &c., apit., for a writ of mandamus, &c., Cohalan and another, as Surrogate, &c., respts.—Motion for leave to appeal granted.
Francis, respt., v. the City of New York, apit.—Motion for leave to appeal denied; $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements, without prejudice to right to renew the motion on proper papers, including record on appeal.
Spencer, as exrx., &c., respt., v. Williams and another, co-partners, &c., apits.; Doud, same, v. the Huntington Hebrew Congregation of Huntington, respt.; re petition Riersack, as gen'l guardian, &c.; application Murphy, respt., for a peremptory writ of mandamus, v. Prendergast, as comp., &c., apit.; Pahler, by Weidner, his guardian, &c., apit., v. Pennsylvania R. R. Co., respt.; Smith, an infant, &c., respt., v. Erie R. R. Co., apit.; People ex rel Weeks, respt., v. Ward, Com'r Parks, &c., apit.; Meldin, as admrx., &c., apit., v. Heinz, re account Toch and another, exrs., &c.; re claim Richardson v Builders' Exchange, assn., &c.; reclaim Lafleur v. Wood, Jr., &c.—Motions for leave to appeal denied; $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.
Berckhemer, respt., v. Empire Carrying Corp., apit.—Motion to open default granted on condition that apit. within two days files and services copies of a new undertaking; otherwise denied, with $10 costs.
Schmidt, respt., v. Leonhardt Michel Brewing Co., apit.—Motion for reargument denied; $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.
Hooey, respt., v. Kantrowitz, apit.—Motion to require apit. to file and serve new undertaking granted; $10 costs.
Central Trust Co. of New York, as trustee, &c., respt., v. Rogers, Jr., et al., respts., and Fackle and ano., exrs., &c., apits.; Benedict, as committee, &c., respt., v. Levi et ux., impld., &c., apit.—Motions to add causes to calendar and set same down for argument denied.
Race, respt., v. Krum, apit.—Motion by Chase Co. for leave to file intervening brief granted.
Martin, as admrx., &c., apit., v. Herzog impld., &c., respt.—Motion to compel respt. to accept notice of appeal granted; $10 costs.
Re account De Gaguet James, as exrx., &c.—Motion for reargument or to amend remittitur denied; $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.
Thomas Parker Co., apit., v. City of New York and ano., defts., impld., with Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Maryland, respt.—Motion for leave to appeal denied; $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.
Beers and ano., co-partners, &c., respts., v. Dhuy et al., apits.—Judgment reversed and complaint dismissed, with costs in all courts. (Two cases.)
New Con, respt., v. Ericson et al., indv., &c., apits.—Judgment reversed and complaint dismissed, with costs in all courts, on the authority of decision in Bossert and ano. v. Dhuy et al., decided herewith.

Strobel‹Pierce. People‹Green. Same‹Richardson. Same‹Stark. Same‹Scudder. Williams Eng & Con Co‹CNY.
Trustees Presby of NY ‹Westminster Presby Church et al. Westminster Presby Ch‹Trustees Presby of NY.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J., Laughlin, Dowling, Page, and Shearn, JJ.—Court opens at 2 P. M.—Enumerated motions.
Post‹Thomas. Darrow‹Humiston. Dommermuth‹Rodgers & Hagerty, Inc. Cocpel‹Kurtz Action.
Robinson&McMarsh. Corrigan‹R M P Producting Corp. (2.) Eno‹O'Riordan. Wolper‹Davis.
Barbati‹Fargo. Muller‹Hillenbrand. Finch‹same. Maldonado‹US Fidel & Guar Co.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Hutchinson‹Hutchinson. Enos‹Naftel. Arkell & Douglas, Inc ‹Santini. Wilds‹US Fidelity & Guar Co. Re Photo Gelatine Printing Co. Re Emmet, (U S Cooper Co. Co. Ansorge‹Rosenberg Neugass Co. Belden‹Gramont Hold. Wilds‹US Fid & Guar. Boyd‹Turner. Rosenzweig‹Chalif. 174th St & St Nich Av Amus Co‹Maxwell. Clair‹Clair. Mint Prod Co‹Dunston of Dunkirk, Inc. Barrett‹Erickson Shipbuilding Co. Seaton‹B & O RR. Rader‹Rader. Capers‹Clark. Air Craft Propeller Co ‹Luense. Shallenberger‹Porter. Weingarten & Jenks, Inc‹Rhinock. Economy Laundry Co‹ Mastronardi. Salzano‹Klosh Cont. Gorman‹McGraw Tire & Rubber Co. Given‹R Pennsylvania RR. McCarthy‹Falle. Jezek‹Firuski. Gen Rubber Co‹US Fidel & Guar Co. Kraus‹same. Campbell‹Burns Bros. Re H C Clausen Iron Wks, (Eberhart.) Re Place, (Townsend Av.) Nat Bk of Ogdensberg ‹Finlayson. Segal‹Amer Woolen. Mortimer‹Bristol. Ward‹Mayers. Cohen‹Sy A Horwitt, Inc. (2.) Balinsky‹Meyer. Kuczinska‹Meyer. Kamber‹Stumpf. Woodruff‹NY Least Co Levy‹Fleig. Speer‹Steinfeld. Rector, &c, Grace Church‹Coles. Shelly‹Shelly. Preferred causes‹ Corn‹Herzog. Franklin Sav Bank‹ Newman. Shaine‹Cosmopolitan Bank. Dayton‹Mulry. General calendar: Zipkin‹Zipkin. Paltzold‹Paltzold. Clayton‹Clayton. Abeel‹Prusilin. Rinaldo‹Helstein. Fried‹Deane. Getzger‹Paddell.
PART IV.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Not in session.
PART VI.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS.—Part II.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.
Fox‹Bloom (2.) Borg‹Evers. Balcom‹The Ansonia. Morris‹Butler. Kaufman‹Hirschfield. Goodwin‹Woolley. Streiser‹Desmonda. Van de Wiele‹Wakefield.
PART III.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M.
Fine‹Lowy. Ryland‹Sway Star Feature Co., Inc. James‹Rupprich. Cohen‹Greenberg. (2.) Lawrence‹Lawrence. Cohen‹Grumet. Werthelmer‹Van Cortlandt Oper Co. Cohlman‹Kriegel. Freed‹CNY. Burns‹Man Bridge 3-Cent Line. Solomon‹Kalmus Bros Co, Inc. Jenkins‹NY & Q Co RR. A Strigan‹same. D Strigan‹same. E Strigan‹same. Smaller‹same. Murray‹same. J Winterkorn‹NY & Q Co RR. H Winterkorn‹same. Bell‹Union Ry of NY City. M Rose‹same. C Rose‹same. R Rubin‹J Winkler's Sons. L Rubin‹same. F Rodinson‹Rockdale Land & Imp Co. S Robinson‹same. Collins‹Seavey. Cartland‹McGee. Murphy‹NY Rys. Shields‹Browne. Humphreys‹Interbor Transfer Co. Brigadier‹Gritman. Walter‹Taylor. Anderson‹Sorael Cont. Kohn‹Baron. O'Brien‹Cosgrave. Armento‹Bernard. Greenspan‹Waterman. Elkins‹Gilbert. Wall‹same. Sutton‹Hurd. Castorina‹Cont Brew. Kohn‹Baron. Aronowitz‹Goulden. Andrus‹Cohen. Stein‹Cohen. Grub‹Carrairo. Giallembordo‹Gimbel Bros. J Katz‹Dramon. L Katz‹same. Maroney‹Eclipse Film Laboratories, Inc. Pierson‹I R T Co. Hughes‹Coffey. Morris‹CNY. Kisiel‹Lehigh Val RR. Farrell‹Belt Line Ry. Kiernan‹same. Goodman‹Wesselmann. Griffin‹NY Cent RR. Radigan‹CNY. Griffin‹NY Cent RR. Good‹Dunn. Friedman‹Seroke. Leddy‹I R T Co. Somers‹Smith. Scallio‹Berkowitz. Seidenstamm. Ross‹P Reardon, Inc A Griffing‹Goodman. R Griffing‹same. Gigler‹CNY. Washburn‹Evers-Rehm Co.
PART XIV.—Platzek, Inq—Lipman‹Lipman. Inq—Hornick‹Wm Steam Laundry. Sinnott‹Sinnott. Loupy‹Varone. Kelly‹Marceau. Sisson‹Liquor Seized. &c. Sacky‹Sacky. Clark‹Risheil. Service‹N Y Registered Nurses' Assn. Bathgate Printing Co‹Firstenberg. Ebin‹Equitable Life Assurance Socy of the U. S. Henry‹McCormick. Blauner‹Sterzelbach. Sisson‹Parke. Kroger‹Bokhien. Hayley‹Moerlbach Sales Co. Inc. Herring‹Mall. Gen Plasterers Supply Co‹Sandelson. Rudman‹Farish Co. McCready‹Gaston. Ulman‹Hudson. Pachinsky‹Cooks Linoleum Co. Carmody‹M Berardini State Bank. Same‹Berardini. Collins‹Scanell. Same‹same. Logie‹Devlin. Prescott‹O'Donohue.
TRIAL TERM.—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule 7, amended Trial Term rules.
PART III.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Goff, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART X.—Benton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Weeks, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIII.—Not in session.
PART XIV.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Davidson Lewis Metal Products‹Continuances Casting Corp.
PART XVIII.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Wills for probate.
Carleton Edwards, Kate Glassbrook, Catherine D Lantry.
TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Contested will: Case on—Katherine Menninger.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Walsh, J.—Litigated motions, at 10 A. M.
Caldwell & Co‹Lloyd Royal Belge, &c. Granuis‹Temple. Vanity Fair Pub Co‹ McGee. Marx‹Ohse. Petchaft‹Stand Comp Yeast Co. Goodyear Rubber Tire Co‹Meyerbach. Chillemi‹Eggers. Pfarr‹Archer. Goldberg‹Goodman. Schultz‹Goodman. Wohl, South & Co‹J Hyman & Co. Murry‹Archer. Polack, Tyre, &c, Co‹ Sofield. Greenspan‹Leavitt.
PART II.—O'Dwyer, parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—McAvoy, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Bunge‹Court. Vaughn‹I R T Co. White‹Cosse. Wilsker‹Marx Singer. Feldman‹Stolowitz. Den‹Hirsch. Nierhardt‹Columbus Circle Arcade. Levine‹Jones. Skurnick‹Shapiro. Star Co‹Blumenkron. Daniels‹C I & B'klyn RR. Weisinger‹Dee Holding Co. Shulshlesfser‹Gold. Horge‹Haff. Salma‹Batovic. Halperin‹Federbusch. Schatzky‹Harber. Amery‹Sullivan. Gingold‹Moskowitz. Fox‹Zuckerman. Wilkens‹Ellis. Schaman‹Schnapp. Heisler‹NY Rys. Calvet‹Pant.
SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Brandes‹Harrington. Clear.
PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART III.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Lowenthal‹Solomon. Breves‹Blandy. Wagman & Hayman‹ Overland Silk Mills. Hangley‹Strasburger. Zimet‹Mill Remnant. Cohn‹Cohn. Fine‹Miller. Jakob‹Merba. Hoffman‹Rosenfeld. Weisser‹Weisser. PART IV.—Finelite, Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—La Petra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VII.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART VIII.—Strasbourger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Met. Life Ins. Co‹Black—John H. Rogan. Farmers Loan and Trust Co.‹Weir—Frederick J. Powell. Bowers‹Union Holding Co.—Max Goldberg. Emigrant Ind. Sav. Bk.‹St. Joseph Charity Org. Soc'y—Joseph P. Morrissey.
SUPREME COURT—Delehanty, J.—Isenburger‹Blum—John Calnan.
SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—Re Int'l Acetylene Co.—Samuel J. Wagstaff. Ro Stockinger Bros—Joseph P. Morrissey. Ash‹Ash—Frank J. Ryan.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT — Tierney, J.—Bankers Trust Co.‹Leon Goldberg—Edmund O. Braendle.
SUPREME COURT — Whitaker, J.—Mutual Life Ins. Co.‹Richard T. Lynch—Alexander Richard.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mullan, J.—Motion calendar.
Klein‹Klein. Matter of Fisher. Peters‹Peters. (2.)
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mullan, J.
Van Petter‹Van Petter.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Mitchell, J.
Kanter‹R Carvel Co. Preggiato‹Tobin. Heuing‹Camacho. Schoenfeld‹N Y Con RR. Fischer‹McConnell. Boehm‹Stewart. Fleischman‹Preferred Investing Co. Perrillo‹Union Ry. Schrade‹Hanscom Bakeries, Inc. Taylor‹Mahler. Strauss‹Schneider, Inc.
Highest number reached in regular order, 1032.
PART II.—Mullan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—.....J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business. Motions:
Estate of V Martire. Nellie McCloskey. Charles Meyer. Samuel G. Dayton.
Wills for probate:
William J Stein. Honora Leadayn. Rebecca K Edwards. Mary Ann Callahan. Solomon Kaufman. Stephen Schreck. Caroline L. Koertz.
Accountings:
Estate of Jas Gaffney.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL MOTION FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department Jenks, P. J.; Thomas, Mills, Putnam, Blackmar, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar as to P. M.
Thompson‹Anderson Co.
Ehrenworth‹Schumer. Tully‹Cranford Co. Van Ingen‹Jewish Hospital. Gorman‹Wilson & English Co. David‹Village of White Plains. People, &c‹Hale.
APPELLATE TERM — Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions:
Miley‹Riordan. Enowitz‹Vogt. Hoglanff‹Cut Cork Co Kramer‹Chaphe. Flore‹Flore. Mauer‹Georges. Hollands‹Red Devil Co Int R T‹Arkawy. Rover‹Walker. Bieger‹Blumberg. Berak‹Cook. Kramer‹Chaphe. Zamboni‹Colson. Same‹Scammion. Baker‹Stewart. Enterprise Brewery‹ Esposito. Abel‹Brogan. Smith‹B & R RR. McKenna‹NY Con RR Re Sheridan. Re East 26th St. (Rosenweig.) Re Maple St. (Builders' Truck & M Co.) Re 64th St. (G & W Holding Co.) Carroll‹Englander. Fullerton, J‹Meyer. Fullerton, W H)‹same. Douglas‹Brush. Schroader‹Smith. Nassau Lumber Co‹ Bay Bvd Rty Co. (2.) Heineman‹B H RR. Ridgway‹Dempsey. Hirsch‹Gomine. Heidern‹Helder. Peretto‹Hirshow.
Ferro‹Cage-Hosford Co. Re Schreiber, (2.) Re Gariweiss Con Co, (Parcel 46.) Weathered‹Weathered Feely‹Tilton. Re Lawrence Av, (W Ulmer Brew.) Kantnik‹Cook. Dimelio‹Le Berthon. Berkowitz‹Sperling. H D Best‹The Coddington Co. Air Products Co. Corwith‹McSherry. Warner‹Havens. Arker‹Independent M & T Co. People ex rel Myers‹ Exam Bd Plumb,&c. Rabinowitz‹The Coddington Co. Dauch‹Long Beach Trucking Co. Murray‹Murray. Trotter‹Union Ry. Timony‹same. Murray‹same. Thomas‹42d St, M & St N Ry. McLean‹same. Salvat‹same. Doxey‹Marcovitz. McGowan‹Curnow. Fay‹Liberty Nat Bk. Palmer‹Chatterton & Marvin. Warren‹Scattergood.
PART II.—Clark, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
Undefended divorces: Nickel, Weinstein, Edenbaum, Brenner, O'Brien, Levinson, Fishbein, Dorff.
SPECIAL TERM—Part 10 A. M.
Albany Heights Realty Co‹Vogt. Goldberg‹Goldberg. Kaplan‹Kaplan. Wells‹Wells. Gorman‹Gorman et al Poole‹Poole. Nowak‹Nowak.
Highest number reached on the regular call, 274.
Greenberg‹Bellin. Bailey‹Casualty Co. Brigant‹Szemko. Campbell‹Richmond Light Co. Hood‹Boston Ry. Riordan‹Bkl Un Gas. Lummis‹Proskin. Schmidt‹Schmidt. Busto‹Rockaway Park Estates.
Huey, Hart, Jacques, Specter, Raskin, Steinberg, Cox, Kisch, Sokoloff.
III.—Cropsey, J.—At
Cohen‹Berglass. Morgan‹Morgan. Fevola‹Fevola. Rudolph‹Rudolph. Sheriff‹Sheriff. Morando‹Morando. Desederic‹Desederic.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Benedict, J.; Part III., Manning, J.; Part IV., Garretson, J.; Part V., Scudder, J.
Maitland‹Greenberg. Rinaldi‹Summer Garage and Sales Co. Swist‹Adame. Eichel‹Kilgour et al. Toorak‹C I & B RR. Gress‹Nas RR. Abrams‹Abrams. Silverstein‹Nas RR. Noorian‹N Y Cons RR Sabanski‹Stuft. Paturzo‹Tanguay. Shapiro, Nemerov‹ Nemerov. Bader‹Keiflin, Kaufsky‹Inerfield.
The following causes to be passed for the day. Not set down for a day upon this call.
Friedman‹B, Q Co & Sub RR. Miller‹So B'klyn Ry, (2.) McCarthy‹same. Ullman‹Kantor. Vettaka‹B H RR. Lemma‹same. Schlosser‹N Y Cons RR. Sternecker‹Bond. Paritz‹B H RR. Goldstein‹B, Q Co & Sub RR. Wilson, Flynn‹Leh V RR Co et al. Kaplan‹Nas RR. Gallagher‹Esposito. Beyer, Verreimann‹ Luna Amusement Co et al Michalski‹Welz & Zerweck.
Highest number reached on regular call, 2482.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Margaretha Schmidt, Auguste Herrmann, August Strauss, James Cresser, Catherine Gorey, John Metz, Joseph Williamson.
Accounting of:
James McNulty, Katherine Berghauser, Elizabeth Kurth, Alphonse Rowan, John Klaiber, William Schoendorf, Samuel Zurkauer, Felix Levy, John Lunnion, John H Hoffman, Annie Saul, George Weismann, Luciano Margulli, Charles Ferber, John J Cross, (2.) John Kowenhoven, John B. Mellio, Fredericke Raber.
Philip Schweikert, Jr. Mary B Couch, Catherine Myers, Charles Wennell, Thomas Howden, Bernard Brush, Eliza Blauvelt, John W Stirrup, Mary Bergen.
Estates of: Margaret McCullough, Joseph Ellery, Thomas Howden, Sophia Forstat, Paulina Doerhoefer, Annie Goldman, Barthing Infants, Lenora Nesmith, Christian Gatjen, William Garraway.
Contested calendar: Samuel Goodman, Anthony Flechwengle, Clara D Childs, Charles Hunter, James Beatty, Jennie Herrmann.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part IV., Roy, J.; Part V., Dike, J.
Gelb‹Cons RR. Finkelstein‹same. Geraghty‹Liggett & Co. Lulkin‹Kuttleroff. Brown‹Nassau El RR. Lukoslus‹B H RR. Fisher‹Cook. Friedman‹B H RR. Jensen‹same. Funaro‹Nassau E RR Mostow‹Mitchell. Dinerman‹Rosen. Ragone‹Bells. Fennessy‹B H RR.
Kelly‹Cranford Co. Bock‹Huber Brewing. Shapiro‹Krilow. New Kings Co Light. Bogart‹NY Cons RR. Bushman‹same. Weinberg‹Nas El RR. Ketcham‹Strang. Bizzuto‹Fink. Carrara‹Berall. Tahit‹Heiss. Waiash‹Realty Assoc. Flore‹Un Sulphur Co. Wolfson‹Horton Ice Cream Co.
If marked ready, will not be reached on this call.
Veschiski‹Steel Erectors Co. Kelly‹Murray. Mollenhauer‹Purcell, Schleifer‹B, Q Co & S RR. Ewig‹Lumber Operating and Mfg Co. Sullivan‹C I & B RR. Glatstein‹Lester. Buono‹Schwalbe. Gallagher‹Adikes. Cawley‹Rodgers & Haggerty. Worsm‹Griesmann. Pollini‹B H R R. Tathi‹same. Molet‹Nas RR. Ader‹Proelich. Carlson‹Greenman.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Keogh, J., at 10 A. M.
F S Poltis Con Co‹ Stewart. Dwyer‹Clark. Kennelly‹Kennelly. Yonkers Bldrs' Supply Co‹Anderson.
Highest number reached on call, 486.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Platt, J.; Part II., Young, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Williams‹City of New Rochelle. Pelitte‹N Y C & H R RR. Wunder‹Herzberger. Jackson‹McGuire. Schwartz‹Taylor. Gorontzky‹Duffy. Campbell‹Winter. Flanagan‹Post Bldg. Quaretz‹Yonkers RR. Scott‹De Vimes. (2.) Powers‹West El RR. Duffy‹West St RR. Pioh‹West El RR. Cummings‹Cohen.
McKeever‹N Y C RR. Peppler‹same. Supplee‹Lombardo Co. Modern Ldry, Inc. Vogel‹City of Yonkers Malcolm‹Kelly. Lemberger‹Barone. Ferguson Co‹Sopp. Ugovitch‹Ohic Farmers Ins Co. Newell‹Pratt. Gefkoff‹Pulifsky. Lathan‹C of Yonkers. De Carmine‹Munzon SS Line.
The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:
Pechulis‹Phlia & Rdg Coal & Iron Co. Gregonis‹same. Techantre‹West E RR Paolillo‹Union Ry.
Highest number reached on call, 530.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, n w c of 162d St, store and basement; Etta Halper to Abraham J. Rosenfield, 987 Union Av, 7 years from Oct. 1, 1917; attorney, Samuel I. Golieb, 27 Cedar St.....$2,400
GRAND ST, 372, n w corner of Norfolk St, store and part basement; Grand St. 368, west store and basement; Norfolk St, 47 and 49, stores and basements; Henrietta Boroschek et al., executors, &c., to Corn Exchange Bank, 13 William St, 10 years from Nov. 1, 1917...Nov. $7,200 and $7,500
39TH ST, 1 East, n e corner of 5th Av, 84.6x 152x irregular; George Freifeld and another, trustees, to Union League Club, 1 East 39th St, 21 years from May 1, 1917, 21 years, renewal; attorney, Henry C. Quinby.....165 Broadway.....$60,000
48TH ST, 169 West, store floor and basement; Frandel Realty Co. to Victor Volk, 450 Mott Av, and Helman Davidson, 169 West 48th St, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1917, renewal of 4 11-12 years.....$1,500

Bronx.

BROOK AV, 663 and 665, store; Conrow Bros., Co. to Alex. Greenwald, 811 Cauldwell Av, 5 years from Nov. 1, 1917; attorneys, Hart & S., 140 Nassau St.....$1,500

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 657, and Mercer St, 224 to 226 Mercer St; Chelsea Carpenter Contracting Co. against Nathaniel Thurber, owner; Extension Building Co., Inc., contractor...$387
PARK ROW, 223; Meyer Bank against Joseph F. Silver, owner; Joseph Finger, lessee and contractor.....$383
PEARL ST, 295½; Ernest Klein against James J. Moore, owner and contractor...$75
SAME PROPERTY; Isidore Fried against same.....$470
51ST ST, 28 West; William P. Reynolds against Trustees of Columbia College, owner; Harry C. Walker, contractor.....$383
54TH ST, 122 West; Williamsburg Metal Ceiling Co., Inc., against Max Sulken, owner; Reuben Cantor, contractor.....$60
80TH ST, 530 to 534 East; Metropolitan Electric Co., Inc., against Schwoere Construction Co., Inc., owner and contractor.....$275

Bronx.

WESTCHESTER AV, 711, 713, and 715; Central Metal Ceiling Co. against Sophie Brenner, owner; Chelsea Carpenter Construction Co., Inc., contractor.....$360
149TH ST, 315 and 317 East; Church E. Gates & Co., Inc., against estate of Henry Glenn, William A. Wheeler, agent, owner; John Carlucci, contractor.....$90

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

WEST END AV, 494 to 498; Moses Klahr against Thomas McManus & Son et al., Sept. 27, 1917.....$402
85TH ST, 330 to 332 West; Isidor Schwartz against Aldebaran Co., Inc., et al., May 16, 1917, (by bond).....$1,536

Bronx.

205TH ST, 197 East; J. W. Clark, Inc., against Maria Raschen et al., Aug. 16, 1917.....$488

REAL ESTATE FIELD

The sale of the Stewart Building, on the east side of Broadway, between Chambers and Reade Streets, to Frank A. Munsey, for about $3,500,000, was the realty feature of the day yesterday, as well as of the year. It was purchased from the Henry Hilton estate, through the Charles F. Noyes Company. A small plot on Chambers Street, 23 by 90 feet, formerly held on leasehold, was also acquired from the Martha H. Andrews estate, represented by William A. White & Sons.

Realty Company Buys $30,000 Heights Plot.

John Dreyer, Jr., and others, sold to the Nason Realty Company, Max Natanson, President, a plot 50 by 100 feet, on the west side of Edgecombe Avenue, twenty-five feet south of 150th Street. The property was held at $30,000. Pease & Elliman were the brokers in the transaction.

Resale of Harlem Dwelling.

Andrew P. Nahm purchased from Leonard Weil, operator, 222 West 129th Street, a three-story and basement private dwelling, on a lot 17 by 99.11 feet. The seller recently purchased the property from the Fidelitas Realty Corporation.

Investor Buys Harlem Flats.

The two six-story apartment houses 222 to 226 West 144th Street have been purchased by Samuel E. Neuman, a lawyer, for investment, from Loretta M. Higgins. The structures occupy a plot, 75 by 100, adjoining the southwest corner of Seventh Avenue.

Bronx Sales.

Walter E. Brown has sold for Mrs. Selina McBrien a plot of about five lots on the east side of Courtlandt Avenue, between 162d and 163d Streets, to a builder for improvement. It is the first time in fifty years that the property has changed ownership.
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co. sold for Miss Nellie Crooks a plot on Jerome Avenue, 175 feet north of 169th Street, 50 by 200, to Inwood Avenue, to an all cash buyer.
Eugene J. Busher sold for the estate of Mary L. Odgen the three-story brick dwelling 746 Prospect Avenue, on a lot 20 by 80, to Max Strumpf.
James T. Barry sold to William Zoss, 348 Brook Avenue, a five-story tenement, on a lot 50 by 100. John F. Fetzer represented the seller.
Carrie Elflein purchased from Frank Gass; Inc. 2,257 Gleason Avenue, a two-story dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100, located in the Unionport section.

Brooklyn.

Horace S. Ely & Company sold 574 Macon Street, a two-story brick dwelling on lot 18 by 50 by 100 feet, for C. M. Harrington, Minneapolis, Minn., to a client.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Chapelfields Construction Company sold to C. H. Nolte the dwelling and plot 100 by 151 feet on the west side of Grenfell Avenue, 503 feet north of Audley Street, Kew Gardens, at a price reported to be $15,000, and to E. E. L. Schmolze the dwelling and plot on the west side of Grenfell Avenue, 179 feet north of Audley Street, at a price reported to be $12,000.
The Prudential Savings Bank sold to F. Cech three single-family dwellings on the north side of Atlantic Avenue, ninety-five feet west of Gulon Avenue, Richmond Hill.
R. W. Roberts as referee sold to the Clausen-Flanigan Brewery the store and dwelling on the northwest corner of Fourth Avenue and Sixteenth Street, College Point.

Buys 1,000 Long Island Lots.

Mendel Presberger has purchased at foreclosure sale 1,000 lots, the property of the Valley Stream Development Company. The Windsor Land Company were the sales agents. There was $300,000 worth of mortgages against this property, which was sold for $80.000 to satisfy the first mortgage, interest, and taxes. The buyer will probably develop the property.

Great Neck Residence Sold.

Douglas Eskell has sold his residence at Great Neck with a plot fronting 100 feet on Highland Avenue to D. O. Everhard. Kehoe & Gilliar are the brokers.

New Jersey.

The Frank Hughes-Taylor Company sold for cash for the Montclair Realty and Construction Company the new tapestry brick and shingle residence, 27 Warren Place, Montclair, N. J., to Anthony A. Sayia of New York City. The property was held at $12,500.

Westchester County.

Fish & Marvin sold for Mrs. A. V. H. Andrews of London, England, her property situated in the town of Mount Pleasant, near Briarcliff Manor. The property consists of two acres of land, residence and outbuildings, and was held at $30,000. The purchaser, Henry E. Schirzel of this city, contemplates making extensive improvements.

$160,000 Rockaway Beach Mortgage.

The Tilyou Realty Company has given a mortgage for $160,000 to M. E. Tilyou on the extensive holdings of

AN IDEAL BLENDING OF CITY AND COUNTRY LIFE.

"The Terrace" — S. W. Corner South Broadway and Valentine Lane, So. Yonkers

"The Valberk-Leighton" — Corner Valentine Lane, Berkeley and Leighton Aves., So. Yonkers

Modern high-class elevator Apartment Houses; large, airy, outside rooms with sleeping balcony; equal in finish to any New York City apartment; in exclusive Van Cortlandt Terrace, the best section of South Yonkers, surrounded by one-family dwellings.

4 rooms .....$624 | 6 rooms.....$744 to $780
5 rooms.....$780 to $960 | (2 baths)

Perfectly arranged doctor's apartment, 8 rooms and 2 baths, $1200; Private entrance on Broadway. Take Broadway subway to Van Cortlandt Park, then Yonkers car to Valentine Lane; cars every 2 minutes; all night service. 40 minutes from 42d St.

Rollins Bros., Owners and Builders,
545 South Broadway, Cor. Oakwood Ave. and Valentine Lane.
Wm. H. Leslie, Resident Manager. *Telephone Yonkers 4890.*

MOREWOOD REALTY HOLDING COMPANY

offers the following choice high grade Apartments to lease. Being under ownership management, tenants are assured of excellent service and attention. The buildings are all new, absolutely fireproof, are ideally located and contain all up to date features, with modern equipment throughout.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN

72d St.—Broadway—73d St., Facing Sherman Square.
EXPRESS SUBWAY STATION AT 72D ST.

7 to 11 Rooms, 2 to 3 Baths
Rentals $2,100 to $3,800

Including Refrigeration.

All large and light rooms, with abundant closet space. There are no dumbwaiters—each apartment having a rear entrance and Service Elevator.
Tel. 3547 Columbus. Resident Manager on Premises.

THE UMBRIA

465 West End Avenue
NORTHWEST CORNER OF 82ND STREET

A superb apartment building of the highest class, located in the most fashionable part of the city's exclusive residential district.

TWO APARTMENTS TO LEASE,
7 & 8 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths.
Rental $2,500 to $3,000

J. ROMAINE BROWN CO.
299 Madison Avenue, Cor. of 41st St. 'Phone Murray Hill 1481

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

10 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS
46 West 73rd St.

Private dwellings opposite and adjoining. One apartment to floor, 50x102. Main bed chamber, 14x23; dining room, 14x21. Separate service and servants' elevator.
RENTS $2,800 TO $3,000.
Sixth floor apartment suitable for studio. These apartments are exceptionally attractive, and should be seen to be appreciated.
Representative on premises.

RUNOIA
267 West 89th St.

Near West End Av.
Modern high-class fireproof apartment house. Southern exposure and abundance of light. Exceptionally attractive apartments. Close to subway station and surface lines. Excellent neighborhood.
8 ROOMS, 3 BATHS
RENTS, $1,800 TO $2,000.
Representative on premises.

ROLYAT
600 West 140th St.

S. W. Corner of Broadway.
One very desirable apartment to rent. All outside rooms. Eight rooms and bath. Attractive rentals. Must be seen to be appreciated.
Representative on premises.

MONTE CRISTO
157 West 123d St.

Corner of 7th Ave. and 123d St.
First floor apartment, especially adapted for doctor; near Hospitals.
7 Rooms & Bath.
Rents $720 to $900.
Representative on premises.

ST. EVONA
535 West 135th St.

N. E. Corner of Broadway.
Apartment of 6 and 7 rooms; rentals $720 to $900. One of the finest apartment houses of Washington Heights.
Representative on premises, or
FRED'K ZITTEL & SONS,
B'way & 79th St. Phone 9700 Schuyler.

NEARING COMPLETION
370 Central Park West

The Apartment House Unique.
S. W. Corner of 97th Street.
An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness. Featuring Elizabethan Architecture.
Suites of 2 to 7 Rooms,
Rentals $700 to $1,800.
Special 3 room suites.
Several charming suites with huge Studio Room, high studded ceiling, open fireplace. *For booklet, floor plan, etc. See Renting Agent on premises, or*
FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORP.
299 Madison Ave., corner 41st St. 'Phone Vanderbilt 3237.

NEW BUILDINGS

14 apartment houses in this superb location, overlooking Hudson.
ON RIVER IDE DRIVE
Office, 900 Riverside Dr., Corner 161st.
4-5-6-7 ROOMS, 1 and 2 baths, $46 to $100.
Our 4-room apartments are particularly attractive. Rear apartments, $46. Front apartments, $48 to $52.
Under direct management of owners.
Phone Audubon 4657.

124 West 72nd St.,
Bet. Broadway & Columbus Ave.
4 Rooms and Bath
$1,425 and $1,450.
G. B. Beaumont Co., Owners,
Apply on premises, or office, 286 Fifth Av.

ROYAL GRAND,
160 Claremont Avenue.
2 Rooms, Kitchenette & Bath.
Rent $37 to $40.
High class elevator apartment.
Apply on premises.

CORNER APARTMENTS.
FIVE ROOMS.
Modern, Attractive, Light, and Airy.
Moderate Rents
94 Brandt Place, cor. University Ave. Three blocks north or Washington Bridge.

65 CENTRAL PARK WEST

A very desirable 8-room apartment, large, light, airy rooms; overlooking park. High-class elevator house; rent $1,800. Apply Supt. on premises.

TO SUBLET
450 West End Ave., Cor. 82d St.
10 Rooms, 3 Baths,
$2200.
Agent on Premises, or Apply to Mark Mafalaky & Co., 56 West 45th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

New Building
West End Apartments
615 West 150th St.,
Adjoining Riverside Drive

A magnificent elevator apartment house where elegance and comfort are combined; beautiful interior; every known convenience thoroughout; most complete housekeeping apartments.
3 Rooms, $45. 5 Rooms, $65-$75

RAYMORE COURT
232-238 West 100th St.,
Near Riverside Drive.
Elevator house, highest class; wide street; every convenience; private safes.
6 & 7 Rooms, $78 to $85

Just Completed.
18 ST. NICHOLAS PLACE,
AT 151ST ST.
Unusually high-class house in a beautiful refined residential section.
4-5 Rooms, $48 to $60
Our representative on premises, or
CHARLES BERLIN
RENTING AGENCY.
Broadway, Corner 162d St.
'Phone Audubon—7473.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

THE WOOLSEY
141 East 44th Street
East of Lexington Avenue.

2 Rooms, Bath Kitchenette

Unfurnished, $60.00 to $77.50
Furnished, $80.00 to $97.50
Satisfactory Reference absolutely indispensable.
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or
BING & BING
119 West 40th St. Phone 6410 Bryant

2 Rooms, Bath & Kitchenette

New high class building, opposite Ritz-Carlton Hotel. Maid service, house valet; meals served in rooms if desired. Rent $1,200.
Carlton Chambers,
402 Madison Ave. at 47th St.
HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., Agents, on premises. Tel. Murray Hill—2890.

42 East 66th St.
7 Rooms, 3 Baths
$2,500
23 East 63d St.
Cor. of Madison Avenue.
2 Rooms and Bath, $540 to $900
30 East 68th St.
Cor. of Madison Avenue.
2 Rooms and Bath, $780
Parlor Floor Store, $1,030
Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
414 Madison Avenue
Telephone Murray Hill 5600.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE to let, 3 rooms, with gas and electric light; with the privilege of hotel physician. HOTEL LEONORI, Madison Av. and 63d St.

BROOKLYN.

797—PROSPECT PLACE—797
CORNER NOSTRAND AV.
Newly renovated, seven extra large, light rooms; butler's pantry and bath; parquet floors, electric light, steam heat, and hot water. Ideal location.
LEASE AT $600 TO $780 PER ANNUM.
AGENT ON PREMISES.

TO SUBLET
Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

$25 cash and $5 monthly will buy dandy 2-acre farm; fine fruit and shade trees; best soil; near lake. Farm, 238 Times Downtown.

Houses—For Sale or To Let
40 cents per agate line

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET

PRIVATE HOUSE in the 50s near 5th Av.; suitable for residence or alteration; can be purchased for less than assessed value; free and clear. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

Manhattan.

For Sale—Apartment house, 54-family, colored; two stores; rent $27,000; price $210,000; cash required $25,000, balance on mortgage at 5%. JOHN WARREN, 1 Exchange Place, Jersey City.

Small cash payment, balance mortgage, buys apartment houses, east and west side, fully rented. Sterling Realty Co., 51 Wall St., afternoons.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

JUST COMPLETED—OWNER MUST SELL his seven-room house, sleeping and dining porch, parquet floors, tiled bath, steam heat, open fireplace; model kitchen, gas, electricity; veranda two sides; large plot; 28 minutes out; commutation 7c. daily; price and terms too low to mention. Call, write, or phone owner, M. D. Ayres, 146 West 36th St. Tel. Greeley 4235.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Greatest Opportunity Ever Offered.
Client unable to carry out his contract will sacrifice his interest in a beautiful residence in the very garden spot of Montclair; 10 rooms, 3 tiled baths, sunporch, sleeping porch, beautiful grounds. Murdoch, op. Lackawanna. (Phone 675 Mtc.)

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Exceptional value, new six-room house, on acre plot; all improvements; excellent neighborhood; $5,200. Write for particulars to Smith-Singer Co., Glen Rock, N. J., (adjoining Ridgewood.)

All the comforts of home in Plainfield house; steam, gas, electric; sleeping porch, white finish, 2 baths; large lot, &c.; low price, old basis, terms. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg., N. Y.

A sacrifice sale, commuter's home, 8 rooms, bath, sleeping porch, large grounds, convenient everything. Frank Stevens, Ridgewood, N. J.

Westchester.

AT MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.
Old-fashioned house in older part of Chester Hill; 7 lots, including garden; fine magnificent large trees, stable, garden; fine opportunity doctor or private school; beautiful environment; close to station; price $25,000; free and clear; easy terms. Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon.

AUCTION SALE at Scarsdale, N. Y., Columbus Day, Oct. 12, at 11 A. M. Seven-room house and plot 50x100. Near station; newly papered and painted; shade, fruit, shrubbery. Corner plot. Full details mailed, postpaid, on request. Great opportunity to buy small home right. ANGELL & CO., Scarsdale, N. Y.

A Mount Vernon Bargain.—Corner house, heart of Chester Hill, 10 rooms, hardwood floors, electric lights; plenty space for garage and garden; price reduced from $14,000 to $10,000; owner's business necessitates removal West. Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

WELL-HEATED ENGLISH STUCCO HOUSE of 12 rooms, 3 baths; 2-car garage, man's quarters; overlooks the Sound; 5 minutes to Stamford station; rent or sale. F. L. Field, 18 East 41st St.

For Sale or Rent—Strictly modern seven-room house, with open parlor; good neighborhood; must be seen to be appreciated. S. J. Clark, 2 South 4th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Long Island.

New House.—Will sacrifice high-class suburban home; $300 down and $45 a month; 7 rooms and tiled bath; large porch; hy-tex brick fireplace in living room; parquet floors; built-in bookcases; additional breakfast room; unique kitchen facilities sure to please housekeeper; steam heat, gas, electricity, telephone; 21 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; 60 trains daily. Telephone, write, or call H. D. Lewis, Room 1120, 47 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 563.

HANDSOME 5-room bungalow, block from private bathing beach and harbor; great fishing and boat club, etc.; large, airy rooms; modern improvements; connecting bath with bedrooms; will decorate to suit owner's taste; large plot, lawn, shrubs, hedge, etc.; makes dandy year-round home; near trolley; easy commute to New York; will sell room, payable on easy terms to quick, interested party. "Bungalow Owner." Box 281 Times Downtown.

Cozy small home, with 2 full acres of fine cultivating farm land, fruit and shade trees; makes an ideal home for small family wanting a place to raise vegetables, fruit, poultry, &c.; good locality; stores, schools, &c.; price, $1,350; on easy terms to right party. For details to visit write to Cozy Home, 277 Times Downtown.

HANDSOME 7-ROOM HOME.
Large, airy rooms; heat, gas, electricity; modern kitchen and bath; porch; beautiful plot, all planted with variety of vegetables and flowers; near trolley, school, store, and station; owner will sell reasonable to interested party for $200 cash and balance monthly. Park, 800 Times Downtown.

Little farm and house, with large plot of ground, suitable for chickens and vegetable raising; ready market right in town to sell produce; hour out; near trolley, schools, bathing and fishing, schools, stores, churches; will take $100 down, balance small monthly payments from quick, interested buyer. Call or write B. Bryan, 105 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

Must dispose of my five-room bungalow, with all modern improvements; easy commuting distance from New York; boating, bathing, and fishing can be bought for small cash payment down, balance to suit. Address A. K., 80 Times.

Old house, needing some small repairs, large plot for cultivation and poultry raising, in large town, near station and bay, $1,425; small amount down and $10 monthly. Call or write B. Weich, 105 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

New York State.

Commuter Bargain.—Semi-bungalow, 6 rooms, bath, all improvements, A1 order, near station, $8,000. Bohr, Spring Valley, N. Y.

Massachusetts.

DRAFTED—MUST SELL AT ONCE.
165 acres, best of land, wood and timber; extra pleasant, fine, old-fashioned house, 5 open fireplaces, beautiful shade maples; crops and tools if sold at once. Hawley & Locke, Springfield, Mass.

Will sell or exchange for Eastern property modern house in Oakland, Cal. W. R. B., 38 Austin St., Bridgeport, Conn.

Houses Wanted.

Couple without children wish to rent, furnished or unfurnished, on north shore Long Island, small home or bungalow with all modern conveniences; not over hour out; will consider purchase; references given and required. H 178 Times.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Brooklyn.

Nine-Room Home.—Sun parlor; garage; $125 month; modern furnishings; coal in cellar; caretaker if desired. 221 Albemarle Road, near Ocean Parkway. Phone 9599 Flatbush.

Westchester.

Beautifully furnished home, Larchmont; 8 rooms, 2 baths, garage, improvements; 10 minutes R. R. station. 556 West 180th. Donnelly.

New Jersey.

TO RENT—Completely furnished modern nine-room house with all conveniences; hardwood floors, gas, electricity, steam heat, large fireplace, broad verandas, sleeping porch; select neighborhood; excellent train service, only 35 minutes from New York; rental $75 monthly. Phone Rutherford 1243 for further particulars.

Miscellaneous.

To Rent.—Furnished, modern 9-room, furnace heated cottage; 5 bedrooms, 3 with sleeping porches, bathrooms, etc.; next block to the famous Paso Robles Hot Springs Hotel. Address Box 2, Paso Robles, Cal.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Westchester.

Will rent new seven-room house, $50; seven-room modern apartments, $40; 1.6 acres, with 17-room house and garage, $1,500. J. Remaine Brown, 498 South B'way, Yonkers.

New Jersey.

Twelve-room house, two baths, rent, $50 monthly; beautiful grounds; 28 minutes. Address Room 20, 16 Beaver St., New York.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

$5,000 wanted on first mortgage for 3 years at 6% on a first-class farm in Orange Co.; this is an A1 security. X 205 Times Annex.

Desirable lots ready for improvement. Apply Sterling Realty Co., 51 Wall St. Call afternoons.

REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

OWNERS, ATTENTION.
We will manage your loft or office building free of any charge whatever, unless we show you marked improvement in the returns; long experience; best references. Manager, N 44 Times.

Sell your property quickly. With my help. John Kirk, 309 Broadway.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

"ALONG THE SOUND."
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

OPERATING COAL MINE
FOR SALE.
A BIG BARGAIN.
250 acres 6-foot vein of coal, $500 per acre, including side tracks and coal tipple mine just recently opened, but owners lack funds; now shipping 100 tons per day.
J. G. FULLMAN,
904 East End Trust Building.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Real Estate for Exchange.

REAL ESTATE, rent collecting, insurance of every description, money loaned on mortgage. I. Egnuss, 522 East 139th St.

Real Estate Wanted.

For cash, I will buy an apartment house, in good condition; must be well located. S. B., Box 260 Rented, Times Downtown.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

For Rent.—Professional firm desires to sublet 900 square feet office space; desirable downtown location; one block west of Broadway; attractive terms. C 341 Times Downtown.

A NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICE.
Every facility; rent $26.50 per month; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 per month. Duane, 309 Broadway, Room 807.

LOFT TO LET.
4,500 square feet; steam, power, heat, light, elevator service; central location; reasonable rent. R. K. Fox, 358 Pearl St.

Splendid opportunity for first-class furrier to rent part of store and show window. Lafayette Shop, 1,560 Broadway.

Automobile repair shop, 10,000 square feet, or part third floor; well lighted; Washington Heights section. 8 48 Times.

140 WEST 34TH ST.—Showrooms and offices. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

At 404 4th Av., (9th floor,) corner 28th St., private office, desk room, or mail privileges; excellent service.

51ST, 17 WEST.—Attractive basement store, suitable for antiques, rugs, millinery, or waists.

Sublet 420 square feet, 8th floor, front. 25 West 45th St., Room 806.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted—A modern garage, fully equipped for at least 150 pleasure or commercial cars; location must be in desirable part of Manhattan and price reasonable; would consider either rental or purchase of completed building; we are ready to do business now and prefer to deal direct with owner. Address 340 Parker St., Newark, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d. Col. 1077.

APARTMENTS PERSONALLY INSPECTED.
Exclusive Renting. 176 West 72d. Col. 848.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 6213. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway. Two rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $45 to $55 monthly; 3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $50 to $75 monthly; phone, elevator service; maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express station; 3 car lines, 5th Av. bus. Park and Drive; references absolutely essential.

BACHELORS PREFERRED; very elegant private home, facing park, one or two rooms or entire floor, nonhousekeeping apartment; very highest references required. Telephone 8650 Schuyler.

BELOW 59TH—2 rooms, new building, housekeeping, charmingly furnished. Columbus 3974.

CHOICE APARTMENTS.
High-class elevator apartments, 6 rooms, $50, $60; 8, $75. 41 Convent Av.

FOR FURNISHED apartments consult Katharine Martin, 244 W. 76th. Schuyler 8522.

FOUR ROOMS and bath on 72d St., near Broadway; handsomely furnished; new building; front apartment ready for immediate occupancy; six months or longer. Apply Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

GRANT COURT.
610 West 113th, near Riverside Drive, 6 rooms, beautifully furnished; high class. Fisher.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Choice localities; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 30 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to sublet. Call for list. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

PERSONALLY INSPECTED FURNISHED APARTMENTS. Town-Country Renting Agency, 200 West 72d. Col. 5565.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 400, (at 112th St.)—Richly furnished apartment: six rooms; unexcelled view; will sell complete; rare opportunity to secure refined, artistic home; immediate possession; purchaser must assume reasonable lease. Phone Morningside 4043. Monroe.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, No. 123, (84th St.)—Eleven light, well-furnished rooms. Address W. R. & J. M. Stewart.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 126.—Well furnished, 7 rooms; grand piano; lovely view. Schuyler 5620.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (Eighties.)—Beautifully furnished, 8 rooms, $225; immediate possession. Vandt. 1450.

SOME unusual opportunities, furnished apartments, $150. Acme Leasing Co., 505 5th Av. Murray Hill 706.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 834, (Majestic Apartment.)—Sublet for six months attractive six-room apartment, shower bath, near subway. "L," buses pass door; $125. Schmitt.

THORNDYKE APT. HOTEL, 208 West 56th. —Attractive suite, two rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly, monthly rates.

UNUSUAL opportunities, furnished, sublet apartments long, short leases. Wickliffe Gray, furnished apartment specialist, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

WEST END, (80s.)—Handsomely furnished 6-room apartment; new building. Vanderbilt 1450.

WEST END.—6 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished, exclusive. Particulars Columbus 3974.

3-4 LARGE, light rooms; clean, quiet private house, to adults; electricity, gas, showers; convenient transportation; references; $36-$50. Call Audubon 9536.

Brooklyn.

Montauk Arms, 904 Union St., Brooklyn, entrance Prospect Park and subways; suites 2 rooms, bath, furnished, $40, with maid service; also unfurnished; select tenants only. Phone 1416 Prospect.

Atlantic City.

TWO ROOMS, bath, kitchenette; ocean view, Atlantic City. Sessions, 154 West 54th St., city.

Unfurnished—East Side.

28TH, 32 EAST.—Skylight studio apartment; modern; rent $50.

31ST ST., 117 EAST.—Three rooms and bath; big rooms; excellent light; rent, $55.

31ST ST., 130 EAST.
Corner 6 rooms, bath, all outside.

34TH ST., 113 EAST.—Apartment, entire floor, two very large rooms; large bathroom; kitchenette, steam heat; very desirable; rent $85. Folsom, 127 East 34th St.

57TH, 18 EAST.—Large studio room; two bedrooms, bath, kitchen; $1,200. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St.

69TH, 20 EAST.—Two rooms and bath, $55 and $60; lease. Apply Superintendent.

APARTMENTS, STUDIOS.
137 East 34th; 2 rooms, bath, electricity; $40. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

APARTMENT, large, pleasant rooms, in private house, facing Stuyvesant Park; no housekeeping. Apply, 244 East 15th St.

FLOOR—4 FINE ROOMS.
223 EAST 23D STREET.....$12.00
318 EAST 21ST STREET.....17.00
345 EAST 23D STREET.....$16.00
315 EAST 21ST STREET.....18.00
125 WEST 28TH STREET.....23.00
321 EAST 23D STREET.....14.00
JANITOR OR SYDNEY FISHER.
127 East 23d Street.

HIGH-CLASS NEW APARTMENTS.
59 East 34th St.; 2 rooms, bath; $65; $75. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

MADISON AV., 158, (Bet. 32d and 33d Sts.) —Five rooms and bath housekeeping apartment, with large front room, suitable for a studio, $1,500, (offer;) elevator, electric light, steam heat. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

MADISON AV., 902, (58th St.)—Skylight studio, 2 rooms, bath; $600.

STUDIO, 4th floor, 2 large rooms, kitchen, bath, steam, electricity. 6082 Plaza.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 50,—2 and 3 room apartments; electric light; maid service.

Unfurnished—West Side.

44 WEST 10TH ST.
WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION.
New 9-story apartment; one 5 and one 6 room apartment available, $1,600 and $2,100; open fireplace; 2 baths; s. e. exposure; separate maids' rooms. Apply on premises.

10TH, 61 WEST.—Apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; south and north exposure; Washington Square section. Call any time. Apt. 6A.

11TH, 31 WEST.—4 rooms, bath, kitchen; high-class elevator apartment; immediate possession.

51ST, 8 WEST.—Doctor's office and apartments of one and two rooms, with bath; all conveniences.

52D ST., 200-206 WEST, Broadway and 7th Av., THE NEWPORT.—5 and 6 room housekeeping apartments, $720-$960. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 CEDAR STREET. Tel. 5700 John.

56TH, 59 WEST.—Apartment of four rooms, bath, and kitchenette, in private house; rent, $70.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive two-room suite; improvements; service; breakfast optional; high class.

79TH, 204 WEST.—Seven light rooms; all improvements; single apartment; $65-$70. Superintendent, or Wood, 41 West 125th St.

113TH ST., 517 WEST.—High-class elevator apartments, 4, 5, 6 rooms; owner's management. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

127TH, 611 WEST, (Apartment 8.)—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; southern exposure; rent, $46.

148TH ST., 601 WEST.—Six and seven rooms, river and Broadway view.

150TH, 599 WEST, (Broadway.)—4, 6 outside rooms; modern elevator; $40-$65.

APARTMENTS, STUDIOS.
130 W. 34th; 2 rooms, bath, kitch., $40-$45. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or Janitor.

APARTMENTS, STUDIOS.
309 5th Av., (32d St.;) two rooms, $75. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST.

BROADWAY, 3,671, Corner 152d.—Beautiful 5-room elevator apartment; all modern improvements; will sublet cheap. Grosslight.

BROADWAY, 4,241, (180th St.)—Light five-room elevator apartment to sublet; $45.

HOTEL apartment to sublet, unfurnished, 4 rooms, corner, facing Central Park; splendid view. Apply Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745, (Corner 152d St.)—Six, seven rooms, large, modern. $780-$1,200.

128 West 34th; 2 rooms, bath, kitchen, $55. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or Janitor.

WASHINGTON PLACE.
In the new home of a sculptor, beautifully arranged duplex studio; apartment, 7 rooms and 2 baths, studio double height ceiling, north light; open fireplace; elevator; seen by appointment only. WILLIAM A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

RESPONSIBLE clients wanting high-class furnished apartments, immediate and future rentals. Clark Realty, 30 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT. Large demand, select clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED for most desirable tenants. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av. at 47th St.

I can rent your apartment furnished. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED, well-furnished apartment from Nov. 1, or sooner, for 8 months; must have 3 bedrooms and be in a good location, below 80th St., on or near Park Av.; price not to exceed $5,000; responsible adult family. M 37 Times.

WE HAVE several high-class tenants looking for furnished apartments; send us full particulars promptly. Frank L. Fisher Co., 148 West 72d St. Telephone 9010 Columbus.

RESPONSIBLE COUPLE WANT 5-7 ROOMS, COMPLETELY FURNISHED, $150. R. E., 128 TIMES.

TWO rooms, bath, kitchenette, until Dec. 1; adult family. C 301 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

WOULD LIKE to rent a four to six room unfurnished apartment for six or eight months; rent $60 to $125 per month. F. L. Harrington, 41 Union Square West, N. Y. City.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

10TH, 3 EAST.—Handsome rooms, gentlemen; references; private residence, Washington Square. Stuyvesant 1788.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large furnished rooms; private baths; steam heat, electric light; board optional; references.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suites two rooms and bath.

30TH ST., 124 EAST.—Exceptionally well furnished room, private bath; telephone; southern exposure.

43D, 16 EAST.—All comforts, refined home; large, well furnished room; bath; references.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Newly decorated room with bath; other rooms; references; telephone.

53D, 32 EAST.—Splendid large light rooms with, without private bath; electricity; gentlemen.

55TH, 17 EAST. — Bachelor's suite, with bath; residence art collector; references.

55TH ST., 106 EAST.—Two large double rooms, bath; telephone; gentlemen; references.

81ST, (Corner Park Av.)—Attractive suite of two rooms; corner apartment; no other roomers. Telephone Lenox 3800.

MADISON AV. 174, (VANDERBILT STUDIOS.) — UNFURNISHED; ELEVATOR; HIGH CLASS.

MADISON AV., 1,427.—Large rooms, in elevator apartment; $4, worth $7.

MADISON AV., 527, (54.)—Large and small rooms; all conveniences.

West Side.

57TH AV., 77.—Pleasantly furnished front room, second floor; references; $25. Miss Allen.

127TH, 40 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with steam heat, electric lights, telephone, reference.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

47TH ST., 115 WEST.—Room with private bath; modern conveniences.

48TH, 34 WEST.—Attractive rooms in quiet house; also very magnificent unfurnished second floor, suitable for business or living.

53D, 46 WEST.—Suites, singles, private baths; instantaneous hot water in all rooms; elevator, steam heat, electricity, telephone; references required; gentlemen.

55TH, 45 WEST.—Rooms and private baths; steam heat, electricity, instantaneous hot water, telephone in room; references required.

56TH, 207 WEST.—Handsome suite, suitable for musician; grand piano; all conveniences. Stewart.

56TH, 201 WEST.—Gentlemen, see and appreciate large, modern room; newly renovated house.

56TH, 55 WEST.—Small room, steam heat, electric light, southern exposure.

68TH, 11 WEST.—Attractive suite of two rooms and private bath, electricity, all conveniences; private family; gentlemen only; price reasonable.

68TH, 61 WEST.—Large room, private bath; smaller room, running water; board optional; 'phone.

69TH, 145 WEST. — Doctor's unfurnished suite; also other attractively furnished rooms; telephone. Buckley.

70TH, 132 WEST.—Exceptional rooms, large, private bathroom; single room; private house; references.

70TH, 200 WEST.—Nicely furnished front rooms, running water, kitchen privileges. Apt. 14.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath, connecting; $6-$7; suites; gentlemen, business couples.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms for gentlemen; must be seen to appreciate.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Front rooms, with breakfast, in exclusive house, for men; references.

71ST, 45 WEST.—Newly furnished front rooms; electricity, phone, running water; desirable location.

71ST, 206 WEST, (Broadway.)—Fine large, front room; twin beds; running hot and cold water.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large room; private bath; other rooms; electric light; steam heat.

71ST, 106 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; convenient to all cars.

71ST, 221 WEST.—Single and medium rooms; one with bath; desirable rates.

72D ST., (Central Park West.)—Two exceptional rooms; bath; large closet; heat, electricity; private house. 1242 Columbus.

72D ST., (Central Park West.)—Two medium rooms; heat, electricity; gentlemen. 1242 Columbus.

72D, 302 WEST.—A handsomely furnished room; bath; electric lights; private family.

73D, 118 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; large single rooms; running water; southern exposure; convenient subway and "L;" gentlemen.

73D, 163 WEST.—Two large, attractively furnished rooms; bath adjoining; exceptionally nice house.

73D, 103 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room, southern exposure, running water; exceptional.

73D, 167 WEST.—Very attractive, medium size rooms, running water, adjoining bath; reasonable.

73D, 272 WEST.—Large double room, twin beds, bath same floor, electricity; references.

73D, 113 WEST.—Attractive large room, near bath.

73D, 173 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms; gas, furnace heat; references.

74TH, 33 WEST.—SPACIOUS SUITE, TWO ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, IN STEAM-HEATED, LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED HOME; BREAKFAST; $175 MONTHLY.

74TH, 105 WEST.—Small and medium rooms, comfortably furnished, near bath; gentlemen only; private house; references required; Christian family.

74TH, 134 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, couple or gentleman; electricity; bath; high class.

74TH, 25 WEST.—High-class unsurpassed, superbly furnished apartment; two-four rooms; service.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms in exclusive house; electricity; telephone; references required.

74TH, 25 WEST.—Luxurious, completely furnished rooms, suites; private baths; electricity, steam, service.

74TH, 111 WEST.—Parlor floor; suitable for professionals or party of gentlemen; electricity.

75TH ST., 46 WEST.—Ideal suite; private bath; $14; medium room, running water, $6; references.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Fine, furnished large and small rooms, dressing rooms; first-class house.

75TH, 143 WEST.—Newly furnished parlor bedroom; also large front room, private bath.

76TH, 244 WEST.—Extra large room with grand piano; suitable for two gentlemen or couple; telephone, electricity, maid service; exclusive; newly renovated house; $14.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Comfortable large rooms, continuous hot water; private bath; electricity; references.

77TH, 314 WEST.—Front room, private bath; medium single room; electric lights; reference.

75TH, 3 WEST, (Near Park.)—Newly furnished, large rooms; $9-$10; telephone, "L."

77TH, 109 WEST.—Double room and private bath with kitchenette; newly decorated.

77TH ST., 341 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, $25 to $200 month.

78TH, 117 WEST.—New, beautifully furnished large room, southern exposure, $8; gentleman, couples.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, connecting shower baths; small room; exclusive house.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large room, dressing room adjoining bath; twin beds; steam, electricity.

79TH, 216 WEST.—Exceptionally large, double, single, sunny rooms; baths, electricity, steam.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Large, handsome newly furnished, sunny room; all conveniences; reference.

81ST, 166 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms, convenient Subway and "L" stations.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Handsomely furnished parlor and bedroom; piano; well heated; $7 weekly.

81ST, 132 WEST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms, private bath.

82D, 116 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, private bath, electricity, telephone; board if desired; $3 to $20 week; new management.

83D, 54 WEST.—2-room suite, unfurnished, bath, kitchenette; other rooms.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

82D, 128-130 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; hot and cold water; private bath.

83D, 15 WEST.—Sunny front room; large, small; parlor suite, private bath; reasonable.

84TH, 109 WEST.—Finely furnished rooms; attractive suite; reasonable; refined; call evenings. Hunt.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room, private bath; twin beds; electricity; hall-room.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Large, medium, sunny rooms; electricity; breakfast.

87TH ST.—Two blocks from subway; exclusive room in high-class apartment house; southern exposure. Call mornings, Schuyler 6679.

87TH, 133 WEST.—Parlor floors, suitable doctor, dentist; other large rooms; reference.

88TH, 330 WEST.—Exclusive house; attractive, large room, twin beds; other rooms; references.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 STEARNS LIMOUSINE.
1917 SINGER TOURING.
1917 HUDSON TOWN CAR.
1917 MARMON CHUMMY ROADSTER.
1917 LEXINGTON TOURING.
1917 MITCHELL TOWN CAR.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
SERIES 1917 STUDEBAKER, $575.
MERCER SPEEDSTER.
1917 MITCHELL TOURING.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 WHITE TOURING.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 KISSEL KAR, Victoria Brougham.
1916 CHALMERS, $625.
1916 DODGE TOURING, $525.
1916 OVERLAND ROADSTER, $350.
1916 WILLYS-KNIGHT TOURING, $850.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays & Evenings. Phone Circle 4051.

BROOKLYN BRANCH WILLYS-OVERLAND OFFERS FOLLOWING EXCEPTIONAL BARGAINS!

1917 Overland Country Club.
1917 Overland Touring, Model 75-B.
1916 Willys Knight Touring, Model 84.

OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
1,224 Bedford Av., cor. Hancock St.

BUICK runabout, 1915 model; excellent condition mechanically; 5 good shoes; owner must sell because unable to use car at present; an unusual opportunity; price $500. Phone Extension 153, Bryant 1006, until 5:30 P. M., or River. 227 after 7 P. M.

BUICK 1916 Little Six Touring; perfect. NATIONAL 1916 Twin Six; accept offer. DODGE 1916 Touring; fine condition; cheap. RUPMOBILE 1915 Touring; bargain at $450. OVERLAND Touring; must sell today; $300. Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th. Morn. 9367.

BUICK 1917 small six-cylinder touring; must sell as I am closing house for the Winter. Florence Donnelly, Riverside Av., Amityville, L. I. Telephone 116.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC, 1917, TOURING.
VERY EXCEPTIONAL.
PRICE RIGHT.
Has all the appearance of being brand new. Every possible equipment; paint without a scratch; open to mechanical inspection and demonstration day, evening, or Sunday till 1 P. M.; on exhibition at THE BRIGHTON, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC 1917 Limousine; Landaulet; Sedan; Touring; Coupelet; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CHANDLER, latest model 7-passenger touring, 4 weeks old; six new oversize Fisk tires; slip covers; will sell quickly for $1,500. Madison Square 2462.

CHANDLER 1917 seven-passenger touring; good order; seen by appointment. Madison Square 362.

CHANDLER 1916 Limousine; used very little; new tires. Phone Columbus 8963.

CLOSED CARS FOR SALE.
1917 Winton Sedan, 6-38, practically new.
1916 Oldsmobile Sedan, wire wheels.
1916 Maxwell, Springfield top.
1914 Locomobile limousine, 6-38, excellent condition.
HYGRADE AUTO EXCHANGE,
1,662 BROADWAY, BET. 51ST & 52D STS.

COLE 1916, 8 cylinder, 7 passenger touring; practically new, splendid condition; fully equipped; extra tire; $850. Peerless, 1,890 Broadway; extra tire; $750. Telephone Columbus 8763.

DODGE, 1917, TOURING CAR
At the right price; fully equipped; shoe equipment exceptional, one extra mounted; bumper, many extras; open to mechanical inspection and demonstration day, evening or Sunday till 1 P. M. THE BRIGHTON, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

DODGE 1917 touring; attractive, same as brand-new; extra equipment; spare tire, never used; $625. Boston, Gramercy 4624.

DODGE, 1917, touring, in use only 3 months; excellent condition; new tires, two extras. M 24 Times.

FIAT five-passenger touring, victoria top; reasonable. Pilot Co., 200 West 59th.

FOR SALE.—Several closed cars and closed bodies; exceptional values. Universal, 602 West 52d St.

HUDSON, 6-54, perfect condition, worth $2,500, sell for $500. Murray Hill 486.

HUDSON 1917 Town Brougham, wire wheels; condition like new. Phone Columbus 8963.

HUPMOBILE, good condition; extras; bargain. Mr. Lozier, 1,108 Bedford Av., B'klyn.

LANCIA.—Owner wishes to sell 30 h. p. Lancia, engine just completely overhauled, best condition; specially made Demarest touring body, Victoria top; new tires throughout. Rumsey, 27 Cedar St.

LANCIA ROADSTER.
Most beautiful car in city; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect; guaranteed; will sacrifice for quick sale. 1,666 Broadway.

LANCIA "50" roadster, newly painted; excellent condition. Pilot Co., 200 West 59th.

LANDAULET body (imported) from Rolls-Royce. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, Corner 54th.

LEXINGTON 1917 touring; repainted; guaranteed same as new; motometer; motor air pump. Lexington, Bryant 2411.

LIMOUSINE, 1914, MERCER.
"HOLBROOK BODY."
Handsomest limousine ever offered for sale; cost over $5,000; has been refinished; looks like new; price $1,500; can be seen day, evening, or Sunday till 7 P. M. On exhibition. THE BRIGHTON, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

LIMOUSINE BODY.—Will fit a Stearns or any standard chassis. Elite, 136 West 52d St. Circle 6118.

LOCOMOBILE 6-38 LIMOUSINE.
Gentlemen, will sacrifice at your own price; car has been used private two seasons; electric self-starter and lights. Phone 8963 Bath.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1917 Limousine; also Marmon Brougham for sale. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 1916 4-passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1916 seven-passenger limousine. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

OAKLAND.—1917 Model 34 six cylinder touring car, five passenger; run only 3,700 miles; factory guarantee still covers; in perfect condition. Lighting system.....$985.00
WILLYS-KNIGHT.—1916 five passenger touring car; in elegant condition; fully equipped.
FORD Coupe, 1917, run only 600 miles; equipped with electric starter, electric lights, demountable rims.....$495.00
LOWA'S GARAGE,
197-207 So. Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y. Phone 5861.

OLDSMOBILE "8."—Purchased month ago; guaranteed by company for year; have driven it 1,400 miles; good as new $500 extra equipment—wire wheels, slip covers, shock absorbers, motometer, &c. Sacrifice for cash. "No Dealers." 220 Times.

OLDSMOBILE, 1916, MODEL 43.
Beautiful 5-passenger, 4-cylinder, with Summer and Winter top; looks like new; will sacrifice; condition guaranteed. 150 West 86th.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 roadster, first-class condition; puncture-proof tires all around with an extra; price $600. Blessas, 230 West 56th. Phone 6081 Circle. No dealers.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 four-passenger club roadster; like new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St. Col. 1028.

OVERLAND 1916 five-passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St. Col. 1028.

OWEN MAGNETIC 1917 Brougham Landaulet; like new. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Col. 5522.

PACKARD 2-35 limousine, equipped with special Holbrook body, in excellent condition; car delivered in June; owner will accept big sacrifice for immediate sale. Inquire of S. A. Miner, 294 Pearl St., Hartford, Conn.

PACKARD 1914 38 h. p. limousine. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

PACKARD Twin Six Limousine, like new; used one season. Phone Columbus 8963.

REGAL 1917 light touring; run only 2,500 miles; excellent shoes and appearance; perfect; real bargain. Lexington, Bryant 2411.

S. G. V. Cabriolet.—Six wire wheels, full electric equipment; up to date; good working order; green leather upholstery; wedge-shaped windshield. A. H. Roberts, 118 West 86th St. Telephone Circle 1314.

S. G. V. TOWN CAR, 1915 Model; beautiful condition; full electrical equipment; extras. F. D. HOMAN, 211 West 58th St.

STEARNS-KNIGHT light four touring, with special A. & U. top; very desirable all year car; newly painted, overhauled; sold for Stearns new car guarantee. J. H. Driscoll, 417 West 55th St.

STUTZ, 1916, 4-passenger Bull Dog roadster; tires all good, extra new one; mirror, lenses, searchlight, bumper and shock absorbers; a real car with plenty of speed and comfort; will accept a reasonable offer. E. M. Minion, 730 Ridge St., Newark, N. J. Telephone 8547 Br. Br.

STUTZ 1917 4-passenger touring, special Victoria top, 2 extra wire wheels and tires, tonneau, windshield, Pyrene, &c. Also White 1916, 30 h. p. 5-passenger touring. Both cars in excellent condition; price reasonable. Inquire Park Plaza Garage, 920 Union St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

TOWN CAR.
For Sale—Lozier limousine; fine condition; new power plant; electric starting and lighting; shock absorbers; power pump; wire wheels. Garage: Foster & Co., 583 Park Av. Telephone Plaza 1736. Can be seen between 9 A. M. and 12:30 P. M. Ask for Goff.

VELIE roadster; starter, electric lights, all new shoes; excellent mechanical condition; demonstration offers considered. Lexington, Bryant 2411.

WHITE limousine and demi-limousine to rent by season, month, or rates. Riverside Taxi Co., 2,641 Broadway. 9100 Riverside.

Situations Wanted—Female

25 cents per agate line

ARTIST.—Commercial, pen and ink; good letterer. N 234 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Nine years' experience; trial balances, controlling accounts; efficiency unquestionable. N 206 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, knowledge stenography, thoroughly experienced, references, desires position. N 207 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; 18 years; 2 years' experience. Nathanson, 400 Sutter Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—8 years' experience, knowledge stenography, trial balance, references, $18. W 380 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; accurate figurer; excellent references; salary $10. L. H., 226 Utica Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; 3 years' experience; $14. E. Wolf, 3,671 B'way, Apt. 52.

CARETAKER.—A middle-aged couple would take charge of suite or house while the owners are away for the Winter; very best of references. S 37 Times.

COMPANION.—Woman, well bred American, 33, husband in camp, no family ties, willing to care for children or companion to mother in return for refined home; only first-class family considered. S 55 Times.

COMPANION.—Gentlewoman, educated, cheerful, adaptive, wishes position useful companion, refined home, where maid is kept; generally helpful; moderate salary; city references. C. S., Times Harlem.

COMPTOMETR OPERATOR, experienced, and typist desires permanent position; neat, accurate. C 340 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Six years' references; wishes position in apartment. 1,669 3d Av., stationery store.

DRESSMAKING.—Smart styles, remodeling furs, evening gowns. 2715 Col. 286 West 72d. Marie.

DRESSMAKER.—$3 daily or permanently in family; city, country. H 169 Times.

GOVERNESS, (23 years,) German, French, English, and music, first-class references, wants position with high-class family. S 67 Times.

GOVERNESS.—Parisienne, college graduate, visiting governess, French, German, English, kindergarten. Pianist, 2,730 Broadway.

GOVERNESS, (20 years,) German, French, English, and music, first-class references, wants engagement. Box 128 Times.

NURSE, graduate, would take invalid into her own home, thirty-five minutes out, South Shore Long Island; best food and care; $18 weekly; references. G 164 Times.

NURSE, practical, take entire charge of infant or small children. Call present employer; telephone Audubon 4764. Apt. 4.

NURSE for young child; experienced; good references; city or country. Telephone Morningside 4630. E. V., 500 West 122d St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Intelligent, experienced; capable of fitting in; salary $15. O 17 Times.

SEAMSTRESS or Visiting Maid.—Private only. Antony, 58 8th Av.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT.—Unemployed at present; age 28; ten years in last position; commercial and banking experience; college graduate; knowledge French; highest credentials; $25. Telephone Williamsburg 112.

SECRETARY.—Lady, as secretary; French, Spanish, Portuguese; knowledge of Italian; experienced stenographer and in medical work; also acquainted with Greek and Latin. Miss Moore, 215 West 109th St.

SECRETARY.—Christian, desires position with busy man or woman; good stenographer and bookkeeper; knowledge Spanish; no objection to traveling. S 49 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Expert; possesses executive ability, initiative; invaluable assistant to man of affairs; highest credentials; $25. O 135 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—American; experienced in brokerage, life insurance, medicine, and other lines; refined, neat appearance. S 40 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — High school education; 8 years' experience; executive ability; references; salary $25. N 212 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, 8 years' experience, engineering line; capable and efficient; best references; $20-$22. N., 442 Columbus Av.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Ten years' finance and engineering experience; highest references; temporary or permanent; $23. O 117 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — Refined personality, initiative, ability; good common sense; $22-$25. S. S., Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, Typewriter, (28;) 7 years' experience, importing and manufacturing; have handled correspondence; open to employment at $18 per week. Emma Tow, 487 East 139th St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, expert, desires permanent position; 10 years' experience; trustworthy, neat in appearance; $15 week. Advertiser, 3,866 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Unusual ability, resourceful; understands value loyal co-operation; salary $25. H. Rosenthal, 705 East 176th.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Thoroughly efficient; educated; initiative, conscientious; knowledge office routine; $20. L. F., Stationery, 228 West 116th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent; general office work, assistant bookkeeper; seven years' experience; salary $15; excellent references. E. L. C., 189 Nassau St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, 3 months' experience, accurate, neat, wishes position with opportunity. Toback, 396 Saratoga Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, refined Commercial High School graduate, one year's experience, desires position with reliable house. R H 181 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, efficient, rapid, accurate, high school graduate; salary $18. Miss Blumberg, 2,094 5th Av., Harlem 7841.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Credit experience, neat, competent, willing worker; advancement desired. N 232 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Several years' experience, desires to locate with responsible firm; $20. F. W., 163 West 78th St. Schuyler 7791.

STENOGRAPHER desires home work, lectures, manuscripts, &c.; reasonable rates. F. W., 163 West 78th St. Schuyler 7791.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER. — First-class, rapid, accurate; American; no agency. $15. C 279 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Ten years' experience in executive work and important office duties; highest references. C 278 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, well-informed young woman wishes responsible stenographic or secretarial position; expert stenographer; broad, practical training; $20-$25. C 342 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; excellent education; rapid, neat, accurate; $18. Miss G., Bryant 1819, 1,606 Candler Bldg., 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, switchboard operator; Christian; one year's experience; willing, ambitious. N 220 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, over 6 years' experience, highly recommended, executive ability. Phone Madison Square 4912.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, desires permanent position where prospects are good; $16. C 336 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; rapid worker; excellent references; $15. C 300 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; three years' experience; downtown preferred; $13. N 211 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; references; high school graduate. S. Cohen, 739 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER and Typewriter.—Competent; one year's experience. Grossman, 1,539 Intervale Av.

STENOGRAPHER. — Exceptionally bright; two years' experience; $12. Celia Greene, 159 Delancey St.

TEACHER, GOVERNESS. — Public school teacher with successful teaching experience, capable also giving excellent physical care wishes position in fine family. Address Credentials, 3,525 Broadway.

TEACHER.—French and English, by an experienced visiting teacher; special aptitude with children; highest references. Z 327 Times Annex.

VISITING MAID, French, good seamstress, wishes position for Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday. Address M. G., 138 East 48th St. Care Lennon.

YOUNG visiting secretary; few hours daily. O. Brenan, 1,519 Benson Av., Bronx.

YOUNG WOMAN, cultured, would exchange services for good home for herself and little daughter. C. T., 3,837 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN, capable, long experience managing large filing department; $25. N 216 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Thoroughly experienced girls, excellent cooks, investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 59th St.

COMPETENT STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, typists, clerks. Carida Agency, 1,437 Broadway. Phone Bryant 1058.

COOKS, WAITRESSES, Houseworkers, Couples.—Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.); Schuyler 9138.

COLORED help, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 138d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT and AUDITOR, (29,) exempt; lately in capacity manager of accounting department, knowledge systematising, organisation, handling of help; good correspondent, well versed on ledger card systems; practical, original; not ordinary plugger; minimum salary, $2,500. W 308 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, certified, (31,) capable taking charge large bookkeeping department, desires position as office manager; college graduate, now employed; ten years with large manufacturing companies, two years' public accounting practice, cost records, financial statements. O 130 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Young man; am seeking responsible position; lately secretary with motors corporation, formerly assistant auditor with large concern; also been credit man; good correspondent, capable and energetic, with excellent past record. L. Siebel, 228 West 58th St.

ACCOUNTANT, executive, of wide, varied experience, seeks permanent position; several years with accountants and business organizations; clean record; university graduate, draft exempt. N 234 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-Bookkeeper-Office Manager —knowledge systematizing, handling help; good correspondent; manufacturing and trading experience; salary $25. N 235 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, seeking position as auditor or cost accountant; several years' experience; age, 34. Thorp, 1,074 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms without bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly. 347 6th Av., Room 703. Telephone Vanderbilt 5315.

ADVERTISING MAN, capable copy writer, 30, draft exempt, seeks connection. S 59 Times.

AMERICAN, 34, of integrity; wide business experience; held outside executive positions; possess initiative, ideas, judgment, selling ability, and capacity to grow; will start low if success means advancement. N 228 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, Commercial High School graduate, desires position with progressive firm; moderate salary. Newman, Chester St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, age 30; twelve years' experience in executive capacity; take complete charge; $30. O 75 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.—Twenty-five, six years' import experience; executive and office management; ability. O 89 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, thorough accountant, 7 years' experience; moderate salary. S 47 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced modern accounting methods, costs, balances; $22. Books, Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, reliable, competent; high school graduate; excellent references; $18. O 65 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, 21, four years' experience, neat, reliable, best references. O 151 Times.

BUTLER—COOK.—Couple, colored; private family, club, school; woman, good cook; husband, butler, useful man. Morn. 4079. Owens.

CASHIER.—Broad business experience; formerly Hotel Astor; references. Sheldon, 208 West 53d St.

CHAUFFEUR—COOK, &c.—Couple, young, Finnish; city, experienced chauffeur, total abstainer; wife, good cook or laundress; references. Mrs. Kay, care of Maki, 246 Bradhurst Av.

CHAUFFEUR—Expert driver and machinist, doing own repairs; prefer Simplex, Pierce-Arrow, Packard, Minerva, Renault, Fiat, Daimler, or any high-grade car; single; age 35. Care Petrin, 448 West 163d St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Swedish, single, 29, wishes position, private family; good references. O. C., 150 East 55th. Telephone Plaza 8881.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced, careful driver, wishes position, private family; best references. V. Johnson, care Mrs. Field, 502 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 34, married, careful driver, strictly temperate, desires position with private family; satisfaction assured if trial is given. Box 17, 1,563 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, temperate, mechanician; Pierce, Cadillac; discharged shortly; $20 week, board, lodging; country; unquestionable recommendations. Box 151, Rumson, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC. — English; 30; long experience; exempt from draft; good references; salary, $25-$30. Barnes, 684 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 39; 8 years in last position. 18 years in the business. Apply Society of Professional Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. 4058 Columbus.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, desires position private family; unquestionable references; 18 years last position. H. B. Foster, 152 Montague St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, French-Swiss, 42; long experience, especially Packard cars; highest references. Rawyler, 23 West 57th. Tel. Plaza 380.

CHAUFFEUR.—Russian, single, 29, experienced driver, mechanic; city, country; own tools, repairs. Sauersten, 14 East 126th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 40, married; thorough driver and mechanic since 1905; best cars; references; $80 week. William, 50 E. 88th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Four years' experience; careful, competent; good habits, appearance; reference. S 42 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—Eight years' experience; sober, careful, reliable. Havranek, 1,853 Av. A.

CHAUFFEUR.—Swede; private; permanent position; city references. Johnson, 776 Lexington Av., city.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, wishes position; private, commercial. William Reynolds, Telephone 5128 Columbus.

CHAUFFEUR, colored; careful driver; any car; private, commercial. Riley, 140 West 144th St.

COLLEGE graduate, school teacher, 24, exempt, wishes position with large concern; executive ability, initiative, ambitious; firm offering real opportunity considered. D. D., 2,960 3d Av.

COLUMBIA GRADUATE seeks opportunity in any capacity in foreign trade department of export and import house. X 201 Times Annex.

CONFIDENTIAL MAN.—Young man of 35, married, sober, intelligent, well bred, possessing brains, initiative, ambition; year's experience in buying and selling; last position Secretary and Treasurer of manufacturing concern; willing to do absolutely anything where there is a chance to make money and a chance for advancement. Address M 7 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

COOK, BUTLER.—Couple, colored, first-class cook and butler; references; city, country; please come to city to arrange. Alladice, 138 West 131st St.

CORRESPONDENT, &c.—Young man, (24,) five years' experience mail order business, as correspondent and assistant buyer; has held position as assistant manager bureau of adjustment in one of the largest department stores in New York City; first-class references. B. A., 606 Arbuckle Bldg., B'klyn.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, construction supervise, machine designing; practical shop efficiency; experience. N 96 Times.

FOREMAN.—Machinist, first-class tool die-maker and tool designer, technically graduated, 32 years' wide experience, inventive ability, best references, wishes position as foreman or tool designer. J. M., 104 East 14th St.

HAVE you a vacancy for an American, 25, who is aggressive, capable, and possesses qualifications that make him desirable? He is exempt from service; references. N 224 Times Downtown.

MAN wants three or four houses to take care of sidewalk, front doors, heat, and windows; best of references. Address Houseman, 161 East 94th St.

MAN, (35,) executive ability, desires position bookkeeper, cashier, salesman. W 382 Times Downtown.

MAN, single, 36, honest, sober, wishes position with traveling gentleman; best references. Andrew, 225 East 86th St.

MOTOR CAR AND TRUCK EFFICIENCY EXPERT DESIRES COMMISSION TO INSPECT AND REPORT ON TRANSPORTATION PROBLEMS; SAVED PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANY $70,000 YEARLY ON LAST PROPOSITION; PERMANENT POSITION AS TRANSPORTATION MANAGER ACCEPTABLE; UNQUALIFIED REFERENCES. Z 395 TIMES ANNEX.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE, 14 years' business experience; highly recommended; systematizer, organizer, accustomed directing and tactfully getting the maximum out of large working forces; understands accounting, advertising, credits, collections, general office routine; some concern looking for immediate results can employ me profitably. O 128 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, EXPERT ACCOUNTANT, AT PRESENT MANAGING CREDITS, CORRESPONDENCE AND OFFICE FOR LARGE MANUFACTURER, WANTS LARGER OPPORTUNITY; SALARY $2,000. N 287 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, COMPANION.—French, English, German, Spanish; good accountant, typist; familiar outdoor sports; drives auto; out of town preferred; exempt; Swiss. O 129 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT, several years' experience, wants position with A1 concern. N 40 Times.

SALESMAN, &c.—Wanted by a middle-aged man, active, efficient, and in good health, a position as salesman, collector, or outside representative; can give highest references and will give good service; compensation reasonable. Address O 123 Times.

SALESMAN, auto accessories; following among jobbers throughout U. S.; eleven years' successful record; commission. C 337 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Six years' selling and general business experience, can show good results quick. S 54 Times.

SALESMAN, young, active, desires to connect with reliable silk house. O 120 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, 24, exempt, 7 years' experience, now employed, desires change with good prospects; salary $25. C 287 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Experienced assistant to busy executive overloaded with details. S 63 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Colored man wishes position of Superintendent 1-2 small loft buildings or apartment house; experienced. L. M., 117 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, building construction, wishes position with builder or contractor; best of references furnished. S 44 Times.

TUTOR.—Languages, music, other subjects. Address Professor, 151 West 75th St. Schuyler 8828.

VEGETABLE GARDENER and farmer, German-American, 49 years old, married, no children, desires position; able to take charge of small place; best of references from former employers. W. Kraus, R. F. D. 28, Cos Cob, Conn.

YOUNG MAN, COLLEGE GRADUATE.

Five years in charitable organizations, including three years as executive, have given me an insight into human nature and general office methods which should prove valuable in some business field. What have you to offer? X 243 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, (27,) possessing intelligence, executive ability, New York University training, knowledge of management, sales and accounting, and eight years' business experience, desires responsible position with manufacturing concern. O 84 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, DRAFT EXEMPT, 3 YEARS' SELLING EXPERIENCE, NEAT APPEARANCE, SEEKS CONNECTION WITH RELIABLE FIRM; UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCES. W 379 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, 26, experienced Russian correspondent, office clerk with executive abilities, wishes to get position; will accept small salary; very good references. S 51 Times.

YOUNG MAN, eager to learn; easily adaptable, willing to start at beginning, a refined, college trained Hebrew, (20,) seeks opportune opening; references. S 52 Times.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, desires position as assistant to manager, correspondence, or claim or shipping; 10 years' experience; student of law. Address X 208 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position with advancement; last employed Woolen and silk house; references; $12. Lemkin, 235 East 76th St.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school education, live wire, desires clerical position with advancement; experienced; references; $15. C 389 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, American, efficient, knowledge of books, desires clerical position where ability will be appreciated. N 283 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) capable, possessing offices and selling experience, now employed in limited capacity, desires change. S 34 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, good penman, with clerical experience, desires to connect with large firm with advancement. Box 14, 247 East 62d St.

YOUNG MAN, 23; office experience; good at figures, college training, fluent English, French German, corresponding. C 343 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22 years, stock clerk or salesman, knowledge notions and ribbons, presently employed. H. I., 3,523 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN with accounting, bookkeeping, executive, and selling experience desires position. N 202 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, high school graduate, bookkeeper, stenographer, clerk, &c., desires position. Glickaman, 34 West 118th.

YOUNG MAN, French knowledge, seeks evening position, office or any laborious work. M. Z., 200 Post Office Sta.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) college trained, business experience, seeks opportunity; $15. N 240 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, experienced office worker, desires position; A1 references. C 338 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, exempt, large experience, clerical, stock, &c.; references. C 331 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, intelligent, desires position with future, clerical capacity. C 330 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes position where active work will bring future. Benjamin Winkler, 1,509 Charlotte St., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, competent, credit experience, neat, willing worker; advancement desired. N 230 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, Christian, commercially inclined, wishes position. N 219 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes position; experienced stock and shipping departments. S 43 Times.

YOUNG MAN, law graduate, desires position law firm; office experience. S 26 Times.

YOUNG MAN, typist-bookkeeper's assistant, desires position. Box 106, 1,818 2d Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT AND OFFICE MANAGER FOR EXPORT HOUSE; MUST HAVE HAD SIMILAR EXPERIENCE; ALL APPLICATIONS MUST CONTAIN FULL PARTICULARS. C 328 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT and bookkeeper wanted for busy hospital office; unmarried man preferred, middle aged; with good manners; must be absolutely accurate in his work and not afraid of long hours; salary, board, room, laundry provided; must furnish bond and reference. Apply Superintendent, Hospital, 142 St. Nicholas Av., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Senior assistant wanted for accountant's office; must be capable of taking entire charge of audits, &c., from start to finish; letters from applicants without regular accountancy training will receive no attention; state references and salary. N 206 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced senior, understanding all branches of auditing work; can obtain a permanent position in the office of a C. P. A.; give experience, qualifications, and salary desired. L 268 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT'S ASSISTANT wanted by certified public accountant; state experience, references, and terms. Reliable. N 229 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in downtown advertising agency; to one who is quick, accurate, and willing to learn we offer a real opportunity; salary $7 to start. Address Christian, A 345 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—High school graduates, $8-$9 to start; steady position and excellent opportunities to advance along engineering line. Call 9 A. M., Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

BOY WANTED in a large national bank for commencement work, filing, office duties, &c.; must be capable, of the best habits, and conscientious and thorough in his work; age 16 to 17; salary, $33 per month. Address, with full particulars as to your capabilities, N 225 Times Downtown.

BOY TO DELIVER PACKAGES AND ASSIST IN SHIPPING DEPARTMENT; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR BOY WITH AMBITION FOR PROMOTION. DETMER WOOLEN, 315 4TH AV., 8TH FLOOR. ASK FOR MR. HANSEN.

BOY over 16 years of age wanted in general offices of large manufacturing corporation located in this city; an unusual and industrious boy will secure position offering permanency and opportunity; salary $7 to start, with advancement. S 56 Times.

BOYS WANTED IN OFFICE OF LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN MUST BE PUBLIC SCHOOL GRADUATES; GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO ADVANCE. CAMPBELL, METZGER & JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D.

BOY AND YOUNG MAN wanted by mercantile house. Good opportunity for bright, intelligent boys and young men to learn jobbing house business. C 288 Times Downtown.

BOY in law office; must be at least 16 years of age and reside with parents. Address in applicant's own handwriting, stating experience if any. L 270 Times Downtown.

BOY, 14-16 years of age, in the office of a large manufacturing house, offering excellent chance for a bright future. T. L. W., P. O. Box 780, N. Y. City.

BOY, young, well educated, wanted by large manufacturing concern for general office work. Apply stating age and salary expectations. G. W., 209 Times Downtown.

BOYS WANTED TO WORK IN FACTORY, 16 YEARS OR OVER. APPLY AMERICAN SAFETY RAZOR CO., 303 JAY ST., BROOKLYN.

BOYS, 16 or over, in several positions; permanent; advancement; excellent opportunity; start, $7 up, according to ability. Smith Pharmacal, 323 East 34th St.

BOY, bright, wanted for supply department, by large corporation; aged 17; good hours, surroundings, and advancement. J. D., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

BOY for messenger office work in newspaper; advancement. Call Thursday morning, 8:30, 73-83 Dey St. Ask for Mr. Dewey.

BOY, bright, by lace importing firm; excellent opportunity. Louis A. Silk & Co., 142 6th Av.

BOY, bright, for office; good chance for advancement; $7-$8 to start; importers and exporters. N 218 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, wanted, age 17 to 19, by banking institution; salary, $9 a week. L 262 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright boy wanted in large woolen house; must be good at figures; splendid chance for advancement. S 46 Times.

BOY, strong, about 18 years old, to run errands and help in stockroom. A. J. Frees & Co., 175 5th Av.

BOY not over 16 wanted in office; opportunity for advancement. Apply 80 South St., third floor.

BOY to assist in office work; good future for right boy; good salary. Hermann Baum, Inc., 90 William St.

BOYS wanted for light office work; reasonable salary and overtime. Cravat & Henderson, 52 William St.

BOY wanted to learn a trade and lives in Brooklyn. N 209 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Must be bright, to work in office. A. Sherwin & Bro., 716 Broadway.

BUTCHERS.—Two good butchers for steady work; good opportunity. G. Simonelli & Bros., 70 Spring St.

BUYER.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY

FOR THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MAN TO BUY MISCELLANEOUS MERCHANDISE TO SELL FOR 5, 10, AND 15 CENTS BY MAIL; ONE WITH MAIL ORDER OR 5 AND 10 CENT STORE EXPERIENCE PREFERRED. CALL FOR AN INTERVIEW 116 WEST 29TH ST. W. & H. WALKER.

CANVASSER.—Salary and commission to the right man; good field. Apply, before 10 A. M., 284 Steinway Av., Astoria, L. I.

CHAUFFEUR for Pierce-Arrow; careful driver, good mechanic; recent personal references required; state particulars. O 123 Times.

CHEMIST for laboratory in color house, to make dyes and match colors; preferably one who has had experience with imported colors; splendid opportunity to the right man; write, giving full details as to age, experience, salary, &c. N 221 Times Downtown.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING MAN with broad experience in classified advertising department of large publication to solicit advertising of real estate and resorts and to assist in management of department; must possess initiative and executive ability and come well recommended; salary $25 weekly, with excellent opportunity for advancement. X 208 Times Annex.

CLERKS WHO HAVE ACTUALLY HAD FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPERIENCE REQUIRED BY LARGE DOWNTOWN BANK. ANSWERS MUST STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED AND REFERENCES. W 394 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CLERK for purchasing department wanted at once; applicants with experience in filing and general office work preferred; salary to start, $12 per week. Address E. M., 208 Broadway, Brooklyn.

COLLECTOR.—Young man for large furniture house; sal

Help Wanted—Female

30 cents per agate line

BOOKKEEPER and Stenographer.—Experienced; must understand trial balances, &c. Write M. L. Stekler, 396 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, Secretary; educated; experienced law and export; salary commensurate. S 62 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; give references and salary expected. M 26 Times.

CASHIER in Broadway restaurant; experienced in cigar sales; $50 monthly and meals; state references. S 50 Times.

COLLECTION CORRESPONDENT.
Large wholesale mail order house requires thoroughly experienced collection correspondent, preferably one who can operate typewriter efficiently. Address C. P., 276 Times Downtown.

COOK under 40 wanted, at once; references required; small family and nurse; no laundry; country. Telephone Tompkinsville 2472.

ENTRY CLERK, writing good hand and accurate at simple figuring; state salary desired, age, experience, and education. L 267 Times Downtown.

EXAMINERS experienced on men's neckwear. Meyer, Bacharach & Friedheim, 21 East 22d.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK GIRL.—Also mother's helper; liberal salary. Call second floor, 129 East 76th.

GIRL wanted to operate telephone switchboard and do typewriting in builder's office; state experience and salary expected. A 442 Times Annex.

GIRLS WANTED TO WORK IN FACTORY; 16 YEARS OR OVER. APPLY AMERICAN SAFETY RAZOR CO., 303 JAY ST., BROOKLYN.

GIRLS, OVER 18 YEARS, TO DO LIGHT WORK IN FACTORY. WAGES $7 START. 48 HOURS PER WEEK. APPLY MRS. HILLEN, 36 WEST 15TH ST.

GIRLS to assist in our workroom of men's neckwear in clerical work. Meyer, Bacharach & Friedheim, 21 East 22d.

GIRLS wanted, in stock room of publishing house; experience unnecessary. The New England Art, 333 4th Av.

GIRL or couple to work in furnished room house. 39 West 16th St. Telephone 7627 Chelsea.

GIRL wanted for office work and errands; fair salary to start; publishing house. M 54 Times.

GOVERNESS for nursery, refined woman to take entire charge of child 19 months old. C. W. Simpson, Audubon 9400.

HOUSEKEEPER for general work; good cook; competent; small family adults; at White Plains, N. Y.; references. S 53 Times.

HOUSEWORKER.—Family of two; large kitchen, comfortable bedroom; good wages; references required; carfare paid. Apply Thursday, Whitin, 501 West 113th St.

HOUSEWORK.—Woman for general housework and to assist with children; small house in North Pelham. Mrs. Donahue, 611 West 127th St. Morningside 5690.

McCLURE'S MAGAZINE WILL TRAIN A LIMITED NUMBER OF YOUNG WOMEN TO BE STENCIL CUTTERS; APPLICANTS MUST BE WELL EDUCATED, BRIGHT, CAPABLE OF EARNING $12 PER WEEK; A SALARY OF $7 PER WEEK WILL BE PAID DURING THE INSTRUCTION PERIOD. APPLY 251 4TH AV., TENTH FLOOR.

MODELS, SIZE 16, ON FINE DRESSES; PERMANENT POSITION; EXCELLENT SALARY. FERNBACH & JAFFE, 8 WEST 30TH ST.

MOTHERS OF AMBITIOUS GIRLS, 15 TO 18 YEARS, ATTENTION!

A business opportunity of the right sort, where environment is as carefully supervised as at school. Good wages to start and rapid promotion to earnest girls. Our lady teacher looks after their business training; our nurse looks after their health.

BEST & CO.
Apply 8:30, Employment Office,
7 West 35th St.

NURSE.—Wanted, a thoroughly competent French or English nurse for two children, 7 and 10 years old. Call Wednesday 5:30, or Thursday 10 to 11, at 900 Park Av. Must have best of references.

NURSE, attendant, or ward maid for an institution; pay $20 a month. Address S. Lord Sanitarium, Stamford, Conn.

OFFICE GIRL; SALARY $6. REPLY, STATING AGE AND REFERENCES, BOX 82, 208 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.

PAYROLL CLERK for manufacturing firm at Long Island City; state experience and salary expected. M 30 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Woman over 30, possessing more than ordinary tact and ability, to call on our list mothers and explain successful character building plan for children; permanent position; straight salary and extra bonuses. Room 710, 100 West 34th St.

SALESLADY.—Smart-looking young woman, refined, good personality, strictly high class; dignified, exclusive, permanent position; experience unnecessary; prefer lady widely acquainted; paid $50 week; salary commission. 1612 Candler Building, 220 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in general office of coal and iron business in Pennsylvania, located in pleasant town where rents and living expenses are most moderate compared to city; need good, fast, and willing worker, one who can handle large mail and has had experience; no beginners; the position is a steady one, pays good pay and splendid chance for advancement for capable young woman; address reply to Waldorf-Astoria, marked "to be called for," and give full details of past experience, age, and salary expected. Address D. S. Thropp and give your address and phone number.

STENOGRAPHER WITH CLERICAL EXPERIENCE; SALARY, $8; OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. REPLY, STATING AGE AND EXPERIENCE, BOX 82, 208 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.

STENOGRAPHERS in law office; one with knowledge of bookkeeping and law work experience, and one beginner. Apply, stating qualifications and experience, N 236 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady of neat appearance, age 19, experienced, wanted by large corporation; good hours, surroundings, and advancement. G. D., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

STENOGRAPHER, BILLING CLERK.
EXPERIENCED; STATE AGE, SALARY DESIRED. BOX O 113 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist, with excellent references; knowledge of insurance expected. Gray Brothers, St. Nicholas Av., corner 174th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, rapid, accurate, familiar with office routine, having a knowledge of Spanish; permanent position; liberal salary. Krause, 12 East 46th St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—Law, brokerage, export; experienced, educated; American; salary commensurate. S 61 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, age 20 to 25, for position near 66th St.; state in reply age, experience, religion, and salary desired. M 21 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, quick and accurate, with experience in general office work. Wolf Sales Co., 30 Washington St., City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Underwood, with experience in dictaphone transcribing. Room 901, 1,261 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER—Young lady with some experience; good opportunity. S. Y., 214 Times Downtown.

STORE DETECTIVE.

Wanted by retail store, a young woman of intelligence and discretion as store detective; must be 23 years of age or over and have department store experience; state age, training, experience, and salary desired. Address M 30 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Three-trunk line; intelligent, pleasant girl; salary $8-$10. Apply 604, Aeolian Hall.

TEACHERS.—An exceptional opportunity for normal school or college trained women in high-class traveling position; must be 25 to 40 years of age, good personality, and able to demonstrate the fundamental principles of pedagogy; salary and commission; $1,500 to $2,500 per year. N. C. McReynolds, 347 5th Av., New York. Vanderbilt 4835. Call afternoons 2 to 5.

TEACHER over 25; a year's work in educational line; town near New York preferably commensurate with ability. Call Rooms 7-11, 110 West 34th St.

TRANSLATORS wanted by prominent bank; write fully, stating qualifications and salary expected. C 334 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Young lady for typewriting and clerical work in selling department; $10 per week. Reply, giving age and experience, M 27 Times.

TYPIST as entry clerk in large newspaper office; hours 5 to 12:30 P. M.; salary $12 per week to start. X 203 Times Annex.

VISITING HOUSEKEEPER, experienced, to take full charge of household of small family, consisting of elderly lady and sons, living in an apartment; must be prepared to give her entire day and be willing in her otherwise unoccupied time to act as companion to lady; only persons having first-class city references should apply; address by letter, stating experience, positions held and references. B 66 Times.

WOMEN TO WORK IN OUR LABORATORIES; SALARY TO START $7; PIECE WORK AFTER TWO WEEKS; COMPETENT WOMEN CAN EARN $12 PER WEEK; PLEASANT WORKING CONDITIONS AND RESTAURANT. CALL AMERICAN DRUGGIST SYNDICATE, BORDEN AND VAN ALST AVS., LONG ISLAND CITY. 5c. FARE FROM ANY POINT OF NEW YORK; 5 MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL.

WAITRESS.—Scandinavian, Swedish, or Finnish; house. 55 East 77th St.

YOUNG GIRL for light office work. Apply to E. Doughty, Butterick Building, Spring and MacDougal Sts., N. Y.

YOUNG LADIES wanted by large publishing house familiar with alphabetizing and filing cards and stencils. Apply Mr. Floren, 326 Hudson St., New York City.

YOUNG LADY, aged 17 to 19, in wholesale jewelry house; excellent opportunity; congenial associates; address in own handwriting, with references; salary at start, $7 per week. N 204 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN to compile statistics and keep records; must be bright, energetic, and quick to grasp details; salary $10 weekly to start, with excellent opportunity for advancement. Address, stating age, references, and telephone number, X 207 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies.

Span. & Eng. sten., $25; sten. & bookkeeper, $20; sten. & switchboard opt., $15; sten., law, $20, $15; sales clerk, $10; typist, $15; messengers, $12; free registration. Hirst Occupational Exchange.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR, $12; typists, $8-$10; stenographer, $15; registration free. Business Opportunities Co. Agency, 203 Broadway, Cortlandt & Masterson, Props.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—$25 week; unusual opportunity. Assistant Housekeeper, institution, $40; family, $100. Hopkins Agency, 507 5th Av.

COMPETENT STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, typists, clerks. Free registration. Carlda Commercial Agency, 1,457 Broadway.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, (3,) stenographers, order clerks, typist, Spanish stenographer. Mutual, 41 Liberty St.

Instruction.

FILE CLERK.—Our six weeks' course will teach you more about filing than you could learn by yourself in years; we secure positions for our graduates paying from $12 up; our evening classes are limited, so register now. National Training School for Filing, Shaw-Walker Co., 60 Franklin St. Telephone Franklin 9200.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography; bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists; day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858,) Broadway at 72d St.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION.
Secretarial, shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, &c. This kind of instruction means you can save time and money. Don't waste time in large classes and inferior methods. A. Fancell, Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

PRIVATE SECRETARY course.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y.; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance. References required.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and preeminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

ADVANCE YOURSELF in business; good English is essential to your progress. Are you qualified? Send for free booklet "Your English," and decide whether you need additional training. Ask for booklet 70. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES.
Instruction in day and evening courses.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

$12
this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

PIANO INSTRUCTION for children; exponent Leschitzky and Fletcher music methods; practice work if desired; references. Phone Riverside 3840.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.—Three months' course; students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. Wheat.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY to secure in Buffalo, N. Y., high-class factory property, suitable for woodworking, machine shop, or most any kind of manufacturing; 52,000 square feet floor space, 1¼ acres of land; located 10 minutes from the centre of the city on the New York Central Railroad; this property must be sold to settle an estate. For full particulars address Trustee, care of Wegman, 71 Austin St., Newark, N. J.

CARBURETER MANUFACTURER.
Experienced expert of national reputation has designed new, improved carbureter; better than any made; requires $10,000 to establish factory; much less cash required if machine shop furnished; large, legitimate profits and interesting inducements. S 35 Times.

Dry goods store for sale, including lease, stock, modern fixtures; located in New Jersey; best location in town; population 70,000; size of store 25x100; established 12 years; sales last year about $55,000; strictly cash proposition; less than $10,000 required. X 249 Times Annex.

$10,000—$25,000
REQUIRED BY HIGH-GRADE GOING MANUFACTURING BUSINESS; STAPLE ARTICLE; REFERENCES EXCHANGED.
Z 363 TIMES ANNEX.

Manufacturer of children's white dresses; must understand line thoroughly and be capable of taking complete charge of factory; all communications considered strictly confidential. Write, stating full particulars, N. D., Box 201 Times Downtown.

A ribbon manufacturer wants a man who has some money and is familiar with the selling end; a good opportunity for the right man. Established, 119 Times.

Poor health compels me to sell complete equipped plant, lease suitable for manufacturing millinery, shirtwaists, and army clothing; centrally located; principals only. O 110 Times.

Experienced farmer desires active partner with $20,000 for half interest in 2,500-acre Northwest wheat and cattle farm; sure profits; highest references. B 356 Times Downtown.

$5,000, with or without services, buys substantial interest in old-established business; decorative art flowers; past record proof of large profits. C 127 Times.

Two men, representing able management and fine salesmanship, would consider sound business proposition or agency; funds available. H 85 Times.

To small or large investor, write for a vivid experience at no cost to you. Public Sales Co., 243 West 125th St., New York.

$2,500 will buy prosperous, growing business; net $3,000 to $5,000 yearly; elegant location; exceptional opportunity. H 74 Times.

First-class rooming house; West 68th; good furniture; always rented. M 39 Times.

Business Notices.

Patents bought, sold, promoted, reasonable. 120 Liberty St., Room 507. Rector 348.

FOR SALE

WE MAKE AND SELL ONLY
NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS
AND CREDIT FILES

LOWEST PRICES, SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS, NO INTEREST CHARGES. WRITTEN GUARANTEE. OLD REGISTERS REPAIRED, REBUILT, BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXCHANGED.

C. A. SNYDER, AGENT.

THE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER CO., 1,170 BROADWAY.
PHONE MADISON SQUARE 6410.

For Sale.—Two L. C. Smith typewriters, elite type; two complete dictaphone outfits, Burroughs adding machine, bookkeeper's desk, typewriter and salesman's desk, table, chairs and stool, all mahogany, practically new. M. E. Weber, 1st floor, 128 West 64th.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near Broadway.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 273 Canal St.

For Sale.—Large, running plant of machinery and fixtures, suitable for waists or dresses; lease optional. Farragut 231.

1,000 feet 10-inch iron pipe, 16 feet long; cast iron flange; good condition; reasonable. M. Steff, Charleston, S. C.

Eight Singer sewing machines with individual motors. Sol. Levine & Co., 12 W. 27th.

New Underwood typewriter, No. 5, latest style; sell for $70 cash. O 122 Times.

Purchase and Exchange.

DIAMONDS and JEWELRY bought, sold, appraised; estates purchased. DELANEY, 170 BROADWAY.

Will buy Underwood or L. C. Smith. Phone 3883 Williamsburg, 11 A. M.

THE TEACHING STAFF.

Eligible List for Elementary Schools and Recreation Centres.

There have been placed, as of the dates respectively indicated, upon the eligible lists of persons holding licenses for promotion in elementary schools the names of the following:

Placement as of and School. Rating.
Bookkeeping and Business Practice—
April 27, 1917—P. S. 43, Bronx..... 80.675
English—April 30, 1915—P. S. 119, Brooklyn 85
Mathematics—April 27, 1917—P. S. 133, Brooklyn 77.825
Mathematics—April 27, 1917—P. S. 64, Manhattan 80.55
Music—April 27, 1917.—P. S. 54, Queens 86.1
Physical Training—April 27, 1917—P. S. 143, Brooklyn 83.55
Pitman Stenography and Typewriting—April 27, 1917—P. S. 100, Manhattan 70
Pitman Stenography and Typewriting—April 27, 1917—P. S. 50, Bronx 86.323

There have been placed, as of the dates respectively indicated, upon the eligible list of men holding licenses as teacher of shopwork in elementary schools the names of the following:

Placement as of July 1, 1917.
J. W. E. Olin.. 77.5 | Jacob Fabricant 85.25
C. L. Strattard. 90.2 | R. Lethbridge.. 80
H. O. Clark... 87.5 | W. J. Maher... 78.3
E. J. Weber.... 86.9 | Clarence Weiss. 77.05

Licenses as public teacher in elementary schools have been granted to the following:

New York Training School.

Ida Baraldi,
Jessie Bernstein,
Frances Bibo,
Catherine E. Borchers,
Kate L. Brandt,
Lena L. Bregman,
Dorothy V. Bronstein,
Mary R. Byrne,
J. V. Callahan,
Aline Canter,
Dora C. Chasnoff,
Esther Cohen,
Grace Y. Crocker,
Hazel W. Crocker,
Yetta Druss,
Florence J. Feinberg,
Pearl J. Feinberg,
Sadie Feldman,
Lillian Freier,
Dorothy E. Gafney,
May I. Gilligan,
Beatrice E. Goldfarb,
Rose Goldfarb,
Lillian Grace,
Mabel C. Graham,
Anna L. Green,
Bertha Greenberg,
Erma Gross,
Ida R. Grout,
Edna Guterman,
Sara Handelman,
Lillian Harrison,
Marie Haugh,
Margaret J. Herger,
Anna Hick,
Lillian Hoover,
Anna R. Hoyler,
Carrie Jacobs,
Matilda Jarmulowsky,
Dorothea Johnson,
Mary R. Keller,
Florence L. Kelly,
Sara Klein,
Anna Kopekin,
Frances V. Lenahan,
Sadie Leventhal,
Elsie Loewit,
Mary C. McCarthy,
K. A. McCormack,
Alice McCoy,
Ethel C. McElroy,
Anna E. McGuinness,
Josepha MacRae,
Norma Marenstein,
Grace R. Martus,
Blanche Mencher,
Chapman, Mrs. Elizabeth C.. 91
Cox, Frances.. 91
Craig, Mrs. Pauline E. 91
Dancks, C. D.. 91
Dolan, Rose... 91
Dybynska, J. D. 91
Erbeck, H. A... 91
Gaffney, F. J.. 91
Glenn, Mrs. M. G. 91
Green, K. E... 91
Hayes, A. E... 91
Hemstreet, E. M. 91
Holler, L. E... 91
Hotchkiss, A. G. 91
Kreutzenauer, S. 91
Levy, Mildred.. 91
Loos, E. L.... 91
McBride, A. M. 91
McCullough, Jennie B. 91
McGroddy, S.E. 91
McHale, Mrs. M. C. 91
McHenry, M.... 91
Manheim, Z. C. 91
Markey, F. A.. 91
Mitchell, J. R.. 91
Moore, M. M... 91
Morrison, H. E. 91
Murray, L. A... 91
Murtha, L. G.. 91
O'Rourke, M.E. 91
O'Rourke, W. I. 91
Raleigh, M. C.. 91
Rauch, Celia... 91
Rich, Dora N.. 91
Root, Mrs. E.A. 91
Saunders, E. M. 91
Scharf, M. R.. 91
Scheinberg, R.B. 91
Smith, K. A... 91
Spor, J. M.... 91
Sullivan, M.... 91
Volckening, L.G. 91
Volz, Mrs. C. L. 91
Weishaupt, M.. 91
Williams, G.. 91
Wismewski, W. 91
Beck, E. L.... 89
Hopkins, H. L. 89
Kegan, M. L.. 89
Kopelowsky, E. 89
Litts, Mrs. F. G. 89
Middleton, G. C. 89
Murphy, A. M.. 89
Podeyn, J. R.. 89
Ryan, F. L.... 88
Buckley, M. M. 87
Eberle, E. D.. 87
Turner, M. F.. 87
Wright, Mrs. B. M..... 87
Seebeck, C. F.. 86
Coughlin, C.... 85
Farrell, M.... 85
Penimore, K. T. 85
Goldberg, S. A. 85
Hill, M. Y.... 85
Kalisch, C.... 85
Kirzinger, E. E. 85
Koch, L. M... 85
Lieberman, L.R. 85
Maloney, M. A. 85
Schwartz, C. E. 85
Auslander, E.R.. 84
Johnson, L.... 84
Mathews, F.W. 84
Reilly, K. A... 84
Rochaner, E. A. 84
Welden, Elsie.. 84
Bimbaum, A... 83
Blecher, A.L.C.. 83
Bornstaedt, L.. 83
Boylan, A. J.. 83
Burke, M. E... 83
Byrne, L. A... 83
Crockett, E. M. 83
Donnolly, G. C. 83
Dunn, F. G... 83
Eisenstein, P.. 83
Friedman, C... 83
Grady, A. T... 83
Landau, R. A.. 83
Luth, A. C.... 83
McDonnell, R.R. 83
Mullen, Elias... 83
Poenicke, A. M. 83
Radtke, E.M.A. 83
Saltzberg, G. G. 83
Pink, S. F.... 82
Kadushin, S.. 82
Morrissey, M.H. 82
Bickman, P.... 81
Edelman, J. Z. 81
Egner, A. C... 81
Fleming, R. E. 81
Geary, F. E... 81
Green, M..... 81
Harung, A.... 81
Kreltman, M.. 81
Leichtag, J.... 81
Levitch, S.... 81
McCormick, G. M. 81
Maher, M..... 81
Meighan, L. A. 81
Pusesman, T.. 81
Rubinstein, M. 81
Sandberg, B... 81
Schwartz, L.. 81
Settle, F.... 81
Shackleton, S.M. 81
Shields, M. H. 81
Stanley, F. T. 81
Wolff, R..... 81

Community Work to Foreigners.

Goldstein, N. L..... 72

COOKING—(SECTION I.)
SECTION II.
Corton, H..... 98
Ferilla, Clselia. 77

ENGLISH TO FOREIGNERS—(SECTION I.)
Cogin, Meyer...100 | Schwartz, Hy.. 99.25
Cohen, Morris.. 99.5

SECTION II.
Anderson, L.... 98 | Fern, I. W.... 98.75

SECTION III.
Apisdorf, Alex. 98.5

SECTION IV.
Flaum, Harry.. 96.5

SECTION VI.
Rosenblum, J.C. 86 | Rosenbaum, L. 72
Meyer, Bernard 76.5 | Karowsky, D... 70
Mamelok, L.... 72

HOUSEKEEPING—(SECTION IV.)
Morris, Moe.... 84.5 | Fenton, E. R..100
Stern, Gustave. 82.25 | Virden, M. V.. 98
Feigus, A. L... 73.5

COMMON BRANCHES—(SECTION VIII.)
Hohenstein, J.. 98.5 | Jones, S. A. D. 70.5

SECTION V.
Buchbinder, A. 96 | Youngwitz, Gabriel S.... 76
Benedict, John. 91 | Abrahams, M.. 75
Falk, J. P.... 91 | Blazej, R..... 75
Holstein, S.... 91 | Brown, David.. 75
Keil, Aaron... 91 | Campbell, A.R. 75
Landoune, J... 91 | Campiglia, F.. Jr. 75
Lowenbaum, Uriel M..... 91 | Carroll, J. E... 75
O'Connell, E.J. 91 | Chalmowitz, I. 75
Schulte, H.... 91 | Dwyer, M. J... 75
Smith, Abr.... 91 | Frankel, Leo.. 75
Strom, C. A. W. 91 | Funk, T. S.... 75
Tasch, U. S.... 91 | Goodman, I.... 75
Ulrich, F. J... 91 | Hanna, Henry.. 75
Jones, C..... 85 | Havender, J.. Jr. 75
Schapiro, Abr.. 81 | Hirschberg, A. A. 75
Goodstein, J. I. 80 | Katz, Joseph.. 75
Grossman, L.M. 80 | Kimmelman, M. 75
Iviler, Samuel. 80 | Kosloff, M. L.. 75
Schwartz, L.E. 79 | Mulholland, J.V. 75
Spector, Thos.. 79 | O'Connor, E. P. 75
Troper, Morris.. 79 | Rubinstein, L.M. 75
Dalton, H. F.. 77 | Scarlata, J.... 75
Henessy, T. C. 77 | Schussheim, M. 75
Rosenblum, J.. 77 | Siegel, Martin. 75
Bagley, M. A.. 76 | Stauff, J. H.. 75
Day, Howard.. 76 | Weinstein, L.. 75
Frankenstein, L. 76 | Wolf, Solomon. 75
Kurtz, Louis... 76
Neuman, S.... 76

COOKING—(SECTION III.)
Morris, A. H.. 98 | Raleigh, M. C. 76
Lenney, M. K. 76

FREEHAND DRAWING—(SECTION III.)
Frederick, H... 99.5

WOMEN—(SECTION I.)
Pollock, A. A. 98

MEN—SECTION VI.
Moore, G. P... 70 | O'Reilly, J. E. 70

SECTION VII.
Bricker, H. C.. 91.5 | Frank, D. H.. 85.5
Baluta, J. F.. 91 | Nichthauser, V. 80
Keil, Aaron... 91 | Mueller, Otto.. 75

SECTION VIII.
Moffitt, J. J. P. 80 | Brown, E. F.. 75

SECTION X.
Alexander, J. J. 92 | Kennedy, W. J. 75
Greenfield, S.. 83

SECTION I.—WOMEN.
Rubin, Esther.....100

SECTION V.
Boylan, A. J.. 77 | Kimbrig, T.... 75
Conklin, M. T. 77 | King, R. M.... 75
Cohen, Jennie. 75 | Leff, Anna.... 75
Gramet, Mary.. 75 | Thackeray, G.M. 70
Katz, Augusta. 75

SECTION VI.
Nufer, A. K... 99 | Brown, E..... 78.5

SECTION IX.
Mayer, K. L... 79 | Bornkampf, L. 75

Common Branches.

SECTION I.
Lappan, James H..... 99

Embroidery.

SECTION IV.
Flynn, Ella L.. 85.75 | Cohen, Mrs. M. S. 80.5
Cronin, L.... 85.25 | Wakeley, I. A.. 78.5
Grimmann, L.. 84.5 | Lewkowitz, B.. 77
Skahan, F. C.. 83 | Naftolowitz, C. 74.25
Patrick, A. C.. 82

Stenography and Typewriting.

SECTION I.—MEN.
Brown, John E. J..... 98.5

SECTION VII.
Hirschfeld, S.D. 85.04 Schwinger, M.. 71.49
Mannheimer, A. 72.83

SECTION VIII.
Amend, C. E.. 84.6 | Weitzen, M.... 74.175
Brahs, Jacob.. 99.65 | Lurie, William. 74
Stern, Max.... 78.275 | Mendes, H..... 66

SECTION V.—WOMEN.
Nash, Mrs. R. L.. 81.62 | Kyne, Agnes C. 73.25
Kirchenbaum, F. 81.16 | Pickman, M. A. 72.62
Greines, R.... 81.15 | Reinke, M. C.. 71.45
Greines, Lottie. 77.55 | Joffe, E. H.... 71.41
Maher, M..... 76.87 | Gauron, H..... 69.91
Lambert, H.... 73.41 | Lally, H..... 68.04

Lerner, S. H... 81.05 | Bearman, M... 71.85
De Lehaw, E.. 80.775 | Freiman, L. M. 71.025
Lee, Martha... 73.75 | Bunk, Ruth M.. 69.35
Meyer, E. H. D. 73.525

Shopwork.

SECTION III.
M. M. Jacobs.. 77 | H. W. Harrison 74

Stenography and Typewriting.

SECTION I.
Harry William Mahneke.....100

SECTION VI.
V. Nichthauser 74.25 H. B. Charos.. 73.5

SECTION II.—WOMEN.
Elizabeth Moesch.....100

SECTION III.
Gertrude Borchard..... 95

Electrical Installation and Practice.

SECTION III.
George M. Hoskwith..... 96

Gas Engine Mechanics.

SECTION I.
James E. Woodburn..... 99.75

Mechanical Drawing.

SECTION III.
Harry Hyman..... 76

Millinery.

SECTION I.
Margaret Power.....100

SECTION III.
M. C. H. Hilker 98 | M. K. Radin... 70
C. M. Horle... 71

SECTION IV.
Anne F. Kelly.100 | C. C. Sweeney 78.5
Caroline Young 82.2 | Julia V. Kelly. 70

Sewing and Dressmaking.

SECTION I.
M. C. Davier.. 99.5 | A. M. Phelan... 98.7

SECTION II.
M. H. Garrison 99 | Mary Slavin... 98

SECTION VI.
Julia R. Carey. 99 | F. A. Hum.... 79.5
Lulu Kellner.. 83 | M. A. Molina.. 76.5
G. L. Ashfield. 80 | Clara Freyer... 76

Shopwork.

SECTION I.
E. H. Henderson. 100 | F. I. Frishberg 99.5
L. A. Messenger.. 100 | Nathan Salwen 99
S. Tanenbaum.. 100

Teacher of Correction of Speech Defects.

MEN.
A. G. Mulligan. 95 | J. B. Strauss.. 65
L. M. Sorrin.. 85

WOMEN.
Ella. A. Foote. 100 | Ethel E. Knapp 80
Carolyn Assa.. 95 | M. A. Anderson 75
E. H. McNally 95 | M. Kleinmann. 70
May Secor..... 95 | L. N. Disken.. 65
F. G. Conlon... 93 | M. E. LeGalles 65
M. A. Fitzpatrick 90 | S. F. Burke.... 60
A. G. O'Connor 90 | K. M. Kiely... 60
C. L. Shelsey.. 90 | M. V. O'Hara. 60
Rose Dolan.... 85 | Elsie C. Stock. 60
Anna Gottlieb.. 85 | Amelia Vall... 60
H. M. Ames... 83

There have been placed, as of Sept. 8, 1917, upon the eligible list of teachers holding licenses for service in the evening recreation centres during the season of 1917-1918 the names of the following:

Principal.
SECTION II.
MEN.
Falion, G. M.. 99.4 | Lawrence, W... 98.2
Palmer, L. L.. 95.5

SECTION III.
Littwin, M. F.. 99 | May, Harry.... 75.5
Cohen, Hyman.. 98 | Haas, E. M.... 75
Ludwig, S. J.. 98 | Alterman, J. J. 74
Model, Charles. 97 | Spivack, L. B.. 74
Lambert, I.... 79 | Rodgers, M.... 73.2
Mandel, S..... 78.7 | Carroll, J. F.. 72.7
Perlman, D. H. 73.5 | Olchin, S..... 72.5
Lefkowitz, J... 72.7 | Herschkowitz, J. 71.2
Salwen, N..... 76 | F. 71.2
Gielob, M..... 73.7

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.
Certificate of membership No. 2358, issued by the New York Produce Exchange January 18, 1883, to James E. Heller, having been lost or mislaid, application has been made to the Board of Managers for a new certificate. All persons interested are hereby notified to show cause within the next six weeks why such new certificate should not be issued. L. B. HOWE, Secretary.
New York, Sept. 21, 1917.

HAROLD J. WOOLF OF OMAHA, Nebraska, would like to hear from his cousin, Mrs. Margarite Wright. Can be reached at Aviation Field, Number 2, Hempstead, L. I. 59th Aero Squadron, or notify the Y. M. C. A. at same Aviation Field.

SECTION IV.
Smith, Frank D..... 77.5

Principal.
SECTION II.
WOMEN.
Schwartz, R. F. 99.8 | Harrington, M. 80.2
Patterson, M. L. 98.5 | Axel, Tamah.. 77.7
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WOMEN CAR CREWS MAY BE USED HERE

Services as Motormen and Conductors on Street Railways Advocated by Association.

NICKEL FARE DISCUSSED

Must Be Curtailment in Service or Revenue Increase to Meet Conditions, Says Electric Man.

Employment of women as conductors and motormen was advocated yesterday at the annual national convention of the American Electric Railway Association, held in the Engineering Societies Building, at which street railway men from all parts of the United States painted a dark future for their business unless more income could be obtained or expenses reduced. The employment of women was put forward as a means of increasing the labor supply.

Three means of obtaining more revenue were advanced: Increase of fares above the standard nickel, establishment of zone systems, and charging for transfers. The convention showed that street railway owners were conducting an active campaign to overcome the popular idea that a nickel was a fair charge for a ride on a street car.

F. W. Brooks, President of the Detroit United Railways, was the principal advocate of women motormen and conductors. In his paper, "Female Substitutes for Male Employes," he said that not only could women do the work on modern street cars, but that the experience of other countries had shown that with women operating the cars, there were fewer accidents.

"The question is asked as to the physical and mental work required of motormen and conductors," he said. "It is now almost the universal practice to equip cars with simplified apparatus. It is my opinion that women can perform the work of motormen and conductors satisfactorily. It is a current opinion that they may become excited and lost control of their vehicle when contending with congested traffic. It is my observation that under such conditions women are driving motor vehicles as successfully as men.

"In my opinion the same wage must be paid women for like service that is paid men. I take it that the problem before us is to increase the available supply of labor, and if women may be made as efficient as men, they should be given the same consideration."

Loss on Cheap Fares.

Joseph K. Choate, Chairman of the Committee to Secure Additional Revenue, said that electric car companies had lately been giving service which cost 6, 7, and 8 cents for 5 cents, and that there must be a curtailment in service or an increase in revenue. Points he made were that the problem is national; the situation imperils the existence of the industry; while relief must be had, it is as much for the benefit of the communities as for the companies, as the interests are single; and the crisis is a test of the system of the regulation of public utilities.

Mr. Choate pointed out that the request of the street car companies of New York City for permission to make a charge for transfers was the only step open to them, since the subways must, under their charters, operate under a nickel charge, and for the street cars to charge more would drive their traffic to the already congested subways.

L. S. Storrs, President of the association, emphasized his belief in the need for higher fares, declaring that the future development of American cities depended greatly upon their street car facilities.

"The cost of performing street car service has increased until the income of practically none of our transportation agencies is sufficient to meet the needs of the public, needs which are constantly growing," he said. "Labor and materials have increased in cost from 50 to 250 per cent., while the income of the roads had not increased to meet it."

E. G. Connette, President of the United Gas and Electric Corporation, says that all the difficulties of the street car companies went back to the fixing of a nickel "as a fixed fare, to remain for all time, and cling about the electric railways and choke it."

Plea for the Zone System.

Edward Gruhl, assistant to the President of the North American Company, was in favor of an extension of the zone system, which, he said, was being done generally in Europe.

F. T. Wood, assistant to Frank Hedley, General Manager of the New York Railways, read a paper by Mr. Hedley on "Why a Charge for Transfers Is Justified." According to Mr. Hedley a charge for transfers in New York City would "tend to promote the welfare of the public as a whole, as it will decrease the number of cars, thereby reducing congestion in the streets."

A resolution was adopted pledging the support of the association to the second Liberty Loan.

FOOD BOARD ORGANIZES.

Meets at Albany and Elects Charles H. Betts of Lyons Secretary.

ALBANY, Oct. 9.—The State Food Commission organized today and elected as its Secretary Charles H. Betts of Lyons, a newspaper publisher.

The three members of the commission, John Mitchell, Chairman, Jacob Gould Schurman, and Charles A. Wieting, had a long conference with Governor Whitman and discussed the work expected of the commission. It was decided to make a careful study of the food problem as to the cost of production, transportation, storage, and distribution. When these facts have been ascertained the commission will endeavor to stimulate food production and encourage expeditious transportation and economical distribution. If the commission finds that artificial devices are interposed to hoard products and control prices, it will then exercise all the powers vested in it to correct the evils.

The commission decided to co-operate with the Food Administration of the Federal Government, and it is expected that a conference will be held with Federal representatives.

Headquarters will be established at the Capitol and in addition a branch office will be opened at New York City.

35 PATROLMEN PROMOTED.

Woods Tells New Sergeants Only Ability Can Win Advancement.

Police Commissioner Woods yesterday promoted thirty-five patrolmen to the grade of sergeants. The Commissioner called the men to his office and said to them:

"Your promotion is due exclusively to your ability and skill. No one on the police force today can expect promotion by the payment of money as in the days of old. You men have passed an examination and have shown therein that you are justly entitled to advancement to the grade of sergeant. You need only be faithful to the trust imposed in you and there will then be nothing to fear."

The list from which the men were promoted sergeants expires tonight.

REGISTER TODAY.

This is registration week. Today, Thursday, and Friday the polls will be open from 5:30 P. M. until 10:30 P. M. On Saturday the polls will be open from 7 A. M. until 10:30 P. M. If you do not register you cannot vote.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Off to bed—without a dread, of sleeplessness or discomfort if it's a "Hall's" horse hair Mattress and Box Spring. Nothing is more needful these trying times than peaceful sleep which you can't have on a hard, soggy, uneven mattress.

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The Standard of Quality

is recognized by all leading hotels, clubs, and private families as the best in quality and durability.

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Manufacturers of Beds and Bedding
25 west 45th St.

PIERCE ARROWS

The great popular mind has fixed the place of the Pierce Arrow. To everyone who owns a motor car or whoever expects to, Pierce Arrow has become a standard.

A 66 Series Three five passenger touring car owned by one of our most careful users was placed in our hands for sale today—the price is very favorable.

A 48 Series Four seven passenger touring car—small mileage.

Two REBUILT 48 Limousines that look like new cars and are guaranteed by us as we do new ones.

ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
416 Central Avenue, Newark, N. J.
Telephone Mulberry 4600.
Pierce Arrow Distributors.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—Certificates of stock of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, upon which transfer has been stopped, as follows: D-122704, for 10 shares in the name of Oelsner Steinthal & Co.
D-93902, for 10 shares in the name of William Asch & Co.
D-119528, D-119529, D-119530, for 10 shares each in the name of The Guardian Investment Trust Co., Ltd.
D-112760, for 10 shares in the name of Miriam Lyons.
D-121947, D-121948, D-121949, D-121950, for 10 shares each in the name of Baring Brothers & Co., Ltd.
All persons are warned against negotiating same. If found, kindly notify Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., 2 Wall Street, New York City.

LOST.—Monday, Oct. 8, a pocketbook containing cash, one check, two New York census registration cards with names and addresses; liberal reward. 291 East 14th St., Room 321.

LOST.—Pearl and sapphire bar pin, Tuesday, between 114th, 116th, B'way and Morningside, or Columbia campus; liberal reward. Return to Furnald Hall, Columbia University.

LOST.—Onyx and pearl brooch, gold setting, between 80 Church St., New York, and Flatbush Av. Subway station; valued as keepsake; reward. Phone Adele Allen, Cort. 8080.

LOST.—Black leather card case, monogram A. E. F., containing Crescent Athletic Club card and other identifications. Communicate with A. E. Fitkin, 141 Broadway.

LOST.—Near Grand Central, Saturday afternoon, package containing private ledger, cash book, other papers. Reward if returned Room 306, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

LOST.—Old-fashioned gold pin, set and one heart; valued as heirloom; suitable reward. Return to J. George Poppino, 272 East 163d St., Bronx.

LOST.—Rialto Theatre, or between there and Grand Central in subway, Monday, Oct. 8, leather purse containing money; reward. M 36 Times.

LOST.—Tuesday afternoon, lady's pocketbook, containing key and money, on corner 42d St. and 6th Av. M 41 Times.

LOST.—Diamond brooch, initials "D. B. Ritz to Devon," Monday night; liberal reward. Dorothy Browne, Hotel Devon.

LOST.—Diamond and platinum ring at Altman's or McCreery's Tuesday morning; suitable reward. M 42 Times.

LOST.—In front of 515 Park Av., small gold meshbag; initial "E." at top. Reward if returned to Dennis, fifth floor, 515 Park Av.

LOST.—On west side last Sunday, cameo pin; reward. 58 West 90th St.

LIBERAL REWARD for return of diamond brooch lost Oct. 7 between Jackson Av. and 160th "L" station. J. F. M., 1,129 Jackson Av., Bronx.

REWARD.—Large envelope containing fashion drawings, Saturday, 1:30, between 33d and 35th Sts. Helen Shaw, 358 West 85th.

$50 REWARD
for bar pin, 12 diamonds, set in platinum; lost Monday on 5th Av., between 34th and 72d St. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 48th St. and 5th Av.

$40 REWARD.—Sable fur lined ermine, in taxi going to Hotel Empire. Return to Deroxe, Le Marquis Hotel.

$15 REWARD.—Locket ring with black top, 2 pictures inside. Return S. Jankowitz, 605 Beck St., Bronx. Melrose 9032R.

Found.

FOUND—Man's wallet; give description. Address H. M. T., 2,607 Broadway.

FOUND—One tire, 32x4. Anglo Tire Co., 888 7th Av.

Tea Rooms.

At the sign of THE GREEN TEA POT
Thirteen East Thirty-sixth Street.
Luncheon, 60c.; Dinner, $1.00.
Afternoon tea, with Waffles, 45c.
Saturday night Special—
Roast Turkey and Waffles.
THE BEST BY PROOF.

Old Chelsea 51 West 16th St. Open Sundays.
Vegetable luncheon and dinners a specialty. Old-fashioned cooking.
Table d'hote dinner, 50c, 90c. Lunch a la carte.

At the Sign of THE GREEN TEA POT
Thirteen East Thirty-sixth Street.
Luncheon, 60c.; Dinner, $1.00; Afternoon Tea and Waffles, 45c.; Roast Chicken and Waffles Wed.

The OAK ROOM 36 East 57th St. near Madison Av.
Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner. Meals served in Summer Garden (weather permitting.)

DOWNTOWN'S MOST DELIGHTFUL MID-DAY TEA ROOMS
THE BROWN BETTY 147 FULTON ST. 72 WALL ST.
Delicious Home Cooking.

THE DUTCH OVEN 135 Macdougal Street nr. Washington Sq. So.
Luncheon, 35c; Afternoon Tea, 15c; Dinner, 60c. Also a la carte. Closed Sundays.
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Green Parrot Tea Shop 13 E. 38th St. Opp. Altman's
Specialty Attractive Luncheon a la Carte And Afternoon Tea.
LEMON MERINGUE PIE A SPECIALTY.

The Dorothy-Louise, 4 WEST 39TH ST. (Opp. Lord & Taylor.)
Luncheon, Fifty Cents. Dinner, Sixty Cents.
CHICKEN DINNER EVERY SATURDAY.

MARY LOUISE 175 Madison Ave., near 34th.
Breakfast or Luncheon, 35c.
Special chicken lunch, Tues., Thurs. & Sat., 1 to 1:30. Dinner, 60c. Chicken every night.

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 33D STREET.
9 to 8, Except Sundays.
"Club" or a la carte, Smoking in Garden.
The Oldest Tea Room in New York.

SAVORY TEA SHOP 45 E. 39th St. Luncheon 40c
Southern chicken dinner Wed. & Sat., 60c
"WONDERFUL APPLE PIE ALWAYS."

Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St. Sunday dinner.
Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

Dine at OLD GRAMERCY PARK, No. 36.
Breakfast, 30c; Luncheon, 50c; Dinner, 75c. Saturday night, New England Supper, 65c.
Entrance on Irving Place. Downstairs.

The Atelier Tea Room.
Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner. Delicious home cooking.
33 WEST 67TH STREET.

THE ROSE GARDEN, 39 West 58th St., Near Plaza Hotel.
Luncheon or Dinner, $1.00. Tea, a la Carte.
Sunday Dinner a specialty, $1.25.

THE TALLY-HO 29 East 54th St. Opposite Altman's
Luncheon, Afternoon Tea; Southern Chicken Dinner

THE MARYLAND 112 West 73d St. Just off Columbus Av.
Breakfast, 40c; Luncheon, 50c; Dinner, 75c.

THE PIROUETTE, 22 East 45th Street, bet. Madison & 5th Aves.
Luncheon, 40-60c. Afternoon Tea. Dinner, $1.25.

Heatherdell Tea Shop 19 E. 49th St. Open Sundays.

CONTROL OF FOOD BY GOVERNMENT

Continued from Page 1.

a view to the development of regulations and constructive methods of control

Patriotic Co-operation Sought.

"It has been the desire of the Food Administration to secure the co-operation of all patriotic men in the various trades so as to eliminate speculation, hoarding, unreasonable profits, wasteful practices, &c., in the great distribution system of the country.

"The licensing provision in the Food bill is limited in operation to the channels of trade which lie between the farmer on the one hand and the retailer on the other, except as it extends to those few retailers who do an annual business of more than $100,000.

"The Food Administration has selected about twenty basic commodities and their products as forming the prime basis of life, and has limited its licensing control to these commodities, and also, in so far as practicable, eliminated the smallest units of business in these staples.

"It is the purpose of the Food Administration to effect conservation in the commercial use of these commodities, and to keep them flowing toward the consumer in direct lines through the channels of trade in as economical a manner as possible. The Administration does not wish to disturb the normal and necessary activities of business, and no business factor who is performing a useful function will be expected to surrender that function.

"The Administration is, however, charged with several duties.

"The producer must have a free outlet and a ready market.

"There must be no manipulation or speculation in foods.

"There must be no hoarding in foods.

"Unfair or unreasonable profits must be eliminated.

"Discriminatory and deceptive and wasteful practices which in any way restrict supply or distribution must be stopped.

"These are the provisions of the food law. The licensing system which was authorized by the law provides a more effective machinery for its enforcement. It must not be thought that these operations become illegal only upon the issue of licenses. They have been illegal since Aug. 10, when the law was passed, and numerous cases coming to the attention of the Food Administration have been corrected. The licensing has the effect of giving definition to the provisions of the bill and the practices which the trades should respectively follow in connection therewith.

"The proclamation will require all of those handling the commodities concerned to apply for licenses before Nov. 1, upon forms which will be supplied on application to the Food Administration.

"Applicants will receive licenses without cost, and the regulations governing those dealing with the commodities licensed will be issued in due course.

"After Nov. 1 no unlicensed persons will be permitted to trade in the commodities enumerated in the proclamation. Those who receive licenses will be required from time to time to make reports to the Food Administration on their activities in prescribed form. These reports will be carefully safeguarded so that private information given to the Government in confidence will not be divulged to competitors. Men experienced in the production and merchandizing of licensed commodities will aid in administering the law, and a legal department has been organized to facilitate its enforcement.

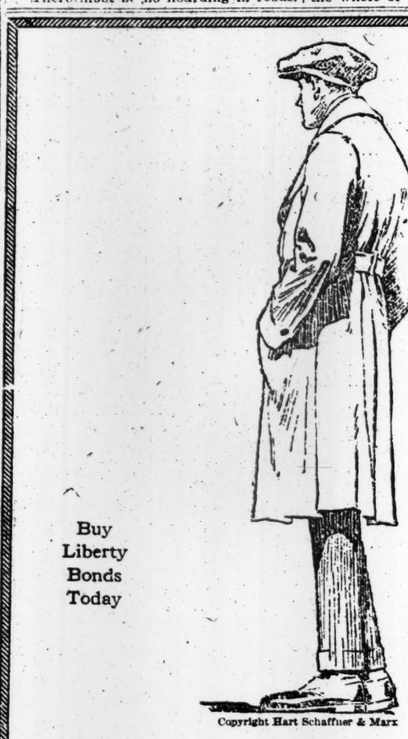
"While authority is vested in the Food Administration to suspend any license and to impose penalties for violation of the food law or special regulations, it is the purpose of the Food Administration to accomplish these ends of public service and war service, so far as possible, not by coercion, but by patriotic co-operation.

"It has been the expressed feeling of the whole of the many conferences held in Washington that the licensing system operating alike in every part of the country will, in fact, be a protection to the great majority of producers and distributers, as well as to the public, against the operations of those few who unpatriotically seek to exploit the necessaries of life.

"It has been generally recognized throughout the country that the enormous obligation imposed upon the American people to feed our soldiers at the front and the Allies creates a disturbing factor in trade which allows opportunity to a few to impose burdens upon the many, and that it is of vital national importance that such control should be exerted as will remedy, so far as may be, the economic disturbances incident to the war. The prime purpose of the Food Administration is to protect the patriot against the slacker in business."

In connection with the new campaign, announcement was made tonight that efficiency in the retail store field and economy in methods of food distribution would be discussed at a conference next Monday and Tuesday between the President and Executive Committee of the National Retail Grocers' Association and members of the Food Administration staff. The association, it was stated, represented national grocery interests which have signified willingness to co-operate in food conservation. Elimination of waste and surplus deliveries by retailers and proper distribution of this year's immense potato crop will be discussed.

Plans will be made to get in touch with retail organizations all over the country and request that they cultivate their local fields intensively. It will be proposed that retailers in the smaller towns have only morning deliveries, and that delivery men work in the afternoon as salesmen. In cities of from 5,000 to 20,000 population co-operative delivery will be advocated. The conference will advocate a vigorous propaganda on the utilization and storage of potatoes, and consumers all over the country will be urged to buy potatoes in as large quantities as they can store.



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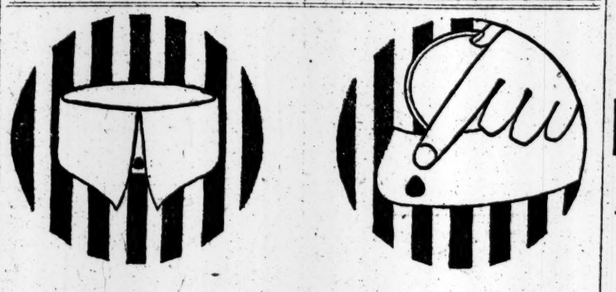

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Every man owes it to himself—to his family—to his friends—to his country—to buy a Liberty Bond.

His debt demands that he buy now—not later—but NOW.

A quick response—an immediate response—means insurance against a greater demand later.

Food costs are high, but they will be much higher if the war is not ended soon.

Equipping 1,600,000 men has added to the cost of everything from milk to automobiles. Think what will happen if five million or more men need equipment.

A Liberty Bond bought now adds to the power of the men who have gone. Every man who waits helps to make it necessary to call more men.

Every man should do all in his power to make the present army an irresistible fighting machine that will win the war. Every man can if he will.

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Every man who can't has failed to do what every man should.

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ON THE WESTERN FRONT.
The difficulties of advancing over the crater zone on the western front shown in a full page illustration in The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial this week. On all newsstands, 10 cents.—Advt.

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Consign your goods to Seigneurets Freres, Bordeaux, Customs Brokers, Freight Agents. All formalities and Customs operations attended to. Transit to Switzerland.
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